

Thirty-Fourth Annual Report of the National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India for the year 1918



INCLUDING

The Fifth Annual Report of the Women's Medical Service for India

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In the matter of Act XXI of 1860 of the Acts of the Viceroy and Governor-General of India in Council, being an Act for the Registration of Laterary, Scientific, and Charitable Societies

AND

In the matter of " The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India."

Memorandum of Association.

- 1. The name of the Association is "The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India."
 - 2. The objects for which the Association is established are -
 - Medical tution, including the teaching and training in India of women as adoctors, hospital assistants, nurses, and midwives.
 - (2) Medical relief, including-
 - (a) the establishment under female superintendence of dispensaries and cottage hospitals for the treatment of women and children;
 - (b) the opening of female ward under female superintendence in existing hospitals and dispensaries;
 - (c) the provision of female medical officers and attendants for existing female wards; and
 - (d) the founding of hospitals for women where special funds or endowments are forthcoming.
 - (3) The supply of trained lemale nurses and midwives for women and children in hospitals and private houses
 - (4) The management of the Fund raised for the above objects, and which is known as "The Countess of Dufferin's Fund."
 - (5) The purchase or acquisition on lease, or in exchange, or on hire or otherwise, of any real or personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Association
 - (6) The erection, construction, alteration, and maintenance of any buildings necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Association
 - (7) The sale, improvement, management, and development of all or any part of the property of the Association
 - (8) The promotion and establishment of Branches and of other Societies or Associations with similar objects, and the affiliation or amalgamation of such Societies or Associations with this Association.
 - (9) The doing of all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them
- 3. The names, addresses, and occupations of the persons who are members of and form the Central Committee or governing body of the said Association are as follows:—
 - Ist—Her Excellency the Right Honourable the Countess of Dufferin and Ava, ot., Lady President, whose address is—Viceroy's Camp, India.
 - 2nd—The Hon'ble Mr. A. R. Scoble, Q C, Member of the Viceroy's Council
 - 3rd—The Hon'ble Sir Charles Attebison, κ c s.t., Member of the Vicetoy's Council. 4th—The Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Kt, of Bombay, Additional Member of the Vicetoy's Council.

of the business of the National Association, and to fix from time to time the quorum necessary for the transaction of business, but until they shall otherwise determine, four members of the Central Committee shall form a quorum; and

(d) generally to do such things as they may consider necessary or expedient for the

purpose of carrying out the objects of the National Association.

Duties of Central Committee.

11. The Central Committee shall directly control local operations for the objects of the National Association in those parts of the country where a Branch Association, such as is hereinafter referred to, does not exist. It shall specially endeavour to assist any Ruling Chiefs who may desire to organize similar operations within their own territories, and who may seek the advice or aid of the National Association. It shall publish periodical statements of the accounts and the reports of the work done by the National Association, by the Branch Associations aforesaid, and by Societies affiliated to the National Association.

Officers.

12. The Central Committee shall have power to appoint from time to time an Honorary Secretary and other officers of the National Association, and to delegate to such officers such of their powers as they may consider expedient. The first Honorary Secretary shall be Major Harry Cooper, A.-D.-C.

Funds.

13. All moneys subscribed to the support of the objects of the Association shall constitute "The Countess of Dufferin's Fund." The funds under the control of the Executive Committees of the several Branches shall be designated "[........] Branch of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund." All moneys paid to the Honorary Secretaries of Branches will be credited to the fund at command of the particular Branch to the Honorary Secretary of which the same has been paid, unless specially designated for the Central Committee.

Investments.

- 14. Any moneys which, in the opinion of the Central Committee, it shall be from time to time necessary or expedient to invest, shall be invested in the joint names of not less than two of the members of such Central Committee, as Trustees for the Association, in some or one of the following securities, but in no others, that is to say:—
 - (i) In promissory notes, debentures, stock, and other securities of the Government of India, or of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.
 - (ii) In bonds, debentures, and annuities charged by the Imperial Parliament on the revenues of India.
 - (iii) In stock or debentures of, or shares in, railway or other companies, the interest whereon shall have been guaranteed by the Secretary of State for India_
 - (iv) In debentures or other securities for money issued by, or on behalf of, any Municipal body under the authority of any Act of a Legislature established in British India, or in debentures or other securities issued by, or on behalf of, the Commissioners of the Port of Calcutta, the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, the Trustees of the Harbour of Madras, the Trustees of the Port of Karachi, or the Commissioners of the Port of Rangoon, or by, or on behalf of, any other local authority under the authority of any Act of a Legislature established in British India.

- (v) On mortgage of moveable and immoveable property under the management of the Court of Wards.
- (vi) In any investments not hereinbefore specified, authorised for the investment of trust funds by the Indian Trusts Act, 1882 (Act II of 1882), or any re-enactment or statutory modification thereof.

Presentation of Annual Reports and Finances.

15. The Central Committee shall each year present a report, showing the proceedings and progress of the Association during the past year and its financial position.

Special Meetings.

16. The Central Committee may, at any time, and shall upon a written requisition by not less than ten Lite Councillors or Life Members in that behalf, call a Special Meeting of the Association. At least seven days' notice of such meeting shall be given by advertisement as hereinafter provided and such notice shall state the purpose for which such Special Meeting is to be called.

Notices.

17. Any notice required to be or which may be given by advertisement shall be advertised in such newspapers as the Central Committee may from time to time direct in that behalf.

Branch Associations.

18. Each Branch Association will have the independent management of its own affairs and funds (which funds shall include all sums paid to the Association and specially designated for such Branch and all sums paid to the Honorary Secretary of such Branch and not specially designated for the Central Committee), and the Committee for the time being of each Branch shall accordingly in respect of the funds of such Branch have and be subject to the life powers and duties as to investment of moneys as those conferred and imposed upon the Central Committee by Rule 10(b) and Rule 14, respectively, and such Branch Committee in lieu of the Central Committee may and shall accordingly exercise and perform such powers and duties, in respect of any moneys forming part of such Branch funds, which in the opinion of such Branch Committee it shall be necessary or expedient to invest, by investing the same in the joint names of not less than two members of such Branch Committee as Trustees for its Branch, in some or one of the securities or investments mentioned in Rule 14, but in no others. The Managing Committee of each Branch will be expected to act as the local agents and representatives of the Central Committee, and to contribute from the Branch funds-to the Central Committee such amount as may from time to time be arranged between the Central Committee and the Committee of the Branch concerned.

Affiliated Societies.

19. Any Socaty established for objects similar to those of the National Association may, with the permission of the Central Committee, affiliate taself to the National Association. An affiliated Society shall, unless of otherwise desired, remain independent in the administration of its funds and the conduct of its operations, but will be requested to furnish to the Central Committee such reports and information as may be mutually agreed on, and to assist by correspondence and conference in the furtherance of their common objects. On the other hand, the Central Committee shall have power to assist affiliated Societies in such manner and to such extent as may be considered by them consistent with the rules and conductor to the special objects of the National Association.

Co-operation with Medical Officers of Government.

20. All persons employed by the Association will ordinarily be expected to act in co-operation with, and where necessary in subordination to, the medical officers of Government.

Bankers.

21. The Bankers of the National Association shall, until it is otherwise arranged by the Central Committee, be the Bank of Bengal in India, and Messrs. Coutts and Co. in England.

22. No alteration shall be made in the above Rules and Regulations, except by the vote of a majority of the members present at a Special Meeting called for that purpose as hereinbefore provided.

WITNESS.

HARRY COOPER, Major,

Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

SIGNATURES.

HARRIOT DUFFERIN.
ANDREW R. SCOBLE.
C. U. AITCHISON.
JOTENDRA MOHUN TAGORE.
B. SIMPSON.
DINSHAW MANECKJEE PETIT.
CHARLES H. MOORE.

NOTE.—Rules 14 and 18 were amended as above at a General Meeting of the Association held at Government House, Calcutta, on the 14th February 1908.

Rule 20 was amended as above at a Special Meeting of the Association held at Government House, Calcutta, on the 6th March 1912.

Rule 15 was amended as above at a Special Meeting of the Association held at Gorton Castle, Simla, on the 23rd September 1915.

Patronesses.

HER MAJESTY QUEEN ALEXANDRA, HER MAJESTY THE OUEEN EMPRESS.

Patron in India.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE SIR FREDERIC JOHN NAPIER THESIGER, P.C. G.M S.I., G.C M.G., G M I.E., G.B.E., BARON CHELMSFORD.

President. -

HER EXCELLENCY LADY CHELMSFORD, C.I. G B E

Vice-Patrous-

Field Marshal H. R. H THE DURE OF CONNAUGHT AND STRATHEARN, KG, KT, KP, GOB. GOSL, GCMG, GCIE, GCVO, GBF, V.D. A-D-C

The Most Hon'ble the MAROURS OF LANS-DOWNE, KG. GCSI. GCMG. GCIP., DOL, LLD

The Right Hon'ble Baron Rray, KT., GCSL, GCIE, PC, LLD.

The Right Hon'ble Baron Hardings of Penshurst, E.Q. G.CB. GC.SI. GCMG. GCIE, GCVO., ISO

The Right Hon'ble EARL CURZON OF KEDLES-TON, etc., K.G., GCS.I., GCIE., PC. DCL LLD, etc. SIR CHARLES STUART BAYLEY, GOLE,

E C S 1 , 1.9 0 H. E. H the NIZAM of HYDERABAD, GCSI,

H. H the GAERWAR of BARODA, GCSI. H. H the MAHARAJA of JODHPUT.

H. H the MAHARANA OF UDAIPUR, GCSI. GCLE, GCVO.

H. H. the Maharaja Sindhia of Gwalior. GCSI. GCVO., G.BR. A.D.-C., LLD

The Right Hon'ble Lord Harris, GOS.I. G C.I.E , D B , A.-D -C.

H H. the Maharaja of Travancore, G C.S I., GCIE

H. H. the Maharaja of Jappur, GCS.I. GCIE, GCVO, GBE, LLD. The RAJA of VIZIANAGRAM.

H H, the MAHARAJA of JAMMU and KASHMIR, . GCSI. GCIE. GBE

The Managa of Darbeauga, GCIE, K.BE

H II the MAHARAJA of BENARES, GOIE-

Vice-Patronesses.

The Most Hon'ble the Dowager MAR-CHICKESS of DUFFERIN and AVA, v. & A, C I., G.B E.

The Most Hon'ble the MARCHIONESS of LANSDOWNE, CL The Right Hon'ble the Dowager Countess

of LYTTON, C.I.

The Lady RANDOLPH SPENCER CHURCHILL. o t

H H the MAHARAM of JODHPUR. The Lady WENLOCK, CI

Lady BAYLEY

Lady LYALL.

Lady ELLIOTT.

H H the NAWAB BEGUM of BROPAL, G C S I CCIE, CI, GBE

H. MAHARANI KEMPA NANJAMMANNI AVARU VANIVILAS SANNIDHANA, CI. MAHARANI OF MYSORE Lady Arreusson

The Lady Ampthill, CI, C.BE. The Lady NORTHCOTE, CI

H II the Maharani Chinku Raja Sahiba of GWALIOR.

H H the Dowager Mahabani Sarriya RAJA SARIBA SINDHIA ALIJAH BAHADUR. Ct. MAHARANI of GWALIOR

MAHARANI Of HUTWA. The Right Hon'ble the Countess of MINTO.

And such other persons of position and influence, both English and Indian, as may from time to time be specially invited by the Central Committee to become Vice-Patrons and Vice-Patronesses of the Association.

UNITED KINGDOM BRANCH.

Honorary Secretary. THE MOST HONOURAPLE THE TOWAGER MATCHIG NIES OF 1 UPPERIN AND AVA. Y & A , CI , O B E., Clandeboye, Ireland.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

President

HER EXCELLENCY THE LADY CHELMSFORD, C.I., C.B.E.

Members.

The Hon'ble Sir C. H. A. HILL, 'K.C.S.I., C.I.E., 1.C.s., Member of the Viceroy's Council.

The Hon'ble Sir WILLIAM H. H. VINCENT, K.C.S.I., I.C.S., Member of the Viceroy's Council.

The Hon'ble Major-General W. R. EDWARDS, C.B., C.M.G., K.H.P., M.D., I.M.S., Director-General of the Indian Medical Service.

The Hon ble Sir J. B. WOOD, R.C.I.E., C.S.I., I.C.S., Political Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department.
Dr. Kate A. Platt, M.B., B.S., W.M.S., Principal, Lady Hardinge Medical College, Delhi.
Raja Sir Harnam Singh, K.C.I.E., Ahluwalia

of Kapurthala.

The Hon'ble Nawab Mumtaz-ud-daula Sir Muh'd Faiyaz Ali Khan, k.c.v.o., k.c.i.e.,

The Hon'ble Maharaja Dhiraj Bahadur Sir BIJAY CHAND MAHTAE OF BURDWAN, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., I.O.M.

E. J. BUCK, Esq., C.B.E.

Lt.-Colonel H. Austen Smith, c.i.e., i.m.s., Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy.

The Hon'ble Sir Edward Maclagan, R.C.I.E., C.S.I., I.C.S., Education Department, Govt. of India.

The Hon'ble Sir G. M. CHITHAVIS, K.C.I.E., Central Provinces.

The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMEHOY,

Kt., c.s.e., Bombay.
The Hon'ble Surgeon-General G. G. GIFFARD,
C.S.I., I.M.S., Madras.

The Hon'ble Mr. E. H. C. WALSH, C.S.I., I.C.S.,

Bihar and Orissa.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. J. Reid, C.s.i., I.c.s.,
Official Member. Governor-General's Legisla-

tive Council, Assam.
The Hon'ble Lieut. Col. S. L. Aplin, c.s.i.,
Commissioner, Mandalay, Burma.

Col. B. W. Marlow, C.S.I., C.I.E., Military Accountant General, Army Headquarters. The Hon'ble Col. Charles Mactaggart, C.I.E., M.B., I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, and Officiating Sanitary Commissioner, United Provinces.

The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab.

Mrs. Monanan, Bengal.

Honorary Secretary.

Lieut.-Col. H. Austen Smith, c.i.e., i.m.s., Viceroy's Camp.

Permanent Joint Secretary.

Dr. MARGARET I. BALFOUR, M.B., W.M.S.

Permanent Assistant Secretary.

W. G. A. HANRAHAN, Esq., Viceroy's Camp.

Honorary Treasurer.

Colonel B. W. MARLOW, C.S.I., C.I.E., Military Accountant-General.

Honorary Auditor.

M. F. GAUNTLETT, Esq., I.C.S., Comptroller and Auditor-General.

Honorary Solicitors.

Messrs. Sanderson & Co., Calcutta.

Bankers.

BANK OF BENGAL, Calcutta. Messrs. Courts & Co., 59, Strand, London.



CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

President.

HER EXCELLENCY THE LADY CHELMSFORD, C.I., G.B.E.

Members.

The Hon'ble Sir C. H. A. HILL, K.C.S.I., C.I.E.,

The Hon'ble Sir WILLIAM H. H. VINCENT, K.C.S.I., I.C.S., Member of the Viceroy's Council.

The Hon'ble Sir WILLIAM H. H. VINCENT, K.C.S.I., I.C.S., Member of the Viceroy's Council.

The Hou'ble Major-General W. R. EDWARDS, C.B., C.M.G., K.H.P., M.D., I.M.S., Director-General of the Indian Medical Service.

The Hon'ble Sir J. B. WOOD, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., I.C.S., Political Secretary to the Government

of India, Foreign and Political Department.
Dr. Kate A. Platt, M.E., E.S., W.M.S., Principal, Lady Hardingo Medical College, Delhi.
Raja Sir Habnam Singh, K.C.I.E., Ahluwalia of Kapurthala.

The Hon'ble Nawab Mumtaz-ud-daula Sir Muh'd Faiyaz Ali Khan, k.c.v.o., k.c.i.e.,

The Hon'ble Maharaja Dhiraj Bahadur 'Sir BIJAY CHAND MAHTAR OF BURDWAN, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., I.O.M.

E. J. BUCK, Esq., C.B.E.

Lt.-Colonel H. AUSTEN SMITH, C.I.E., I.M.S.. Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy.

The Hon'ble Sir Edward Maclagan, k.c.i.e., C.S.I., I.C.S., Education Department, Govt. of India.

The Hon'ble Sir G. M. CHITNAVIS, K.C.I.E., Central Provinces.

The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMEHOY,

Kt., C.B.E., Bombay. The Hon'ble Surgeon-General G. G. GIFFARD, c.s.1., 1.m.s., Madras.

The Hon'ble Mr. E. H. C. WALSH, C.S.I., I.C.S.,

Bihar and Orissa.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. J. Reid, c.s.i., i.c.s.,
Official Member, Governor-General's Legisla-

tive Council, Assam.
The Hon'ble Lieut.-Col. S. L. Aplin, c.s.i.,
Commissioner, Mandalay, Burma.

Col. B. W. MARLOW, C.S.I., C.I.E., Military Accountant General, Army Headquarters. The Hon'ble Col. CHARLES MACTAGGART, C.I.E., M.B., I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil

Hospitals, and Officiating Sanitary Commissioner, United Provinces.

The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Puniab.

Mrs. Monanan, Bengal.

Honorary Secretary.

Lieut.-Col. H. Austen Smith, c.i.e., i.m.s., Viceroy's Camp.

Permanent Joint Secretary.

Dr. MARGARET I. BALFOUR, M.B., W.M.S.

Permanent Assistant Secretary.

W. G. A. HANRAHAN, Esq., Viceroy's Camp.

Honorary Treasurer.

Colonel B. W. MARLOW, C.S.I., C.I.E., Military Accountant-General.

Honorary Auditor.

M. F. GAUNTLETT, Esq., I.C.S., Comptroller and Auditor-General.

Honorary Solicitors.

Messrs. Sanderson & Co., Calcutta.

Bankers.

BANK OF BENGAL, Calcutta. Messrs, Courts & Co., 59, Strand, London,





Win Carollency the Flight Hon. Sold Chelmoford.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

For the year 1918.

The work of the Central Committee has been carried on throughout the year and has continued to show a satisfactory rate of expansion and progress.

An important feature in the year's record has been the enlargement of the Central Committee, so as to include representatives from most of the Provincial Committees.

Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford, who asked each Provincial Committee Enlargement

to nominate a delegate, was actuated by the desire to secure more co-operation Committee for the objects of the Fund in different parts of the country; she believed that the Central Committee would certainly benefit by the opportunity of hearing the views of Provincial Committees on schemes about to be undertaken, and she hoped the Provincial Branches would appreciate thefuller knowledge they would gain of the Central Committee's work, and the opportunities of hearing at first hand of efforts being made in other parts of the country for the medical relief of Indian women.

The following lady and gentlemen were nominated by their respective Committees, and all with the exception of the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras were able to attend the Meeting of the Central Committee on the 16th September 1918:-

The Surgeon-General with the Madras Presidency.

(The Hon'ble Major-General G. G. Giffard.)

The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, United Provinces (The Hon'ble Colonel Charles Mactaggart.)

The Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab.

(Colonel R. C. MacWatt.)

The Official Member on His Excellency the Governor-General's Legislative Council, Assam.

(The Hon'ble Mr. W. J. Reid.)

The Official Member on His Excellency the Governor-General's Legislative Conneil, Bihar and Orissa.

(The Hon'ble Mr. E. H. C. Walsh.)

The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhov Currimbhov, Member of the Viceroy's Council, Bombay,

Mrs. Monahan, Bengal.

The Hon'ble Sir G. M. Chitnavis, Member of the Viceroy's Council, Central Provinces.

The Official Member on His Excellency the Governor-General's Legislative Council, Burma.

(The Hon'ble Lt.-Colonel S. L. Aplin.)

The Hon'ble Sir Edward Maclagan also became a member of the Central Committee at Her Excellency's request.

The Women's Medical Service has again laboured under the disadvantage of being unable to obtain any recruits from Europe. The Central Committee was fortunate enough to secure the services of Dr. Gertrude Campbell for the period of the war, and Dr. Campbell took up the newly created appointment of Assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, United Provinces, on the 1st November 1918.

In the early part of the year the military authorities decided to employ a larger number of medical women in military hospitals, and in response to the appeal made, Dr. Dagmar Curjel, W. M. S., in charge of the Dufferin Hospital, Karachi, volunteered her services which were placed by the Central Committee at the disposal of the military authorities. Dr. Curjel who had had some experience of research work, took up the appointment of Medical Officer to the Station Hospital, Dagshai, where she has since been assisting in special research on malaria.

Dr. Kate O'Neill, W. M. S., was appointed to fill the consequent vacancy at the Dufferin Hospital, Karachi, while Miss D'Cruz, L.R.C.P., took over charge of the Ishwari Memorial Hospital, Benares, as Officiating Medical Officer.

Dr. Jessie George, W. M. S., who had availed herself of six months' leave on medical certificate during the early part of the year, was temporarily appointed to the charge of the Dufferin Block, Ripon Hospital, Simla, in November. Dr. Wickham, who had held charge in Simla during the summer months was transferred to Akola.

The Lady Hardinge Medical College has continued the excellent work of which it gave promise last year. There are now 60 students in residence, of whom 14 passed the Intermediate Science (Medical) Examination during the year. At the Lady Hardinge Hospital, 15,591 out-patients and 1,238 inpatients have been treated, the latter being nearly double the number treated during the previous year. The Principal and Staff are to be congratulated on the results attained.

At the close of last year the Local Government of the United Provinces decided to separate the administration of the Women's Medical School at Agra from that of the Male Medical School, and to appoint Dr. Mary O'Brien, W. M. S., as Principal of the former. Dr. O'Brien took over

Vomen's dedical terrice. charge in January, while Dr. Watts, W. M. S., was appointed to fill the vacancy in Lucknow.

During the past year Her Excellency inspected the Lady Lansdowne Visits pall to Hospital at Bhopal, and Visited the Women's Wards and Dais' Training by liter School at Indore. It was considered inadvisable that she should visit the Excellency Diamond Jubilee Hospital at Srinagar on the occasion of her visit to Kashmir Catemstord. owing to the outbreak of a severe epidemic of influenza. Lieut.-Colonel Austen Smith, I.M.S., Honorary Secretary, visited the hospital on Her Excellency's behalf and reported that first class work was being done by Dr. K. O.

Dr. M. I. Balfour, the Joint Secretary, visited hospitals at Nagpur, Vhits paid by Jubbulpore, Akola, Amraoti, Calcutta, Gaya, Bettiah, Surat and Sinla.

Of improvements made in hospitals under members of the Women's Counters of Medical Service, perhaps the most notable are those in the Lady Elgin Fisch.

Hospital, Jubbulpore, which has been largely reconstructed, and is now a well planned modern institution. In carrying out these improvements the Hospital Committee has received generous assistance from the Local Government and both are to be congratulated on the results attained. Dr. Batho, W. M. S., who is in charge of the Hospital has shown much energy jand organising ability in connection with the scheme.

Vaughan and her staff,

Sir Benjamin Robertson, the Chief Commissioner, who has done so much to improve the Women's Hospitals in the Central Provinces, has recently received a sum of two and a half lakhs for the construction of a new Dufferin Hospital at Nagpur.

The Lady Hardinge Hospital at Akola is now in working order and is an excellent building although not yet complete. The operating room still remains to be built and there are several other needs. The Committee, however, has a sum of money in hand and hopes to be able to put up the necessary buildings very shortly.

Several of the Municipalities in Berar are making energetic efforts under the able direction of the Commissioner, Mr. Standen, to combat the high infantile mortality. Mr. Standen is endea-ouring to secure co-operation for this work between the municipalities and the staffs of Dufferin Hospitals who by reason of the conditions of their work are peculiarly fitted to give practical assistance in this difficult problem.

In Calcutta the high standard of work carried on by Dr. Webb has been continued throughout the year. 96 abdominal operations were performed and 357 labour cases treated in hospital. Dr. Hilda Lazarus, W. M. S., has been attached to the hospital from 9th March 1918, as Resident Medical Officer.

At Gaya a new Hindu ward, well built according to modern principles, has been added to the Lady Elgin Hospital. This hospital still continues its practice of only admitting as in-patients genuine purdah women of whom 41 were in hospital on the occasion of the Joint Secretary's visit last November.

At Surat the new block of the Seth Morarbhai Vrijbhokhandas Hospital has been completed and is ready for use although not yet fully furnished or equipped. There is an urgent necessity here for providing suitable quarters for nurses.

Dr. Dagmar Curjel, W.M.S., successfully passed her vernacular examination in Beluchi in September 1917 and Dr. Hilda Lazarus, W.M.S., in Urdu in November 1918.

Scholarships awarded by the Central Committee. As in past years, scholarships from the Central Committee and the various Trust Funds held, have been allotted to women students in the different medical colleges in India. Of the seven Gilchrist scholars, four at the commencement of the year were studying at the Calcutta Medical College, and three at the Lady Hardinge Medical College, Delhi. Of the former, Miss Shepherd and Miss Marinan passed their final examination for the M. B., B. S. degree in May and were appointed respectively as house surgeons in the Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta, and the Lady Aitchison Hospital, Lahore. Miss Hiranmoyee Sen was unable to present herself for examination, and her scholarship was extended to the end of the year. Miss Singham is now at the commencement of her 4th year. Of the Delhi scholars we regret to say Miss Ruth Charles, one of the most promising students, died after a short illness in May. Miss Hulasi Ram and Miss Matthai are now in their second year. The vacant Gilchrist scholarships have been allotted to Miss S. Matthew, Miss F. M. Smith and Miss A. Daniell, students of the first year in Delhi.

Miss A. Rodrigues continued to hold the Dinshaw Petit Scholarship at the Grant Medical College, Bombayl

The Muir Scholarship was held by Miss N. R. Mucadam who was unable to present herself at the Final M. B., B. S. examination owing to ill-health.

In addition to the above scholarships, seven others offered by the Central Committee were held by students at the Grant Medical College, Bombay. One was held at the Calcutta Medical College and three at the Lady Hardinge Medical College, Delhi.

No scholarships were this year allotted to students in the Madras Medical College, as it appeared from correspondence with the Madras Committee that such help was already generously given by the Local Government, the Dufferin Presidency Committee and other sources. At the suggestion of the Presidency Committee a sum of Rs. 100 per mensem was sanctioned to be

used in the provision of post graduate scholarships, to be held by newly qualified women graduates while obtaining practice in clinical work and administration.

The Queen Empress silver medal was awarded to Mrs. Malini Suthankar, Prizes. who passed the Final Examination for the M.B., B S., Bombay University, with the highest number of marks among the women students.

The Viceroy's silver medal was awarded to Sub-Assistant Surgeon Dayal Dai Feroza Das, who stood highest among the women candidates in the Final Examination held at the Agra Medical School.

Several alterations have been made by the Central Committee in the regulations for medals and prizes which will be found at page 117 of the Report.

The Central Committee as stated in the Report of last year has had under Junior consideration the formation of a Junior Branch of the Women's Medical Branch of the Women's the Women's Service, the members of which would act as assistants in larger hospitals, and Medical · would take sub-charge of smaller hospitals. Local Governments and Provincial Committees were consulted as to the advisability of such a scheme and after considerable correspondence had taken place, it appeared that the Madias Presidency and the United Provinces (in beth of which a considerable number of women assistant surgeons are employed) had decided to form their own Provincial services, the expenses to be met within the Province. One or two of the other Provinces stated that they had no means of employing any women assistant surgeons, but the remaining Provinces, six in number, agreed to join in a common service organised and partly subsidised by the Central Committee. The scheme with the rules and conditions of service was finally sanctioned by the Central Committee in October, and applications for admission are now being received.

The services of Dr. Catherine Wickham were lent to the Government of Bengal for inspection of women's hospitals aided by the Dufferin Fund, from November 1917 to March 1918.

Dr. Wickham's report, published by the Bengal Provincial Committee at page 35, adds force to the remark made by the Central Committee in our Report for 1917 which pointed out the many disabilities of hospitals not under members of the Women's Medical Service and the urgent necessity for further improvement in women's medical work in India.

To this question the Report by Dr. Agnes Scott of her work in the Punjab, at page 84, will lend further interest. It will be noticed that both these reports in speaking of the hospitals under subordinate women workers, draw attention to the little work being done among the classes of women who most need attendance by their own sex.

Both writers attribute this largely to the fact that the women subordinates, working usually in Civil Hospitals, are out of touch with the important zenana hospitals where women of the more seeluded classes, and women of all classes suffering from gynæcological disease, attend in large numbers; and they recommend that more use should be made by Local Governments of these first class zenana hospitals, both for the training of women subordinates and to supervise centres for the relief of the special troubles of women in the mufassal.

The Central Committee from the many inspection reports in its own office can fully endorse the remarks made by Dr. Wickham and Dr. Scott, which apply to practically every part of India.

Prizes for Essay Competition.

At the suggestion of Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford a number of prizes were offered for competition among Indian school girls for essays on 'The Care of the Baby'. Essays have been received from about 68 different schools. It is evident that the competition has roused considerable interest, and both teachers and scholars have taken much pains to give and acquire the necessary information. It is equally evident however from the fact that certain mistakes are constantly repeated in the essays from individual schools that many school mistresses have acquired their information at second or third hand or from text books imperfectly understood or imperfectly translated. Infant Mortality and Infant Welfare are beginning to arouse general interest in India, it would be well if some vigorous effort could be made to supply at least the girls of the country with the most recent and proved knowledge of the subject in simple and practical form. Otherwise we shall have the babies, who, as recommended in some of these papers, are to be fed on mutton bones at six months' old, have tea and coffee as articles of diet in their first year, fed with four patent foods simultaneously when symptoms of delicacy appear, and have their feet swathed in flannel binders, regretting the good old days when they were allowed to grow up as they pleased. Twenty-two prizes were awarded for very excellent essays.

The Anglo-Vernacular School, Mansukhani Lane, Hyderabad, Sind, distinguished itself by three prize winners, and the following schools by two:—

Queen Mary's College at Lahore, A. B. M. English Girls' High School at Moulmein, Eden High School at Dacca, Sarah Tucker College at Palamcottah, S.I., A. B. M. Girls' School at Sagaing, M. F. Training College and High School at Ahmedabad, U. F. C. Mission High School, Nagpur, and the Mission High School for Girls at Silchar.

Each school was restricted to five competitors.

In conclusion we should like to remind our readers of the happily altered state of public affairs since the issue of our last Report. We are now in a position to set our house in order and attend to our internal affairs, and in

India the medical relief of women and children, which is so much dependent on private charity, must be looked on as most pressing. We again urge the public and especially Indian gentlemen to come forward and use their influence, money and advice for the benefit of the Association.

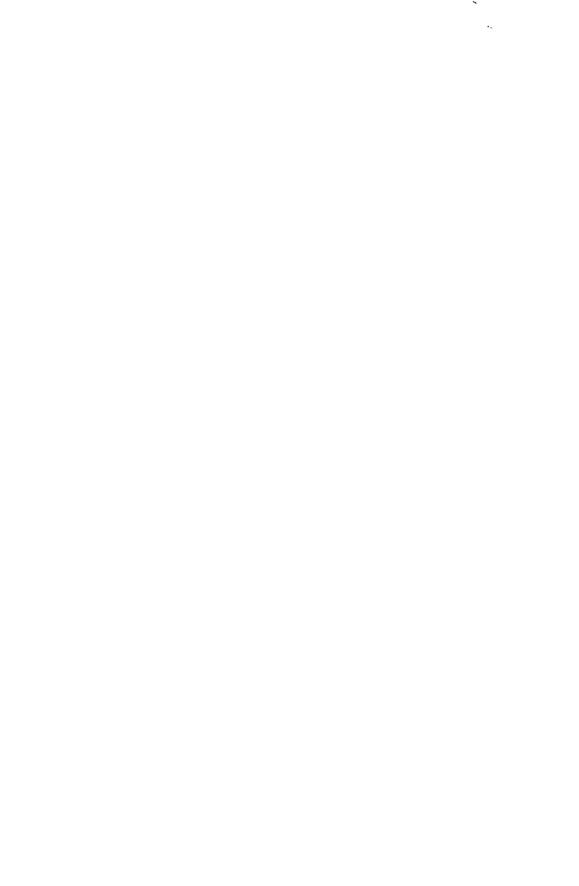
The Report of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund will henceforth be published annually as a separate booklet.

H. AUSTEN SMITH, Lr.-Colonel, i.m.s., Honorary Secretary.

> M. I. BALFOUR, M.B., W.M S., Joint Secretary,

DELHI.

28th January 1919.



Annexure I.

The financial statement appended shows the income and expenditure of the Central Committee for the year 1918. The year closed with a balance in hand of Rs. 76,251-14-6.

The ordinary income of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund derived from interest on investments, etc., during the year amounted to Rs. 41,236-8-11, of which Rs. 1.232-15-0 pertains to Trust Funds.

The ordinary expenditure of the Central Committee during the year was Rs. 20,742-2-4. The expenditure on grants-in-aid towards the objects of the Association amounted to Rs. 9.180.

The Committee spent Rs. 6,186 on various scholarships, the total working expenses of the fund during the year amounted to Rs. 5,325.

Women's Medical Service for India.

The usual subsidy of a lakh and a half was received from the Government of India to meet the cost of the Women's Medical Service for India addition the amount derived from investments amounted to Rs. 12.282

To meet the liability of the association in connection with the Provident Fund, a part of the Invested funds amounting to Rs. 1,90,000 was set aside This together with the interest realised is calculated to cover the actual payments which will occur for the period ending with the year 1929. The interest realised during the year from this investment has been utilized in the purchase of War Bonds.

The ordinary expenditure of the Women's Medical Service for India during the year was Rs. 1,34,587. The expenditure on salaries of members of the service amounted to Rs. 1,27,808 including Rs. 6,122 on account of deductions for Provident Fund. Leave allowances and travelling expenses of Lady Doctors amounted to Rs. 6,780 and the share of Office expenses for the Women's Medical Service for India amounted to Rs. 5,322.

THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND.
THE COUNTESS OF Payments of the Central Communes
Account of Receipts and Payments of the Central Committee
RECEIPTS. Rs. a. p. Rs. a. p.
25,439 2 6
ash Balance on 1st January 1918
geli Battir
Subscriptions and Donations, Life Councillors Subscriptions and Donations Lord and Lady Donation by Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Chelmsford.
Donation by L. Chelmsford. Chelmsford. Subscriptions and Donations, Life Members Niscellaneous 756 4 0
Ditto Contributions from Branches Contributions from Investments (except Trust Accounts) Interest on Investments (except Trust Accounts) Accounts (oxcept Trust Accounts)
Sundry receipts
336 4 0 336 4 0
Trust Hoos Fawgett Prizes
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee 10 Sir John Muir Gilchrist Scholarships Gich 1,232 15 0
Gilchrist Go. 66,675
· Canal

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1918.

Payments.	Details.	TOTAL.
. Investments—	Rs, a. p.	lis. a. p.
Objects of Fund-		
Grants-in-aid, United Provinces Branch	4,500 0 0	
Ditto Berar Branch		
Ditto Baluchistan Branch	1,670 0 0	
Ditto North-West Frontier Province Branch	1,200 0 0	
Ditto Assam Branch	1,560 0 0	,
Ditto Miscellaneous :	250 0 0	
		9,180 0 0
-		
S. Laland's		
Scholarship— Central Committee		
	3,493 5 4	
Gilchrist Trust	2,065 0 0	
Sir Dinshaw Maneckice Petit	220 0 0	
Sir John Muir	408 0 0	
,		6,186 5 4
	}	
Gratuities including Books and Medals	50 7 0	} . •
	-	
		50 7 0
- Carried over .		15,416 12 4

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Central Committee

-Rn	cceipts.	Details.	Тотль.
gia auto auton mandandelle i sa que de encapada anti a antima Mandandelle encapada que de la calenda de la cal		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	Brought forward .		66,675 10 5
Investments-			
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-	Carried over .	6	66,675 10 5

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1918-contd.

, Payments.	Details,	Тотль.
Brought forward .	Rs. a p.	Rs a p 15,416 12 4
Expenses of Fund—		
Telegrams , ,	65 10 6	
Postage and Receipt Stamps	78 7 11	
Salaries and Wages and Travelling Expenses of Office.	3,974 1 2	
House rent for office establishment	575 0 0	
Office Contingencies and Expenses of Meetings .	175 8 10	
Commission on realizing-Interest, etc.	14 8 0	
Office Building	442 1 7	
Miscellaneous—		5,325 6 0
Write-back of sundry receipts	16 3 0	
Interest on over-draft	33 14 2	} }
, from Khan Bahadur Estate transferred to Victoria Memorial Scholarshirs Fund.	368 & 1	~
Tulloch Bequest—Solicitors charges	22 7 0	440 13 3
Carried over		21,162 15 7

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Central Committee

RECEIPTS.	Details.	· Total.
,	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward .		66,675 10 5
Women's Medical Service for India-	-	
Subsidy from Government	1	,50,000 0 0
Investments		
Withdrawal of part of fixed deposit	20,000 0 0	
Interest on investments	12,281 10 0	- \
Provident Fund		32,281 10 0
In cash	881 6 9	`
By deduction from salary, etc	6,121 14 9].
Interest for the year	1,838 0 5	
		8,841 5 11
Miscellaneous—		
Refund of Provident Fund advances	499 9 4	-
Ditto pay over-issued	254 3 11	
Ditto advances of pay	171 1 6	1.
Sundry receipts	526 15 6	-
,	1	,451 14 3
TOTAL .	2,59	,250 9 7

DELHI;
The 8th March 1919.

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1918-concld

PAYMENTS.	-	Details.	Total.
	/	Rs a. p	Rs. a. p.
Brought	forward .		21,182 15 7
Women's Medical Service for Indya—Salaries of members of the service . Rs 1 Ditto on account of deduction towards Provident Fund . Rs. Rs.	,21,685 9 6 6,121 14 9	د ا	
		1,27,807 8 3)
Leave allowances Travelling expenses	: : :	1,885 1 5 4,894 10 0	
Office expenses— Telegrams Postage and Receipt Stamps Commission on realising interest, et Salaries and Wages and Travelling office.	c	65 10 6 79 9 11 10 3 0 3,974 1 1	-
House rent for Office establishment Office contingencies Office building	: : :	575 0 0 175 8 11 442 1 6	
Provident Fund— Repayment to subscribers		2.741 11 2	-
Advances		10,320 2 8 1,838 0 5	: .
Investments War Bonds for Provident Fund Liab	ilities	7,000 0 6	7500 0 0
Miscellaneouy— Adjustment of an erroneous credit		6.6 5	
	TOTAL .		1,52,9/4 11 1
Closing	balance .	'	72.271 II 6
	TOTAL .	••	2,19,250 5 5

(SL) B. W. MIELOW, COLUMN,
Emergy Treasure.



ANNEXURE II.

First Prize giving at the Lady Hardinge Medical Colleg Delhi.

The first anniversary of the formal opening of the Lady Hardinge Medical Collego was celebrated on Saturday 22nd March, when the institution was visited by Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford who presented the prizes to successful students. A large number of visitors were present.

Dr. K. A. Platt, Principal of the College, spoke as follows:-

"In presenting our second Annual Report of the Lady Hardinge Medica; College and Hospital, we have happily to record steady progress in the development of both College and Hospital. It is only four years since the foundation stone was laid, three and a half years since the building was actually begun, two years since the hospital was open to receive a few patients, one and a half years since the first students were admitted to begin their medical studies in the College, and one year since the first unit of the Hospital was completed and two wards opened by Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford. Now we have 50 students in the College of whom six are Hindus, four Musalmans, three Sikhs, one Jew, twelve Indian Christians, two Syrian Christians, two Burmese Christians, one Parst (temporarily absent), eleven Anglo-Indians, two Portuguese Indians and six Europeans. All four wards are finished, and we have a large and increasing outdoor department. There are in training five Indian, one Parsi, and four Anglo-Indian probationer nurses, with six Indian staff nurses and one Anglo-Indian staff nurse. Of our 50 students six senior medical students are preparing for their first medical examination next year, 22' senior science students are taking their science examination next month, while the remaining 20 are doing their first year's science work. In spite of the unavoidable hindrances occasioned by the war, we have most fortunately been able to procure a large proportion of the equipment required for the training of our students, and during the next year we hope to be able to obtain the remaining portion When in possession of this we shall be able to ray indeed, I think we may even now say, with truth, that we have one of the finest and best equipped women's Medical Colleges in the world.

I do not make this statement entirely on my own authority for during the last year we have had numerous medical visitors, such as the late Sir Victor

Horsley, Sir George Makins, Colonel Sutherland, Principal of the Lahore Medical College, Major-General Giffard, Surgeon-General, Madras, and all of these expressed themselves much pleased with our College and its equipment.

We have to record, with much sorrow, the death of Sir Pardey Lukis, the first president of our governing body. His death is a great loss to us; in losing him we have lost a real friend. Through his interest and enthusiasm and most valuable practical help, we were able to start the College, at a time when, owing to the war, such an undertaking was even more of a problem than ordinarily it would have been. His successor as president of the governing body is Major-General Edwards, Director General of the I.M.S., who, I am sure, will always be ready to give help and counsel in the many difficulties which beset us.

MUNIFICENT GIFTS.

During the year we have received a most munificent gift of four lakhs of rupees from an Indian gentleman, Rai Bahadur Hukm Chand of Indore. He, with great generosity, presented this sum to the College Building Fund. Owing to this we shall be able to go on with our building. During the next year we hope that the junior staff bungalow will be finished, and that another professor's bungalow will be built and another wing added to the nurses' hostel. These additions will, we hope, enable us to carry on till the end of the war, when the hospital, with its administration block, will be completed. At present our hospital is increasing in popularity and is made use of by all classes of Indians. The cottage wards are especially appreciated. Lukis most kindly presented to the college library all the medical books of our late president. These form a good nucleus of our medical library which will, we believe, be a most useful asset to the medical women of India, as well as to our students. Colonel Prasad of Burma has given to the College a gift of Rs. 500 as a thank offering for the recovery from enteric fever of his daughter.

CHANGES IN THE STAFF.

We have to record several changes in our staff. In September 1917, Dr. Margaret Murphy, Miss Stephens, and Miss Mehta joined our staff. In December 1917, Dr. Ruth Wilson, Surgeon to the hospital, left us to be married. Dr. Houlton was appointed Professor of Gynccology and Midwifery a little later. She is at present acting as surgeon to the hospital. Miss Johnson, the Warden, left us to take up war work in Aden. The wardenship has

temporarily been taken by Mrs. C. F. Hall. Miss Kelsall was appointed teacher of pharmacy also in December 1917."

Referring to the subject of physical recreation the Principal stated that while various games were played by some of the students, others took little or no exercise. Physical examination showed that it was necessary that something should be done to improve the general condition of these students; so at a recent meeting of the staff it was decaded that some kind of exercise should be made compulsory for every student, that is, that either she should join some game twice a week at least, or do physical drill.

Owing to the rise in bazaar prices for food-stuffs, the report stated 'they had reluctantly been obliged to raise the charges for the students' diet.

PRIZES AND MEDALS.

After a reference to Lady Chelmsford's presence the report proceeded:—
"A gold medal is offered annually by H. H. the Maharaja of Benares, in the
name of Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford, to the best student of the year
It is advisable that both staff and students should have a voice in deciding
as to who is the best student, and the recipient of the Chelmsford Medal has
been selected by the combined votes of staff and students. The Lady
Hardinge Medal offered annually by Dewan Bahadur Daya Kishan Kaul,
C.I.E., to the student who attains the most distinguished position in the
first class division of the Intermediate Science (Medical) examination has not
been awarded for 1917, as none of the students took the whole examination,
and none were placed in the first division. The governing body has how
decided to omit the words 'first division' and to award the medal to the one
who attains the highest position, irrespective of division, but I hope that each
recipient of the medal will always be one who is placed in the first division."

Her Excellency then presented prizes to the successful students and afterwards addressed them as follows:—

"We are meeting to-day on the first anniversary of the life of this college. I am sure you have listened with great interest to the account given by the -Principal of this year's progress On the whole, we have every reason to be pleased with the results both of the work done and the spirit which has animated the life of the college - Naturally, everything this year has been in the nature of experiment, and though we may ear that it must yet be some years before the college will have found be self, still the signs of ratisfactor co-operation are all there, and we feel quite context to let the future fake are of itself.

There is only one omission from the report, an unavoidable but a serious one, which we must hasten to supply. I mean a word of most sincere appreciation of the work throughout this year of the Principal and her staff. Now, principal and professors are also human beings. They do value gratitude and consideration. You students must always remember that the staff who teach you are all away from their own homes and country, and you must make them feel that you regard them not only as teachers but as friends. I know you will agree with me in thanking them for all their efforts in the past year.

What are the underlying principles upon which a successful college must erect its superstructure? The first, I should say, is loyalty; loyalty of the Principal, the staff, the students to themselves, to each other and to the insti-If one member suffers all the members will suffer. Each and all who reside within these walls must put the good of the college as a whole before all else. Only make a great tradition of mutual trust, and good will spring up. The next fundamental principle is service. Those who enter this institution should do so because they feel that they have a mission to fulfil, that they take up the study of medicine as a vocation and with the distinct purpose of devoting their lives to the service of their fellow creatures. such a high view can brace them to go through the long and difficult training. The medical training should be to them only the method by which the instrument is made fit for the service of mankind. This training for service can find its beginnings in small things and during the life in college and the years of college life, the students and the staff of to-day are building for the future, and, like all other pioneers, they must expect difficulties and not be discouraged by them.

The college has sustained a grievous loss in the death of Sir Pardey Lukis. He was interested in the project in its early days; he watched over its growth, and took a deep personal interest in its concerns. It is a great joy to the college to have in the possession of his books a perpetual link with his memory.

There has been one magnificent gift to the college in October 1917, to which I should like to refer, namely the gift of four lakks from Rai Bahadur Seth Sarupchand Hukamchand of Indore. This splendid gift will enable the completion of the hospital to be taken in hand as soon as the war allows. Another gift was from Mr. Prasad of Burma, and will probably be devoted to the purchase of a college clock. Lord Hardinge sent a gift of ten thousand rupees this year. The immediate use of it is not yet decided on. All these gifts show the interest of the public in this institution, and I believe the public will judge of this as of every other institution by its results. Good

work earnestly done will bring its reward. After the first six years the college will be passing out qualified doctors to work in this great country, and it will be by the posts they are able to fill and the general respect they are able to command that all sensible people-will judge whether the college is a success or not.

This brings me back to where I started. The success and good name of the college are in the keeping of its students and with it are closely wrapped up the future of the Indian woman doctor and the use she can be to her country and community. I know they will prove worthy of their great task, and for the sake of her who founded this college, and of those who labour to maintain it, they will carry on the good work so splendidly begun, and be the voice and the hands and the heart of the foundless, carrying to the would what, out of the greatness of her heart, she desired to give them."

At the conclusion of the proceedings, Her Excellency, the visitors, the staft and the students adjouncd to the playing fields and witnessed a basket ball match between the students of the Lady Hardinge College and visitors from Delhi. • A fast and most interesting game ensued which was won by the home team, and after some refreshment the company dispersed.

ANNEXURE III.

The First Meeting of the Central Committee attended by representatives from various Provinces.

The 178th Meeting of the Central Committee took place at Vicenegal Lodge, Simla, on Monday, 16th September 1918 at 11-30 A. M.*

The meeting was one of exceptional importance, as it was the first occasion when representatives of the different Provincial Committees were present at a meeting of the Central Committee.

Her Excellency the President in asking each Provincial Committee to nominate a delegate to sit on the Central Committee was actuated by the desire to secure a greater amount of co-operation in different parts of the country in connection with the objects of the Fund.

Representatives from Bombay, Burma, the United Provinces, Assam, the Central Provinces, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and the Punjab were present, and a very interesting meeting took place. Her Excellency presided and gave the following address:—

"It gives me great pleasure to welcome you all here to-day as I feel that the first Meeting of the enlarged Council of the Countess of Dufferin's Pand is another step forward in our endeavours to help the women and children of India, and I appreciate very fully the importance it will have in assisting us in our work. I use the word 'Council' advisedly, because I feel it suitable for an important assembly of this kind.

You will doubtless realise the value to us who are working at headquarters of the presence here of representatives from the several Provinces, and we expect to learn much from our new members as to the conditions and needs of the Provinces they represent; we hope also that the Provincial Committees will benefit by the fuller knowledge they will have of our policy and the larger opportunities of suggesting measures in which we can co-operate,

We are all aware that the work of the Countess of Dufferin's Pand is to provide medical aid by women for the women of India.

The Association is a charitable one and was founded 23 years ago by LeFr Dufferin when a great wave of enthusiasm swept the country and many leFr were subscribed for the Central Fund in addition to other runs for a Provincial Centres.

I regret to say that for many years, public support as shown by prival subscription has been small, and this in spite of the fact that evidence of the need for our organisation has increased year by year.

I think when the war is over we must try to initiate some scheme is securing more general support from the people of India for an organisation of such importance to their women.

Within the comparatively short time that I have been in India, I have heard much of the terrible conditions Indian women endure during childbirth of the high rate of infant mortality, entailing such loss both to the race and t the individual; of the large amount of suffering from special women' diseases which in many parts of the country are quite untreated; while yearly many applications come to our office, for doctors, nurses and midwives which we are quite unable to supply.

I believe it also to be a fact that India loses hundreds of thousands of lives yearly from diseases such as plague, malaria and tuberculosis, the spread of which is due largely to ignorance of domestic sanitation on the part of the women.

I myself have visited many of the existing women's hospitals and I do not think I have seen one where there has not been an acute demand for extension of building, increased staff, improved sanitation or some other very urgent need which the Committee were quite unable to meet.

I know too that in smaller places there are many women's hospitals where the patients are housed in an insanitary manner, where there are no modern operating rooms or accommodation for maternity cases and where the lack of appliances and want of responsible nurses, cramp and hinder the work of the doctor. In many parts of the country even such help is lacking.

That is the dark side of the picture, but there is a bright side too.

During the last 33 years, women's hospitals, women doctors, nurses and midwives have increased enormously.

We hear of a hostel for Indian nurses being opened in Calcutta; of maternity and infant welfare centres in Calcutta, Bombay and Madras; of a Sanitary Association in Karachi with women employees; of a Central Midwives' Board in the Punjab, and of a training school for Health and Maternity Supervisors, Delhi.

We have a Women's Medical College in Delhi and Women's Medical Schools in Agra and Ludhiana, while a third has just been opened in Vellore, all under women doctors. We have also several women's hospitals, officered by women, which I think we may say are equal to any in European countries.

The Central Committee as you are aware has for some years past received a large subsidy from Government which enables us to carry on the Women's Medical Service for India, and several of its members are now appointed to assist the Inspectors-General in several Provinces with the administration of women's medical work.

All this shows that much has been done. We now hope—and we look to our new members to help us here—that measures which have proved successful in some parts of the country will be adopted by others, and that all the work will increase and extend until it is possible that every Indian woman who desires it shall have the opportunity of consulting and being treated in sickness by a member of her own sex.

I am particularly glad to welcome is visitors here to-day two Indian gentlemen, well-known in India for their zeal in regard to the welfare of their fellows.

What we feel more and more is, that in these wast works of mercy and love, we the handful of English people can only light the candle and show the way, bringing the results of experience in the west for the use of this great land; that the real work must be undertaken by Indian hands and heads and hearts, and that when our little organisations have passed away, they, in a real sense the servants of India, will do the big work and reap the great remaid.

We shall now proceed to business, and I call on the Honorary Secretary to lay before us the Minutes of the last meeting."

At the conclusion of the business of the meeting the Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill addressed the meeting as follows:—
"Your Excellexcy.

Before we close I should like to say a few words to express our sense of the appropriate nature of the action taken by Your Excellency in enlarging this Committee by the addition of members representing their several Provinces. I myself was connected for many years with the Duffern Committee in my own Province, and I can speak from personal experience when I say that we looked on the Central Committee as a distant and unapproachable body rather uninterested in our proceedings except when it sometimes extended us somewhat grudging financial aid. I think that this new movement will, to a large extent, remove that feeling.

The trend of public opinion is at present all for decentralisation and there is a risk that when a central body seeks more close co-operation with Provincial Centres, it might be suspected that we wanted to influence or direct affairs of the Provincial Centres. In the present case after the remarks Your Excellency has made, I am sure that all will be convinced there is no such intention on the part of the Central Committee, but only the desire for a better mutual understanding and a more efficient central organisation. In particular, in this instance, and in connection with the scheme for a Subordinate Women's Medical Service, it is clear that it is easier in the early stages to finance and organise a larger general service for all provinces who are willing to co-operate, than it would be for each provincial centre separately.

I beg to propose a vote of thanks to Your Excellency for your happy thought in thus enlarging the Committee."

ANNEXURE IV.

Report of the Post-graduate course for Women Sub-Assistant Surgeons held at Simla during June and July, 1918.

The third Post-graduate course for Sub-Assistant Surgeons was held in Simla during June and July 1918.

- The class consisted of four only. Sitabo Bai from Lahore (Bhati Gate), Miss Flora Paul from Asrapur (District Amritsan), Bibi Hira Devi from Kapurthala State and Bibi Parmeshwari Devi from Muzaffargarh respectively. All these held the Sub-Assistant Surgeon diploma of the Agra Medical School.
- Lectures were given in Hygiene and Sanitation, Midwifery and Children's Diseases, while clinical teaching was given daily in the Dufferin Block of the Ripon Hospital. The lecturers were—

Dr. Margaret Balfour, M.B., C.M., W.M S.,

Dr. Wickham, L.R.C.P. & S,

Dr. Janette Simonsen, M.B., Ch.B.,

Dr. Agnes Scott, M.B., W.M.S.,

all of whom gave their services voluntarily.

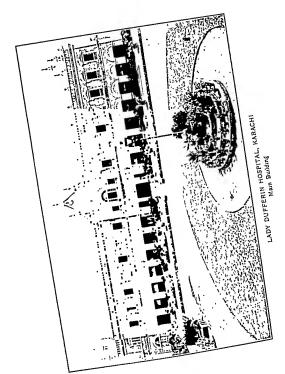
- Popular lectures in sanitation and allied scientific subjects were given at the Y. W. C. A. during July and were attended by the class. The lecturers were Major Norman White, C.I.E., I.M.S., Lient-Colonel Browne, I.M.S., Major Holmes, I.M.S., Health Officer of Simla, and Dr. Dagmar Curjel, M.D., W.M.S.
- Accommodation was provided for all four Sub-Assistant Surgeons at Nabha House.
- 6. Lectures were given at Nabha House and at the Dufferin Block, Ripon Hospital. Profitting by the experience of former years, the instruction given was very simple, and as the majority of the members of the class were not proficient in English, the greater part of the teaching was given in Urdu. Two examinations were held at the end of June and July, respectively. The second of these was oral and practical only, it being found at the June examination that it was not possible to mark written examinations fairly, owing to the difficulty some students had in writing in Englisher.

Roman Urdu. The good marks gained at the examination showed clearly that the Sub-Assistant Surgeons had profitted by the teaching given, and that too much or too difficult work had not been attempted this year.

7. Sitabo Bai obtained the first prize presented by Lady O'Dwyer, S6 per cent. marks.

Miss Paul and Hira Devi were equal and divided the second prize presented by the Inspector General of Civil Hospitals with 79 per cent. marks, Parmeshwari Devi obtained 61 per cent. marks.

- 8. This will probably be the last post-graduate course held in Simla for women Sub-Assistant Surgeons in the Punjab. It is hoped that the sanction of the Local Government will be given during the next few weeks to a scheme for the provincialisation of women sub-assistant surgeons under which, besides graded pay, pensions and other benefits belonging to a government service, provision will be made for five yearly post-graduate courses of study and grade examination at the Punjab Medical School for Women, Ludhiana. There will therefore be no further need for the Simla course as far as the Punjab is concerned.
- 9. There have been three of these courses altogether. The first in 1916, inaugurated and managed by Dr. Balfour, at which four Sub-Assistant Surgeons from Sialkot, Gujranwala, Jhang and Gurdaspur attended, was held for one month only. The second was held in 1917 for two months. The class comprised seven Sub-Assistant Surgeons from Amritsar, Rohtak, Lahore (Hira Mandi) Batala, Gurgaon, Karnal and Fazilka (Ferozepore District). Counting the four in this year's class therefore, 15 women Sub-Assistant Surgeons have been given the opportunity of this, post-graduate study, the first regular teaching they have received since leaving their medical schools, and some have been in practice as long as 18 or 19 years. There can be no doubt that the knowledge gained by these women has been of service to them in their work in the opportunity of keeping up their medical studies or of progressing with the times in medical knowledge.



APPENDIX I. .

Reports of Branches.

ASSAM BRANCH.

Provincial Committee.

Lady President.

Members and Honorary Secretary.

juspector General of Civil Hospitals, Assum (The Hon'ble Colonel H. E. Banatvala, c & 1 , x. m s , 1 m s)

Members.

Second Secretary to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Assam (The Hon'ble Mr. A. W Botkam, c : E , : c = .)

Commissioner, Surma Valley and Hill Districts (The Hon'ble Mr. W. J. Raip, c s,t , 1 c s)

MIS BOTEAU.

dire. Majid Manshi Belayetazi

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1918.

Mrs Hope, the midwife entertained by the Sukhar Municipality, was replaced, on my Suchar. recommendation, by Lady Doctor Emogency Dola. The services of the latter were, however, dispensed with after a short period, and a new midwife Kshiradabala Sanyal has been appointed in her place.

The post of the Lady Doctor at Maulyi Bazar was abolished and that of a midwife Maulyi Bazar.
vanctioned in lieu, to which Miss Thoedera Jones has been appointed. I pointed out that a
midwife was not as useful as a Lady Doctor and suggested that an attempt should be made
to replace the former by the latter when an opportunity offered In reply, the local Board
expressed the opinion that the employment of a Lady Doctor at Maulyi Bazar was not
likely to be a encess as serveral were tred and found failure.

At my inspection of the Habigani Dispensary, I recommended that the pay of the Habigani midwife attached to that institution should be increased and promised to find half the amount of the increase from the Provincial Burnch. This has since been sanctioned.

The post of Lady Doctor at Karimganj which remained vacant last year has been Karimgan, filled up by Miss Emogener Dola.

Lady Doctor Hemongiai Maxumdar, attached to the Dhubri Dispensary, has been Dhubri and replaced by Lady Doctor Labanyapenbha Das of the Genipara dispensary, where a new Lady Genipara. Doctor, Srimati Charquial Das has been appointed

The Provincial Branch has decided to withdraw the contribution raid by it towards Texper, the lay of a midwife at the Texpur Dispensary until a suitable candidate has been appointed.

Mangaldai.

Jorhat. Dibrugarh.

General Remarks. During the year under review, Midwife L. Mandal of the Mangaldai Dispensary resigned, and her place was filled up by midwife Indirabala Datta.

The post of the Lady Doctor at Jorhat was filled up by Miss C. A. Henderson.

Lady Doctor Pugh Singh of the Dibrugarh Dispensary died during the year, and the post has remained vacant for want of a suitable substitute.

In December 1917 Miss Balfour, Joint Secretary, Countess of Dufferin's Fund, visited some of the dispensaries in Assam which receive contributions from the Central Committee. As a result of her visit, the Central Committee has generously offered to contribute half the amount of pay of the women attendants at the 4 Sadr hospitals at Sylhet, Dibrugarh, Silchar and Gauhati, and necessary action is being taken in the matter. That Committee has also kindly consented to arrange for a post-graduate course of training for Lady Doctors employed in Assam.

BALUCHISTAN BRANCH.

Provincial Committee.

President.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. R. C. Dobbs, c.s.i.: c.i.e., i.c.s.

Vice-President.

Mrs. Petese.

Honorary Secretary.

H. T. HOLLAND, M.B., OR. B., F.E.O.S.E.

Honorary Treasurer.

K. I. RANA MONAMMAD ALI KHAN, Personal Indian Assistant to H. a. G.O.

Members.

Mrs. St. John. Mrs. Beaty. K.B., B. D. PATEL., O.I.E. K.B., A. D. MARKER, O.I.E. R. B. D. JAMIAT RAI, O.I.E.

The Political Agent in Zhob says "In forwarding in original the annual report of the Lady Dufferin Zenana Hospital at Fort Sandeman for 1918 I am glad to note that the Hospital continued to do good work. The institution is a great boon to the inhabitants of Fort Sandeman."

The work done in the "Lady Dufferin Zenana Hospital" during the year has been very satisfactory. The number of in-patients treated from January 1st to November 15th was 126, as compared with 115 in 1917. The out-patients numbered 3,683, as compared with 3,488 in 1917, i.e., between January 1st and November 15th. From 1st July to 15th November 236 operations were performed. No records were kept from January to end of June, due to the Lady Superintendent in charge of the hospital being away on sick leave. An open

verandah in front of the prescribing scom has been added to the hospital; also, two chimneys more in the side rooms of the ward. Also new wire gaunt doors have been provided as double doors to the dispensary. The old dressing soom in the out-door department has been converted into an operation room, and a part of the inner verandah has been screened off as a dressing soom. The need of family made is great. The rooms with two bods each, would answer the purpose. At present many patients refuse to be admitted on account of their male relatives not hemp permitted to stay with them in hospital, also for caste prejudice a Hindu woman will refuse admission to hospital if she has to share a soom with a local Pathan woman.

The staff under me consists of Miss Pollette-Roberts, Lady Superintendent, and one midwife and one ward attendant and chowledar.

The work done by the staff has been year good.

A. M. T. BROWNE.

Report for 1918 of the Lady Dufferin Sandeman Hospital, Quetta.

The new Dufferin Hospital at Quetta formally opened by Her Excellency Lady Chelmsfoul, G. B. E., C. I., on the 25th October 1917 was taken charge of by me on Perburay 16th, 1918, and opened to patients on March 4th after a slight delay, owing to the much regretted death of the late Colonel Duke, Agency Surgeon and Chief Medical Officer, Balachistan, who was kendy interested in the new hospital.

The work in the hospital was carried out more or less on the same lines as on previous years.

The hospital hold: 20 beds divided as follows. Three private wards holding three Buildings, beds each, one called the A. D. Markir ward and especially reserved for Parsis—one used as a materinity ward, and the third for surgical cases; six family wards with private courty yard, cook room and lavatory attached, and one general ward of five beds.

Leading off from the private wards is the operating theatre, an out-patient department, complete with consulting and waiting room, a dispensary and dressing room. It was suggested that a room in the Hospital, should be made into a dark room for the examination of eyes, noses and throats, but funds did not permit of this; the matrons quarters are situated near the private waids, and the staff quarters behind the out-patient department.

On taking charge, I found that most of the staff of the old Dufferin Hospital had Staff. been retained to help me, and the first few months were spent in re-organising it and getting suitable workers

It now consists of a matron with English qualifications, a compounder (not certificated) and one staff nurse, a cook woman of the better class, who when her duties permit and occasion demands, helps in the nursing.

No Dais were passed out this year. One, who commenced in 1916 and went on druwing the Victoria Henorial Scholarship during 1917, when the hospital was cloved was told be Colonel Data and the Colonel Data and Da

r nothing in her final year; so, as by the Committee to discharge

her. One womap of the better Mahommedan class is now under training

nfluenza Eol. emic.

The staff, one and all, did splendid work during the Influenza Epidemic, which attacked Baluchistan badly; visiting and attending cases in the city, and volunteering their services with me, to General Hendley, D. D. M. S., Quetta, for work at the Indian Troops Hospital, where they were not prepared for the epidemic, having only a few doctors, and with most of the orderlies untrained. As many of the staff as could be spared went up with me from 2 -6 every afternoon, and again from 10-12 P.M. at night to the camp followers hospital nursing, giving fomentations and teaching the ward orderlies their daties.

irya Samaj.

A newly formed local branch of the Arya Samaj asked us if we would visit cases known to them, who were too poor to pay for attendance or too ignorant to understand the need of attendance until too late. Hoping to do something to lower the death rate we gladly agreed to do this.

I helped Dr. Stuart with the indigenous dais, visiting cases one month and lecturing twice a week the other.

lgures.

Number of patients treated in the Dufferin Hospital from March 4th to the end of November 1918-

Out-patients .	•	•		18,067
In-patients				111
Operations performed				115
Labur cases			•	· 17
Daily average out-pati	ents			84

The hospital has now been running ten months, during which time in spite of a considerable amount of work on organisation being necessary, the attendance has increased steadily; and it is confidently expected that this increase will continue. Such an institution in Quetta supplies a very definite need, and it is to be hoped that a favourable beginning will be worthily developed in justification of the unsparing efforts of those who brought the hospital into being, and the Committee who has since administered it.

JEAN MATHIESON, M.B., B.S.

Report for 1918 of the Women's Hospital, Sibi.

There has been no change in the working of the hospital during the year 1918.

The staff has continued to consist of :- a medical woman in-charge, a compounder, a dresser, a ward servant, a peon and a sweeperess.

The common maladies treated have been, diseases peculiar to women and children, malaria, eyes and ear diseases and skin diseases of various kinds, which are very common in this part of the country.

There were 3,119 out-patients, 156 in-patients, and total new and old attendance was

14,016. Midwifery cases were only nine.

¢.

The new hospital being opened, the work would have been much more, had the people not gone away from Sibi due to disturbances lasting from February to May. Owing to the same cause, women through fright would not come from their villages.

The winter months are the ones we have most patients, as they all come down from cooler places to Sibi, when the attendance often comes up to 80 and 90 a day. In summer months when it gets very warm there is an exodus of the people to their summer resorts, then the attendance falls to 30 or 40 a day.

. A. ALFRED, L.M.S.

BENGAL BRANCH.

Presidency Committee.

President.

His Excellency the Right Hon'hie Lawrence John Lumley Dundas, Earl of Ronaldshay, 6 c 1 x , Governor of Bengal

Ladv President.

Her Excellency the Countess of Ronaldshay.

Patrons

Nawab Syed Mahomed Madhi Hossam Khan alios The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nawab Syed Badeha Nawab of Patos Nabdi, K C I E , of Cossimbarar

Rays Padmanand Singh Bahadar of Banasily. The Hon'ble Sir Rameswar Singh Bahadar, KCIE, Maharaja of Darbhanga Ents Promoda Nath Roy of Dighapatia

Patronesses.

Her Highness the Maharani of Cooch Behar, c 1. The Maharan; of Hutwa

Executive Committee.

President.

His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Lawrence John Lamley Dandas, Earl of Ronaldshay, 6 of r. Governor of Bengal.

Lady President.

Her Excellency the Counters of Ronaldshay.

Honorary Secretary.

Mejor J. D. SARBER, & B . T.M.S., Surgeon to H. E the Governor of Bengal.

Honorary Treasurers. " Mesers Lovelook & Luwis, 25, Mangos Lane, Calcutta

Members.

Lady Rosens, 11, Elysium Row, Calcutta. Mr . A. N CHAUDHURY, 43, Jhautola Road, Calcutta

Mrs MGHARAN, 4, Theatre Road, Calcutta Men. K Suntary Banguer, 1, Ballygan; Park,

Calcutta Mrs Grann, 41, Alexandra Court, Calcutta,

Mrs M. R Muura, 9, Rainey Park, Ballyganj, Calcutte

Miss M V. WEER, LECP. & S. Lady Superin-tendent, Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital.

Mrs Gatt, 2, Minto Park, Calcutta. Mre David Ezza, 3, Kyd Street, Calentia

Mrs B B. Mrrrzs, 29B, Ballyganj Creular Road, Calcutts

Mice Sonable, 1, Army and Navy Chamber, 41, Chowringhee, Calcutta Raja Birat Stane Daubnunta, 6, Camae Street,

Lalentta Nawab Sarager Islam, Khan Rahadur, 7, Maulel Gulam Subhan's Lane, Calcutta Nawah t F M. Appur Ranamay, 16, Taltola Lane, Calcutta

Raia JOHT KUMAR MURREJER, Utterpara, Hooghly. The Hon'ble Sir Bisar Charp Marras, Ect., Ect., fow, Maharajadhiraja Dahadur of Burdwan, "Bijay Manul," Alipore

Houble Mr J Downen, with res. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial

Department Hon'ble Sir S P. SINKA, 17, Elyslam Row, Calcutta ,

B. D MERTS, Fuq, cre, Canning Street,

The Hon'ble Mr. C. F PATTE, 1 C & Calentia. The Hon'ble Major General W H Rousesow, c. ..

of Bengal. Major H B Srrus, MD, IMS, 6, Harrington Street, Calcutta

F Firstor, Esq . Royal Insurance Buildinge, 4-5, Koula Ghat Street, Calcutta. Major J. D. Sarbre, M.R., B.s., I W.S., Government House, Calcutta.

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1918.

Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital.

A short report of the Hospital, as submitted by Miss.M. V. Webb, W. M. S., Lady Superintendent, is appended separately.

Miss Webb took one month and eleven days' privilege leave with effect from the 21st

September 1918. Dr. Iles acted in her place.

Last year the Bengal Provincial Committee informed the Central Committee that the Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital might be profitably utilised as a training centre of the newly recruited members of the Women's Medical Service, and the Provincial Committee would therefore welcome one junior officer of that Service in the Hospital. Accordingly the Central Committee offered the services of Dr. Lazarus, W. M. S., as a Resident Medical Officer of the Hospital. The offer was accepted with satisfaction, and Dr. Lazarus, W. M. S., was deputed to Bengal in March last. She has been working in the Hospital satisfactorily since the 9th idem and has been well reported on.

In consequence of the increased valuation of the Hospital property, from Rs. 1,600 per cottah to Rs. 2,100 per cottah and the proportionate increase in taxation, the Corporation of Calcutta raised its annual contributions from Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 11,000. The Corporation also gave an additional grant of Rs. 500 to cover the enhanced rate of taxation for the 3rd and 4th quarters of the current financial (official) year 1917-1918.

During the year the Hospital received the usual "equivalent Government grant" of Rs. 7,935-10-0.

With reference to the formation of a Junior Grade of the Women's Medical Service the Bengal Provincial Committee recommended last year that one of the present House Surgeons of the Hospital might be admitted into the Service. However, it now appears from the rules and regulations of the Service, that none of them is eligible for admission. The Central Committee has been informed accordingly.

Dr. C. M. Wickham, a member of the W. M. S., visited several Dufferin Hospitals in Bengal during last cold weather season 1917-18. Her inspection report, is subjoined below. With a view to improving the standard of Sub-Assistant Surgeons and Midwives employed in these hospitals, she suggested that they should undergo an occasional course of post-graduate training at the Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital; she also suggested that all newly appointed Sub-Assistant Surgeons should be provided with a course of training at the Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital before they are attached to mufassal hospitals.

The scheme involves many difficulties both as regards finance and the accommodation that would have to be provided in Calcutta. The matter is still under consideration. Fuller details will be worked out later, and the scheme will then be more fully considered.

Report of the Financial Sub-Committee. In the previous year a sum of Rs. 2,880 was collected. During the year a further sum of Rs. 30,718 has been collected and a sum of Rs. 2,200 has been promised. This is almost entirely due to the tireless energy of Mrs. Monahan. The Executive Committee accords her a hearty vote of thanks for all that she has done and is still doing.

In April 1918, the Central Committee asked the Bengal Provincial Committee to nominate a lady or a gentleman to sit on the Central Committee as representative of the Bengal Provincial Committee. Mrs. Monahan was unanimously chosen as the representative of Bengal.

Grants.

As has been noted in previous annual reports the yearly grants that are paid to the several muffassail institutions amount to Rs. 6,210. The Branch also pays an annual contribution of Rs. 10,000 to the Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital. A sum of Rs. 200 is paid annually to the Lady Elliott Hostel. Besides these, there are various other sundry liabilities.

The Branch has sanctioned the jument of a monthly contribution of Rs. 15 towards the pay of a mudwife proposed to be appointed at Maguia, Jessore. The Branch has also remitted Rs. 15 to Miss Mackenzie of the Mission House, Joynagore, 24-Parganas, for payment to one of the certificated nurses working at Joynagore and adjoining villages. When the Budget is formed, it will be decided whether the grant can be continued or not.

During the year a sum of Rs. 35,000 has been invested in the purchase of 5} per cent. Javestment. War Bonds.

Three meetings of the Executive Committee were held during the year. The first was Meetings, presided over by Her Excellency Lady Ronaldshay, the second by His Excellency the Earl of Ronaldshay and the third one by the Her like Major Gereral W. H. B Robinson, C.B., I.M.S., Surgeon-General with the Government of Pengal. In addition to these the Annual General Meeting was held on the 11th April 1918, being presided over by His Excellency it e Earl of Ronaldshay.

Report of visits paid to the Dufferin Aided Women's Hospitals in Bengal-November to March 1918.

I Taited 26 of the hospita's and dispensaries outside Calcutta which receive giants from the Countess of Dufferin's Fund In 13 of these a lady doctor is employed and in 13 a midwife

The majority of these hospitals were cheerless and comfortless, very public and unlikely to attract the class of women for whom they were designed.

In nearly all of them it seemed to me that the wimen and children who attended would have no heatthion in consulting a male doctor and would just as willingly go to a General Civil Hespital. With two exceptions there were no mursing arrangements; in some there was no female attendant and in some not even a metrani. The lady doctors were very much handicapped in their work by having no skilled help; however well qualified they might be, it was impossible for them to dear with any serious sees or to keep their hospitals in good order. In some cases the dispersing of medicine was not under their control; they merely prescribed for the patients, who then had to go to the General Hospital to get their mediciner; also for any dressings or minor surgery, rainrule either had to get to the General Hospital or it made assistant doctor or compounder was called in. This arrangement would not trend to inspire the patients with confidence in the lady doctor and they naturally often referred to go to the melval ame for treatment.

With few exceptions there was no privacy or decency in the bathing and latrine arrangements, and one can quite understand that under such conditions decent and respectable women would not care to avail themselves of the freatment offered.

In those bospitals which had "Cettage Wards" it e women seemed even willing to come as in-patients, but these wands were very comfortless and the general idea of Leeping them "purish" was to close all the doors and windows. Very little midwifery and practically no gynacological work is done in any of the hospitals. There are no proper facilities or arrangements for it. A large propriotin of the woren treated are "represented by friends." Such treatment is very unsatisfactory from the point of view of both patient and doctor—it tends to prove that although anxious and willing for treatment the conditions are not such that they care to attend presently for it.

I think the fundamental mistake about these women's hospitals is that the lady doctors put in charge are generally women of little or no education and that they have lad no previous experience of hospitals run under "purdah" conditions. They had mostly been

appointed immediately they had passed out from the Medical Schools. Some have been working for from 14 to 20 years in the same place and have no idea of modern requirements or of keeping themselves up-to-date in their profession. Although in some cases they know better, they are content to let the old methods continue and are afraid of instituting any reforms for fear of becoming unpopular and thereby lessening the number of attendances or of giving offence to their committees; also the absence of any arrangements for nursing or skilled help is a great handicap to them in their work and in the management of their hospitals.

I think that no Sub-Assistant Surgeon should be appointed to a responsible charge unless she can show that she has either worked as assistant in a zenana hospital, or has had a course of post-graduate training specially in midwifery, gynecology and sanitation.

The Dufferin Hospital in Calcutta is the only women's hospital in the whole of Bengal which is properly staffed and where patients can be efficiently treated by their own sex with due regards to their easte and prejudices.

If female Sub-Assistant Surgeons could have a course of teaching in this hospital before being appointed to mufassal hospitals it would be a valuable experience to them in the conditions necessary to induce "purdah" and respectable women to come to the hospitals for treatment, which cannot be properly given to them in their own unsuitable homes.

With regard to the midwives attached to the hospitals—in some cases they worked in the hospitals, helping the doctor with the women and children, and their work seemed ratisfactory. In other cases they only attended to their own outside practice. This was sometimes so small as hardly to justify the expense of their salaries. None of them had any suitable bags or were provided with the usual necessaries for taking out to midwifery cases. There was very little supervision of their work, and they seemed to be left much to their own devices. In some instances they were reported by the Medical Officer as incompetent and unsuitable, but no effort was made to replace them.

C. M. WICKHAM, w.M.S.

Report for 1918 of the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital, Calcutta.

The work of the Dufferin Victoria Hospital has gone on steadily during 1918 in spite of the difficulty in getting and keeping trained nurses, and consequent frequent changes of staff.

Dr. Muriel Iles acted as Superintendent for six weeks during my holiday. Dr. Lazarus, W. M. S., joined the staff in March as Resident Medical Officer. It is an excellent thing to have a junior member of the W. M. S. in that post, which affords such valuable experience. The quarters leave much to be desired, and we hope it may be possible to improve them before long.

Miss Quinn has completed her third year as Matron; the nurses during this time have shown steady progress. It is a great pity that there is no standard examination for nurses in Bengal, to which we could send our nurses. A scheme was in process of formation in 1914, but like so many other desirable things it was stopped by the war. Our midwifery pupils took the vivá voce examination held at the Eden Hospital; seven of them passed during the year, two "with credit." Two finished their three years' training and obtained certificates. It is very difficult to keep girls on as staff nurses after they finish as they get much higher

pay elsewhere. Many of our nurses are employed by the Calcutta Corporation as midwives where their thorough training makes them especially valuable, they only work amongst the very process.

In September an anonymous donor gave Rs. 50,000 for the purpose of providing new dhoby quarters, servants quarters, and staff kitchen. It is hoped that land may soon be

acquired and these much needed improvements begun.

The Hospital has beek very boay throughout the year, except when it was nearly empted in September by the "riots". Influenza and its complications have filled it during the last two months, and caused an increase in the number of deaths. For the same reason big operations have been fewer in number lately; the first nine months of the year shewed a marked increase over 1917. Midwifery cases will be about the same. Hospital receipts from private pattents shew an increase. It cannot be too often repeated that those patients who are able to pay for treatment do so, and pay well. Our cabins are more expensive than those at the Eden Hospital, and yet their propalatily increases year by year. But the Hospital is not only for a rich and pampered class. More than half of the patients are not strictly speaking "partab" but are respectable women who prefet to be treated by their own sex, though there is nothing in their religion to forbid their being seen by men.

M. V. WEBB, L.R.C.P. & s. (Edin), W u s.

BERAR BRANCH.

General Committee.

President.

The Hon'ble Mr. R. P. Standen, die, 108.

Honorary Secretary.
Mr. P. J. Fords.

Members.

E. Danzs, Esq., 108, Deputy Commissioner, A. U Dir, Esq., Inspector of Schools, Berar Circles

Amraota
R. A. B Charman, Eaq, 1.c.s., Deputy Commusmoot, Yoofmal.

Rao Bahadur R. N. Mudholkar, Ole., Ba, Ll. R.,
Advocate, Amraota.

Buldans.

Buldans.

Buldans.

G A KHAN, Esq., 1.C.3, OBE., Deputy Communsioner, Akola.
The Horbie Colonel C R. M GREEN, M.D.

LM S. Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Central Provinces and Berer.

The Tressury Officer, Amraoti.

President's Report for 1918.

The number of hospitals remained 4 as last year. Various minor instocements were referred in the Annexic Hospital buildings and the new dais quarters inentioned in last year's report were completed. The buildings of this hospital are mostly old fashioned, let

unless complete remodelling is to be undertaken, little further expenditure is necessary on them. The new in-patient department buildings of the Lady Hardinge Hospital at Akola were occupied. These are now being extended, unexpected contributions totalling Rs. 16,000 having been lately received.

The new buildings at the Sai Bai Mote Hospital were taken into occupation at the end of the year. Although the buildings were practically completed in the preceding year, much time was wasted in getting bad work redone and securing various small improvements. At Yeotmal no building work was undertaken. The general ward is still incomplete. Government refused a grant towards it on the recommendation of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals and myself until the work of the hospital should show some improvement.

The work at Akola and Shegaon was again satisfactory; that at Amraoti improved greatly under Dr. Jardine, and fuller use was made of the Yeotmal Hospital; the in-patient department was well patronized but the operation room was still almost unused. The Committee at Yeotmal improved their staff by the addition of an experienced nurse on Rs. 40. The Hospital is not likely to be fully used until the Lady Doctor in charge is changed. At Akola Dr. George took long leave in the hot weather and was succeeded by Dr. Lobo (L.M. & S.) from Shegaon for 8 months, and then by Dr. Wickham, W. M. S. Dr. Lobo's place at Shegaon was taken by Dr. Paul (L. M. & S.) who carried on the work there to the satisfaction of the Committee.

Increased recurring grants were sanctioned by the Administration, except in Yeotmal and this has greatly reduced the difficulty of providing for recurring charges except in Akola, where the large hospital demands a large establishment. It is still uncertain how the Committee of the Lady Hardinge Hospital will be able to meet the difficulty.

All four Municipal Committees of the towns at which hospitals exist undertook to cooperate with the Lady Doctor in connection with the attempt to tackle infant mortality on lines already reported; but nothing substantial has yet been achieved. This is, however, a matter in which we must move slowly, if we are to retain the co-operation of all parties whose assistance is necessary.

Report for 1918 of the Lady Hardinge Hospital, Akola.

I was only on duty for about 4 months of the year in Akola as I was on sick leave for the remainder of the time. The work for the 4 months was hampered by plague, and my assistant being on leave we worked under a disadvantage. The new in-door department was opened to receive patients from the 1st April, and I left on the 15th. Assistant Surgeon Miss Lobo from Shegaon officiated in my absence, and I believe a fair number for a beginning (about 160) of in-door patients were admitted, among which number were some obstetric cases. I understand the town women warmly appreciated the better arrangements for their accommodation outside the city where purer air helped in quicker recoveries, and have no doubt the situation of this new in-door site outside the town will prove a great boon to the women shut up in impure city air. All classes attended the hospital, from the wife of the member of the Central Provinces Legislative Council to the peasant woman living miles outside Akola. On my return to Akola in November, women had come in from good distances by rail, prepared to engage private wards for treatment and operation. There is very little purdah in Berar and with the opening of the in-door department, if arrangements are made for an efficient nursing staff, and good equipment is provided, the results should be very encouraging to the medical officer in-charge.

> JESSIE GEORGE, L.R.C.P. & s. (Edin.), w.M.s., Superintendent, Lady Hardinge Hospital, Akola.

BIHAR AND ORISSA BRANCH.

Provincial Committee.

President.

The Hou ble Mr. W. Mayos, c.s r , t c s , Member of the Executive Council of the Government of Bibar and Orises

Honorary Secretary.

Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bihar and Orissa

Members.

The Hon'ble Mr. E H. C. Watag, csr., r.cs., Member of the Board of Revenue, Behar and Orissa. The Rays of Amawan (Patus). The Rays of Panchet (Manbhum).

The Right Reverend the Bithop of Chota Kagpur, The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bihar and Orissa,

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1918.

In the annual report for 1917 it was stated that, towards the close of that year, a lath of rupees had been received from the Rengal Presidency as the share, due to Bhkar and Orissa, of the subscriptions collected for the King Edward VII Memorial Fund. It was expected that, with this amount as a basis, the work of the Provincial Branch could be started in carme, thank that a regular committee to administer the Funds would soon be constituted. Accordingly, during the year under report, some donations received from certain Indian moblemen of this Province were, under the orders of His Honour the Lautemant-Governor in Council, added to the lump sum of Rs. 1,00,000 to form the nucleus of the Provincian Branch of the Countess of Dufferin's Fand. For its administration, the above Provisional Commuttee, consisting of a President and five members, was constituted in Sectember 1918.

Up to the close of the year, no definite work has been done by the new Committee, but it is noped that, with the termination of the war, it will be practicable without loss of time to fully organize the Fand on a proper basis and to start operations as much as means will allow. The available funds have for the present been invested in short term Indian War Loan Bonds of the argregate face value of Br. 148,300.

As in the past year, only two members of the Women's Medical Service were comployed in this Province. Miss A L. McKennie continued at the Lady Eligin Hospital at Gaya and Miss Yaunini Sen at the Lady Dufferin Hospital at Bettiah. The reports received from them on the working of the hospitals are annexel in original. Under the supervision of the Lady Medical Supervisioned this in charge, both the hospitals are a usual, continuing to do excellent work in the relief of parlamahin women in the surrounding localities. A new ward for the Hindu pardamahin paticals has recently been constructed at the Gaya hospital and will be opened shrely for the reception of patents. At the Bettiah Hospital a new were gone years of for Europeans is under construction.

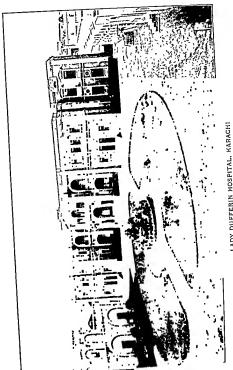
Besides the two institutions at Bettiah and Gaya, there are four other hospitals in the Province which are entirely staffed by women and have been doing their work on the pards system. The first of them is the Duchess of Teck Hospital, located in the midst of old Patna City, and is maintained by the Zenana Bible and Medical Mission. Under the charge of Miss E. Stillwell, M.n., n.s., it has been doing very good work amongst the people of the neighbourhood. The second is the St. Columba's Zenana Hospital at Hararibagh, which is conducted by the Dublin University Mission. It receives from Provincial Revenues an annual subsidy of Rs. 4,000 and affords female medical aid to a large number. The third is situated at Darbhanga and the fourth at Bhagalpur. The former is supported entirely by the munificence of the Darbhanga Raj while the latter depends on private subscriptions and donations from the local bodies. All four are doing most useful work.

As usual, the Provincial Branch of the Fund contributed Rs. 744 in 1918 also towards the salaries of the Lady Doctors in charge of the female wards of the hospitals at Puri, Jamui, Deeghar, and Sambalpur and received, as before, the two annual contributions, one of Rs. 50 from the Sambalpur Municipal Committee and the other of Rs. 75 from the Sambalpur District Council.

Under the orders of the Local Government, the periodical inspections of Zenana Hospitals, possessing members of the Women's Medical Service, have been placed with the Joint Secretary to the Dufferin Fund, Central Committee. She has already visited both hospitals at Gaya and Bettiah and her suggestions for improvement are receiving attention.

Report for 1918 of the Raj Dufferin Hospital, Bettiah.

	Medical Relief.
	1. Number of new out-patients treated 18,683
	2. Number of new in-patients treated 1,556
r	3. Daily average number of out-patients 1048 (52 Sundays subtracted
	from 365 days).
	4. Daily average number of in-patients 526
	5. Total attendance of out-patients (old and new) 32,806
	6. Number of maternity cases 60
	(a) Normal Labour cases
	(b) Abnormal ,, ,,
	ADNORMAL LABOUR CASES.
	Forceps cases
	Craniotomy
	Versions 5
	Breech
	Face 1
	Placenta Praevia
	Transverse 4
	Removal of ovum or other products of conception 3
	Bi-manual removal of adherent or retained placenta
	7. Operations.—Total 720 of which 158 are major.



LADY DUFFERIN HOSPITAL, KARACHI Virbajee Katrak Maternity Wing



The other major operations are as follows :-

Removal of malignant growths from uterus. Removal of Uterme polypi.

" Cervical polypi-

Vaginal Hysterectomy for a case of cancer. Trachelorrhaphy Colpo-perincorthaphy.

Colpor haphy."

Operations for Stenosis of vagina. Plastic operations for imperforate hymen.

., cicatricial adhesions in vagina. ., abnormal vagina.

Amputation of the breast. Large mammary and sub-mammary

abscesses. Removal of non-malignant tumours

,, a large epithelioma of back.

Seraping of tubercular sinuses

Removal of tubercular glands. tissues.

Large abscesses of important regions. Pelvic abscesses.

Tubercular hip-joints with abscess forma-

Tubercular elbow joints with abscess forma-

Cellutitis of different parts.

Suppurative Phlebitis Ligature of vessel in a case of hæmorrhage

Periosteal abscess. Setting of fractures.

Removal of sequestra.

Plastic operation for webbed fingers and

Iridectomy. Appendicular abscess

Changes in the staff .- There have been some changes in the staff The former matron has been replaced by Sister Ida and we have got two new senior nurses and a compounder in addition to the two senior nurses that we had last year. The House Surgeon as well as the nurses and the compounder are doing their work quite satisfactorily.

Our Day Celebration at the Raj Dufferin Hospital proved a success last year. We managed to send Rs. 836 towards the Red Cross and Ambulance Fund.

Dai Class .- The indigenous Dass are not giving much satisfaction, the only good that has resulted from it is that they are sending us some of their abnormal cases.

Buildings .- There has been no addition or alteration in the main buildings this year. A new Emergency European Ward is under construction now as well as a latrine for the patients on a more sanitary principles

Purdah Wards .- More of these are absolutely necessary, as we have to disappoint a

large number of patients for want of accommodation.

Ladies' Visiting Committee .- Mrs Whitty, the Manager's wife, takes a great interest in the hospital A Ladies' Visiting Committee has been formed with Mrs. Whitty as the President. A number of improvements have been suggested by her and some have already been carried out. The new lattine, the addition and alteration in the Nuises' Quarters and the Emergency European Ward, all owe their origin to her. She is very anxious to make the nurses happy and comfortable and has presented them with an expensive badminton set. In an out-of-the-way small station like Bettiah, where the nurses can have no amusement or recreation, a present like this has been greatly appreciated by them.

Remarks. - The most noticeable improvement is as regards maternity cases. A com-

parative list will make it apparent.

1914 19 maternity cases. 37 1915 1916 36 1917

18th November 1917 to 18th November 1918 .- 60 maternity cases.

Report for 1918 of the Lady Elgin Zenana Hospital, Gaya.

The patients admitted into the hospital this year show an increase as compared with last year and the year before, the number up to the end of November being 503 in-patients, 431 in-patients in 1917, and 453 in-patients in 1916.

Last year the small number treated-was due to the floods, riots, plague, etc. This year, although we have had a severe epidemic of influenza (which has been universal), the numbers were not affected till a fortnight ago, when a case was admitted into one of the Cottage Wards, and in consequence the whole of my staff was laid low. For two weeks I was working with one probationary nurse to help me. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon, matron, compounder and the staff nurse were suffering from the disease, three of them having developed pneumonia. The in-patients in the hospital and the other Cottage Wards then developed it. For about a week the out-patient department was closed, as I myself got it but fortunately in a mild form.

Only the matron is back at work, but I am afraid the remainder of the staff will have to get a month's leave to recoup. In the meantime I had to secure the services of a male compounder who dispenses for about 3 hours every morning, and as the out-patient and the dispensing departments are quite separate from the in-patient wards, he does not interfere with the pardah-mashin patients.

I am in correspondence with a female compounder and hope to get her soon.

The Cottage Wards were not so well occupied this year. Owing to the increase of prices due to the War, many of the Cottage Ward patients asked to be admitted into the free wards, as they said they could not afford to pay. They were allowed to do so.

Even with the set-back due to the outbreak of influenza in the hospital, the in-patients show a large increase compared to last year, and the figures are very encouraging showing the growing popularity of the institution.

The New Hindu Ward is practically completed, and I hope to admit patients into it by the new year. This ward is set apart for *Hindu* pardah-nashin patients only, and I am sure they will appreciate having a separate ward quite apart from the Mohemadans, so that none of their caste prejudices will be interfered with. Dr. Balfour asked me if I would find any difficulty in filling this ward; but I told her I did not think so, as I know how this Hospital is appreciated by rich and poor alike.

The out-patient department also shows an increase this year-6,619 in 1918 against 5,569 patients in 1917.

The operations this year were 610, last year 586. There were seven laparotamies. Having an Assistant Surgeon to attend to the out-patients, this year has given me more time to devote to operations, and in consequence there is an increase in the number of laparotamies and also I find that the pardah ladies are much less averse to operations than they were about 5 years ago, when I was allowed to operate only after a deal of coaxing. Now-a-days they come and ask me themselves to operate, showing the confidence they now have in one's surgical skill, which is most encouraging.

Maternity Ward.—The number of labour cases this year was 21, last year 14. We are now admitting non-parda urgent cases into this ward. I asked to be allowed to do this, as I considered it very injurious, and in some cases fatal to both mother and child, to be sent away from the hospital after having already in many cases come from a distance to us.

Staff.—We have been two months without an Assistant Surgeon. Miss Robinson. M.B., B.S., Allahabad, worked for 9 months and Mrs. Hunter, M.B., B.S., Lahore, was on probation for three months. She was not strong enough for the post. We have

been unable to secure another Assistant Sargeon but Dr. Balfour hopes to be able to give us one soon, as the local Dufferin Fund Committee are paying Rs 200 a month towards the Funfor Momen's Medical Service. The Committee sanctioned two staff nurses (Indian) on Rs, 25 a month. I have succeeded in getting one only and I have a probationer on Rs, 15 a month.

The nursing staff is quite insdequate for the number of patients treated, which was also be opinion of Dr. Balfour when inspecting the hospital and she suggested my getting an English matron on Re 150 a month to train six probationers, and asking the Provincial Committee to pay for them, also for the quarters which would have to be built for them.

This institution has neven had help from outside; the funds have always been secured locally, and I hope the Provincial Committee will see their way to help us now as it is so essential to have an efficient nursing staff.

Pisitors.—The Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Bihar and Orissa, visited the outpatient department and an empty cottage ward in February. Dr. Balfour, Joint Secretary, Central Committee, Counters of Dufferin's Fund, inspected the entire hospital in November on the same lues as Government Inspectors.

Lady Visitors.—Mrs. Hubback, the wife of the Collector of Gaya, has taken a been interest in the hospital and the patients and has visited the institution every month.

A. I. McKENZIE, M.D., W.M.S.,
Medical Superintendent, Lady Elgin Zenana Hospital, Gaya.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

Presidency Committee.

President.

Her Excellency The Hon'ble Lady LLOYD.

Vice-President.

Bir Sassoon J. David, Bart,

Joint Honorary Secretaries.

Major D. P. JOHNSTONE, R.A.M.C.

W. S. MILLARD, Esq.

Honorary Treasurer.

Sir Tenulii Bincaige Nabinan, Et.

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Nadorinda Monien Continue, Fag.
Sie Staroni B. Danarea, et.
Sie Staroni J. Datts, Dert.
Lady Domain Tail.
Sie Tentin Entlere Tentin, et.
y Ele.
Mr. Kere Kinge.

Ex-Officio Members.

Solicitor to Government, J. C. G. BOWEN, Esq. Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, Dr. J.

lst Physician, Cama and Albless Hospital, Dr. Tunnen Watts.

The Honorary Secretary and Treasurer, Cama and Albless Hospital Nursing Association, H. P. W. MACHAUGHTEN, Esq.

Office of the Association.

Government House, Bombay.

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1918.

During the year 1918 there were three ordinary Meetings of the Central Committee of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, Bombay Branch, and one Sub-Committee Meeting. In addition there was held the Annual General Meeting.

The following grants were made during the year :-

Rs. 200 for the entertainment of a Nurse at the Civil Hospital, Sadra, Mahi Kantha.

Rs. 240 for the entertainment of a Nurse at Miri, Ahmadnagar.

Rs. 240 for the entertainment of a Midwife at Nadiad, Ahmedabad District.

The Joint Honorary Secretary Lt.-Col. J. Lloyd Jones, I.M.S., who acted in the appointment for a period of one year, resigned on account of his having to leave India for Europe on retirement, and Mr. W. S. Millard was appointed in his place.

The introduction of the Junior Branch of the Women's Medical Service will, it is believed, be a source of great advantage to the women of India and the general public alike.

The question of extending the Nurses' Quarters at the Cama and Albless Hospital, which has engaged the attention of the Committee since the last two years, and which owing to War would have entailed a large increase in the cost, has had to be held over; but it is hoped that ere long it may be possible to carry out this very necessary addition.

The Training School at the Cama and Albless Hospital is being run successfully, and he best thanks of the Committee of the Bombay Branch of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund are due to the Staff and the Committee of the Cama and Albless Hospital Nursing Association for their capable management of the same.

Report for 1918 of the Lady Dufferin Hospital, Shikarpur.

I was appointed Physician-in-charge, Victoria Jubilee Dufferin Hospital, on November

Staff.—Miss Dorothy Ghose has been my Assistant throughout the year. She is very capable, and a great help to me. Miss Sampson, the Matron, resigned on October 15th, 1918, and in a short time I was fortunate in obtaining Miss Shewbridge, under whose supervision the tone of the menial staff has undergone a distinct change for the good of hospital and patients. In addition we have 9 dais (6 trained, and 3 probationers), a male Compounder, a cook, a peon, a bhistee, and two sweepers. A female Compounder would be much appreciated.

Improvements,-New quarters for the dais have been completed.

Work done.—The number of out-door patients and in-door patients during the year was as usual large. Plague broke out in severe form, and the exodus of the people from Shikar pur began at the end of November 1917, and then our patients fell off considerably. The in-patients department was practically reduced to nil, but the wards are now again nearly full. I am glad to report that none of the bospital staff suffered from the epidemic almosted gladly to be ineculated, and even helped me at the private Plague Hospital, where I gave my services voluntarily. The influenza epidemic also greatly disorganised our work.

The nature of the work done is largely Obstetrical and Gynacological, but all classes of cases, both medical and surgical, are admitted for treatment.

The present building is not suitable for a hospital; there is only one general ward of 12 beds, in which there are no windows and only 2 doors, and hence no proper ventilation, while the ward is always full. There are 8 smaller rooms, used for paying patients, 2 being kept exclusively for Maternity cases, but these have nothing to recommend them for lying-in cases, for there are no facilities for cleaning them, no good light, and no furnituse except rope charpors with very lattle bedding. The out-patient department is of good size, but the floor and walls are unsuitable and the Gynacological examination table is poor. The operation room has a good table and good instrument cupboard, but otherwise the room is not in any way suitable for operations.

A new hospital is bodly needed, and, considering the financial position of Shikarpur, we should have a really good one. Through lack of accommodation we have been compelled to refuse many patients; we only possess space for 22 in-patients.

Lectures in midwifery and general nursing are given to the data 3 times a week, but I did them very lilterate and far too old to graap much. It would be a great boon if we id 3 Indian Christian trained nurses.

M. JERVIS, W M 8., Physician in charge.

SUBAT BRANCH.

The Honorary Secretary, Countess of Dufferin Dispensary Society, Surat, saye:—"The Sheth Morarbhar Vrijbhukhandas Hospital for women and children is under the management of the Surat Branch The Hospital was, throughout the year, in charge of Doctor Manonji, whose services have kindly been lent by the Central Committee

- The executive portion of the work was conducted by the Managing Committee consisting of the following members -

President
A. E. L EMANUEL, Esq., I.C.S., Collector of Surat.

Fice-President.

Rao Saheb V. N. RECE, Civil Surgeon, Surat.

Honorary Secretary.

Huzur Deputy Collector.

Members.

TRIBHOVANDAS NAROTAMDAS MALVI, Esq.

R. B. RANJIT KALABHAI.

JAMSHEDJI M. ANTIA, Esq.

SARDAR JANARDAN V. PATHAKJI.

NATWARLAL MAGANLAL, Esq.

HUSSENIBHAI AHMEDHBAI, Esq.

MANUBHAI RANGILDAS, Esq.

RATILAL MADHAVRAM Esq.; from 1st December 1917 to 18th January 1918.

MAGANLAL B. LALAJI, Esq.; from 19th January 1918 Huzur Deputy Collector to 29rd August 1918.

CHHOTALAL D. SHAH, Esq; from 24th August 1918 to 30th November 1918.

The New Obstetric ward for 20 beds which was under construction last year from the donation of Bai Dayakor was completed and taken in charge of the Branch from the Public Works Department. It has formally been opened lately for the use of the lying-in patients by partially equipping the same to meet the present requirements and will be fully equipped as soon as funds permit. Thanks of the Society are due to Government for a grant of Rs. 500 towards its equipment and Rs. 1,500 towards acquisition of additional land for extending the compound of the new ward, which they were graciously pleased to give.

The number of patients in the lying-in-ward is gradually increasing which shows the growing popularity of the Institution. People of higher classes have commenced taking advantage of the Institution and it is hoped that in course of time all classes of people will avail themselves of the institution and the benevolent object of the donor will be fully accomplished through the kind and efficient treatment of the Medical Officer.

The present staff of the Hospital not having been sufficient, a House-Surgeon, a second compounder, a staff nurse, one ayah, one cook and two pupil nurses were entertained as an additional staff to cope with the work of the new ward, and the remaining staff of 1 ayah, night nurse and a clerk will be entertained as necessity arises.

The financial position of the Institute is not sound and so steps have been taken to move Government for sanctioning an additional grant towards its maintenance. The unfavourable monsoon of the year and dearness of food-stuff and everything else on account of war will seriously affect the income from the public on account of subscriptions usually received from them. Two bed endowments of Rs. 3,500 each in Government Securities and War Bonds have been fortunately received from two philanthropic gentlemen, the income on account of interest from them will be a good help in the maintenance of two beds."

Report for 1918 of the Sheth Morarbhai Vrijbhokhandas Hospital; Surat.

I took over charge of the above hospital on 1st October 1917.

This year in June the new block of the hospital, containing two big wards, labour room, operation room, etc., was completed and handed over. Since August, as soon as some of the new equipment came, use has been made of the new ward down-stairs, owing to an increase of in-patients, although the new block has not been officially opened.

On looking up the old records, it is found that now-a-days more of the other caste reople, along with the Parsees, take advantage of the hospital as in-patients, than formerly. There

was a great strain on the Hospital Staff during the recent spidemic, as most of the nurses were down with it. During this period the old ward was turned into a infectious ward and all other patients both obstetric and synacological were kept in the new wards

The out-door patients do not show a corresponding increase in numbers, but that may

be accounted for by the epidemic, during which many people 12n away.

The Staff of the Hospital is quite inadequate and a morer Mation and more Nurse, both trained and probationer are bailly wanted. Another thing wanted very sugerily is more and proper accommodation both for the nurse and the menial staff. At present neither the sweepers nor the synhs stay on the premises. They come our duty at 7 or even 8 o'clock in the morning, and go away at about 5 o'clock in the estening.

When proper quarters for nurses and menials are built, and when, with the help of the anticipated increase in the Government grant, the whole hospital is properly equipped,

it should give great satisfaction to the people of Smat and the surrounding villages.

M A. D. NAOROJI, M.B., W.M S.

SATABA BRANCH

There is no Dufferin Hospital in the district but a nurse is working and attending the

The nurse who was working last year has continued working during the year. She generally attends cases of delivery in the Salara town and in adjoining villages within a radius of 4 miles from Salara. On account of many deaths amongst femals from influenza the number of cases treated is less than in the previous year. Hen presence in the town is a great assistance and boon to the poor people at the time of delivery of their women.

The nurse Savitubal is paid at the rate of Rs. 25 plus Rs 2-4-0 for house pent every month from the fund. The fund gets a donation of Rs. 270-0-0 firm the District Local Board, Satara, every year. Well-to-do persons pay some fees for the services of the nurse and the income from such fees is Rs. 119-7-9.

AHMEDAPAD BRANCH.

This Branch continues to support the Victors Dispensary for women by an annual contribution of Rs. 260. The Dispensary is chiefly maintained by the Charitable Endowment Fund given by the late R. B. Ranchhodlal Chbotalal, C.I.E., and his heirs It also receives the following annual grants:—

Rs 3,980 from Government.

" 3,400 from the Abmodabad Municipality.

" 500 -, City Permanent Belief Fund.

" 339 " District Local Board.

, 1,870 , family of the late Sardar Sir Chinubhai M. Ranchhedlai, Baronet, C.I.E.

The King Edward VII Training Institution for Nurses and Midwise attached to this Hospital was opened in 1917 and in that year five students were admitted each on a stipend of Rs. 10 per mooth.

The annual examination of the Institution was held on 31st December 1917, at which three nurses of the school and five nurses of the Distensity and one receiving scholarship from the Cambay State appeared and all of them came out successful except one. All the nurses of the school have left and this year two first year nurses are on the roll. The second year murse gets Re. 12 per month as stipred,

First year students at the Institution are trained in general nursing and bandaging, and second year students are trained in medical and surgical nursing, elementary anatomy and physiology and bandaging.

The dispensary has words for in-door patients and also large and handsomely furnished obstetric words.

The number of new out-door patients in the Dispensary in the year was 6,275. The total attendance of out-patients old and new was 50.9 and in-door was 63.2. The number of indoor patients treated at the Dispensary was 1,875.

GODHBA BRANCH.

The midwife whose pay is partly contributed from the Countess of Dufferin's Fund is attached to the Civil Hospital, Godhra, and works under the supervision of the Civil Surgeon, Panch-Mahals. She is useful to the female patients out-door and in-door of this hospital and attends midwifery cases and other female ailments outside, in the town. This year (1st Desember to 30th November 1918) she attended 144 cases among town people at their homes and 111 at the Hospital as against 202 and 30 respectively last year (1st January to 30th November 1917). Out of the cases she attended 30 were of ordinary labour, and 15 of abortion and the remaining were diseases peculiar to women.

Hyperabad Branch, Sind.

The work at the Women's Hospital, Hyderabad, Sind, during the year 1918 has been carried out steadily. In spite of the epidemic of plague and influenza visiting Hyderabad the out-door and in-door patients' numbers have kept up as usual.

Midwifery cases have been attended to in the town and in the Hospital. There has been no Hospital Assistant during the past year. An additional trained midwife from Indore a Marahtta Hindu named Sita Bai, has been added to the Staff for attending delivery cases in the town.

At the beginning of the year there were four pupil dais in training in the Midwifery Class; one died of plague and one left owing to ill-health. The remaining two dais were examined by the Civil Surgeon and passed successfully.

POONA BRANCH.

This Branch has been maintaining a nurse and a cook at the Khan Bahadur P. S. Dispensary for delivery cases admitted at the Maternity Ward, which is worked under the supervision of an Assistant Surgeon. The number of cases admitted there, during the year 1918, was 66 only and the average expenses per case came to about Rs. 4-3-11. There are six beds provided in the Maternity Ward.

AHMEDNAGAR BRANCH.

One Nurse has been entertained on a salary of Rs. 35 per mensem to visit parturient women in their own houses and give assistance where required, when not so engaged she is employed at the Civil Hospital and works in the wards. During the current year she attended twelve cases of labour, being actually present at the time of delivery, and undertook the after treatment (douching, etc.) in thirty-six other instances.

During Dr. Balfour's visit here in February last year, it was represented that this Nurse was hardly rendering services commensurable with her pay, and it was decided to replace her as soon as possible. This however presented considerable difficulties, the majority of the people here will not have anything to do with a woman other than a Brahmin on such occasions, and high caste nurses are extremely difficult to obtain. It was not until last month therefore that a suitable substitute was found, and after consulting the local Committee she has only quite recently entered upon her duties.

DRULIA BRANCH.

There is no hospital here, which is controlled by the Dufferin Fund alone. A nurse is only attached to the Bapat Dispensary, maintained by the Municipality and this nurses spand here salary out of the Dufferin Fund, which is supplemented by grants from the Municipality and the District Local Boards. The nurse is raid at the rate of Rs. 40 per mensem.

The Committee consists of :-

President.

The Collector of West Khandesh.

Secretary and Treasurer. The Huzur Deputy Collector.

Members.

The District Judge.
The Huzur Deputy Collector.

Mr. Haja Sujauddin Abu Ahnad. Mr. R. N. Ransing.

There were no changes in the personnel during the year.

Report for 1918 of the Lady Reay Dufferin Hospital, Sholapur.

The year 1918 has been an unfortunate one for the Hospital on account of the many charges in the staff and in consequence of which the work has suffered mostly in the matter of surgical operations

The two nurses employed in the early part of the year were found to be unsuitable and were allowed to resign their posts in the month of February and March respectively. In March a probatener nurse joined the Hospital but was obliged to leave in June on account of continued ill-health. The Doctor in charge of the Mission Hospital at Nasik at Miss Fulcher's request lent one of the nurses for three months. This nurse left on 30th Norember; she was competent and of real assistance especially during the influenza epidemic. The compounder resigned in December and two of the ward servants also left during the year.

The staff at present consists of one nurse who is practical but not fully qualified, one probationer compounder and three ward servants.

The total number of new out-doon patients was 7,034 agains 8,483 of 1917. The total number of new patients m-door was 316 against 249 of 1917. The total attendance including new and old patients was 23,842 against 26,167 of 1917. Surgical operations were 36 against 196 and 83 of 1917. Of the 82 labour cases 65 were treated in the Hospital and 14 in their homes.

The Municipal Midwife attended 149 cases, of these II required surgical aid and were brought to the Hospital by the nurse. It is gratifying to note that the women are much more willing to come to Hospital for delivery than they were in former times.

During the influenza epidemic the Nurses' Bangalow and out-houses being unoccupied were used as wards for patients suffering from the disease; Sl cases in all were admitted and treated there

The Ladies Committee and the Members of the Managing Committee met regularly.

to the rules and suggestions to be adopted, are expected to improve the financial condition of this institution which has been far from satisfactory during the last few year. The Collector and the President secured a sum of Re. 1,000 thus year from Raya Narsingirji Bahadur, the owner of the Raja Narsingirji Mill, Sholapur. Also Miss Fulcher and Mrs. and Mr. Goodall are taking keen interest in the affairs of this institution. Owing to abnormal times, it was not possible to improve the financial condition of this institution. The present recoveries from the local subscription were kept up though with difficulty, and this year amounted to Rs. 2,382 as against Rs. 2,365 last year. To make the institution stand on a substantial financial footing it is considered necessary that some permanent funds must be available, fetching sufficient interest to cover the greater part of the expenses.

BURMA BRANCH.

President.

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Burma,

Provincial Committee.

Chairman.

The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Burma.

Honorary Treasurer and Secretary.

J. R. BAIRD SMITH, Esq.

Members.

The Hon'ble Mr. Lim Chin Tsond	ı.
R. U. NICOLL, Esq.	
B. Cowasjee, Esq.	
Sasoon Solomon, Esq.	
J. CRAIG, Esq.	
Sir Arthur Binning.	
LieutCol. P. DEE, I.M.S.	
Justice Maung Kin.	
The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. A. S. Jan	IAL.

V. N. SIVIYA, Esq.
Dr. T. F. PEDLEY.
Dr. N. N. PARAKH.
The Hon'ble U. Po THA.
Mrs. Casson.
Mrs. Youno.
Mrs. Arnot.
Miss Hoddson.
Mrs. Hla Aung.

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1918

War, and the consequent increased cost of living, plus the numerous calls upon our Province for funds, has seriously affected our financial condition. During the year we have collected Rs. 10,704-6-3, as against Rs. 11,733 in 1917. The much increased cost of medicine has been a severe drain on our exchequer, and our out-door patients are monthly increasing in numbers. Many of these patients can well afford to call in professional men and women to attend to them but parsimoniously fall back upon the Hospital, merely placing two or four annas in the Contribution Box in exchange for which they have received free advice and medicine.

Our subscriptions emanated during the year from the following races :-

				•			Rs.	Α.	P.
British							6,606	. 0	0
Burmese						·,	649	4	0
Chinese		•					2,004	0	0
Indians of	all	races		*16.	´		1,445	2	3

and our patients were :-

						In-patients.	Out-patients.
English a	οđ	Anglo	India	ns.		85	859
Barmese						- 398	13,014
Chinesa						` 63	1,557
T . 30						200	35 301

During the year the local Government have consented to give us some adjacent new land for extending our Hospital, and when affairs settle down, we hope to commence building an extension capable of accommodating 100 patients. Sir Reginald and Lady Craddock both take a keen interest in the Hospital, and their suggestions and monetary aid have been of much use to the Managing Committee.

During 1918, we have added a European Matron to members of our staff, but have not been able to do any more building.

The Lady Superintendent continues to win the affection and trust of the public, and is enthusiastic and untiring in her duties.

Mr. W. F. Wales has again proved himself a tower of strength in assisting me in collections amongst the Chinese and Burmese, but I regret the latter community will not recognize the vital need of funds, and their subscriptions are most niggardly.

The Members of the Managing Committee have on the whole been most regular in attendance at our monthly meetings, and have rendered valuable aid to Dr. Ma Saw Sa and myself in our somewhat strenuous work. I have been compelled to tender my resignation from 1st January, 1919, on account of pressure of business and the probability of proceeding on leave.

Now that peace seems almost certain, we should commence to thrive financially, and if we do, we shall be able to do our duty towards the funds of the Central Committee.

Report for 1918 of the Dufferin Hospital, Rangoon.

Reviewing the work of the Hospital during last year, we see that there are increasing

numbers of patients of various communities. A good many patients from stations far and near attended our out-patient department and got admission as in-patients as well. We are happy to feel that the Hospital is grow-

ing in its usefulness. Up to the end of November 1918, we treated 1,288 patients in the Hospital. Of these 741 are normal labours and 215 abnormal. There were 117 instrumental deliveries.

At our out-patient department, we attended 12,774 cases who came for free advice and medicine. We had 12,774 new and 30,551 total attendances up to the end of November 1918.

There were as many as 3,538 cases of women's diseases, 86 of which were sent to the General Hospital for operation. We are very glad that we have already got the sanction to open a ward for women's diseases along with an up-to-date operation room, and we carnestly hope that the project may be taken in hand urgently now that the war is over. It will be a welcome blessing to all classes of women in Burma. A number of them appeared deliberately to prefer death, failing treatment and operation by a woman doctor

We displayed large notices indicating our need of funds with a box beneath, one of which is placed in the hall and the other in the waiting room. From this source, as a result of small donations from our patients, most of whom are of poor class, we have rollected

Rs. 586-3-6 up to date.

The influenza entereak in the town affected us considerably, almost every one being attacked by either the first or second wave. However we managed to carry on the work of the Hospital with our much reduced staff and our matrons and nurses are to be commended for doing much additional heavy work cheerfully and faithfully. There were many admissions of confinement cases suffering from influenza and we had to make temporary arrangements to receive them, keeping them isolated from the normal cases and utilizing the nurses' sitting room as a ward.

We had to employ four " passed " midwives to attend solely to the influenza patients. In all we had 82 cases, and our last case of influenza went home cured on the 4th of December 1918, since when we disbanded our temporary additional staff.

Establishment.—I have been in charge throughout the year. The European Matron's post was filled by Mrs. Doveton Smith. The rest of the staff remained the same as last year.

Teaching Department.—There are 36 nurses under training at present. The maximum number of probationers will be increased to 46 in January 1919.

To supply our argent need of a Midwifery Text Book in plain Burmese for the use of the pupils and passed midwives, I have compiled my lecture notes of the last five years in book form which should be of great help to them.

Besides the teaching of midwives for the last five years, facilities for practical work were given to the lady students of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon class of the Burma Government Medical School for a period each year. They are few in number, but practical work being a necessity to them, we are glad we can demonstrate for them.

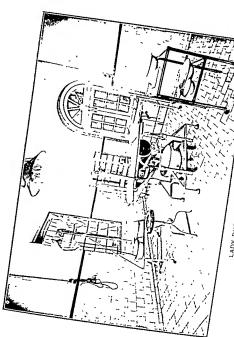
For our nurses' recreation we made two Badminton Courts to encourage exercise and to attract them into the open air as much as possible. Their dining room has been painted and improved and is more comfortable and bright. We also gave them a slightly increased allowance to permit of better meals. On the 30th November, the senior staff gave a tea party to the past and present pupils of the institution, about 70 to 80 being present altogether. There were games, refreshments and music and the happy reunion appeared to be enjoyed by all present.

The senior staff collected subscriptions for the Queen Mary Silver Wedding Gift and managed to acquire Rs. 258-14-0 which is not a mean sum, considering that we gathered it from among our patients the majority of whom are poor and can make only small offerings.

Constructions and Repairs.—We purchased Rs. 1,527-8-0 worth of linen for the use of our patients. We bought two insulated cases to facilitate the drying of clothes during the rains, and an additional dhoby shed was made for the same purpose. The bungalow for the Assistant Superintendent and the European Matron was completed, furnished and fitted, lineluding an electric installation.

Acknowledgments.—Our thanks are due to the Rangoon public and the various Municipalities of the Province for continuing to contribute generously to our Hospital. We got less this year, but we must acknowledge it is generous, under the circumstances.

We also have to thank Ma Hnin May for her kind gift of Rs. 100 to buy us cooking stoves for boiling water. While she was a patient in our first-class room she noticed the nurses had to fetch hot water from the ground floor and to avoid this extra labour gave this donation to relieve them. Her gift is especially appreciated since it came from her kind and thoughtful heart. Our thanks are also due to Ma E May who occupied one of our first-class rooms and who kindly offered Rs. 100 to purchase small woollen blankets for our babies. We do hope that many more ladies will follow the good examples of these two kind helpers and will supply a few comforts and luxuries for our patients out of the abundance with which they are blessed.



LADY DUFFERIN HOSPITAL KAKACHI Opensung Room adjaning the Labour Ward



AFFENDIX		Eru	/Els	UF	DEA	NUL	ES,		•	94
Statistics up to the end of Novem	ber 19	18.			,	_				_
1. Normal Labours .							•	741		
2 Abnormal Labours	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	215		
3. Pregnancy confineme		31	. .				. :	215		
		11J1	og~111	Perio	or con	npuc	itea			
by diseases . 4. Total admissions, In-			•	•	:	•	•	, 332		
	partier	its	•	•	•	. •	•	1,288		
5 Out-patients, new	•	•	•		•	•		12,774	•	
6 Total attendances	٠	•	•	•	٠	•	٠	30,651		
I. Classification of abnormal labor	rs ·-									
1. Abortions								´ 83		
2 Placenta Przevia						Ċ		13		
3. Pelvio Presentation	:	:	•	٠.	•	•	•	23		
4. Foot Presentation	:	•			•	•	•	15		•
5 Face Presentation	•		•	•	•	•	•	1		
6. Transverse	•	:			•	•	•	10		
7. Twins			•	•	•	•	٠	5		
	•	•		•	•	•	•			
8. Eclampsis	•	•	•	•	٠.			6		
9. Displaced Womb		٠	•	•	•	•				
10. Hæmorrhage during			•	٠.	•		•	19		
11. Difficult labours .	•	•	•	•	•	•		35		
					Date -					
•					Ter	JA	•	215		
TT Classicanting of to come		_			٠.					4.3
II. Classification of diseases compl	icatio	g P	regn	ancy,	15 00	ur a	na i	yıng-ın pe	riod ties	ttea
in the Hospital 🛶										
1. Dysentery								~ 23		
2. Districes								9		
3 Respiratory diseases								11		
4. Diseases of digestive	yatem	1		٠.				106		
5. Diseases of generative	syst	em:						34		
C. Albuminuria and urin	ary d	iseas			·		·	14		
7. Malaris								11		
8 Paerperal Fever					-			10		
9 Diseases of circulator	T 8 7 8	tem	•	•	•	•		G		
10. Syphilis					•	•	-	2		
. 11 Ansemia and debility				•	•	•	-	12		
12. Abcess and Ulcera		•	:		•	•	•	7		
13. Enterio Fever	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	4		
14. Puerperal insanity	•	•	•		•	•	•	2		
	•	•		•				ŝ		
		•	•		•					
16. Inflaenza and compli		5	•	•	•	•		73		
17. Diseases of the eye			•		•	•	,	2		
18. Toxemia of Pregnancy	7	•	•	•	•	•		1		
					Тот			332		
					101	M.L.		502		
 Classification of midwifery op 	eratio	ns .	_							
1. Forceps								21		
	•	•	•	•	•	٠		10		
2. Craniotomy	•	•	•	•	•	•		5		
5. Embryotomy . 4. Curetting for abortion		٠	•	•	•	•		35		
		•	•	•	•	•		11		
5 Podalio versions .							•	. "		
6. Replacement of Retro				nt czn	5 .	•	•	20		
7. Manual extraction of		itn.	•	•		•	•	1 .	•	
8 Induction of labour	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	——,		
					Tor	T.		117		

IV. Rough classification of diseases treated at the o	out-patient	department :
1. Infections diseases		246 :
2. Fevers		394
3. General diseases		. 145
4. Nervous diseases.		. 67
5. Diseases of heart and blood vessels .		. 58
6. Chest and lung diseases		. 1,975
7. Dyspepsia.		965
8. Bowel complaints		4,091
9. Kidney and prinary diseases		. 188
10. Disease of the eye		. 121
11. Disease of the ear		. 214
12. Disease of the nose		. 18
13. Disease of the skin		. 214
14. Ulcers and abcesses		. 872
15. Injuries		. 67
16. Vaccination		. 22
17. Tumours Malignant		. 63
,, Simple		, 16
18. Diseases of women		. 3,538
•		10 224
•	TOTAL	. 12,774
V. Classification of minor operations done at the out	-nationt do	nartment :
1. Tooth extraction	-pasiens ac	31
2. Evacuation of abcess	• •	. 70
3. Foreign body removed		. 4
4. Imperforate hymen incised	• •	. 9
5. Imperiorate anus incised	• •	. 1
6. Vesico. Vaginal Fistula repaired	•	. ī
7. Labial Cyst, removed	• •	. î
1. Danial Office Lemoyea	•	
•	TOTAL	. 117

MA SAW SA, F.R.C.S.I., W.M.S.

CENTRAL PROVINCES BRANCH.

Provincial Committee.

President.

The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.

Vice-President.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. A. CRUMP, C.S.I., I.C.S.

Honorary Secretary.

G. SHERLOOK-HUBBARD, Esq.

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H. F. Mayes, Esq., I.O.S.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. C. GOWAN, 1.c.s.

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Diwan Bahadur Seth Ballabhdass.

The Hon'ble Sir B. K. Bosn, et., c.r.e.

G. SHERLOCK-HUBBARD, Esq.

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1918.

As in the previous year, of the four Dafferin Fund institutions in the Central Provihers, only two, viz. the Dafferin Hospital, Nagpur and the Eigin Hospital, Jubbulpore, were held by members of the Women's Medical Service. The former was, however, in charge of Mirs M. M Joseph, Assistant Surgeon, till the 22nd May 1918, when she was relieved by Dr. D. Kamalskar who remanded in charge throughout the rest of the priod. The charge of the latter was held by Dr. M. L. Batho throughout the set of the priod. The hospital for the institutions are appended.

The reports show that notwithstanding the dislocation caused to Hospital work by place and influent the work done both at Nagnu and Jubbulyore increased. This may be regarded as an indication of the growing popularity of the institutions under the

charge of the members of the Women's Medical Service.

During the year 1917 a non-recurring grant, of Rs. 3,500 was given by the Local Administration for the construction of a new out-patients dispensary at the Dafferin Hospital, Nagpur, but no portion of this grant has yet been spent as the question of shifting the Hospital to a more central place in the city has been under discussion during the year. The whole of the budding grant of Rs. 18,000 given by the Local Administration to the Elgin Hospital, Jubbulpore, has been spent and as the necessary works of improvement could not be completed within that amount an application for a further grant of Rs. 10,000 from Government has been made.

The Iady Superintendent, Dufferin Hospital, Nagpur, remarks on the unsatisfactory condition of the staff under her charge owing to their poor pay and prospects. It is hoped

that the Local Branch Committee at Nagpur will take steps to remedy this.

In hat year's report mention was made of the difficulty of securing a sufficient number of candidates for trianing at the mulwifery class. Napper, and a hope was expressed that this difficulty would be removed by the improved prospects of the candidates after undergoing the course. It is, therefore, satisfactory to find that the number of admissions for training was 13 are against air during the preceding year, two of the candidates admitted being non-tripendury. It is, however, too easy to say how far the improved prospects have played a part in bringing about this increase.

Report for 1918 of the Dufferin Hospital, Nagpur.

Miss M. M. Joseph was in charge of the Dufferin Hospital till the 22nd May 1918 when she was relieved by me, and I have been in charge of it since then.

The Hopital was without an Assistant Surgeon during the incumpency of Miss Joseph as Lady Superintendent from November 1017 to May 1018 and without a Matron from October 1917 to January 1018. This threw unusually heavy work on Miss Joseph, and though the appointment of a Matron in February 1018 gave her some relief, the could, with great difficulty, manage to keep the affairs of the Hospital in perfect equilibrium.

The present staff of the Hospital is, to say the least, simply an anachronism. The pay of some of the post is too poor to attract the right stamp of female servants. Vacancies occur pretty frequently as the incumbents resign service soon after their appointment, and remain unfilled for a considerable length of time for want of candidates. This naturally leads to the serious dislocation of work, and what is gained in money by future the pay so low is more than lost in the quality and quantity of work. Indeed while the staff of Government Hospitals have been considerably improved, this Hospital came remain conseverative in that respect any longer, and considerations of efficiency.

the staff must be reorganized to suit the modern requirements of the Hospital with the least possible delay.

During the year under report this Committee joined the scheme regarding the Junior Grade of the Women's Medical Service, agreeing to contribute Rs. 1,800 per annum towards it in return for an Assistant Surgeon to be supplied by the Central Committee.

There was an all round increase in the work of the Hospital, the number of maternity cases alone reaching a record figure of about 105 in spite of the discontinuance of the long-standing practice of this Hospital of paying Re. 1 per case. Dieting of patients was improved by substituting the departmental purchase of provisions for the contract system. Private paying wards were greatly in demand. Brahmin patients and purdah-nashins began to attend in large numbers and a separate ward had to be allotted to the former. A great need was felt for a separate ward for low class women whom even the Muhammadans would not admit into their wards. The following extract from the remark recorded in the Visitors' Book by Lady Robertson who paid a surprise visit to the Hospital on the 14th September 1918, will give a general idea of the work done in the Hospital:—

I congratulate Dr. Kamalakar very heartily on the excellent state of the hospital and also her very efficient Staff, "etc.

The work in the Hospital continued to increase until the outbreak of influenza epidemic in October 1918 when almost all the hands fell sick and the daily routine was seriously interfered with. There was also a considerable fall in the number of out-patients and even in-patients, the only exception being the maternity cases which kept coming in as before, and it was not before the beginning of December that the Hospital could recover from the shock. All beds in the Hospital are now full and the number of out-patients has also appreciably increased.

The question of shifting the Dufferin Hospital to a more central place in the City was discussed during the year and a committee was appointed to select a suitable site for it.

Negotiations in this respect are still going on.

This year opened with 5 pupils in the Midwifery class, i.e., 2 second year pupils and 3 first year ones. One of the second year pupils completed her course in March 1918. Of the first year pupils one was turned out in February as inefficient, and the other two were promoted to the 2nd year class from 1st November. Thirteen new pupils were admitted during the year of whom 2 are non-stipendiary. Two were dismissed for incompetence and one for misconduct and the number now on the roll is 13, i.e., 3 second year pupils and 10 first year ones. The Midwifery class is becoming popular and applications for admission are being received in large numbers. There was no staff nurse in the Hospital until April when one of the second year pupils was appointed to officiate as such. One more staff nurse was appointed in August but she resigned the post in October as she could secure a better one elsewhere.

I cannot close this report without bringing to notice the services of Miss Joseph, who did excellent work in the out-patients' department, Mrs. Maile, Matron, who was liked by all classes of patients and worked heart and soul for the welfare of the hospital and Bhagwati Bai, compounder, who did her work very carefully, especially during the influenza epidemic.

D. KAMALAKAR, w. M. S., Medical Officer & Honorary Secretary, Nagpur Branch,

Report for 1918 of the Lady Elgin Hospital, Jubbulpore.

In spite of buildings going on throughout the year the number of patients both in-door and out-door has greatly increased. The number of in-patients was 330. Total number of

out-patients was 35,600. New cases 8,050.

The main wards have been closed during the greater part of, the year for alteration and regains. The doors and floors are being senewed and ventilators and a ceiling put in. The whole place is being remodelled. The operation theatre is finished. The new labour room is nearing completion. All the buildings are being connected by covered passages with titled floors. The york is not complete, as it has been at a stand-still flow and of funds. The requisite additional grant has been applied for, and the sanction of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is awaited.

The old out-door block which is very small and very unsuitable for a number of outdoor patients is to be altered and will be used as an in-door block for surgical and maternity
cases and we hope before very long to run our out-door department at the Crump Children's
dispensary, which is a large block of buildings well opened and ventilated and suitable for
the purpose. At present one half is used for children and the other half will be utilized for
the women when complete.

Most of our new surgical instruments and equipments have arrived.

The epidemics of plague and influenza disorganized the working of the Hospital for some time. A good number of the staff fell victims to the latter

Establishment.—I was in charge of the Hospital throughout the year. Miss Loader, Matron, worked very oreditably. Miss King was appointed to the post of Nurse on 15th March 1918, she worked very estisfactorily. Miss Molly Chand remained as Sub-Assistant Surgeon and did good work.

There were three posts opened for three Indian Nurses on Rs. 15 per mensem, and we engaged those who had been trained by us under the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund. They are working well and one of them is being trained for theatre work.

The number of labour cases was 50 The number of operations was 241. Out of these 34 were selected.

MARION L. BATHO, t.R.C.P. & S.E., W.M.S., Superintendent.

LADY HARDINGE MEDICAL COLLEGE, DELHI.

Principal's Report for the year 1918.

During the year the College has made satisfactory progress. The number of students has increased from 48, at the leginning of the year, to 60 for the new session starting in September 1918.

Buildings.—Owing to war prices building has been made difficult, but we have to record the crection of several buildings which were indispensable for the accommodation of the increasing numbers of our staff, it having been found necessary previously to make use of ordents' quarters for this purpose.

The following buildings have been finished during the year-a second Professors' double bungalow, an addition of three suites of rooms to the Junior Staff Bungalow

and a small installation for heating hot water in the students' hostel.

During the coming year it is hoped that we may build yet another Professodouble bungalow, a new kitchen for the European Hostel, an office for the babu-cloutside the main College compound, and also add to those residential quarters not provide with one, an outside staircase by means of which access to the roof is given. Durithe hot weather it is most desirable that the somewhat trying conditions of life in a ladry climate should be ameliorated as much as possible.

Attendance of Students-

i. (a) I	Vumber	on the	Roll	s 1918-19						٠.	60°
(b)	22	"	"	1917-18				•	, .		48
				1916-17						•	
ii. Num	ber of 1	new stu	dents	in Septem	ber 1	918	•				19

iii. Of the 60 students on the Rolls from 1918-19-

5 are Second Year Medical Students.

14 "First " " " " " " " 19 " Second " Science " " 22 " First " " " " " "

Of these there are 13 Hindus.

12 Anglo-Indians.

11 Indian Christians.

6 Sikhs.

6 Europeans.

5 Muhammadans.

7 Others. (3 Syrian Christians, 2 Portuguese, 1 Aryan Christians, 2 Portuguese, 2 Portuguese, 2 Portuguese, 2 Portuguese, 2 Portuguese, 2 Portuguese, 3 Portuguese, 2 Portuguese, 3 Port

It is gratifying to note that of our present students we have only 18 out of 60 who are not of pure Eastern birth. This is an indication that the College is being used for its primar purpose, i.e., the medical education of Indian women. The proportion of Muhammadar is small but satisfactory considering the small percentage of Muhammadan women where every early but the most elementary education. In India generally, however, it is evident that there is a great forward movement amongst women and one feels confident that during the next few years the proportion of educated women will be increasing rapidly. The Indian woman has a natural desire to administer to the needs of the sick and helpless, and he sense of responsibility is awakening, making her long to do all in her power to lessen the un necessary suffering of her sisters and their children.

Scholarships.—A gold medal is offered annually, as a memorial to the late Lady Hardinge, by the Diwan Bahadur Daya Kishan Kaul, C.I.E., to the student who attains the highest position in the Intermediate Science (Medical) Examination. Another gold medal is offered annually by His Highness the Maharaja of Benares to the most promising student of the year. This medal is known as "The Lady Chelmsford Medal".

The following scholarships are offered annually-

```
(a) Three College Scholarships of
(b) ,, Dufferin ,, ,, 30 ,, ,, ,, ..., (c) One Scholarship of ,, 25 ,, to Musalmans, N.-W. F. P.
(d) ,, for Physiology of ,, 20 ,, to Parsi, Hindu, Mussalman by Ba
D. B. Malabari.
```

(e) " Nashipur Scholarship of " 15 " by Hon. Ramajit Sinha,

- (a) Four Scholarships of Rs. 25 p. m. to Sikhs by Rai Bahadur S. Narain Singh,
- (b) Two , 30 , to Madras girls by the Calavala Brothers. (c) One Scholarship , , 15 , to a student from Gujerat or Kathiawar by Kumari 8 Rujah Bai.

These latter are offered to students for the duration of their College Course.

Four Bursaries are offered by Lord Hardinge of Rs 10 per mensom to deserving students who have inadequate means. The students who receive these are expected to give some slight service to the Labrarian or other member of the College Staff.

Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford has offered two annual prizes for improvement in

Physical Development and Proficiency in games respectively.

With regard to the scholarships of are at the disposal of the Princip			
various Provincial Governments and to the authorities offering them.	l for these application	n should b	e made in the first place
Below is a list of so	holarship holders i	n Septemb	er 1918.
United Provinces scholarship Caleatta Science scholarship High School Lady Hardinge scholarships	€ Rs. 20 p. m. € Rs. 40 p. m. € Rs. 20 p. m. € Rs. 20 p. m.	: :	A. Thomas, A. Corp. E. H. Broka, R. Matthai, W. Crowe B. Uppal, K. Green, J. Cooper, L. Monteiro.
College acholasship	€ Ra. 30 p. m		D. P. Bali. Sugra Mid. Ali. R. Dalwani. R. Mahammad Ali. K. McDermott. A. Forbes-Hankin. E. Webb. J. Birch. C. Lobo. K. Kharati Ram.
Central Dufferin scholars! ips	€ P.e. 29 p. m.		Narayan Das, P. M. Mohta, G. Marshall, O. Matthal, D. Jacob, A. Daniel, L. L. Mahomad, L. Helsei Ram,
Punjah Central Daffer'a Free! HeDonnell Trust Free!	6 Pa. 20 p. sa. 6 Pa. 20 p. sa.		P. M. Freith. F. Matthew. Flatest M. Bailot. R. H. Breda. A. Th was I. Kurton. Y. Carp.
			7,

Narain Singh scholarships	@ Rs. 25 p. m	•	•	Gobindar Kaur.
				Ramindar Kaur,
~ . ~	0 -			Kuldeep Kaur.
Cavala Brothers' scholarships	@ Rs. 30 p. m.	•		Akhila Bai.
•				M. Balamball.
Punjab Educational Scholarships	@ Rs, 20 p. m.			Lal Muhammad.
Patiala scholarship	@ Rs. 40 p. m.			Ramindar Kaur,
Mysore Durbar	@ Rs. 30 p. m.			L. Dhan Singh.
Sind	@ Rs. 40 p. m.			S. Thakur.
Bengal Government	@ Rs. 20 p. m.			M. Costello.
Peshawar Municipality	@ Rs. 40 p. m.			B. Rishi.
Lord Hardinge Bursary	@ Rs. 10 p. m.			C. Samuels.
				· .

Examinations.-In April 1918, 23 students entered for the Intermediate Science (Medical) Examination of the Lahore University.

Of these 9 passed.

- 5 were placed in Compartment for one subject, which they passed in December 1918.
- 3 Passed the Organic Chemistry Examination in which they had failed the previous September.
- 6 Failed.

Miss Marshall came out second, thus gaining the Lady Hardinge Gold Medal, and several others took good places in the Intermediate Science (Medical) Examinations. The Lady Chelmsford Gold Medal was awarded to Miss Thomas and the Silver Medal to Bibi Bulwant Kaur.

College Examinations are also held at the end of both terms of the Session.

Prizes for Proficiency in each subject were awarded, and they were distributed by H. E. Lady Chelmsford on Founder's Day, March 17th, 1918.

Establishment. There have been several changes in the Staff during the year. Mrs. Hall came as temporary Warden in January 1918, and Miss Jesson succeeded her in September. Miss Borthwick and Miss Harper (now Mrs. Messum) came out from England and joined in October, the former as Lecturer in Physics and the latter as Professor of Biology.

Miss Stephens left at the end of the Christmas term to be married, and her place was taken by Mrs. Messum. Miss Patel and Miss Christie came at the beginning of the new Session as Assistants in the Physiology and Chemistry Departments, respectively.

The present Staff is as follows:-

Principa	l and Lecturer	in Materia	Medica	Miss K. A. Platt, M.D., B.S. (Lond.), Women's Medical Service, India.
Professor	of Gynæcology	and Midwi	fery .	Miss C. L. Houlton, M.D., B.S. (Lond.), w.M.S.
,,	" Anatomy	• •	• ;	Miss M. Murphy, M.B. (Cal.), L.E.C.P. (Lond.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), W.M.S.
"	" Physiology	• • •	• •,	MISS M. R. N. HOLMER, M.A. (Dublin), Natural Sciences' Tripos (Cantab.) Diplo- ma.
Professor	to Professor of of Chemistry to Professor of			Miss G. Patel, M.B., B.S. (Bomb.). Miss A. Bain, M.A., B.S. (Aberdeen). Miss R. Christie, B.S. (Bomb.).

Professor	of Biology					Mes. Messum, B sc. (Dublin).
17	n Mathematics	and	Engl	ish		Miss E. M. Fenn, Mathematical Tripos (Cantab.), M.A. (Dublin)
Lecturer	n Physics				٠.	Miss Borthwick, E.sc. (Lond.), M.sc. (Bristol).
,,	"English"		٠.			MISS M. SANCTUARY, B.A. (Lond).
ll arden a	nd Secretary		•		•	MISS M. W. JESSON, Mathematical Tripos

Steward Miss A. Mackenzir.

Students.—The students are keen both at work and play. As regards work, one of our staff who has recently come out from England and who had been teaching at one of the most representative of Guris Colleges, said that she was not pleasantly surprised at the keenness and aptitude of our students and that they compare very favourably with her former students. We are laying stress on the practical part of their work and are making every effort to develop those qualities of accuracy and throughness which are so desirable.

On Founder's Day, March 17th, Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford very kindly came and distributed the prizes to students who had been successful in the examinations. These book prizes have since been very handsomely bound and on them the College badge is engraved in gold.

The Games Club is now very flourishing and is managed almost entirely by the students themselves. Unfortunately they are mable to play many outside matches as there are no regular teams to challenge, but next year they are thinking of organising matches between the different yeas in the various games. Basket Ball, Hockey, Tennis and Badminton are the games played; the first is undoubtedly the most popular and the last finds many devotes among the Indian students.

Now that we have arrived at the third year of our existence as a College, there is a growing feeling of unity and public spirit among the students, and we hope that, by the time that our first students go out into their wider sphere of work, we may be proud of them and they of the college where they were trained.

Hospital Report.

Buildings.—During the year 1018 the following buildings have been completed:—
A second ung of the Nurser Hostel containing quarters for the Superintendent and
European Nursing Staff—a brick juli screen in out-patients' department, for privacy of
patients and stables for four horses with speed quarters and motor house.

In 1919 we hope to add an Isolation Block and an X-Ray room, the latter of which will be a great asset to the Hospital equipment.

Equipment.—Owing to war conditions very few additions have been made to the Hospital equipment, which is still somewhat meagre.

Atlendance of Patients .--

Of the out-patients 304 were students and 6,206 were new out-patients.
Operations 337,

Of these 72 were major operations including 15 abdominate

Obstetric Ca	scs.—							-	
	In-door				• .				.50
	Out-door			:			٠.		12
	Of the	se 43	were	norm	al and	·19 a	bnorma	al.	

These figures are most gratifying and show that the work of the Hospital is becoming known and appreciated.

Establishment .-

i.	Medical Staff—			
	Physician			Miss K. A. Platt, M.D., B.S., W.M.S.
	Gynacologist and Obstet:	rical		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	geon		•	Miss C. L. Houlton, M.D., B.S., W.M.S.
	Electrical Department	•		Miss M. C. Murphy, M.B., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., W.M.S.
	Superintendent of Nurses	•		MISS L. E. MACKENZIE.
	House Physician .	•		Miss G. E. Munden, M.B., B.S.

In addition to her work as Gynæcologist and Obstetrical Surgeon, Dr. Houlton has undertaken the surgical work of the Hospital throughout the year. Dr. Simonsen most kindly undertook gratuitously, during the winter months, the Clinical Pathological work of the Hospital and the organisation of the College Pathological Department. Instruction to the students in the subject will be begun next year. Dr. Western also came to help in the hospital owing to the extreme pressure of work and shortage of staff during the Influenza epidemic.

ii. Nursing Staff-

Pharmacist

There should be three English Sisters on the Hospital Staff, but owing to war conditions it has been found impossible to secure the services of more than two at any time.

1.	Indian Staff Nu	rses			.•			•	8
2.	Probationers	•	4	•			•	•	11
Ο£	the latter 6 are	Anglo-	India	ns and	l 5 Ind	lians.			

KATE A. PLATT, M.D., B.S., W.M.S., Principal.

MISS J. M. KELSALL, M.P.S.

Fifteenth Report of the Managing Committee of the Lady Dufferin Hospital, Karachi, for the year ended 30th June 1918.

Presented at the Annual General Meeting of Governors held at the Louise Lawrence Institute, Karachi, on Friday, the 20th June 1918.

The Managing Committee now beg to lay before the Trustees and Governors their Report on the Hospital for the year under review.

It is notable that on the 25th January 1918, the Hospital completed its 20th year, the opening ceremony having been performed on that date in the year 1898.

Anwal General Meeting.—This was held in the Ghulam Hussin Khalhidina Hall on the 23th January 1918, when the Annual Report and accounts for the year ended 90th June 1917 were adopted, a small amendment in the scheme of management was sanctioned and eight members of the Committee were elected. The inducts of the meeting are given in the Appendix—pages 31 to 33. The meeting was unfortunately rather belated owing to the many demands on the Honorary Schetzry's time. This year's meeting is being held a little more promptly.

The Managing Committees-On the 7th November 1917 the Karachi Municipality notified the election of-

DIPCRAND T. OJHA, ESQ., AND GIDUNAL LEKHRAI, ESQ.,

in place of the retiring members representing that Body.

Conformably to a wish expressed by Her Excellency the Lady Chelmafond when she visited Karachi in October 1917, the Scheme of Management was amended at the General Meeting held in January 1918 to allow for the election of two lady members in the Committee. This is an innovation which will no doubt be of considerable value. At the same meeting the following ladies were voked to fill the new appointments .—

MES. H. S. LAWRENCE,-MES. H. M. VAJIFDAR.

and the usual six gentlemen members were re-elected as under :-

H. N. CROUCH, ESQ.,

ISARDAS ASANNAL, ESQ.,

KHAN BAHADUR S. G. HAJI.

Khan Bahadur K. H. Katrak, Measham Lea, Esq., m.inst c.e. Khan Bahadur Nusserwanjer R. Mehta.

The meeting also voted the re-election of :-

E. A. PELESON, ESQ,

Honorary Socretary and Treasurer.

On the 11th February 1918 owing to transfer Mr. J. L. Rieu, i.c.s., Collector of Karachi, relinquished his post as Chairman of the Hospital in favour of Mr. J. R. Martin, I.c.a.

On the 28th February 1018 the Committee were shocked to hear of the death on the date of their colleague Mr. Isardas Asammal. In this connection they passed the following resolution at their meeting held on the 2nd March 1018: —

"The Managing Committee record with deep regret the sudden death of Mr. Isardas Asumal who had, for over 5 years, been a member of their body. Mr. Isardas had, entirely at his own cost, erected and equipped the out-patients dispensary which bears his name and had been a generous contributor to the funds of the Hospital and Institute. The Committee request the Honorary Secretary to convey to the widow and family of the late Mr. Isardas an expression of their sincers sympathy."

Mr. Rupchand Bilaram, R.A., LL B., was elected by the Managing Committee, on the 27th April 1918, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Isardas.

On the 22nd April 1918 Mr. R. N. Crouch, Additional Judicial Commissioner of Sind, resigned his seat owing to his departure from Karachi on long leave prior to retirement and

the following translation not present by the Committee at their meeting of the 27th April

of the Council's connection with the management of the Hospital and the stering of the Hospital and the the Lord of the Hospital and the thotal upon with very great regret by the Committee. Mr. Crouch served on the that is both the through in 1893 for the survey of the through the through in 1893 for the survey of the through the throug thesitate is formal formed in 1893 for the purpose of establishing the Hospital and the Creating and the special sub-committee appointed by the Provisional Committee to take the preliminary steps towards the formation of a Board of Management and an Hosrital Trust. In his capacity as a member of the sub-committee Mr. Cronch drew up the rital Trust fixed and was appointed a member of the first Committee of Management on the 1st November 1898, since when he has served on this Committee, it is believed, without a break until the present time, acting on many occasions as its Chairman in the absence of the Collector of Karachi. Thus Mr. Crouch's connection with the Hospital has extended over a period of a quarter of a century.

Mr. Crouch's magnum opus, so far as our Institutions are concerned, was the establishment of the Louise Lawrence Institute. At a public meeting held on the 20th July 1912 he was elected Chairman of the organizing Committee appointed to draw up a scheme for its inauguration and, when the management of the Institute's affairs was invested in the Hosnital Committee, Mr. Crouch was appointed Chairman of the special sub-committee formed on the 22nd March 1913 to carry out the scheme, a post which he held until the completion of the sub-committee's labours in November 1915.

Recognizing the need of a midwifery school for the training of the nurses coming to the Institute. Mr. Crouch, by his great personal influence, arranged with Government for a grant to build the Virbaije Katrak Maternity Wing, which grant was sanctioned within six weeks of the application.

With the design of providing machinery for making known throughout Sind the aims and objects of the Louise Lawrence Institute and for securing women to be sent to it for training. Mr. Crouch conceived the idea of forming District Nursing Associations in all the chief cities of this Province. In pursuance of this scheme he founded the first Association in Sukkur in March 1915.

Mr. Crouch's final and crowning work in connection with the relief of human suffering in this City and Province has been the establishment by him of the Karachi Health Association, with which our midwifery school will be closely connected.

The Committee place on record their deep sense of loss in Mr. Crouch's retirement, and their grateful appreciation for his invaluable help and advice in the management of the Institutions for which this Committee is responsible. He has also been a very regular and generous subscriber to our funds.

The Committee wish him farewell and trust that he will spend many happy and peaceful years in the Home land."

Mr. C. G. H. Fawcett, I.c.s., Judicial Commissioner of Sind, was elected by the Manage ing Committee on the 8th June 1918 to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Crouch.

The Managing Committee held 7 meetings during the period under review, viz. :-

2nd March 1918. 28th July 1917. 20th September ,, 27th April 1st December 8th June 12th January 1918.

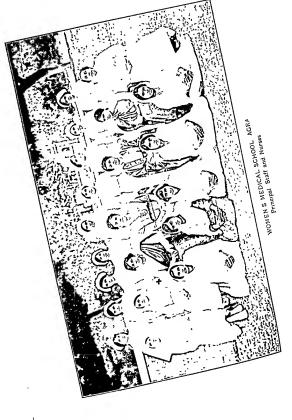
At these meetings, altogether 108 resolutions were passed.

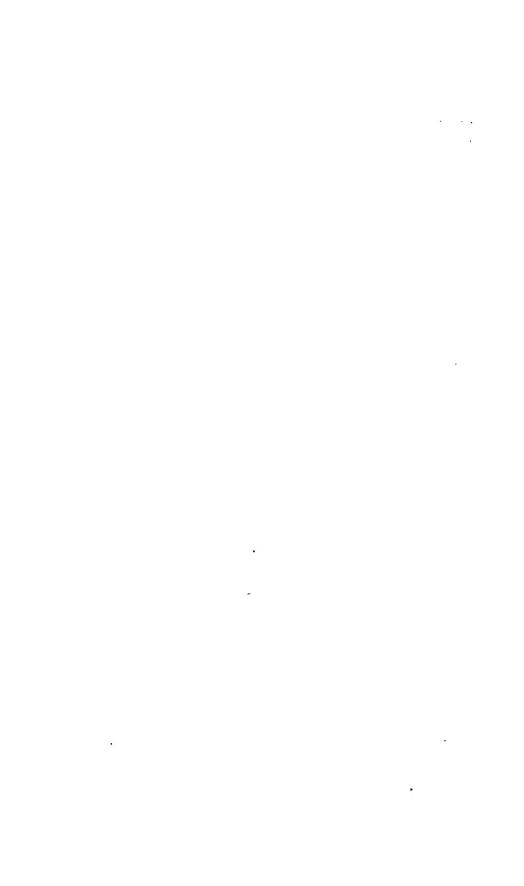
On the 12th September 1918 the Karachi Municipality re-elected Mr. Gidumal Lekhraj to act as their representative on the Hospital Committee and elected Mr. Walimahomed Hussanally in place of Mr. Dipchand T. Ojha.



the following resolution was passed by the Committee at their meeting of the 27th April 1918:-

"The severance of Mr. Crouch's connection with the management of the Hospital and Institute is looked upon with very great regret by the Committee. Mr. Crouch served on the Provisional Committee formed in 1893 for the purpose of establishing the Hospital and was also a member of the special sub-committee appointed by the Decime to take the preliminary steps to recommittee appointed by the Decime to take the preliminary steps to recommittee appointed by the Decime to recommittee app





Patients Treated *-have been as follows during the past 5 years :--(the figures for the first 4 years have been checked and corrected where necessary).

		In-pati	ENTS,	OUT-PAT	FIERTS.	Total	Number
Te	ır,	New.	Daily average-	New,	Daily average.	patients,	operations major and minor.
1913-14 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18	:	 776 789 891 1,129 1,588	32 7 31 7 41 0 39 2 60 2	13,302 12,695 13,780 12,620 13,990	93-5 99-2 106-1 96-6 106-7	14.078 13,403 11,671 13,749 15,578	7H1 431 814 617 834

The number of new in-patients shows a remarkable increase, being 459, or over 40 per cent, in excess of the previous year which was in itself a record.

Such figures could not have been attained with the accommodation at our disposal had it not been for the fact that the cases were evacuated more rapidly on the whole than hitherto.

The figures of new out-patients also constitute a fresh record, the previous highest year being 1915-16. The fact that the daily average is not so high as it has been (the record is 1293 in 1903), shows that patients were more quickly cure.

The number of operations performed is also a record.

NEW PATIENTS ACCORDING TO COMMUNITIES.

The following analyses are of interest:

New in-patients.

	Hind	ts.	la- ta-	220-	- Nati Chri	24.0	En per		Andi	do ana,	Par	1+(1		ilor ilor,	lo patiente.
Year.	Women.	Children.	Women.	Children.	Women.	Children.	Women.	Children.	Women.	Children.	Wirmen.	Children.	Wenen.	Children.	Ivial new fo
1913-14	255	22	210	· #	57	1	20	2	15	e	13	2	12	1	775
1914-15	227	2	22,1	77	=	2	13	1	22	4	13	_	15		739
1915-16	371	=	277	25	75	7	25	1	22	1	13		2.	2	533
1916-17	405	ઘ	==	57	127	15	200	ż	C	7	26	z	25	10	1,121
1917-18	en	120	123	72	1 55	15	11	:	ำก	13	19	1	n	12	1,25%

^{*} SELTITICAL NOTAL-THE formes of purpositions according to the invaling each groun over only who first entire the world injects form as the Hospital are not invalid, or when first applying at the injection, the last arrange figures expressed that both sounds, to complying the world not first the first form the proposing actific the proposing actific the proposing actific form of the proposing actific the proposing actific form on the proposing actific the proposing actific the proposing actific the proposing actification of the same action. The first of completions to the stable of the maker of days the biographic plans of the first proposing the proposing actifications.



tion. An affiliated Society shall, unless if otherwise desired, remain independent in the administration of its funds and the conduct of its operations, but will be requested to furnish to the Central Committee such reports and information as may be mutually agreed on and to assist by correspondence and conference in the furtherance of their common objects. On the other hand, the Central Committee shall have power to assist affiliated Societies in such manner and to such extent as may be considered by them consistent with the rules and conductve to the special objects of the National Association."

The affiliation was formally recognised at a meeting of the Central Committee held on the 11th February 1895.

THE HOSPITAL GENERAL STAFF.

Physician-in-charge.—The Central Committee found it necessary to transfer Dr. Dagmar F. Curjel, xxx. (Glas.), from Karachi on the 30th April 1918 in order that they might place her services at the disposal of the Military Anthonties. The Managing Committee passed the following resolution when Dr. Curjel relinquished her post.—

"Dr. Curjel's departure is looked upon with much regret by the Committee, but they quite recognise that the needs of these Institutions must give way to military requirements. Whilst the Committee are very sorry to lose Dr. Curjel, they congratulate her upon being chosen for the new unit of Medical women raised for military work.

Dr. Curjel has carried out many improvements in the internal economy of the Hospital during the period of a little over 13 months she has been in charge and has taken a particularly sympathetic interest in the Institute. The Committee are glad to note that it may be possible for the Central Committee to re-post her to Karachi after the War, and it is hoped that this may be arranged. In the meantime the Committee wish Dr. Curjel all success in her new duties.

Dr. (Miss) Kate M. O'Neil, MB, CM., Madras, (W. M S. 1) was appointed by the Central Committee in place of Dr. Curjel, and took over charge on the 30th April 1918.

House Surgeon .- Mrs G. Pollett joined on the 14th January 1918.

The Central Committee have just formed a Junior Branch of the Women's Medical Service and have indicated that as soon as a sufficient number of members have been enrolled they will be prepared to keep ut supplied with an experienced Assistant Surgeon on payment to them of the salary which we already pay to our House Surgeon. As the scheme provides for a leave reserve, the arrangement will be very advantageous to us and we have indicated our willingness to avail ourselves of it in due course.

Menials -Owing to the rise in prices, all menials were granted War allowances as from the 1st January 1918.

THE HOSPITAL NUBSING STAFF.

Lady Superintendent.—Mrs F. Martyr continued to hold the post throughout the year. She has now been appointed Lady Health Visitor to the Karachi Health Association and will be leaving us about the time this Report will be issued Miss Helen Rigg, the former incumbent, is returning from England to take up her old work.

Ward Sisters.—Mrs L. M. Hawes resigned on the 29th February 1918 in order to Calcutta Municipality. We have since been without

at hope to fill the post shortly.
joined on the 17th February 1918, but left on the

4th March 1918.

Miss Sakina Jan Hope joined on the 28th February 1918.

Mrs. M. F. Connolly joined on the 1st August 1918.

Miss A. G. Barnabas resigned on the 9th September 1918.

Probationer Nurses in training.—During the year there were nine probationers in regular training, five of whom had commenced work in previous years and four had joined in the year under review

The passing out of Nurse M. L. Jacob on the 29th August 1917 was recorded in last

report.

The present position of the probationers is given on page 72. The new comers joined on the following dates:—

ANUSAHIA (MAI), 1st August 1917. REBECCA SAMUEL, 1st October 1917.

CARMELINE D'SOUZA, 14th February 1918. Anoosayabai Gholap, 17th June 1918.

Nurse Carmeline D'Souza resigned on the 13th May 1918 owing to ill-health.

Paying Pupil Midwives.—The following have passed out since issue of last report:—

Mrs. C. M. Rundlette, 23rd March 1918 | Mrs. C. Ricketts, 7th July 1918.

Mrs. E. Avron left the Hospital of her own accord on the 6th January 1918 and Miss J. Burnette resigned in February 1918 owing to ill-health.

The following joined since issue of last report :-

Mrs. M. C. Ribeyr, 1st March 1918 Mrs. M. Peters, 9th June 1918 Mrs. M. Mendes, 17th June 1918.
Mrs. R. M. Ryan, 19th Aug. 1918.

Mrs. Peters had to leave on the 1st August 1918 owing to ill-health and Mrs. Ribeyr was dismissed on the 9th October 1918.

Sanitation of the Main Building.—The new blocks are now almost complete and the fittings are being installed. It is expected that the system will be in working order very shortly.

Accommodation .- We still need the following additional accommodation :-

- (1) New residential quarters for the House Surgeon.
- (2) Extension of quarters for Nurses.
- (3) A Septic Ward in the Main Building.
- (4) A Surgical Ward in the Main Building.

We have also still in mind the improvement of the matron's quarters and of the nurses dining rooms.

We hope to take these matters in hand gradually after the War. It is impossible to undertake any structural work under existing circumstances.

Visitors.—Reference to Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford's visit to the Hospital in November 1917 was made in elast report. Also of Doctor Balfour's annual visit in the same month.

Surgeon-Generals the Hon. W. R. Edwards, C.B., C.M.G., M.D., I.M.S. and R. W. S. Lyons, M.D., I.M.S., accompanied by Majors E. D. W. Greig and A. Cameron, I.M.S., informally inspected the Institutions in February, 1918.

Other visitors have been Mrs. H. S. Lawrence, Mrs. J. L. Rieu, Lt.-Col. K. V. Kukday, I.M.S., Mrs. W. D. Young, Miss S. Nazareth, Mrs. C. Green, Mrs. A. L. Duxbury, Mrs. E. Rowland Martin, Mrs. E. M. Baskerville, Mrs. E. Murray and Mrs. G. Carmichael.

Land.—In May 1918 the attention of the Committee was directed to the probability that it will be necessary to extend our premises in the not far distant future and in the meantime it is desirable to secure the vacant piece of land (E. I. 194, Jail Quarters), adjoining the Hospital on Mission Road. Negotiations have been opened with the holders of this plot and it is hoped that an arrangement may be come to which will enable it to be placed at our disposal.

Curriculum for Training Indian Nurses.—Before Declor Gurjal's departure in April 1018, she went very fully into this question and prot on record her views. The papers were referred to Doctors Balfour and O'Neill who also gave their opinions. All were agreed that it is desirable that our Hospital be sililated to the Bombay Presidency Nutsing Association and that our training arrangements abould be based upon their syllabus of examination as far as possible. There are difficulties in regard to language and standard of education of many of the class of women from whom our probationers are darks, but it is hoped that in such cases it may, at least, be possible for them to take the Domhay Presidency Nursing Association's Midwifery certificate. The matter was fully considered at a meeting of the Committee held on the 6th June 1018, when the following resolution was passed:—

"In view of the fact that a change may shortly be made in the post of Lady Superintendent and that the scheme will almost surely necessitate the employment of a second House Surgeon or Assistant Matron, to which the Committee do not at present see their way the matter is deferred until more farourable conditions obtain."

Unfortunately the time is not yet ripe for the desired development.

VITAL STATISTICS.

The following comparisons covering the past 4 years show that the position in regard to the welfare of women and children in this City is still most serious:—

(1st April to 31st March.)	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
Deaths from confinement and connected canaca.	. 119	. 117	183	173
Deaths of infants age 3 mouths and under	761	849	1,174	1,032
Death rate from confinement and con- nected causes (Percentage of the total female deaths).	5.6	4.8	59	60
Death rate of infants aged 3 mouths and under per 1,000 hvo births.	130-8	137 i	172 8	156 2
Number of infants (born alive), died before the age of 3 months.	1 in 8	1 11 7	1 in 6	1 m 6

As pointed out in our last Report, our Institutions have only been able to touch the frings of the campaign necessary to combat this state of affairs. Fortunately, as mentioned elevahere in this Report, the Karachi Health Association has been formed with a special department to deal with Maternity Work.

FINANCE AND ACCOUNTS.

The principal item for comment in regard to the Balance Shect is the reduction in the values of our investments due to the sharp fall in market prices and to the rise in sterling exchange. The latter makes itself more practically felt in the transfer of interest from London to Karachi on our War Loan investments.

A list of the subscribers during the year 1917-18 is also given in the Appendix and the Committee wish to take this opportunity of thanking all who have so kindly contributed to the Horpital funds.

ACKNOSSET GREATS.

The Mary Plug Conte little be at the though Meeters, A. F. Perguein & Co. for laving very kindly and lated the law mark from of charge.

That I are don't Me the asjo S. Langer for his kind help in collecting subscriptions for a Ir him Membrate in the Class.

Merces. Mess son Lev. 11 1800, 0.7, and S. th. Lyttle, P. W. D., have continued to give rabiable by and a leve in technical matters a uncerted with the buildings, etc., and their kind archivance by the energy to a happy without. The Committee have specially to thank Mr. Merchan Lev for having very kindly actual Engine princeharge of the new sanitary University Largest leve and broke call on birther. He does the plane and specification of the new buildings and resolvent morals in convertion with the contract for the construction. He has been also maked by Mr. Abraham Reuben, to whem the thanks of the Construction was six office. Mr. Reuben Liv, in addition, very kindly supervised the annual regarders that Mr. Messelves Levis direction.

R.A. PEARSON.

Hony, Something and Technology.

J. B. MARTIN.

Chairman,

On I Saif of the Managing Committee.

Rezect t MA November 1919.

Fourth Report on the Louise Lawrence Institute, Karachi, for the year ended 30th June 1918.

The exert of the year has been the establishment of the Kamehi Health Association. In our last annual Report we referred at some length to this contemplated step and gave a general outline of the follower of which the Maternity Section is very closely connected with the aims and objects of our Institute. The Association was inaugurated on the 24th January 1918 and formally established on the 22nd April 1918. The following "note," dated July 1918, by the Henerary Secretary of the Association gives the programme of the Maternity Work Section:—

- "I. The nature and extent of the Maternity work undertaken by the Association will depend on the funds at its disposal.
- 2. As your as practicable, the services of a highly trained woman, who can converse in the vernacular, will be secured to act as Lady Visitor. The very essence of the scheme is to obtain a thoroughly conscientions and capable woman. She will be the Chief Executive Officer of the Association under the Honorary Secretary.
- 3. As the nork increases, it will be necessary to have a second and third Lady Visitor-Every Lady Visitor should be a trained woman of good class holding a diploma as midnife and able to converse in the vernacular.
- 4. The Lady Visitor will, with the permission of the Lady Dufferin Hospital Committee, reside at the Louise Lawrence Institute which will form the centre for the maternity work of the Association.
- 5. The complete scheme will include at least one trained midwife resident in every ward of the City and a small maternity house in each of the wards remote from the Lady Dufferin Hospital.

- 6. The midwives will receive a salary plus an allowance for each case satisfactorily attended. They will report every case which they attend to the Lady Visitor.
- Each midwife will keep a diary in a prescribed form, showing what cases she attends She will report all calls to the Lady Visitor.
- The Lady Visitor will visit every case of confinement of which she receives a report from one of the midwives. If the patient be too poor to provide the
- meensary germents, bandages, etc., the Lady Visilor will see that they are supplied free of charge. If the patient need the services of a quantied doctor, the Lady Visitor will endeavour to persuade her to go to a hospital or to call in a private pactitioner. Whenever a patient refuses to enter a hospital and the Lady Visitor considers that she is not receiving adequate medical attention, she should report the matter to the Honorary Secretary. She should keep an eye on all believs in her list as they grow older.
- 9 The Lady Visitor will report to the Honorary Secretary any case of neglect by any midwile
- 10. The Ledy Vistor on visiting a patient will give her honely instructions in the curs and nurture of the salast and in domestic hygene. She will note any case of disease in the household, especially of Taberculoses, and personde any member of the household who requires medical attention to go to an appropriate hountal or dispensary. She will take any opportunities that present themselves of giving short informal lectures to the women who gather in the patient's room.
- 11. The Lady Visitor will hold classes for the instruction of dair who will receive four annat for every statealance. The days will be encouraged to report all their cases and will be given Re. I for every case reported before confinement, sught annat for every case reported within three days after confinement and Ec. I for every patient who is taken to the Lady Deffects Hospital Each day who has attended classes will have a case-book bearing her own name in which the Lady Visitor will record each case reported with her notes on it. It is shoped that gradually all dais will report their cases and so get the herefit of the Lady Visitor's drice.
- 12. The Lady Vivitor will forward to the Honorary Secretary, through the Lady Physician, Lady Dufferin Hospital (as a member of the Governing Body and Managing Committee), a weekly report in a prescribed form giving details of all cases visited by her and of all classes and lectures held. She will keep statistics of all infant deaths coming under her notice and write special reports in her book on any subject or any occurrence of special inference or importance.
- 13 The Lady Visitor will ordinatily spend three to four hours every morning, except Sunday, attending cases and paying visits and will hold classes on four afternoons in the neck for dais and mothers.
- 14 To assist the Lady Visitor in her work and to make recommendations with regard to the maternity work generally, a Ludies Committee has been formed.
- 15 In every quarter of the town a representative of the Association will be appointed to whom the Lady Visitor may apply for information as to local needs and cases.

The Association liave appointed as their Lâdy Visitor Mrs. F. Martyr, the procent Lady Superintendent of the Lady Dufferio Hospital, Karachi. She will enter upon her new work almost at once and the Association will then take over from the Institute our trained midwaves Manthabbil Jadhav, Kurrimval-nisah, and Sarah Joseph, leaving to the Institute the task of training only. We shall thus be relieved of all outside work.

The number of maternity cases treated by the Institute trained midwives in the City since the commencement has been as follows:—

dosh			,							•
1918-14 .	•	•	•		•	•				38 cases.
1914-15 .							_			40
1915-16 .				•		•	•	•	•.	
1916-17	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	*43 ,,
-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		*74 ,,
1917-18 .			·			•				121 ,,

The large increase during the period under review is due partly to the greater popularity of Nurse Mamthabai and partly to the establishment (in November 1917) of Nurse Kurrimul-nisah in the Mithadur Quarter. No doubt the new arrangements which are about to be brought into force by the Karachi Health Association will result in a great extension of this work.

We now turn to the training of probationer nurses and dais upon which we are now concentrating.

PROBATIONERS IN THE THREE YEARS COURSE.

In continuation of the record given in last Annual Report the position is now as follows:--

Radhabai Parsram (Sukkur District) passed out on the 13th May 1918 and proceeded to her home in Shikarpur where she joined the Staff of the Lady Dufferin Hospital. She resigned after two months service and is now practising privately in Shikarpur City.

Sarah Joseph (Karachi District) took her diploma on the 3rd July 1918 and has since been working with us as Staff nurse. She will shortly be taken over by the Karachi Health Association.

Lakhmi Devi (Sukkur District) passed her first year examination on the 26th June 1918. Mai Gangabai Hiranand of Shikarpur, who paid for this woman's first year Scholarship, died early in 1918 and Seth Hargundas wd. Pritamdas of Shikarpur has kindly undertaken the expense of completing her training.

Rosic Samuel (Karachi District) had to leave the class on the 1st February 1918, for domestic reasons, but commenced the course afresh on the 11th October 1918.

Mahalaxmi Jugjivan (District optional) is nearing the completion of her first year.

Deenabai Samson (Karachi District) a Jewish widow, joined on the 5th February 1918. She is a cousin of Nurse Rebecca Benjamin of Tatta.

Mary Joseph (Karachi District) a Jewess, joined on the 1st March 1918.

Sheba Isaac (Karachi District) a Jewish widow, joined on the 23rd May 1918, but resigned on the 28th June 1918, as she did not care for the work.

Summary.—The following table shows at a glance the present position of the probationers:—

Name. , Year of training			ivg.	Due to pass out			District.			
Lakhmi Devi		•	•	Second			10th June 1920 .		•	Sukkur.
Mahalaxmi Jugjivan				First	•		18th December 1920			Optional.
Deenabai Samson			•	Do.			4th February 1921		•	Karachi.
Mary Joseph .	•			Do.			28th February 1921		•	Do.
Rosie Samuel .	• `	•		Do.	•		10th October 1921		\cdot	Do.

With effect from the 1st January 1918 the salaries and allowances and rules of the Institute probationers were brought into line with those of the Hospital probationers

In June 1918 the Government of Bombay decided to institute scholarships for the education of the children of indigenous midwives with a view to fitting them to take a proper maternity training in later years. Government further approved the provision of hostel accommodation and the grant of scholarships for the training of midwives generally with the object of creating a class of well trained professional midwives in the mofussil anticipating that the children of indigenous days alluded to above will form a large field of recruitment in this direction. In the meantime, however, such training scholarships are to be allotted to women already in training in Kaiachi, among other places in the Presidency. The proposals were forwarded to us for comment and we reminded Government that hostel accommodation (viz., the Louise Lawrence Institute) already exists here for the women who are undergoing training in our hospital At the same time we mentioned to Government what we had already accomplished in the matter of training midwives, and asked that a number of the proposed scholarships be allotted to this Institution.

With the object of securing more women to be sent here for training, special letters were addressed in August and September 1918 to all District Local Boards and Municipalities in Sind urging individual members of these bodies to do all in their power to find such women So far we have not received any practical response, but the difficulty of inducing women to leave their homes is fully recognised and progress must necessarily be slow.

MORUSSIL DAIS.

We have had three more women from Sukkur, viz. .-

Bhaghbart -Arrived 2nd March 1918. Kalawauti 17th May 1918. Utmi

These women are staying for longer periods than the first three who came in 1916 and 1917, which will be an advantage. The Sukkur District Nursing Association is defraying the expense of their training.

FINANCE AND ACCOUNTS.

Our investments have, of course, depreciated and the remarks regarding the hospital investments apply equally in the case of those of the Institute.

The Committee's special thanks are due to the Public Bodies who have so kindly continued to lend us valuable financial support and to Messrs. A F. Ferguson & Co., who have again most kindly audited the accounts fice of charge.

KABACRI. 15th November 1918.

E. A. PEARSON. . Hon. Secretary and Treasurer. J. R. MARTIN.

Chairman, On behalf of the Managing Committee.

MINUTES OF LAST GENERAL MEETING.

Minutes of the Annual General Meeting of the Governors of the Lady Dufferin Hospital and Louise Leverence Institute held in the Ghulam Hussain Khalikdina Hall at 7 p.m. on Friday, the 25th January 1918.

Present:

GOVERNORS OF THE HOSPITAL.

J. L. Rike, Lew. (Chairman), M. Micourra. M. DE P. WEDE, C.LE., C.B.E., Chairman, Karachi Chamber of Commerce). THOS. COSSER. MALER. Khan Bahador K. H. KATRAK. H. N. Choven.

SHEWARAM DENAMBALL DISCHARD T. GREY.

The Hon. Mr. HARCHANDRAI VISHINDAS, C.L.E. SORBAJ CHETUMAL. GIDUMAL LERHEAJ. Khan Bahadai Nusserwanjee R. Mehta. MEASHAM LEA. Khan Bahadur S. G. HAJI. E. A. PEAUSON, (Honorary Secretary and Treasurer, Lady Dufferin Hospital and Louise

Staff of the Hospital.

Dr. (Mist) Dattan F. Contell, M.D. (Glasz.) M.B., ch.B., (W.M.S.L).

Visitors.

Dr. E. D. Sunorr. Manecell Dinshaw.

MOOLA GULAMALI THAVERBROY. P. H. DASTHE (Editor, Parsec Sausar).

Lawrence Institute).

Notice convening the Meeting.

The notice having been circa lated and published in the Press was taken as read-

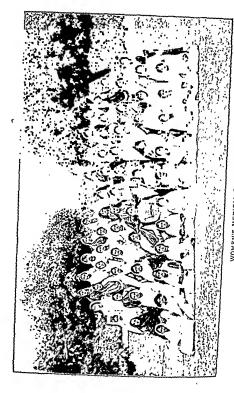
MINUTES OF THE LAST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

The minutes being printed in the Report, which had been circulated, were taken as read and were confirmed.

FOURTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS.

In moving the adoption of the Report and Accounts, the Chairman, Mr. J. L. Rieu, I.C.S. Collector of Karachi, made the following remarks:-

" I have much pleasure in laying before you the annual report which has, as usual, been admirably prepared by our Honorary Secretary, Mr. Pearson. I am confident that you will agree with me in considering that the account given therein of the activities of the institution during the year furnishes ample evidence of its continued utility and of steady progress. Although there have been no specially important developments during the year 1916-17, a number of minor improvements have been carried out which tend to the greater efficiency of the institution. Also, the question of carrying out the sanitary improvements to the hospital building, the need of which has long been recognized, has now been seriously tackled, and, although the special funds required have not yet been fully provided, the work is to be put into execution very shortly. With regard to the medical work of the hospital, the report, as you will see, made a special point of the remarkable increase in the number of new in-patients admitted during the year. In view of the fact that simultaneously the



WOMEN'S MEDICAL SCHOOL, ACRA, Principal, Staff and Students,



daily average of in-patients was rather less than it was during the previous year, it follows that, on the average, individual patients were more quickly discharged cured or relieved than before. Whether or not it is legitimate to draw from this regult the inference that the treatment of the patients attained a higher level of efficiency, it is at any rate extremely estisfactory that the hospital should have been able to afford relief to a considerably greater number of patients without having any increased strain imposed on its accommodation.

As you doubtless know, the hospital does not stand alone, but has closely allied to it the Louise Lawrence Institute, the object of which its first and supply diplomated midwives and dais for service in the mofessil. I would invite your special attention to the interesting review of the progress made in this direction contained in the separate report on the Institute, and especially to the extract from Mr. Crouch's note on his scheme for the formation of a Karachi Health Association, one of the most important functions of which will be the establishment of an organization for the general education and regulation of the indigenous dais practising in Karachi city. It is hardly necessary't to by stress on the great developments which may be expected from the operations of such an organization working in close cooperation with our Institute, and it is a matter for congratuation that yesterday at a meeting of a number of the most inductial and hieral minded citizens of Karachi Mr. Crouch was able successfully to launch his scheme. I am confident that I can count on all those who are interested in the work of the Lady Destrict Hospital to extend their active sympathy and support to an elementary which has so much in common with our own mission, the saving of human life alterprize which has so much in common with our own mission, the saving of human life alterprize which has so unset in common with our own mission, the saving of human life alterprize which has so unset in common with our own mission, the saving of human life alterprize which has so unset in common with our own mission, the saving of human life alterprize which has so when in common with our own mission, the saving of human life alterprize which has so when in common with our own mission, the saving of human life alterprize which has so wench in common with our own mission, the saving of human life alterprize which has so.

In connexion with the work of the Institute during the past year, it is interesting to record the fact that a definite beginning has been made in supplying trained nurses for the mofassil by the installation of Nurse Rebects Denjamin at Tatta. I am glad to be able to assure you, from personal enquiries which I made at Tatta only a few days ago, that her services are very greatly appreciated by the people of Tatta and that she is doing extremely useful work there.

Turning to the question of finance, you will see that our Endowment Fund has been raised to a total of Rs. 65,000, thanks to Khan Bahadur Katrak's 1st donation of Rs. 10,000 made by the King Edward Memorial Committee, for which we wish to express our grateful acknowledgments. But it is our sim to raise this Endowment Fund to at least a lable of rapece, while on the other hand, as you will see from the report, there are still several important wants to be supplied before the Hospital cabe be regarded as fully equipped for the work which it is performing.

The Institution therefore stands in urgent need of financial assistance, and I wrature accordingly the stands of t

I cannot close these remarks without referring to the services of our present Lady Physician, Diise Carjel. It is no directory to the predecessors to say that in her we have at the head of the Institution a physician of quite exceptional skill and attainments, inspired by a high standard of devotion to duty. If the present report had covered a larger period of the reprice in this hoofthal I am conditent that the attailities of stitudiance and admission would have borne ample testimony to the confidence which the public have learnt to repose in her ability and thoroughness.

Finally our grateful thanks are due to Mr. E. A. Pearson, our honorary secretary and treasurer. The dúties of the latter post he recently volunteered to discharge, with the result that the accounts of the funds controlled by the Committee have been admirably revised and systematized. With the development of the activities of the several institutions which compose the Karachi Lady Dufferin Hospital, there has naturally followed a proportionate increase in the work, responsibilities and anxieties of the secretary, and the duties of that officer now make very serious claims on his time. Mr. Pearson has sacrificed his leisure whole-heartedly and ungrudgingly to this philanthropic work and the Managing Committee are under a deep obligation to him for the loyal service which he has continued to render on behalf of the institution during the past year."

Mr. Shewaram Dewanmal seconded the adoption of the Report and Accounts and the resolution was carried unanimously.

Election of Six Members of the Committee and Officers.

Mr. J. L. Rieu proposed and the Hon. Mr. Harchandrai seconded the election of the following gentlemen and Firm, the resolution being carried unanimously:-

Members.

Mr. H. N. CROUCH. Khan Bahadur K. H. KATEAK. Khan Bahadur Nussurwanjee R. Mehta. Khan Bahadur S. G. Haji. Mr. Measham Lea.

Mr. ISARDAS ASANMAL.
Mr. E. A. PEARSON, Honorary Secretary & Treasurer.

Messes. A. F. Ferguson & Co., Honorary Auditors.

Amendment of the Scheme of Management.

Mr. H. N. Crouch proposed, Khan Bahadur Katrak seconded and the meeting unanimously approved the following amendment of paragraph 12:—

For "six other members elected by the Governors" substitute "eight other members elected by the Governors, of whom at least two shall be ladies."

Election of two ladies as above.

Mr. H. N. Crouch proposed, Khan Bahadur Nusserwanjee seconded and the meeting unanimously approved the election of the following:-

Mrs. H. S. LAWRENCE. Mrs. H. M. VAJIFDAR.

The Chairman then invited any questions or proposals from the audience but there being no response the meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the Chairman, proposed by the Hon. Mr. Harchandrai and seconded by Mr. Gidumal Lekhraj.

E. A. PEARSON,

Honorary Secretary & Treasurer,

Lady Dufferin Hospital &

Louise Lawrence Institute.

J. L. RIEU, Chairman.

Report for 1918 of the Lady Dufferin Hospital, and Louise Lawrence Institute, Karachi.

There has been a marked increase in the number of in-door patients this year; also in the midwifery and surgical work done.

Up to date the number of in-patients treated is 1.431. For the same time last year the number was 1,297. The in-door operations show an increase of 25 per cent. The number of abdominal operations for the period 1st January to 30th November, 28.

Miderfery work.—119 in-patients and 305 out-patients compare favourably with 82 inpatients and 223 out-patients of last year. The increase of out work is due partly to the popularity of our midwife Mathason and partly to our setting up a new midwife Kaur Nasin to do out-patients work.

The out-door numbers do not compare favourably, with last year. This is partly due to the last House Surgeon setting up a private dispensary and partly to the necessary neglect of out-patients on busy mornings in-doors, when the only House Surgeon we have, has to leave the dispensary to help with the hospital work. If the work is to increase or even keep up to the present standard a second House Surgeon is necessary.

Staff.—Dr. Dagmar Curjel was in charge of the hospital for the first four months of the year. Dr. Kate O'Neill took over charge on May let Mrs. Grimsall, House Surgeon, left in February and the post was filled by Mrs. Pollet. Mrs. Martyr has been Lady Superintendent the whole year.

K. O'NEILL, M B., C.M., W.M.S

MADRAS BRANCH.

Patron.

His Excellency the Right Hon'ble LORD PERTLAND, PO, GOSIJGCLE.

President.

Her Excellency the Lady PENTLAND, D . E.

Vice-President.

The Hon'ble Major-General Greenan, out, I we.

Honorary Secretary and Treasurer. Major F. F. Elwes, u.d., c.i.e., 1.u.s.

Life Member,

Members of Committee.

Lady CARDEW. Lady WALLIS. Mrs. WHITEHEAD. Mrs. Firth. Mrs. MADELEY. Mrs. PEARS. Mrs. CHADWICK. Mrs. Sadasiva Ayyar. Mrs. E. S. HENSMAN (Senior). Mrs. TODHUNTER. The Rt. Rev. The Lord Bishop of Madras. The Hon'ble Sir A. G. CARDEW, R.C.S.I., I.C.S. The Hon'ble Mr. S. SRINIVASA AYYANGAR. The Hon'ble Mr. Justice T. V. SESHAGIRI AYYAR. The Hon'ble The PRINCE OF ARCOT, G.C.I.E. The Hon'ble Mr. Justice ABDUR RAHIM.

Nawab Saiyid Muhammad Sahib Bahadur.

Haji Muhammad Abdul Aziz Badsha Sahib, Khad Bahadur.

Dr. S. Subrahmanya Ayyar, il.d. Mr. Muhammad Abdul Qadir Sahib.

M. R. RY. C. P. RAMASAWMY AYYAR AVERGAL

M. R. Ry. Rai Sahib C. CANNAN CHETTI.

M. R. Ry. Rai Sahib M. Ot. MUTHYYA CHETTI AVERGAL.

Khan Bahadur M. A. Kuddus Badsha Sahib. J. M. Lacey, Esq.

M.R. RY, G. A. NATESAN AVERGAL.

M. R. Ry. G. VENKATAPATHY NAYUDU.

M. R. Ry. S. R. M. CT. PETHACHI CHETTY AVARGAL.

Diwan Bahadur C. Ramanujam Chetty Garu. The Hon'ble Sir Gordon Fraser.

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1918.

In presenting the 33rd Annual Report of the National Association for Supplying Femalo Medical Aid to the Women of India, the Honorary Secretary is glad to be able to report all round progress both in the work of the Dufferin Fund and of its affiliated Institution, the Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital, Madras.

As stated previously the medical education of women in this Presidency is mainly undertaken by the Local Government. Stipends of Rs. 50, Rs. 35 and Rs. 25 per mensem with a free provision of books and instruments are available for the M. B. B. S., L. M. & S., and Apothecary Courses, while stipends of Rs. 35 per mensem are granted to candidates for the Intermediate in Arts if they agree to study Medicine subsequently.

The formation of the Junior Branch of the Women's Medical Service, Madras Presidency, is likely to be started early in 1919.

The general principles of this scheme are :-

(1) The service will be a Government one and pensionable.

(2) The Surgeon-General will recruit and post Lady Doctors in the same way as male Civil Assistant Surgeons and Sub-Asst. Surgeons are recruited and posted.

(3) The scale of pay will range from Rs. 75 to Rs. 225 per mensem as in the case of male Asst. Surgeons with an extra allowance when in sub-charge.

Full particulars of the scheme are given in G. O. 101 Medical, dated the 19th March 1918.

With the existence of such a service and the prospects of having, at an early date, a Medical School for Women, it is hoped that Women Students will come forward in large numbers to take up the study of Medicine. Everywhere the need for Lady Doctors is great.

Stipends for Lady Medical Students are granted from various sources :-

A. BY THE MADRAS BRANCH OF THE DUFFERIN FUND.

(1) Apothecary Stipends:—In view of the large number of stipends offered by the Local Government no students are stipended by the Fund.

(2) Stipends for Midwives:—Ten Midwifery pupils are now undergoing training at the Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital, Madras.

The training of Midwives was commenced in 1887 and since then 208 have passed out. Of these 129 were employed by Local Bodies after completing their training. No reliable information concerning the remainder is available, but no doubt some of them are doing useful work in remote villages of the Presidency.

- No difficulty has to those stipended by Hospitals in the ma se classes, and in addition training at many of the eive Rs 8 per mensem.

During the year seven pupils have passed out successfully.

B. BY THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

These stipends of Rs. 20 per measers have been withdrawn and in their place the Central Committee has been pleaved to sanction a Post-graduate Scholarship of Rs. 100 per mensem. The object of this Scholarship is to give newly passed out Lady Docfors the opportunity of acquiring practical experience at some of the largest Women and Children's Hospitals in Madans. The present holder is Miss E. C. Guiffen.

C. SCHOLARSHIPS FOUNDED BY PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.

No new scholarship has been founded since the one founded by the late Maharaja Sir G. N. Gajapati Rao, K.C.I.E., which lapsed in 1890; a fact to be greatly regretted.

D. KRUPABHAI SATHIANADHAN SCHOLARSHIP

This Scholarship which is worth Rs. 25 per mensem is at present vacant

E. THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS MEDICAL STITESDS

These stipends which were provided out of the Annual Government grant sanctioned in G. Os. No. 856, dated 1st June 1915 and No. 858, dated 2nd June 1915, were in accordance with G. O. No. 910 Public, dated 11th May 1916, handed over to the Surgron General with the Government of Madnas, Madnas, with effect from 1st September 1916.

The objects of these stipends are, to procure medical women with higher qualifications to work under Local Bodies, to assist Municipalities by guants-medid when they are unable to defray the cost of employing a more highly qualified Lody Doctor, and to provide for more Lody Doctors with the Apothecary duploma

Applications for these stipends should in future be submitted to the Principal, Medical College, Madras, before the 1st of February of each year.

F. SCHOLARSHIPS FOUNDED BY NATIVE STATES

Four now exist, viz. ---

(a) The Travancore State Scholarship at present vacant, while the Bharati Lakshmi Scholarship is held by Miss R. Enright, 3rd year M. B Class

(b) The Cochin State Scholarship held by Miss C. Kochkutty Ammah, Second year Apothecary Class

(c) The Hyderabad State Scholarship is still vacant.

The sililation of Native States and Local Bodies with the Dufferin Fund, in connection with the institution of scholarships and female medical all generally is a matter on which there should not be any doubt regarding the very great advantage to those conversed. From their large and varied eperience the committee can be of meticalizable both in technical and in many other natives to such States and Bodies who desire to stipend students at the Medical College or obtain suitable qualified Dectors for various posts and work. A register is Lept both of appointment's vacant and of Medical women recking employment.

(d) The "Wadia" Scholarship of Rs. 3,000, which is the gift of the trustees of the N. M. Wadia Charities, has again been very kindly placed at the disposal of the Madras Committee. In the event of no candidate being available, the Wadia Trustees have very generously permitted the Local Committee to utilise it towards the needs of the Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital, Madras.

The Offices of Patron and President of the Fund were held by their Excellencies Lord and Lady Pentland during the year covered by this report, while Major F. F. Elwes, M. D., C.I.E., I.M.S., continued as Honorary Secretary and Treasurer throughout the year.

The Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital, Madras, continues its good work. The following is the report of the Superintendent, Dr. F. A. Scott, W.M.S., who has been in charge throughout the year.

Report for 1918 of the Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital, Madras.

"In reviewing the work carried out at this Hospital during the year 1918, I am glad to report that there has been some progress, the number of patients seeking admission having increased in both in-door and out-door departments. In the year 1917 the number of indoor and out-door patients treated up to December 11th was 14,649, while this total up to date December 5th is 15,215. There has, however, been a falling off in the number of maternity cases treated this year, the total up to date being 638 against 759 for the same period of 1917. This decrease is, I believe, largely due to the fact, that early this year, the Corporation of Madras inaugurated a "Child Welfare Scheme", with its chief working centre situated in part of the town from which the Hospital draws many of its cases. As a result, many patients finding that they are given the privilege of having the services of trained Corporation Midwives at their disposal, free of charge, to conduct their deliveries at their homes, naturally prefer remaining at home to going to hospital for treatment. The Hospital is thus deprived of many natural cases, the cases usually sent here by the Corporation workers, being abnormal ones which cannot be conveniently conducted in the patient's house, where perhaps the surroundings are such that it would be even dangerous to undertake the case there.

This year there have been 313 natural cases and 325 abnormal ones, including labours complicated by diseases of the heart, lungs, kidneys, anæmia, etc. (though the deliveries have been natural) instrumental deliveries, malpresentations and abortions. The number of operations performed up to date, both major and minor, is 3,697, against 3,963 of the previous year. Most of the major operations have been gynæcological and obstetrical. The nature of the operations has however been less varied than in the year 1917.

There have been only fourteen abdominal section cases, consisting of ventral fixation of uterus, hysterectomy, removal of uterine appendages, pelvic tumour, appendicectomy, operations for intestinal obstruction and cosarian section.

The Hospital has been very full during the greater part of the year. The 82 available beds were generally fully occupied. The largest number of patients present on one day was 118 on July 23rd.

There was a suggestion made by the Committee of Management to start a prematernity department in connection with the Hospital, but owing to the want of sufficient Staff for this purpose, it has not been found possible to hold regular classes or cliniques, but a little work in this direction is carried out in the out-patients' department, where pregnant women and mothers are given advice and instruction regarding care of themselves during pregnancy, and of their children.

The Medical Staff, consisting of the Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent and two House-Surgeons, has been fully maintained throughout the year, the only changes being the appointment of two new House-Surgeons on the expiry of the form of office of the pre-yvious ones. There have also been no changes in the Nursing Staff, except that an acting Mation was appointed in May in the place of the Matron who has proceeded on seven months' leave.

The number of new pupil nurses (Angio-Indian) entertained during the year is four. Four passed out, and one was dischanged being untit for the work. Ten new Dufferin Fund pupils were taken on, 7 passed out, and 7 were dischanged for incompetency, or left, for various reasons. This year in addition to the ten Dufferin Fund pupils, there are two voluntary Mulwires (Telugu Hindu women), one of whom belongs to the Eurher class, who have been sent for a year's training, by an up-country Raja (Devarnkota) to enable them to help the women of his District. Their stipends are paid by the Eaja.

The Hospital has been visited on twenty-eight occasions by the ladies of the Executive Committee, who have been very much interested in the work of the institution.

Her Excellency Ludy Pentland has paid two visits, and the Hon'ble Major-General G. G. Giffard. CSI, LMS, visited the place once, early in January."

FLORENCE SCOTT, LR.CP. & se, w.x.,
Superinter ext

MYSORE BRANCH.

Committee.

President.

Honorary Secretary.

Bao Babedor Mr. T. V. Azumestw Medicie, w.z., e.z.

Members.

Lient.Col. C. H. D. Giberter, Cle. Ri., 1225. Telline Seryon. Dr Mies R. Goverdersberg, w. d., Kol. a. Olioc. Deo Behadar Mr. T. V. Arentern Breating, Fiz. 125.

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1918.

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The Midwifery classes are as well mediated a-

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- 3 The Matering Emilia Enter and Taxon

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE BRANCH.

Provincial Committee.

President.

Mrs. E. Blakeway.

Honorary Secretary.

Lient.-Col. T. W. Invine, M.n., C.M., P.R.C.S.E., D.P.H., LM.S.

Members.

The Nawab Sir Sambzada Abdul Qayum, k.c.i-e., k.b. Rai Bahadur Lala Karam Chand, m.b.e.

Zenana Hospital, Dera Ismail Khan.

I held charge of the Municipal Zenana Hospital, Dera Ismail Khan, since May 1st, 1918, when Dr. A. M. Headwards went on leave. The working of both the out-door and in-door departments has been satisfactory. The majority of the patients who attend the hospital are Hindoos. The Staff worked extremely well throughout the time I held charge. The principal cases in the in-door department were labour cases, and I am sorry to state that the staff for this department is insufficient, for they are called upon day and night to attend and consequently it is impossible to expect them to do night duty on any special cases.

(MRS.) A. G. ROBERTSON.

PUNJAB BRANCH.

Provincial Committee.

President.

Lady O'DWYER.

Honorary Secretary.

Dr. Agnes C. Scott, M.B., W.M.S.

Members.

Rani Lady HARNAM SINGH.

Mrs. EDWIN PARKER.

Mrs. Inous.

Miss Bost.

The Hon'ble Colonel R. C. MACWATT, C.I.E., B.SC., M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab.

Licut.-Col. E. C. Bayley, c.l.e., I.a., Private Secretary to H. H. the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

Lieut. Col. D. W. SUTHERLAND, C.I.E., M.D., I.M.S., Principal, King Edward Medical College, Lahore. The Hou'ble Mr. Parker, Lahore.

The Hon ble Mr. Parker, Laudie. Rai Bahadur Pandit Balkishan Kaul, v.H.A.S.

Dr. Agnes C. Scott, M.R., W.M.S., Assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab.

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1918.

During the year under report the offices of Patron and Lady President were held respectively by His Honour Si. Michael and Lady O'Dwyer, Dr. Agnes C Scott, Mr., w Ms., Assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjah, continued as Honorary Serviciary throughout the year.

The Punjab Branch started the year with a neight balance of Rs 2,355-13-6 and on the 31st of December 1918 had in hand Rs 4,190-11-8, excluding the amount invested in Government Promissory notes and the British and Indian War Loan Bonds. From the latter investment a sum of Rs. 2,000 had to be withdrawn early in the year to raise the working capital which had fallen to a low level. This reduced the income from the invested funds by Rs. 110 per anoun.

The total income of the Branch item various sources (excluding the amount which the Central Committee very kindly unde available from the funds at its disposal to meet the pay and allowances of the W.M.S. employed in the Punjab amounted to Rs. 6,9818-49, of which Es 2,100 were contributed by the Local Government, Rs. 240, Rs. 192 and Rs. 190 by the Dustriet Boards of Rawalpands, Egynamals, and Attock respectively. The money realised from univate subscriptions and donations totalled Rs. 1,072

. The total expenditure for the year was Rs. 25,221-11-6 and included the following grants-in-rid --

Rs. 3.400 to the Lady Aitchison Hospital, Lahore.

- ., 1,800 to the Women's Christian-Medical College, Ludhiana
- , 360 to the St. Catherine's Dispensary, Rawalpindi.
- , 240 to the Mission Zenan's Hospital, Kahuta, Rawalpinda District.
- " 360 to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, for the training of nurse dais.

In addition to this the Punjab Branch supported four students at the Punjab Medical School for Women, Ludhiana, and two at the Lady Haudinge Medical Coilege, Delhi, at a total cost of Rs. 1,027.

The grants stoctioned towards pret pay of women sub-assistant surgeons for well at Minawali and D. G. Khan, in order to enable those local bodies to offer an attractive salary to workers in these unpopular stations, remained in abeyance for the most part of the year owing to the vacuaties not being filled up. Towards the end of the year both Minawali and D. G. Khen succeeded in starting work, the former with a woman sub-avisitant surgeon and the latter under a fully qualified doctor of the C M. 8. The sub-assistant surgeon at Minawali has, however, since resigned her post and the vacancy has not yet been filled up.

With the concurrence of the Executive Committee it has been decided to treat the grant for P. G. Klun as a grant-m-rud towards the Masson Hospital, provided the Sovety arrange for the dispensary being always in clearge of a medical woman holding qualification, not below a sub-assistant surgeon

The St Catherine's Hospital, Ranalpinal, has continued to justify its existence and the grantineals from the l'unjab Branch has been renewed in view of the good and useful work it is doing in a part of the town and among a class of the people very much in need of medical relief

The Mission Zentan Hospital at Kabuta, for which a grant-in-aid of Re. 30 per mensem was spectioned during the year, had to be closed down in September 1918, owing to the resignation of the medical woman in charge and the inability of the management 19 fill up the vacancy. The grant is since then in a beyance pending reopening of the Hospital

Of the four assisted students at the Punjab Medical School for Women, Ludhiana, one passed the Certificate or the L. P. M. S. examination in June last. She was under bond to serve the Fund for a period of three years; arrangements could not however be made to utilize her, as she was too inexperienced to be put in independent charge of a hospital, and there exist so few hospitals in the Punjab where House Surgeons are employed. The three who are still under training have been advised to try for both the L. P. M.S. and the M. P. L. examination next session, as it is not proposed to renew their stipend after 1919 nor to fill up their vacancies in the School. Stipends at this School endowed by the Punjab Government and Local Bodies are far in excess of the number of the candidates seeking admission as medical students.

Individual reports from the members of the W. M. S. employed in the Punjab, are appended, and it is greatly to be hoped that the authorities concerned will endeavour to carry out the improvements suggested and to remedy the defects pointed out.

The scheme for the establishment of a Central Training School for Dais at Amritsar and of several subsidiary schools to be affiliated thereto is still in abeyance partly owing to further information having been called for by the local Government in respect of its share in the scheme and partly owing to the Municipal Committee, Amritsar, having indefinitely postponed the construction of the Princess of Wales Zenana Hospital without which the training school cannot exist. It is hoped that in the interest of the female population of the province generally, and of the Amritsar district particularly, the Committee will see its way towards the construction of at any rate a portion of the new Hospital; the out-patients' department and quarters for Doctor, staff and dais, if built immediately, would enable the work to be begun.

During the year under report the following members of the W. M. S. were kindly lent by the Central Committee for employment in the Punjab :-

Dr. Agnes C. Scott, M.B., W.M.S.

Dr. F. D. Barnes, M.D., W.M.S.

Dr. C. M. Wickham, L.R.C.P. &. s., W.M.s.

Dr. J. E. George, w.u.s.

Drs. Scott and Barnes held the appointments of the Assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, and the Physician in charge of Lady Aitchison Hospital, Lahore, respectively, throughout the year. Dr. Wickham assumed charge of the Dufferin Block of the Ripon Hospital, Simla, in March 1918, relieving sub-assistant surgeon Rebecca Vincent and continued in charge of the institution until November when she was temporarily transferred to Akola and Dr. J. E. George appointed in her place.

A sum of Rs. 17,052-0-11 was made available by the Central Committee to meet the

entire pay and allowances of the members of the W. M. S. serving in this province.

Drs. Scott and Barnes obtained privilege leave, the former for six weeks and the latter for one month; their duties were arranged for locally.

In August 1918, Colonel (now Major-General) H. Hendley, M.D., R.H.S., I.M.S., on reversion to military duty, resigned his seat on the Executive Committee and was succeeded by the Hon'ble Colonel R. Charles MacWatt, C.I.E., B.Sc., M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab.

Report by Dr. Agnes C. Scott, M.B., W.M.S., Assistant to the Inspector-General, Civil Hospitals, Punjab.

During the year ending November 30th, 1918, I visited 43 Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Punjab. My Autumn tours were curtailed owing to the influenza epidemic, when I was engaged in relief work in Lahore City.

Two of the three months I spent in Sunla were taken up with the third Post-graduate course for women Sub-Assistant Surgeons, an account of which is given on a separate page.

I have held the post of Honorary Secretary of the Punjab Branch of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund throughout the year, the report of which appears elsewhere.

In July I was applosted Honorary Secretary of St. John Ambulance Association, Punjab Provincial Centre (this apart from the war charines). I foresce possibilities in the duretion of educating the Indian public, both male and female, through this Association, which has evidently caught hold on the interests of the people. But a great deal of work is required in adapting courses of instruction to the needs of India, and adding others in Maternaty and child welfare work which I think is more universally needed than "First Aid to the injured," at any tast for the women.

In August Colonel MacWatt succeeded Colonel Hendley as Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Panjab, on the latter's promotion to Major-General and appointment as Deputy Director, Medical Services, at Quetta. I aknowledge with much gratitude the unfailing help and support which General Hendley gave meduring the eighteen months I worked under him, and the great patience with which he guided my footstep in what was my first plunge into the intricaries of Government Red tape.

There is not much progress to report in the matter of the women's medical work in the Punjab. Besides Mission Horpitals, of which there are 15 under fully qualified women doctors, also 6 under Sub-Assatiant Surgeous or certificated practitioners, puveting altogether 631 beds, there are 2 horpitals under women of the Women's Midcal Service Only one of these is a fully equipped hospital, namely, the Lady Attcheon Hospital, Labore, and this can hardly be called up to date in its buildings and equipment. There are in this borpital a fair qualited of materially cases texted as in-platents yearly and a very good attempt is made at nurung the patients properly. Then are also five hospitals under Women Assattant Surgeons. and twenty dispensative and hospitals under Women Assattant Surgeons.

The Dufferin Block of the Ripon Hospital, Simla, comes next (these are the only ones under members of the Women Medical Service), but this is merely a block of the main Civil Mospital, and it is so built that in its wards it is not possible to preserve the street privacy that Indians prefer for their women.

In the Municipal Hospitals at Amritae and Multan which are under Women Assistant Sargeons, the patients are housed in buildings hardly fit for stables. A woman keen on her work could not fail to lose her enthusiam in a very few months in one of these hospitals, whose improvement seems to be impossible owing to the apathy of the local bodies responsible.

The hospital for women in Lyalipur is only half built, this has been the case for some

The Ramshrindi Hospital is only a small inferior portion of the male hospital, that in Hosbitrgur is similar but more roomy. Of the hospital sunder Women Sub-Assistant Surgeons those at Siras, Rohkak, Gujinamals and Failka are more or less regunte hospitals. The others are either city dispensaries with no in-patient department at all, or wards in the main Civil Hospitals with, as a rule, a small out-patient department attacked; some have separate-dispensaries and a more or less trained compounder, in others the patients get their incidince from the mule side at a regarate window from the men. Usually the operations on the roomen works to be performed on the men's side at there is only one operation room.

These being the arrangements it is scarcely to be wondered at that a very small proportion of the women prilicate attending these dispensaries are those for above relief the prevision of women doctors is essential; in other words, are for women who would under no circumstances allow themselves to be examined and treated by a male doctor, or for women suffering from discapes swellight to their sex. What is our aim with regard to the women's medical work in the Punjab ? I think it should be the provision of—

(1) A good up to date fully staffed women's hospital, separate from the men's in each division. In connection with these a second fully qualified doctor in charge of the Maternity work, and all the women health visitors in the division.

(2) Smaller hospitals, also separate from the Civil Hospital in each district (not necessarily at the headquarters) with a good Assistant Surgeon in charge of each,

assisted by a Sub-Assistant Surgeon, compounder and nurses.

(3) Women Sub-Assistant Surgeons at distensaries, with half a dozen emergency beds at one or two of the larger villages in the district, these being under the supervision of the district woman doctor.

(4) A trained midwife in every tehsil.

(5) A trained dai in every Zail.

The village women are estecially in need of accessible medical aid. The men can get about pretty much as they like, but the women are defendent on the men to take them to the hespitals, and any excuse such as want of time due to sowing, harvest or other agricultural occupations, also the fact that bullecks cannot be spared from the wells, etc., etc., is made, and the woman has to endure her pain and misery and the disease progresses until it is probably incurable, before her husband has leisure and inclination to take her to the nearest women's hospital.

The Government service for Women Sub-Assistant Surgeons, also the dais' school combined with the Princess of Wales' Hospital, Amritsar, are neither of them in existence yet. The first owing to the deliberations of Government, the latter owing to the apathy of the local body concerned. Both of these schemes were started by my predecessor some three years ago.

The rules of the Punjab Central Midwives Board were sanctioned by Government in June last; the first examinations under it are to be held in March, at one centre in each of the five Divisions of the Province. The Local Supervising Committees at four of these centres are in nominal existence and actually working, at one, namely, Multan. Here a Maternity Supervisor has been appointed and placed in a hired house in the city, where city dais are being induced to attend classes and report their cases. It will be a hopeful sign if this sort of work is in existence in all divisions by this time next year.

Efforts are being made to find women to act as Maternity Supervisors and to send them for training to the School at Delhi for such workers. One woman from Lahore has gone there this term.

A batch of three women trained as Nurse-dais have just been passed out; these have to work in the Civil Hospitals of the district supplying the stipends for training nursing women only. The experiment is too new to report on yet; if it succeeds women patients in these hospitals will be made more comfortable and women doctors will be encouraged to undertake the treatment of diseases they dare not tackle at present for lack of ordinary trained nurses.

As I pointed out last year it is the workers that are lacking; trained women and women to train are urgently needed for all grades of women's medical work in this province as in all parts of the country. If we had the workers I believe the funds would be forthcoming.

Report of the Dufferin Block of the Ripon Hospital, Simla, for the year 1918.

I took over charge of this hospital on April 1st, 1918. The staff consists of a fully trained Matron, a compounder, two ward maids, two sweepers and a chowkidar.

Three pupil nuses completed their training here in June. They all passed their examinations and have now joined their respective appointments under the Muncipalities who paid for their training. No often pupil nurses have been found to take their places and the nussing of the hospital has been much interfered with. The salaries offered by the Simia Municipality, Is. 10, Is. 15 per measure, are not sufficient to attract any but uneducated women who cannot be trained as nurses but do the work of ward maids. I have therefore, suggested that a permanent Indian trained nurse should be added to the staff on a salary of Is. 30, Is. 40 per measure. This would make the hospital independent of the payof nurses of whom we cannot expect a regular supply.

I cannot speak too highly of the services of Miss Wallace, the Matron; she has been of the greatest help to me, especially during the time of Induary epidemic when these was heavy work in the wards. She is very opolar with her staff and with her patients.

Only very minor surgery can be attempted in this hospital as there is no assistant, and no anasthetist and at present no nurses.

The out-patient department is very poorly attended and there is little gynacological work, , and very few midwifery cases come for admission

It is not possible to observe any "Puulah" arrangements in this hospital. There are three separate entrances and men walk in and out of the wards of out-patient department as they life; there is no one to prevent them or to enquire their business. I should like to see all entiances closed except the main one, where a chapmai should be stationed and males only allowed to enter by permission. I feel sure if the hospital were properly staffed and suitable "Purdah" arrangements made that much more work might be done here and its ephere of usefulness much widened. Lady O'Dayer and Lady Maclagan visited the hospital during the year and took a kindly interest in the patients and the hospital generally Lady O'Dayes presented an electric heater which has proved most useful, also two rubber hot water bottles which are much appreciated by the patients.

A valuable gift of bedding and clothing was presented to the hospital by the Lady Hardinge League through the kindness of Lady Maclagan

C. WICKHAM, Lerc.P. & B.E.

Report of the Lady Aitchison Hospital, Lahore, for the year 1918.

There have been some changes in the staff. Miss Raynolds, one of the Sub-Assistant House Surgeons, left in March and in July the Countess of Dufferin's Fund sent Miss Mairoan, Surgeons, M.S., B.S., to fill the vacancy.

Mrs. Vincent has again carried out her duties to my entire satisfaction

I have sustained a great loss in the temporary absence of Miss Kounch, our Nursing Matron Superintendent, who has had to take long leave owing to an unfortunate development of Tubercular lung trouble. I have no one yet to replace her and the hospital patients and I have felt her loss considerably.

So far the demand for nurses for war purposes has presented our filling the two vacancies Staff Nerses for Staff Nurses, but I sincerely hope we may get them in a few months time.

We began the year with eight probationer Nurses of whom one, Nurse Wise left to be Probationate married and we have since added two others. Nurses Comber and Smith, to the list, thus fearing one reacuper yet to fill.

Mrs Portcous left to be married in February and her vacancy was filled by Mrs Maskell House keeps who also left to better her prospects in October. Her place has since been taken by Mrs.

Hamilton,

We began the year with three pupils, but one of them, Hazra Begam, left us as her husband and relatives raised many objections to her living in Hospital. In my opinion this was merely an excuse made by members of her family to dissuade her from continuing her career. I am sorry about this girl for she was intelligent and promised well.

Hayat Bibi has done very well indeed and will shortly appear for her final examination. She has witnessed and conducted the prescribed number of cases and has done her practical work to my entire satisfaction. I feel sure she will prove a most conscientious and honourable worker in her own town when she returns. Her daughter has now joined the class and if she works as well as her mother has, Sialkot will be fortunate in having them when they return to work in that city.

Rajwanti passed a most creditable examination in August and has since been fortunate enough to obtain a scholarship to proceed to Delhi where she is now a member of the Women's Health Visitors class.

We began the year with two pupils, Gulam Fatimah and Alla Rakhi. The latter left us as incompetent in January and we accepted Makhtool Begum in the vacancy. Makhtool Begum managed to obtain her certificate in November.

In October we received three other women sent by the Municipality, Sardar Begum, Mehran and Sohan Dai, and these three are with us still. A new rule formulated by the Provincial Branch of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund sanctioning a six months course if the pupils lived in Hospital, and a year's course if they lived out in their own houses, has resulted in all the women residing in Hospital.

I could wish it possible that a further rule could be made later on that the pupils must have a year's training at least. They benefit so much by hospital discipline and a year is the very least in which we may hope to turn out reliable dais whose one great need is discipline and character. They come from a class who sadly need these essential characteristics when they have to depend so much on their own initiative in their work in the city.

I hope the scheme will one day develop when these women will come under the direct supervision of those who have done so much to train them. No one knows better than we do where their defects lie, and none can have better control over their work than those who have watched over and guided them in their training; when this can be arranged I shall feel our efforts have not altogether been in vain for their benefit and for the welfare of the women and children of Lahore.

There has been a decrease in both out and in-door patients and I can only attribute this to the widespread epidemic of Influenza. The poor women were so greatly wanted in their homes when entire families were attacked that for two months our attendance was the lowest since I look over charge.

There has been a slight increase in operations.

Lately it has been impossible to accommodate the number of patients who have come for admission and this class of wards is going to prove the most popular in every women's hospital built in India.

Lady O'Dwyer has taken a keen and sincere interest in our hospital and I owe her on behalf of the staff, patients and myself an unspeakable debt of gratitude for the great help her interest has been to us.

We shall miss her very much when she leaves Lahore and India.

Lieutenant-Colonel Davidson has continued his consistent help and advice in all matters concerning the Hospital.

F. DISSENT BARNES, M.D., W.M.S.,

UNITED PROVINCES BRANCH.

Provincial Committee. _ _

President.

The Hon't's Sur Hanger at Deries, M.C.S.L. C. I.

Honorary Treasurer.

Members.

Lady RICHARDS.	٠.			The Civil Surgary, Lorknow
Lady Knox.				The Civil Same, Allahabad.
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Mos. FERLED				· The Commissioner, Allahabad Director.

Mrs. Brandon.

The Homosphe Narah Munitation-Datella Sir.
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Training of Pales, Ed. of Called Profiled.

Trustees of the Provincial Branch.

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Inspector-General's Report for 1918.

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There was a liveled, Indicate brooking a March to the Frontieral Brook and natural by Local Committee of the Definite Fund, and II notes Whose hoogies, as non-parel with 30 in the preference year.

The following table shows the attendance at the attendance from the order of the design the 5th Normales 1213 as longaced with that of the present for years.

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Thus . Misself meet meet offer

At first sight it would appear that the attendance during the year under review was 12,996 less than that of the previous year, but it was really not so. The attendance during 11 months of the year 1917 amounted to 195,311, and if this is compared with the attendance during the corresponding period of this year there is only a slight decrease of 816.

The total attendance at the non-affiliated institutions registered during 11 months was 187,274 against 182,302 during the corresponding period of 1917, or an increase of 4,972. Even excluding the attendance (4,631) for the female dispensary at Basti (which does not appear in the returns for 1917) the total attendance at the non-affiliated centres rose during 1918 by 341.

The number of visits paid to women at their houses by lady doctors and female sub-assistant surgeons throughout the Provinces during the last two years was:—

		CLASS	OF PATI]		Midwi-				
Year.	Euro- peans.	Eura- sians	Moham- medans.	Hindus.	Other castes.	Total.	Medical	Surgery.	fery.	Torat.
1917	203	273	1,750	2,057	404	4,687	3,239	765	683	4,687
1918 .	289	447	2,330	2,664	619	6,249	4,512	931	906	6,349

The figures under all heads show an increase. Meerut heads the list with 608 cases treated. Naini Tal (which headed the list in previous years) is now second with 473 cases; then in order come Ghazipur (450), Allahabad (376), Hardoi (338), Agra (288), Cawnpore (284), Hamirpur (254) and Rae Bareli (243). It is satisfactory to find that the number of midwifery cases attended rose from 683 to 906, but the latter figure is still far below the number of cases (1,754) attended during 1916. Large cities such as Agra, Allahabad, Cawnpore, Bareilly, Lucknow and Benares, should certainly show better returns. Agra and Allahabad show 51 cases each, Cawnpore 47, Bareilly and Luckow 36 each and Banares the lamentably small number of seven cases.

During the year I inspected 15 affiliated and 8 non-affiliated institutions. The Dufferin Hospital at Fyzabad was moved into its new buildings in April 1918. Notwithstanding the fact that the hospital at Ghazipur is an old building and the accommodation is cramped, there has been a marked increase in all branches of the hospital work, especially in the gynæcological and maternity sections, which is creditable to Miss Bux.

The Edward VII Memorial Hospital at Basti was opened on the 1st August and during the $3\frac{1}{2}$ months, till the 15th November when it was inspected, the work done reflected the greatest credit on Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Mrs. Chandra. There have been up to that date 29 in-patients, 4,214 out-patients, 175 operations and 2 labour cases.

A linen-room, a separate cook house for Indian patients and a segregation ward are urgently needed at Cawnpore. The two European wards are much appreciated by the public. The 4 Victoria Memorial wards are in a very bad condition and need remodelling. The Local Committee has not yet decided whether these buildings should be dismantled and new ones constructed, or whether the present wards should be remodelled.

At Allahabad the construction of a new Children's ward has been postponed and the money car-marked for it has been invested in Post Office Cash Certificates and Treasury Bonds by the Committee. It is possible that existing Dufferin Hospital buildings may be utilized in connection with the scheme for instituting a new Mcdical School at Allahabad, and that a new Dufferin Hospital will be built by Government.







At Mercut the construction of 2 Nurses quarters and a Conspounder's quarters at the Dufferin Hospital is an urgent need. The estimated cost of the former is Rs. 10,000 and of the latter Rs. 3,000. These works have been postponed for want of funds.

A private ward was built by the District Board, Haidon, in the Female Dispensary, Sandila, at a cost of Rt. 1813.

At Sultanpur the construction of quarters for the Female' Sub-Assistant Surgeon and the Compounder has been sanctioned but postponed for lack of funds

A separate labour room, quarters for the Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon and Compounder and for the mental staff and a small operation room are urgently required at Mainpuri

The Female Hospital at Shahjahanpur has no operating 100m and no labour room. The site has been selected for an operating 100m and the estimate is under preparation.

Sine the provincialization of the Dufferin Heapital and the Women's Medical School.

At Agra, two years ago, the annual contribution of Ra. 6,000 which was made by the Central

Committee to the Agra institutions has been devoted to the improvement of the buildings
and equipment of female hospitals in the provinces. In addition to this Rs. 6,000, a

recurring grant of Rs. 13,800 has been given by the Local Government to the Provincal

Committee for similar requirements. Mar., urgent and much needed improvements bare

been carried, out by incars of these two grants at Benares, Lucknow, Cawapore, Sitapur,

Aligarh, Babraish, Partalspart, Buttley, Thy Mittar and Moradabad.

Medical Staff employed at hospitals under the auspices of the Association

The following staff is employed at the various hospitals in the Provinces -Seven English qualified medical women.

Four medical women licentiates in medicine and suigery.

Thirteen medical women of the certificated class.

Forty-nine Female Sub-Assistant Surgeons.

Excluding the members of the Women's Medical Service, of whom there are 6 at present out of the sanctioned cadee of 6, the number on the rolls at present is -

•				Sanctioned	Number on rolls
				strength.	2
First class medical nowen	٠			2	
Assistant Surgeons .				28	17
Sub-Assistant Surgeons				. 50	49
		Ton	ΙΔL	. 80	68

It will be seen that the number on the rolls is 12 short of the sanctioned strength. This shortage of 12 is as follows. --

11 in the grade of Assistant Surgeons

1 in the grade of Sub-Assistant Surgeons.

	In 1914	the replacement of	F Sub-Assistant Surgeons by Assistant Surgeons was
1.	Budann.	7, Dehra Dun.	sanctioned in the 12 centres noted on the margin, but
2.	Gonda.	8. Mainpuri.	owing to the difficulty in obtaining the services of Assis-
Э.	Ghazipur.	D. Lucknow.	•
4.	Gorakhpur.	10. Allahabad.	tant Surgeons the replacement has only been effected in
5.	Mirzapur.	11. Campore.	4 centres, Benares, Shahjahanpur, Ghazipur, and
6.	Shahjahanpur,	12. Benares.	Gorakhpur. District Boards at Dehra Dun, Mirzapur,
~		01 1 1 1	3 7 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 2 5 1 3 2 5 1 3 2 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5

Lucknow, Cawnpore, Shahjahanpur and Benares have, however, expressed their inability to contribute Rs. 142-8-0 monthly, which has been fixed under the new scheme for the United Provinces Junior Women's Medical Service as the contribution for the services of an Assistant Surgeon, so in future Assistant Surgeons will be located only at Budaun, Gonda, Ghazipur, Gorakhpur, Mainpuri and Allahabad, and Female Sub-Assistant Surgeons will be posted to the other 6 stations.

The most important events in the history of the Provincial Branch during the year were the separation of the Women's Medical School from the Male School at Agra and the appointment of a member of the Women's Medical Service as the Assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals in Dufferin Fund matters and as the Secretary of the Provincial Committee of the Dufferin Fund Association. Dr. O'Brien, who was attached to the Lucknow Dufferin Hospital, assumed charge of the Women's Medical School at Agra on the 9th February 1918, and Dr. Campbell joined these Provinces on the 1st November 1918, as Assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals and Secretary to the Provincial Committee. The only other transfers and appointments of any moment during the year are the transfers of Dr. Commissariat from Agra to Allahabad and of Dr. Watts from Benares to Lucknow and the appointment of Mrs. Sequeira to Benares as a temporary measure and until the Central Committee can spare the services of a medical woman of the Women's Medical Service for that station.

At the suggestion of the Central Committee the Provincial Committee decided to institute a junior grade of the Women's Medical Service with effect from the 1st December 1918. The new service consists of four grades with the following scale of pay:—

•							$\mathbb{R}s$.
•			•		.*	-	300
Senior grade	•	•	•	•	•	•	
First grade over 14 years' service							200
	•	•					165
Second grade from 7 to 14 years	•	•		•	•	•	
Third grade up to 7 years .	-	•	•	•	•	•	130

Promotion from the first to the senior grade will be by selection. It is anticipated that the revised scale of pay will attract better qualified medical women and will generally improve the personnel of the service.

(B) EDUCATIONAL WORK OF THE ASSOCIATION.

Female Students.—The number of students on the rolls at the Women's Medical School, Agra, during the year ending the 15th May 1918, was 62 or one more than in the previous year. Ten candidates appeared for their final qualifying examination in April 1918, and all passed—one with honours and eight with commendation. Sixteen students appeared for the junior qualifying examination, of whom ten passed—three with commendation. Of the remaining 6, two failed, and four were ordered to be re-examined in October 1918. Only 2, however, appeared for re-examination and they passed, the other 2 were absent on sick leave and have consequently been reduced to the second year class.

The following table shows the results of the examinations at the school during the last three years .--

		1	FI	NAL (ILAUQ TAN	FYIN(ION.	B EXA	JUNIOR QUALIFYING EXAMINA-						
•			No.	AF.	No. Passed		PERCEN- TAGE .PASSED.		No. AP- PEARED.		No Passed		PERCEN- TAGE PASSED.	
Senei	ons.		Regular Examination.	Re-examination.	Regular Examination	Re-examination.	Regular Evamination	Re-examination	Regular Evamination	Re-evamination.	Regular Examination	Re-examination,	Regular Examination	Re-examination.
1915-16	•		6		6	·	100		10		10		100	
916-17	·		17	4	13	3	76 47	75	12		11	. (91 66	
1917-18			10		10		100		100		.10		62.5	

Eleren students appeared in April 1918 at the 3rd year seasonal examination, of whom 10 pared. Eighthen candidates appeared for their first year seasonal examination and all wree promoted to the next higher class. Of the 62 students 40 were Indum Christians, 17 Hindus and 6 Muhammedans; 47 belonged to these Provinces, 8 to the Pumph and 7 were from other Provinces of Ct the 18 who were removed from the tolls duming the pers 1917-18, 13 pased the final examination, 3 were removed from the tolls duming the pers 1917-18, 13 pased the final examination, 3 were removed for failure in their examination and 3 resigned, the number remaining at the end of the year being 44. The results of the examinations are highly satisfactory and the teaching staff are to be congratulated on the excellent work achieved. Miss A Cuannigham, Ludy Superintendent of the Gink Hotels, has performed her dutes during the year with her usual stal and ability; the students owe a great deal to her

Training of female compounders.

The training of female compounders was continued during the year at Lucknow, Cawpore, Alfahatad, Benares, Aligarh, and Batelly. There was no compounder under training at the Vitoria Female Hospital, Moradabad. There were five apprentices under training at Lucknow, one at Cawnpore, two at Alfahabad, one at Batelly and three at Aligah

Of the five girls at Lucknow, one passed, two were discharged as unsuitable and two remained on the rolls at the closs of the year. The head-compoundes at Camupose died of the influenza in the late epidemic and the vacancy has been temporarily filled by a girl who has been in training for two years

One apprentice at Alignih passed her examination and has been appointed to a vacancy in the hospital on Rs. 15 per mensem.

October 1918, 2 were absent on sick leave.

medical woman Dr. Gulzar Mohammed Ali, M.B., R.S. (Lucknow), was appointed on reserve duty from 3rd June 1918.

The matron in charge of the Lady Lyall Hospital, Mrs E. Katsch, having resigned in order to work on a hospital ship her place was filled on 6th June by Mrs Sausmann who is a capable and efficient Mation. Sister Nichol was appointed as Staff Nurse in the Lady Lyall Hospital on 21st August 1018 and is discharging her duties extremely well.

Mis. Copcutt, Matron in charge, and Mrs Masih, night sister of the Mateinity Hospital, continue to work at their oneious duties in the most realous and devoted manner.

Mrs. Pace has done well as Assistant Lecturer and Demonstrator of Pharmacy

M O'BRIEN, MB, BS,
Principal, Women's Medical School, Agra

Report for 1918 of the Dufferin Hospital, Allahabad.

With reference to your letter no 173-D F 71, dated the 5th November 1918, I have thosonou to submit herewith a report on the working of the Dufferin Hospital, Allahabad, for the period ending 30th November 1918

There were few changes in the staff; Miss M. E. Ashton gave over charge on the forencon of 21st January 1918 to Miss K. O'Neill, who stayed 27 days only and was then transferred to Benates. Miss S. H. Commussariat took over charge on the forencon of 15th February 1918 and she has carried on the work since

No permanent Assistant Surgeon has let been posted to this Hospital in place of Miss Mendies transferred to Goral hoose on the 14th February 1917.

There were no Assistant Surgeons on Sub-Assistant Surgeons attached to this Hospital during the year. It is difficult to carry on the work of this large Hospital both in-door and out-door without an assistant, and this state of affairs is unsatisfactory.

. Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss A. Samuel was placed on reserve duty from Randa, but she was again transferred to that district. She worked only from 6th to 20th November 1918.

Mrs E F Mukand, Staff Nurse, resigned her appointment on the 31st July and Miss E B Paul was appointed in her place.

Total number of operations performed were \$19, out of which 120 were selected and there were 14 abdominal sections.

The total number of maternity cases during the period under report were 206, out of which 151 were labour cases (93 normal and 61 abnormal) and 62 other maternity cases

Flucation —As usual, the Hopstel continues to maintain class A for English spealing nurses and class B for Indian Dais. At the beginning of the year there were three pupuls under training in class A, out of these two qualified and passed out and two joined the class, so that there are three pupils under training at passent. A reloadrably of Rs. 35 per messem is paid to each by the Datrick Board. In class R, there were five pupils at the beginning of the year, out of these four qualified and passed out and four joined the class, of these one left the Hoppital and married, so that there are only 4 pupils in this class at present under training. They are paid from Rs. 7-8 to Rs. 10 according to their qualifications, from the Local Fund. The Lady Doctor lectures to class A daily and to class B twice a week. The Staff Nurse lectures to class B daily. The Hospital also trains female compounders who are paid by the Provincial Committee. There are 2 pupils in this class under training. I have great pleasure in testifying to the usefulness of the pupils in classes A & B. They are in great demand by the public and their services are very much appreciated. They have brought in a sum of about Rs. 3,000 as fees for attending patients in the district.

Railding.—There were no additions and alterations in the buildings. The construction of the new children's ward was postponed owing to war and the money available, viz., P. S. 1999 for its construction, has been utilized in purchasing Post Office Cash Certificates and Treasury Bonds as decided by the Committee.

S. H. COMMISSARIAT, r.r.c.s.t., w.m.s., Medical Officer in charge, Dufferin Hospital, Allahabad.

Report for 1918 of the Dufferin Hospital, Cawnpore.

Financial condition of the Local Fund.—The Local Fund stands about the same as the previous year. We regret to state that there has been no appreciable increase in the subscription list.

The budget for the year was carefully curtailed, not taking into account the enhanced war rates current, yet there was a deficit of Its, 1,600 against receipt and expenditure.

An appeal was made to some of the European and Indian gentlemen of the station, showing our financial stringency. The difficulty was overcome by the very kind and generous gift of Rs. 1,000 from Sir Alexander McRobert and another of Rs. 250 by Sir Logic Watson, and a sum of Rs. 560 through our esteemed President, the Collector of Cawapore.

Minor buildings, improvement of existing accommodation and alterations, are all very necessary, but cannot be undertaken at present owing to lack of funds.

The invested capital amounts to Rs. 31,000, the same as last year.

Working for the year 1918.—In-patients 451, out-patients 8,610, operations 645, major 155, and minor 490.

The above figures represent the work done by the Hospital during the current year. There is a slight decrease in the number of in and out-patients, but this is accounted for by the recent epidemic of Influenza. The Hospital was obliged to close down for three weeks as the majority of the staff had gone down with it, all about the same time, and it was impossible to cope with the work.

Stuff: - A Medical Officer in charge W. M. S., a female Sub-Assistant Surgeon, a Matron and one Staff Nurse.

Subordinate Staff:—A clerk, a compounder, four Indian nurses, one ward woman, one cook woman, three sweeperesses, a peon and one chowkidar.

Buildings.—The main buildings are in good order; a linen room, a separate cook house for Indian patients, and a segregation ward are urgently needed, but for lack of funds cannot be undertaken. The two European wards are much appreciated by the public, and bring in a large item of income to the Hospital.

The four Victoria Memorial wards are in a very bad condition and need remodelling. This matter is at present pending the consideration of the Local Committee, which is shortly to be held, as to whether the whole building should be dismantled and a new one constructed, or only to remodel the old one. The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals has very kindly

promised to give us a donation towards this when he gets the decision of the Local Committee regarding the matter,

A donation of Rs. 1,355 for 33 bed-side cupboards with marble top, was very generously us by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals this year. These have been purchased and will add greatly to the general appearance of the wards, and the comfort of patients.

Remarks.—The Hospital has suffered a great loss in the death of Mrs. G. Chester, the head compounder, from Indiaenza, in the late epidemic. The vacancy has been temporarily filled by the girl who has been in training for two years.

Compounders under training.—One compounder was under training throughout the provided very satisfactorily and shown a keen interest in heratudies and dispensary work.

Private visits paid by the Lady Doctor and Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

								_	_	
Names.	Europeans.	Burasians.	Mahommedans.	Hindus.	Other classes.	TOTAL	Medical and Gynas	Surgical.	Obstetric.	Total.
Dr. F. Leach, M.D.,	54	21	41	60	17	193	132	25	36	193
Mrs T. Michael, Female Sub- Assistant Surgeon.	<i></i>	1	52	28	10	91	68	12	11	91
									1	

F. LEACH, M.D., W.M F.

Report for 1918 of the Dufferin Hospital, Lucknow.

The work of this hospital has been carried on pretty much as usual, though it has been somethat affected by the epidemirs of plague and cholera in the early part of the year and indusma lately. There have been several changes in the staff, the chief being the transfer of Miss O'Brien, who had been in charge of the institution for sine years. I relieved her at the end of January 1918 In the mrating department there was much difficulty in filling runancies with suitable candidates owing to the great demand for nunes for war work. For six months the hospital had to work without a matroh. Lately one of the staff nurses died, and her place is not filled yet. Two probationer hurses passed out during the year. Both at once secured appointments as staff nurses, one here and the other at Agra.

This bospital is hardly suitable as an institution for the training of nurses. It has only 47 beds. Besides the purtlih rooms, two rooms for European patients and six beds for labour cases, it possesses only one general ward, and that not a good one, for all linds of cases. Consequently many makeshitts have to be practised, and nurses cannot be given a properly organized and methodical system of training.

During the year four dais were in the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund Class. Of these one has passed and secured an appointment, two have resigned and one remains. There are no indigenous dais forthcoming to take a training, and in future, as the Victoria Memorial Scholarship is closed to non-indigenous dais, it tooks as if this branch of train

automatically cease to exist. The question is how the great demand for dais is going to be supplied. In the compounder class there were four girls, of whom one passed, two were discharged as unsuitable and two remain.

There have been no additions to the building as yet this year, but soon two bath rooms and a partition wall in the European ward are going to be built at a cost of Rs. 580, which amount the Inspector-General has sanctioned and paid to the Local Branch of the Committee. There is still much room for improvement and additions to this hospital.

A. M. WATTS, w.x.s., Medical Officer, In charge Dufferin Hospital, Lucknow.

UNITED KINGDOM BRANCH.

The work of the United Kingdom Branch has, during the last year of War, been nearly at a standstill.

A statement of receipts and expenditure is attached.

Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS 1918.

No. I ACCOUNT.

Subscriptions and United Kingdom Branch investments.

Recei	Expenditure.													
·	_				£ s. d.							£	8.	đ.
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Cash in hand			• .	•	1 19 0	Mi	ss GI	idys C	arie	ton	 mbdm	50	0	0
Subscriptions —					7 0 0	Bu	lance	IH DE	шк,	Dec	ember	329	a	0
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Miss Bookey	•	• •	•	•	$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \end{array}$		an in	hand	•	•	•		19	U
Earl Brassey .	•	•	•	•	2 2 0 2 2 0 2 2 0 1 0 0		•					380	10	
Lord Carnock	•	•	•	•	2 2 0		N				_		10	
Mrs. Stanley Cochrane	•	•	•	•	1 0 0									
Mrs. Alice M. Corry	•	•	•	•	1 0 0									
Miss Darley	•	•	•	•	$\stackrel{\scriptstyle 1}{\stackrel{\scriptstyle 2}{\stackrel{\scriptstyle 0}{\stackrel{\scriptstyle 0}}{\stackrel{\scriptstyle 0}{\stackrel{\scriptstyle 0}}{\stackrel{\scriptstyle 0}{\stackrel{\scriptstyle 0}}}{\stackrel{\scriptstyle 0}{\stackrel{\scriptstyle 0}}{\stackrel{\scriptstyle 0}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$						•			
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Marchioness of Dufferin	mu z	Ava	•	•	0 10 0									
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R. Hardie, Esqr.	•	•	•	•	ÎÕÕ									
Mrs. Rowan Hamilton	,	•	•	•	100							_		
Miss L. P. Jennings	•	•	•	-	ĩŏŏ							•		
Marquis of Lansdowne .	•	•	•		ĩiō									
Mrs. Loch Miss Macouchy		•			0 10 6									
Mrs. Percival Mapwell		•	•		2 0 0							~		
Mrs. Moorhead	1	:	:	•	1 0 0									
Lady d'Arcy Osborne				٠	2 0 0									
Mrs. Kellow Pye					0 10 0									
Lord Reay					100									
Mrs. Arthur Riall					1 0 0				-					
Alice, Counters of Straffor	rd				1. 1 0									
Lady Wantage		٠,	• -	. •	10 0 0									
Dividends-St. Paul and			eapoli										•	
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	•				380 19 0									
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Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS 1918.

No II Account.

Tulloch Bequest and Gilchrist Educational Trust.

Receibte.

Excenditure

Acceipis,				ил решиние.		
Balance in Bank. January 1st, 1918		£ #	đ. 5	July 23rd		đ.
Databee in Bank, January 18t, 1910		104 12	ŏ			
Dividends on Type Improvement Stoc	· X	1 15	8	Forwarded to Bank of Bengal 182		Z
" Vancouver City Bonds		1 14 7 10 7 0	0	Banderson, Adkin Lee and Eddie (Tulloch Bequest) . 2 Balance in Bank, December	7	0
" " E-chequer Bonds	• •	1 16 1 13	Õ	31st, 1918 238	3	10
", Bank of Madras Shares	,	35 2 34 15	7			
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and Ry Co.		8 3	2			
Gilchrist Educational Trust	: :	150 0	ō			
	_		_			
		423 12	0	422	13	rc
	_		_		~~	~

Reports from Indian States.

Bahawalpur.-Dr. DaCosta reports that plague broke out in Bahawalpur last year for the first time, and caused a general panic throughout the city, so much so that every shop was closed and every house deserted. This accounts for the relatively smaller numbers of patients than in the previous year : 7,572 new out-patients and 145 in-patients were treated, while there was a daily average of 60.45 out, and 6.17 in-patients.

Bikanir .- The Lady Curzon Zenana Hospital was under charge of Dr. Jane Marsh throughout the year, except during a part of the summer, when Dr Marsh was in the hills in aftendance on the family of His Highness the Maharaja. The Hospital was then in charge of the assistant, Miss A. Dhondhi, M.B., Bombay. Two epidemics occurred, one of plague, which began in January, and one of influenza in October and November During the plague epidemic the people left the city in crowds and the hospitals were empty. During the influenza epidemic the staff were attacked, with the exception of three menual servants. Dr. Marsh had at one time to carry on all the work of the hospital herself. Dr. Marsh remarks on the difficulty of getting subordinate workers, as the women who apply are absolutely ignorant, illiterate, have no idea of cleanliness or discipline, and are ready to give up their posts on the slightest provocation knowing that they will be able to secure another easily. During the heavy rains of 1917, the roof of the in-door department suffered badly and owing to the difficulty experienced by the Public Works Department in getting coolie labour, the wards were shut from September 1917 to July 1918 In spite of this, 62 in-door patients were treated as compared with 79 in 1917 and 6,327 new out-door as compared with 4,889 in the previous year.

Baroda .- In the Women's Wards of the State Hospital under charge of Miss E. Smith, LM &S., 691 in-door and 20,149 new out-door cases were treated during the year. In addition to the hospital staff, two midwives were appointed to attend maternity cases in the city. There was also a municipal nurse and a midwife who instructed the city dais. There was already one maternity home in the city, and a scheme for opening a sec consideration.

Bhopat.- 181 in-door and 6,881 new out-door cases were treated throughout the year. Dr. Canagasaby, F.R.C.S.1., has recently taken over charge from Dr. Simmonds.

Darbhanga. - Mrs. Fox Cornabe, M.D., held charge until the end of October when she preceded on leave, Dr. Sumil Kumar Sen remaining in charge.

Kapperthala.—199 in-door patients were treated, and the total number of out-door visits was 22,746. This apparently is a slight decrease on the figures for last year, but in reality it is not so, as during the influenza epidemic which lasted six weeks, large numbers of patients came and received medicine, but their names could not be entered in the registers as the staff was working shorthanded. Some houses have been acquired by the State adjoining the hospital for quarters for the staff. This is a great improvement. Dr. Friend Pereira has been in charge throughout the year. 55 selected operations were performed, of which 2 were at lominal.

Joshpur.—The hospital was under charge of Mrs. Sterling, M.B. 50 in-door and 2,400 out-door attended, the small numbers being largely explained by the emptying of the city during the bad epidemic of plague lasting from January to March.

Kashmir .- The Diamond Jubilee Hospital, Srinagar, was under charge of Dr. K. O-Vaughan, M.B. (Lond.), throughout the year. 583 in-door and 7,222 out-door patients were treated. The in-door included 116 labour cases. The total attendance was 17,058, of which 3,599 were purlah ladies. The work shows a steady increase, and many women are now brought in, in the early stages of labour instead of as formerly after days of attendance by bazaar dais at home. Annas 4 are given to any dai bringing in a difficult case, and she is encouraged to stay and watch the delivery. 113 cases were attended in their own homes by hospital dais. 388 major and 513 minor operations were performed. These include 23 Caesarian sections, one Porro's operation, 29 Craniotomis, 20 Podalic Versions, 3 eviscerations 20 forceps operations, I decapitation, 3 laparotomies for tumours and many other important operations. The staff has remained the same throughout the year, and Dr. Vaughan draws attention to the good work done by Dr. Gladys Butt, Assistant Surgeon, by the Matron, Miss Hutchinson, and the staff nurse, Miss M. Collard. During the year the hospital has been whitewashed; the entrance of light in the operating room has been altered and improved, and the compound has been improved by fencing in of waste land and the planting of trees along the river frontage. A generous grant of Rs. 800 has been received from the State for necessary surgical instruments. It was much regretted that Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford was unavoidably prevented from visiting the hospital while in Kashmir, but Colonel Austen Smith, Surgeon to the Viceroy, kindly came and expressed himself much pleased with what he saw.

Jammu.-501 in-door and 3,345 out-door patients were treated.

Nahan.—124 in-door and 4,476 out-door patients were treated at the Shamsher Zenana Hospital. This shows a considerable increase over the number treated last year. 13 major operations were performed. Mrs. Alsmar was in charge throughout the year.

Raikot.—Dr. Rukhmabai, L.R.C.P.E., was in charge throughout the year. 267 in-door and 2,477 out-door patients were treated.

Rampur.—410 in-door and 2,174 out-door patients have been treated.

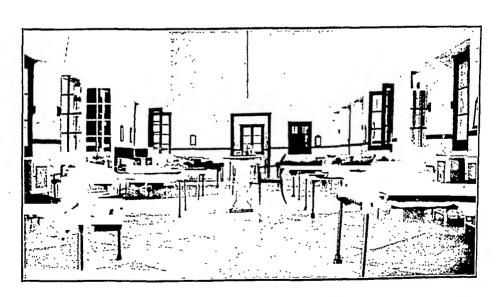
Rewa.—8,856 out-door patients were treated. This shows a slight decrease since last year.

Udaipur.—Mrs. G. Collons was appointed as Lady Doctor on probation for 6 months and placed in charge of the Walter Zenana Hospital, Udaipur, on the forenoon of the 30th August 1918. 22 in and 260 new out-door patients were treated, 6 normal and one abnormal cases were treated and 2 major and some minor operations were done. The Lady Doctor writes that during her short service, a few of the better class were treated as in-door patients for diseases peculiar to women.





MATERNITY HOSPITAL, AGRA Gynæcological and Septic Wards



MATERNITY HOSPITAL, AGRA New Ward

.Aluar .- The work of the Lady Dufferin Hospital, Alwar, was carried on by Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Bala Bai. 161 in and 18,283 new out-patients were treated against 323 in and 20,126 out-patients in the previous year. The decrease is due to prevalence of Plague and Influenza for the greater part of the year.

61 major and 1,010 minor operations were performed, of these 21 were obstetric operations

against 100 major and 1,132 minor operations in 1917.

Two qualified Dals have been added to the staff of the Hospital during the year.

Bharatpur.-Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon L. A. Habim was in charge of the Female Hospital at Bharatpur up to 21st August 1918 when she resigned. Since then the work of the Hospital is carried on by male Sub-Assistant Surgeon Yasin Khan as a temporary measure. There was a considerable decrease in the number of both in and outdoor attendance as compared with the figures of 1917 which was due to the prevalence of Plague and Influenza,

Tonl .- The Walter Zenana Hospital, Tonk, was worked by Female Sub-Assistant - Surgeon Imaman throughout the year under the supervision of the State Surgeon, Tonk State 129 in and 6,880 out-door patients were treated against 178 and 8,460 out-patients in the previous year.

19 major and 202 minor operations were done against 7 major and 261 minor

operations in 1917.

Beauar .- Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss Q. Houlton has been in charge of the women's ward of the Charitable Dispensary, Beawar, throughout the year.

64 in and 12,786 out-patients were treated against 63 in and 9,646 out-patients in 1917.

Kotak .- Miss J. Newton, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.) and L. F P. S. (Glasgow), has been in charge of the Victoria Jubilee Hospital, Kotah, throughout the year There was a decrease in the number of both in and out-door attendance owing to the severe attack of plague in 1918. The number of operations performed were 230 against 261 in the previous year of which the following were important -

Excision of Tumour large size from Vaginal surface						1
Extirpation of the whole breast, for Carcinoma .					•	1
Incision for a deep scated Iliac abscess	,		٠		٠.	1
Application of Forceps for tedious and dead foetus						3
Podallic version for transverse presentation .			4			3
Tapping for Paracentesis abdominis			٠	٠		b
Curettings		•	٠			3
and a second second second and a second as the second as t			na tr	ested	by	Fem

10 midwifery cases were treated in the hospital, 9 midwifery cases were treated by Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss H. B. Singh and 15 by Hospital Midwife Yemna in the City.

Jaipur,-Miss L. E. Sykes, M.D. (Brussels), L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), and L. F.P. S (Glasgow), has been in charge of the female ward of the Mayo Hospital, Jaipur, throughout the year. 577 in and 8,735 out-patients were treated against 698 in and 10,441 out-door patients in 1917. The decrease is due to prevalence of plague in the City.

Victoria Zenana Hospital, Hyderabad.-During the year under report 15,457 new and 16,913 old out-door and 2,703 in-door patients making a total of 35,073 were treated in this hospital, Miss N. Evans, L.R.C.P.S., (Edin), held charge as Senior Visiting Surgeon,

during the year.

Doodbaoli Dispensary, Hyderabad .- 0,710 new and 18,379 old out-patients new

treated at this dispensary. No operations were performed.

Aurangabad Dispensary .- 35 in and 7,265 new and 1,090 old out-relients making a total of 9,290 rations were treated. There were 36 confinement cases and 11 obstetrical and 3 gynacological operations were conducted.

Gulbargah Female Hospital.—38 in and 2,013 out-patients making a total of 2,051 new in and out-patients were treated. There were 2,743 old cases. A few cases requiring forceps or version were admitted into the hospital.

Raichur Dispensary.-1,069 new and 1,890 old out-patients making a total of 2,957

were treated during the 5 months of the year.

Jalua Female Bospital.—17 in and 3,080 new and 1,995 old out-patients making a total of 5,092 patients were treated during the year.

Bidar Dispensary.—The number of out-patients treated in the Dispensary was 2,680 new and 5,017 old.

APPENDIX II.

Return of Patients treated in Hospitals staffed by Members of the Women's Medical Service.

Station,	Name of Hospital.	Number of in-patients.	Number of new out- patients.	Total attendance of out- patients (obliand now).
	Bengal		-	
Calcutta	Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital	2,136	7,351	~ 17,419
	l			
	Berar		-	
Akola	Lady Hard ago Hospital .	133	7,139	23,518
-		•	1	
	Bihar and (riesa.	1	1
Bettiah	Baj Daffer Hospital .	1,515	15,770	22,7>5
Gaga	Lady Ecia Zenca Ecu pital.	269	7,219	29,5%1
	1		1	ĺ
	Bomba	7.		1
Karachi	Lady Drawin Hospital .	1,511	12,113	29,172
Shikarpur	Victoria Julius Definis Hopital	70	6,500	29,855
Surat	Seth Mondial Vellas Riender Hospital for Wymen and Chadren	- F	5/21	22/10
-				
.0	B ₂₇ ma			i i
Rangoon	· Lady Differs Nationally Hospital	1,600	12,20	22.77
	1	3	}	•

Return of Patients treated in Hospitals staffed by Members of the Women's Medical Service—continued.

-		···		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Station.	Name of Hospital.	Number of in-patients.	Number of new out- patients.	Total attendance of outpatients (old and new).
	Central Provi	nces.		
Jubbulporo	Elgin Hospital [330	8,050	35,60ŷ
Nagpur	Dufferin Hospital	538	6,730	23,304
	1			
	Delhi.	į		
Dollii , .	Lady Hardinge Hospital .	1,238	6,208	15,591
	,			•
	Madras.			
		2,548	14,276	35,740
Madras	Victoria Hospital for Caste and Gosha Women.	2,040	12,210	,
	·	1		
		`		`
	Punjab.		T 007	05 580
Lahore	Lady Aitchison Hospital .	879	7,827	25,562
Simla	Dufferin Block, Ripon Hospital.	232	1,920	4,540
	United Provinces of A	gra and	·	
	Oudh.		,	
Agra .	Dufferin Hospital }	2,264	10,258	26,717
Allahabad	Dufferin Hospital	971	10,926	33,353
Cawnpore	Dufferin Hospital	520	9,263	25,070
Lucknow	Dufferin Hospital .	923	7,972	18,306

APPENDIX III.

Rules for the Women's Medical Service for India.

REVISED BY THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE ON 14TH MAY 1918.

- 1. This Service shall be called "The Women's Medical Service for India." It shall be Constitution. included in the National Association for supplying female medical aid to the women of India, hereinatter called the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, and shall, subject to the provisions of the following rules, be under the direction and control of the Central Committee of that Association, hereinatter called the Central Committee.
 - 2. Recruitment for the Service shall be made-
 - (a) in India by a sub-committee of the Central Committee which shall include the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, the Honorary and Joint Secretaries to the Central Committee;
 - (b) in the United Kingdom by a sub-committee consisting of a medical man and two medical women (of whom at least 2 shall be conversant with Indian

conditions).

Such sub-committees shall perform the duties of a needical board, examine candidates for physical fitness, and give permission to return to duty after periods of invaliding; provided that in India the sub-committee may, by general or by special order, delegate them: powers to temporary boards of local neddeal officers, medical women being included, in cases of recruitment, invaliding and return to duty after sick leare.

- 3. The Central Committee shall decade what proportion of the members of the Service shall be recruited in England and in India, respectively. In the original constitution of the Service duly qualified medical vomes who are in the service of, or who have rendered approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appointment, and thereafter special consideration shall be paid to the claims of candidates who have qualified in local institutions and of those who are natives of India.
 - in local institutions and of those who are natives of India
 4. No one shall be a member of this Service who—

Qualifications.

- (a) is not a British subject resident in the United Kingdom or in a British Colony or in British India or who is not a person resident in any territory of any Native Prince or Chief under the successinty of His Majesty exercised through the Governor-General of India or through any Governor or other officer subordinate
- to the Governor-General of India;
- (6) is less than 24 or more than 30 years of ago: provided that this condition shall not be enforced in the case of qualified medical women who are in the service of, or who have rendered approved service to, the Countess of Duffern's Fund,
- (c) is not a first class medical woman, i.e, does not-possess a medical qualification registrable in the United Kingdom under the Medical Act or an Indian or Colonial qualification registrable in the United Kingdom under that Act.

(d) cannot produce a certificate of health and character.

Provided that the Central Committee shall, at any time, have power to promote to the service lades not possessing the above qualifications, but who have shown marked capacity.

Return of Patients treated in Hospitals staffed by Members of the Women's Medical Service—continued.

Name of Hospital Number of in-patients Number of	·						<u> </u>
Dufferin Hospital 330 8,050 35,600	Station	n.		Name of Hospital.		new out-	attendance of out- patients (old and
Dufferin Hospital 330 8,050 35,600							
Dufferin Hospital 538 6,730 23,304				Central Provi	nces.		
Delhi	Jubbulporo	•	•	Elgin Hospital	330	8,050	35,600
Dolhi	Nagpur .	•	•	Dufferin Hospital	538	6,730	23,304
Dolhi							
Dolhi				Dalh			
Madras Victoria Hospital for Casto 2,548 14,276 35,740 Punjab					1 920	e sou	18 501
Punjab Lahore Lady Aitchison Hospital 879 7,827 25,582 Simla Dufferin Block, Ripon 232 1,920 4,540	Delhi .	• .	•	Lady Hardingo Hospitai	2,205	0,200	
Punjab Lahore Lady Aitchison Hospital 879 7,827 25,582 Simla Dufferin Block, Ripon 232 1,920 4,540							
Punjab. Lady Aitchison Hospital 879 7,827 25,562 Simla Dufferin Block, Ripon 232 1,920 4,540 United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. Dufferin Hospital 2,264 10,268 26,717 Allahabad Dufferin Hospital 971 10,926 33,353 Cawnpore Dufferin Hospital 520 9,263 25,070				Madras.			
Punjab. Lahore Lady Aitchison Hospital . 879 7,827 25,562 Simla Dufferin Block, Ripon 232 1,920 4,540 Hospital. United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. Agra . Dufferin Hospital . 2,264 10,268 26,717 Allahabad Dufferin Hospital . 971 10,926 33,353 Cawnpore Dufferin Hospital . 520 9,263 25,070 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10,926 10	Madras	•	٠	Victoria Hospital for Caste	2,548	14,276	35,740
Lahore Lady Aitchison Hospital				and Gosha Women.			
Lahore Lady Aitchison Hospital				1			
Lahore Lady Aitchison Hospital					\		
Lahore Lady Aitchison Hospital				Punjab.			•
Dufferin Block, Ripon 232 1,920 4,540	Lahore .				879	7,827	25,562
Hospital. United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. Agra . Dufferin Hospital					232	1,920	4,540
Oudh. Agra Dufferin Hospital 2,264 10,268 26,717 Allahabad Dufferin Hospital 971 10,926 33,353 Cawnpore Dufferin Hospital 520 9,263 25,070				Hospital.	1		
Oudh. Agra Dufferin Hospital 2,264 10,268 26,717 Allahabad Dufferin Hospital 971 10,926 33,353 Cawnpore Dufferin Hospital 520 9,263 25,070							•
Agra Dufferin Hospital 2,264 10,28 26,717 Allahabad Dufferin Hospital 971 10,926 33,353 Cawnpore Dufferin Hospital 520 9,263 25,070		•			gra and		
Allahabad . Dufferin Hospital . 971 10,926 33,353 Cawnpore . Dufferin Hospital . 520 9,263 25,070				Oudh.		4-	ad as mad an
Cawnpore . Dufferin Hospital . 520 9,263 25,070	Agra .			_			
Cawinpore . Duncim irospitai .	Allahabad	•	٠	-	`		
Lucknow . Dufferin Hospital . 923 7,972 18,306	Cawnpore	•	.•	Dufferin Hospital			
	Lucknow	•		Dufferin Hospital .	923	7,972	18,306

APPENDIX III.

Rules for the Women's Medical Service for India.

REVISED BY THE CENTEAL CONSTITUE ON 14TH MAY 1918.

1. This Service shall be called "The Women's Medical Service for India." It shall be Constituted. included in the National Association for supplying female medical aid to the women of India, hereinafter called the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, and shall, subject to the provitions of the following rules, be under the direction and control of the Central Committee of that Association, hereinafter called the Central Committee.

2. Recruitment for the Service shall be made-

(a) in India by a sub-committee of the Central Committee which shall include the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, the Honorary and Joint Secretaries to the Central Committee:

(b) in the United Kingdom by a sub-committee consisting of a medical man and two medical women (of whom at least 2 shall be conversant with Indian

conditions).

Such sub-committees shall perform the duties of a medical board, examine candidates for physical fitness, and give permission to return to duty after periods of invaliding; provided that in India the sub-committee may, by general or by special order, delegate their powers to temporary boards of local medical officers, medical women being included, in cases of recruitment, invaliding and return to duty after sick leave.

3. The Central Committee shall decide what proportion of the members of the Service shall be recruited in England and in India, respectively. In the original constitution of the Service duly qualified medical women who are in the service of, or who have rendered approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appointment. and thereafter special consideration shall be paid to the claims of candidates who have qualihed in local institutions and of those who are natives of India.

4. No one shall be a member of this Service who-

Qualifications.

(a) is not a British subject resident in the United Kingdom or in a British Colony or in British India or who is not a person resident in any territory of any Native Prince or Chief under the suzerainty of His Majesty exercised through the Governor-General of India or through any Governor or other officer subordinate ... to the Governor-General of India:

(b) is less than 24 or more than 30 years of age : provided that this condition shall not be enforced in the case of qualified medical women who are in the rerrice of, or who have rendered approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund:

(c) is not a first class medical woman, i.e., does not -possess a medical qualification registrable in the United Kingdom under the Medical Act or an Indian or Colonial qualification registrable in the United Kingdom under that Act; (d) cannot produce a certificate of health and character.

Provided that the Central Committee shall, at any time, have power to promote to the service ladics not possessing the above qualifications, but who have shown marked

- 5. Members of the Service shall be appointed by the Central Committee to serve in the several provinces.
 - 6. Members of the Service on appointment shall engage for general service anywhere in India and Burma and shall serve a probationary period of one year.

At the end of such period of probation their appointment shall be confirmed or terminated, as the case may be, by order of the Central Committee on the report of the Provincial Committee of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, hereinafter called the Provincial Committee, after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned. (Vide rule 7 infra.)

After confirmation, service shall, at any time, be terminable on three months' notice on either side and the Central Committee shall have power to dispense with the services of any member of the Service on the payment of three months' salary in lieu of notice.

- 7. Members of the Service shall receive their pay and allowances from the Central or Provincial Committees of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, unless their services are lent to Government, or to local or Municipal bodies, or to special institutions on the condition that the whole or part of their pay be met by such employers. The Committee, Government or body from which the pay is received shall be hereinafter called the authority or authorities financially concerned.
- 8. During the first year after recruitment being her period of probation, each member shall receive a salary * of Rs. 350 per mensem: thereafter (if. confirmed in the Service) during the next three years (2nd to 4th year inclusive) a salary of Rs. 400 per mensem: during the next three years (5th to 7th year inclusive) a salary of Rs. 450 per mensem: during the next three years (8th to 10th year inclusive) a salary of Rs. 500 per mensem: and thereafter a salary of Rs. 550 per mensem.

In addition suitable quarters shall be provided free of rent; or a house-rent allowance to be determined by the Provincial Committee after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 7 supra) shall be granted in lieu of it.

No member of the Service shall be eligible for the Rs. 400 per mensem grade until she has passed an examination in the Lower Standard in such vernacular as the Provincial Committee shall appoint.

Where a medical woman who has previously served in India is admitted into the W. M. S., the Central Committee may, if they consider it necessary, grade her for purposes of pay and promotion as if the whole or any part of her previous medical work had been carried out in the W. M. S.

9. Members of the Service shall be entitled to travelling allowance on the scale and subject to the conditions set out in Appendix I to these rules.

10. Members of the Service shall be entitled to leave according to the regulations set out in Appendix II to these rules.

11. Members of the Service shall join a Provident Fund on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in Appendix III to these rules.

12. Members of the Service shall be permitted to engage in private practice provided that such private practice does not interfere with the performance of their official duties.

*At the normal rate of exchange (1s. 4d.) this will be equivalent to-

Rs. 350 per mensem or £ 280 per annum.

,, 400 ,, ,, ,, ,, 320 ,, ,, 450 ,, ,, ,, ,, 360 ,, ,, 500 ,, ,, ,, ,, 400 ,, ,, ,, 550 ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, 440 ,, ,,

The salaries will, however, he paid in rupees and the Association is not responsible for any variations which may from time to time occur in the rate of exchange.

The Provincial Committee shall have power to decide in any case, after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 7 supra), whether private practice does in fact interfere with the performance of official duties.

13. Members of the Service shall retire on attaining the age of 65 years unless the Central Committee, on the recommendation of the Provincial Committee, after consultation with the authority or authorities, financially concerned (ende rule 7 supra), desire to retain

their services for a further period to be determined by them.

13. When appointed to a province, members of the Service shall forthwith become Position to subordinate to the Provincial Committee in all matters, and they shall not correspond with respect of the Central Committee except through the Provincial Committee.

15. The Provincial Committee shall have nowers of descripting years of the Central provincial Committee.

16. The Provincial Committee shall have powers of destiglinary control over members Local of the Service, including suspension, but powers of removal or dismissal for inefficiency, Continutes, miscondact or other valid cause, shall be vested in the Central Committee only.

16. A member of the Service, who has been recruited in England, shall, in the event of notice under rule 6 or removal or dismissal under rule 15 supra, receive a sum sufficient to

notice under rule 6 or removal or dismissal under rule 15 supra, receive a sum sufficient to cover her return journey to England.

17. Every hespital shall be in charge of a Local Committee, and a member of the

Service in independent charge of such hospital shall be entitled to attend all meetings of the Local Committee: provided that if her own action or conduct is called in question she shall retire from the meeting after stating her case.

18. Members of the Service shall be in independent charge and shall have full professional control of the beginglia or institutions to which they are attacted, except in cases where the Provincial Committee, after consultation with the Central Committee, shall direct otherwise. Where two or more members of the Service are attached to one institution the status of each shall estimately be decided by senfority, but in special causes the Central Committee in consultation with the Provincial Committee shall decide the status of each member.

Members of the Service shall ordinarily have the same amount of executive control as a Grad Surgeon in charge of a Grid Hoquital: any departure from this arrangement shall require the previous mention of the Central and Provincial Committee.

19. Members of the Service and the Lospitals or other institutions under their clarge should be subject to such impection as the Local Government, after or assistation with the Pavincial Committee and the authority or authorities incoming occurred (side rate) respond, any determine, due report being paid to purish. The Pavincial Committee shall have power to degree a mixture of the Service to impost Lospials or other incitations within their juniciation, reporting to the Pavincial Committee.

20. The Central Committee shall have yower, in communication with the Provincial Committee, to dryste any qualified preven or prevent to impost members of the Berrice and the heightle or other multiplician under their clarge.

21. The decidin of the Control Country shall be for his all order

22. The Central Committee reserve you er to aborthe a rise from time to time after committeen, where nonemary, with Local Governments and Provincial Committeen.

APPENDIX.

Note.—The following Travelling Allowance, Leave and Provident Fund rules have been framed for the members of the Women's Medical Service for India, and shall be binding on the Provincial or Local Committees who will have no power to exceed them without the sanction of the Central Committee. That body, while reserving to itself the right to alter the rules from time to time, as experience may show the advisability, or to vary them in cases of individual hardship, desire it to be understood that the rules shall in general be adhered to and that applications for exceptional treatment will only be entertained for very special reasons.

APPENDIX 1.

Travelling Allowance Rules.

- 1. A member of the Women's Medical Service appointed in England shall receive a sum of £70 to cover her passage and incidental expenses; and shall receive travelling allowance from the port of disembarkation to the station to which she is first appointed, under the rules which follow.
- 2. In other respects travelling allowance shall be given according to the Civil Service Regulations for 1st Class Officers.

APPENDIX II.

Leave Rules.

All members of the Women's Medical Service shall be subject to the same leave rules. The following are the varieties of leave admissible:—

- (a) Casual Leave.
- (b) Privilege Leave.
- (c) Furlough.
- (d) Study Leave.
- (e) Sick Leave.
- (f) Extraordinary Leave.
- 2. Casual leave is occasional leave for a few days, and may be granted at the discretion of the Provincial or Local Committee. Such leave cannot be combined with any other kind of leave.
- 3. Privilege leave is earned at the rate of one month for each calendar year of service, but may be granted during the year in which it is being earned, e.g., A, who joins the service on 1st April 1915, is eligible for one month's privilege leave during the summer of 1915 and for a second month's privilege leave on or after 2nd April 1916. This leave is meant to provide a month's holiday during the year and not to be accumulated. In the event, however, of its being found impossible to grant any member privilege leave during the year, she may carry the month's privilege leave refused her to her credit. But in no case can privilege leave be secumulated beyond a limit of 3 months. In the event of privilege leave being so refused, an entry should be made by the Provincial Committee so as to enable the leave to be taken to credit, and in the case of transfer the fact should be notified to the Committee concerned. Privilege leave, taken by itself, can be granted by the Provincial or Local Committee.
- 4. Furlough is earned at the rate of two months for each year's presence on duty—in which is included privilege and casual leave—and furlough earned and not taken remains at

- Louis souming Minus than sinks

ot, however, cars' active after three r extraordi-

nary leave exceeding one month. Any privilege leave which is due during the year or which has accumulated in accordance with rule 3 may be prefixed to furlough.

Study leave shall ordinarily be added to furlough but shall not be sanctioned for less than two mosths, at any one time. It shall not exceed twelve months in the total service of any member. Study leave shall not be sanctioned in excess of one-twelfth of the total service at the time of application.

Any member on study leave shall receive two-thirds of her average monthly pay during such period instead of one-half (see Rule 8).

6. Sick leave can be granted at any time on the production of a medical certificate from a Civil Surgeon or a registered medical woman. Where the leave required is for a longer period than I menth, the member must appear before a medical board nominated by the Selation Committee Such leave cannot be taken in excess of 1 year at a time, and the total period altern during the whole service must not exceed 2 years. Privilege leave may be prefued to set leave.

6. Extraordinary leave may be granted at any time at the discretion of the Central Committee provided no other kind of leave is at the time admissible. It may also be granted no ontinuation of any other kind of leave. It does not count as service for leave, furlough or promotion nor is any year or allowance admissible during the period of its tenure.

Under exceptional circumstances extraordinary leave may be granted by Provincial and Local Committees even when other leave is admissible for a period not exceeding 1 month.

Such leave shall not count as active service, but shall not be held to interrupt the 3 years' active service required for furlough.

7. Furlough or sick leave may be extended by the grant of extraordinary leave, and training may be extended by the grant of sick leave, on production of a medical certificate to the estitatem of the Central Committee, but shall be subject to the provise that the pand of extension shall not cause the limit of two years admissible as sick leave to be exceeded.

8 The allowances during leave shall be as follows :--

Dunng casual and privilege leave, the full pay which is being drawn at the time the leave is taken.

Duning furlough and sick leave, one-half, and during study leave two-thirds of the average monthly pay of the six months' preceding the leave (see also rule 4).

All leave allowances shall be paid in India, and members proceeding out of India must make their own arrangements to draw their allowances in India.

9 Except in the case of casual leave, privilege leave or extraordinary leave not exceeding cas month, leave shall be granted by the Central Committee to whom applications should be submitted through the Provincial or Local Committee.

Example—A joined the service on 1st April 1916 She takes one month's privilege on the summers of 1915, 1916 and 1917. In 1918 she cannot be spared and in 1919 only two west's privilege can be granted. On 16th April 1909 she takes 23 month's privilege leave combined with 8 months' furiough, returning to duty on 1st March 1921. It the summer of 1921 she takes one month's privilege leave combined with one month's retiredisary leaves and does the same in the summer of 1922. In 1923 she can be supported by the same of the

APPENDIX.

Note.—The following Travelling Allowance, Leave and Provident Fund rules have been framed for the members of the Women's Medical Service for India, and shall be binding on the Provincial or Local Committees who will have no power to exceed them without the sanction of the Central Committee. That body, while reserving to itself the right to alter the rules from time to time, as experience may show the advisability, or to vary them in cases of individual hardship, desire it to be understood that the rules shall in general be adhered to and that applications for exceptional treatment will only be entertained for very special reasons.

APPENDIX 1.

Travelling Allowance Rules.

- 1. A member of the Women's Medical Service appointed in England shall receive a sum of £70 to cover her passage and incidental expenses; and shall receive travelling allowance from the port of disembarkation to the station to which she is first appointed, under the rules which follow.
- 2. In other respects travelling allowance shall be given according to the Civil Service Regulations for 1st Class Officers.

APPENDIX II.

Leave Rules.

All inembers of the Women's Medical Service shall be subject to the same leave rules. The following are the varieties of leave admissible:—

- (a) Casual Leave.
- (b) Privilege Leave.
- (c) Furlough.
- (d) Study Leave.
- (e) Sick Leave.
- (f) Extraordinary Leave.
- 2. Casual leave is occasional leave for a few days, and may be granted at the discretion of the Provincial or Local Committee. Such leave cannot be combined with any other kind of leave.
- 3. Privilege leave is earned at the rate of one month for each calendar year of service, but may be granted during the year in which it is being earned, e.g., A, who joins the service on 1st April 1915, is eligible for one month's privilege leave during the summer of 1915 and for a second month's privilege leave on or after 2nd April 1916. This leave is meant to provide a month's holiday during the year and not to be accumulated. In the event, however, of its being found impossible to grant any member privilege leave during the year, she may carry the month's privilege leave refused her to her credit. But in no case can privilege leave be secumulated beyond a limit of 3 months. In the event of privilege leave being so refused, an entry should be made by the Provincial Committee so as to enable the leave to be taken to credit, and in the case of transfer the fact should be notified to the Committee concerned. Privilege leave, taken by itself, can be granted by the Provincial or Local Committee.
- 4. Furlough is earned at the rate of two months for each year's presence on duty-in which is included privilege and casual leave-and furlough carned and not taken remains at

eredit throughout a member's service. More than eight months' furlough shall not, however, be granted at one time, and first furlough shall not be granted until after four years' active service from the date of joining. Furlough, moneover, shall not be granted until after three years' active service from the date of the last return from furlough, sick leave or extraordinary leave exceeding one month. Any privilege leave which is due during the year or which has accumulated in accordance with rule 3 may be prefixed to furlough.

Study leave shall ordinarily be added to furlough but shall not be sandtioned for less than two months, at any one time. It shall not exceed twelve months in the total service of any member Study leave shall not be sanctioned in excess of one-twelfth of the total service at

the time of application.

Any member on study leave shall receive two-thirds of her average monthly pay during such period instead of one-half (see Rule 8).

- 5 Sick leave can be granted at any time on the production of a medical certificate from a Civil Surgron or a registered necdeal woman. Where the leave required is for a longer period than 1 menth, the member must appear before a medical board normated by the Selection Committee. "Such leave cannot be taken in excess of 1 year at a time, and the total period taken during the whole service must not exceed 2 years. Privilege leave may be préfired to sick leave.
- 6. Extraordmary leave may be granted at any time at the discretion of the Central Committee provided no other kind of leave is at the time admissible. It may also be granted in continuation of any other kind of leave. It does not count as service for leave, furlough or promotion nor is any pay or allowance admissible during the period of its tenure.

Under exceptional circumstances extraordinary leave may be granted by Provincial and Local Committees even when other leave is admissible for a period not exceeding 1 month.

Such leave shall not count as active service, but shall not be held to interrupt the 3 years' active service required for furlough.

- 7. Furlough or sick/leave may be extended by the grant of extraordinary leave; and furlough may be extended by the grant of sick leave, on production of a medical certificate to the exiting time of the Central Commuttee, but shall be subject to the provise that the priod of extension shall not cause the limit of two years admissible as sick leave to be receded.
 - The allowances during leave shall be as follows:—

Duing casual and privilege leave, the full pay which is being drawn at the time the leave is taken.

During furlough and sick leave, one-half, and during study leave two-thirds of the average monthly pay of the six months' pieceding the leave (see also rule 4). Where such leave is combined with privilege leave, the six months shall be that namediately preceding the departure on combined leave

- Extraordinary leave, no allowances.

All leave allowances shall be paid in India, and members proceeding out of India must make their own arrangements to draw their allowances in India.

9. Except in the case of carnal leave, privilege leave or extraordinary leave not exceeding one month, leave shall be granted by the Central Committee to whom applications should be submitted through the Provincial or Local Committee.

Example — A joined the service on lat April 1915 She takes one month's privilege leave in the summers of 1015, 1916 and 1917. In 1918 she cannot be spared and in 1919 only two weeks' privilege can be granted. On 15th April 1920 she takes 2½ months' privilege leave combined with 8 months' furlough, returning to duty on 1st March 1921. In the summer of 1921 she takes one month's privilege leave combined with one month's extraordinary leave and does the same in the summer of 1922. In 1923 she cannot be

granted privilege leave, and she desires to go on combined leave in 1924. She will have completed three years' active service from her last return from furlough on 1st May 1924 as the two months' extraordinary leave does not count as active service and the total amount of furlough earned by her will be of the period—1st April 1915 to 1st July 1920—the date of completion of her privilege leave— $(5\frac{1}{4}$ years) plus of the three years completed on 1st May 1924, i.e., of the few years, or one year $4\frac{1}{2}$ months. She has, therefore, $16\frac{1}{2}$ —8 months= $8\frac{1}{4}$ months' furlough to her credit and can take 8 months' furlough from 1st May 1924, and as she is entitled to 2 months' privilege leave which counts as active service, she can actually depart on combined leave on 1st March 1924.

APPENDIX III.

Provident Fund Rules.

Every member of the Service is required to contribute monthly to the Provident Fund a sum equivalent to 5 per cent. of her salary. Subscription on leave of any kind shall be optional. The amount of subscription shall be 5 per cent. of the leave allowances admissible during the leave. The contribution shall be deducted from each month's salary or leave allowances and credited to the member's account in the Provident Fund.

- 2. The Association shall contribute to each subscriber's account on the 1st April and 1st October of each year a sum equivalent to the amount of the contributions of the subscriber during the six months immediately preceding.
- 3. Each subscriber's account shall be credited with interest on the amount standing at its credit at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum or at such rate as the Central Committee can invest without risk to the funds of the Association.
 - 4. The sum which accumulates to the credit of a subscriber shall be repayable to her-
 - (1) on retirement after approved service;
 - (2) on resignation on account of ill-health.

Provided that no subscriber shall be paid the amount of the contribution made to her account by the Association with the interest thereon, unless she has rendered not less than 5 years' approved service, or unless she is incapacitated by disease contracted in and by the service.

- 5. The dismissal from the Service, by the Central Committee, of any subscriber shall involve forfeiture of the contributions by the Association and the interest thereon.
- 6. In the event of the death of a subscriber before retirement or after retirement, but before the money has been handed over, it shall be paid to the legal representative of the estate.
- 7. Absolutely necessary advances against the sum to the subscriber's credit and ordinarily not exceeding three months' pay, may be made to meet emergent expenditure, at the discretion of the Central Committee. Such advances shall be repayable by instalments to be fixed by the Central Committee in each case.
 - 8. Each subscriber shall be furnished once a year with a statement of her account.
 - 9. The Central Committee may revise these rules as it considers necessary.

APPENDIX TV.

*Rules for the Junior Branch of the Women's Medical Service for India.

- 1. This Service shall be called "The Junior Branch of the Women's Medical Service Constitution. for India." It shall be included in the National Association for supplying female medical aid to the women of India, hereinafter called the Counters of Defferin's Fund, and shall, subject to the provisions of the following rules, be under the direction and control of the Centual Committee of that Association, hereinafter called the Centual Committee.
- Recruitment for the Service shall be made by a sub-committee of the Central Committee which shall include the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, the Honorary and Joint Secretaries to the Central Committee.

This sub-committee shall perform the duties of a medical board, examine candilates for physical fitness, and give permission to return to duty after periods of invaliding provided that the sub-committee may, by general or by special order, delegate their powers to temporary boards of local medical officers, medical women being included, in cases of recruitment, invaliding and return to duty after sick leave.

- 3. Each candidate selected for the service must fulfil the following requirements -
 - (a) She must be a British subject resident in India
 - (b) She must possess a medical qualification registrable in the United Kingdom and in India.
 - (c) She must be between the ages of 24 and 30 years
 - (d) She must be unmarried or a widow.
- (e) She must produce a certificate of health and moral character.

Provided that the Central Committee shall, at any time, have power to promote to the service ladies not fulfilling the above conditions but who have shown marked capacity.

- errice ladies not fulfilling the above conditions but who have shown marked capacity.

 4. Members of the Service shall be appointed by the Central Committee to serve in the Conditions of
- several provinces.

 5. Members of the Service on appointment shall engage for general service anywhere

alembers of the Service on appointment shall engage for general service anywhere
in India and Burma and shall serve a probationary period of one year.

At the end of such period of probation their appointment shall be confirmed or terminated as the case may be, by order of the Central Committee on the report of the Provincial Committee, of the Countess of Duffering Fund, hereinative called the Provincial Committee, after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned. (Vide rule & infra.)

After confirmation, service shall, at any time, be terminable on three months' notice on either side and the Central Committee shall have power to dispense with the services of any member of the Service on the payment of three months' salary in lieu of notice.

6. Members of the Service shall receive their pay and allowances from the Central or Provincial Committees of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund. Each Hospital Committee

NOTE.—Vacancies in the Senior W. M. S. to be filled in India shall ordinarily be filled by selection from any grade of the Junior Branch.

es.

employing a member of the service shall pay a contribution to the Central Committee for salary, provident fund, etc., to be decided on by the Provincial Committee in consultation with the authority financially concerned.

7. Members of the Service shall be graded and paid as follows :--

Grade.		•	Length of service.		Salary.
4th grade	• •	• •	1-5 years		Rs. 130 per mensem.
3rd grade			6-10 years		
2nd grade	• •		11-15 years		., 200 per mensem.
1st grade	• •	• •	16 years	٠.	" 250 per mensem.

There are in addition several senior posts drawing pay at the rate of Rs. 300 per mensem to which members of the Service will be appointed by selection.

S. Members of the Service shall be required to attend post-graduate courses at the end of the 5th and 10th years of service and shall be promoted to the 3rd and 2nd grades on the receipt by the Central Committee of a satisfactory report of their progress from the board of post-graduate lecturers. Promotion to the first grade shall take place automatically on the receipt of a favourable report from the Provincial Committee under whom she is serving at the end of fifteen years' service; promotion to the senior grade shall be made by the Central Committee from among the members of the 1st grade and by selection only.

Where a medical woman who has previously served is admitted into the Junior Branch, Women's Medical Service, the Central Committee may, if they consider it necessary, grade her for purposes of pay and promotion as if the whole or any part of her previous medical work had been carried out in the Junior Branch, Women's Medical Service.

9. Furnished quarters shall be provided or a house-rent allowance in lieu thereof, the amount to be decided on between the Provincial Committee and the authority financially concerned.

Members of the Service shall be entitled to travelling allowance on the scale and subject to the conditions set out in Appendix I.

10. Members of the Service shall be entitled to leave according to the regulations set out in Appendix II to these rules.

11. Members of the Service shall join a Provident Fund on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in Appendix III to these rules.

12. Members of the Service shall be permitted to engage in private practice provided that such private practice does not interfere with the performance of their official duties.

The Provincial Committee shall have power to decide in any case, after consultation with the anthority or authorities financially concerned, whether private practice does in fact interfere with the performance of official duties.

13. Members of the Service shall retire on attaining the age of 55 years unless the Central Committee, on the recommendation of the Provincial Committee, after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned, desire to retain their services for a further period to be determined by them.

14. When appointed to a province, members of the Service shall forthwith become subordinate to the Provincial Committee in all matters, and they shall not correspond with the Central Committee except through the Provincial Committee.

15. The Provincial Committee shall have powers of disciplinary control over members of the Service, including suspension, but powers of removal or dismissal for inefficiency, misconduct or other valid cause, shall be vested in the Central Committee only.

16. When a member of the Service is attached to a hospital or other institution whose medical Superintendent is a member of the Senjor Women's Medical Service, she shall be

subordinate to that Superintendent and her correspondence with the Provincial Committee shall pass through the Superintendent.

When a member of the Service is attached to a District or Municipal Hospital, she shall be subordinate to the Civil Surgeon of the District and her correspondence with the Pro-

vincial Committee shall pass through his hands.

17. The Central Committee shall have power, in communication with the Provincial Committee, to depute any qualified person or persons to inspect members of the Service and the hospitals or other institutions under their charge.

18. The decision of the Central Committee shall be final in all cases.

19. The Central Committee reserve power to alter these rules from time to time after consultation where necessary, with local Governments and Provincial Committees.

APPENDICES.

Norg,-The following Travelling Allowance, Leave and Provident Fund rules have been framed for the members of the Junior Branch of the Women's Medical Service for India and shall be binding on the Provincial or Local Committees who will have no power to exceed them without the sanction of the Central Committee. The body, while reserving to itself the right to alter the rules from time to time, as experience may slow the advisability, or to vary them in cases of individual hardship, desire it to be understood that the rules shall in general be adhered to, and that applications for exceptional treatment will only be entertained for very special reasons.

APPENDIX 1.

Travelling Allowance Rules.

- 1. Members of the Junior Branch of the Women's Medical Service are emired to travelling allowance on first appointment, on transfer or any journey required by their official duties at the rates and under the conditions which follow.
- 2. On first appointment, on transfer and on journeys taken to attend the remains post-graduate courses, members are entitled -
 - (a) When travelling by rail, to double second class fare and free coming in gashe train of personal effects actually taken, up to a minut & in maunds
 - (6) When travelling by steamer, to single faret for mitte can arrest dation for herself and lowest class fare for one of personal effects actually taken, up to a maximum of ten men's Facil there be only two classes of accommodation on the commer, six i emitted at the higher of the two.
 - (c) When travelling by road, to 4 annas per mile for journers expering a min to in lieu thereof the expenses of actual converges of bound and precont effects up to a maximum of ten mared.

When personal effects are carried by a railway, a restly from the mirray excitation showing the actual weight carried and the amount charged for must be exert; with carried by steamer or by road the certificate of the member of the series transferred will

mee and not at arr own requirements to come at the result to print of their story table to receive the result to print of their story table to required from members of the service.

[&]quot;A member is only entitled to travelling allowance if the is amorbined for the police source nience and not at her own request or in money war se nierocted.

for leave on private affairs). Application should be made through the officer under whom the member is serving and the Provincial Committee to the Central Committee.

5. Study leave may be granted for a total period of nine months during the whole service. This includes the periods of post-graduate instruction mentioned in rule 8. It may be added to furlough. It may not be sanctioned in excess of one-twelfth of the total service at the time of application. -

6. Sick leave can be grapted at any time on the production of a medical certificate from a Civil Surgeon or a registered medical woman. Where the leave required is for a longer period than I month, the member must appear before a medical board nominated by the Selection Committee. Such leave cannot be taken in excess of one year at a time, and the _total period taken during the whole service must not exceed 2 years. Privilege leave may be prefixed to sick leave.

7. Extraordinary leave may be granted at any time at the discretion of the Central Committee provided no other kind of leave is at the time admissible. It may also be granted in continuation of any other kind of leave. It does not count as service for leave, furlough, promotion nor is any pay or allowance admissible during the period of its tenure,

Under exceptional circumstances extraordinary leave may be granted by Provincial and Local Committees (even when other leave is admissible) for a period not exceeding 1 month. Such leave shall not count as active service, but shall not be held to interrupt the

G years' active service required for furlough.

- 8. Furlough or sick leave may be extended by the grant of extraordinary leave and furlough may be extended by the grant of sick leave, on production of a medical entireste to the satisfaction of the Central Committee, but shall be subject to the provise that the period of extension shall not cause the limit of two years admissible as sick leave to be exceeded.
 - 9. The allowances during leave shall be as follows .-

During casual and privilege leave, the full pay which is being drawn at the time tie leave is taken.

During furlough (or leave on private affairs) and sick leave, contains

Extraordinary leave, no allowances.

All leave allowances shall be paid in India, and mexico provide a min must make their own arrangements to draw their allowances in In-

10. Application for casual leave, privilege leave (expense section of and and ordinary leave not exceeding one month shall be made to the other mich with the extraordinary leave exceeding one month should be mate a for the many that member is serving and the Provincial Committee, to the Committee

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Every member of the service is recovery section and the service is recovery sum equiralent to 5 per cent. of breaker frames a manifest of the said in optional. The amount of suberipha wat in the state of the

during the leave. The contribution shall be deducted from each month's salary or leave allowances and credited to the member's account in the Provident Fund.

- 2. The Association shall contribute to each subscriber's account on the 1st April and 1st October of each year a sum equivalent to the amount of the contributions of the subscriber during the six months immediately preceding.
- 3. Each subscriber's account shall be credited with interest on the amount standing at its credit at the rate of 4 per cent: per annum or at such rate as the Central Committee can invest without risk to funds of the Association.
- 4. The sum which accumulates to the credit of a subscriber shall be repayable to her-
 - (1) on retirement after approved service;
 - (2) on resignation on account of ill-health.

Provided that no subscriber shall be paid the amount of the contribution made to her account by the Association with the interest thereon unless she has rendered not less than 5 years' approved service or unless she is incapacitated by disease contracted in and by the service.

- 5. The dismissal from the service, by the Central Committee, of any subscriber shall involve forfeiture of the contributions by the Association and the interest thereon.
- 6. In the event of the death of a subscriber before retirement or after retirement, but before the money has been handed over, it shall be paid to the legal representative of the estate.
- 7. Absolutely necessary advances against the sum to the subscriber's credit and ordinarily not exceeding three months' pay, may be made to meet emergent expenditure, at the discretion of the Central Committee. Such advances shall be repayable by instalments to be fixed by the Central Committee in each case.
 - 8. Each subscriber shall be furnished once a year with a statement of her account.
 - 9. The Central Committee may revise these rules as it considers necessary.

APPENDIX V.

Regulations for Prizes and Scholarships.

1. Queen-Empress Medals.

Four gold medals shall be offered annually to the Medical Colleges, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and Delhi, for the woman student who passes highest in the first division of the final M. B. examination

Should no woman student gain a place in the first division, a silver Queen-Empress medal shall be awarded to the one who passes with the highest number of marks in the second division.

These medals shall be awarded by the University authorities.

2. Viceroy's Medals

Five silver medals shall be offered annually to the Medical Schools at Agra, Ludhiana, Poons, Calcutta and Madras, for the woman student who passes highest in the final qualifying examination, provided she obtains at least 60 per cent of the available masks.

These prizes shall be awarded by the Examining Boards.

3. Dufferin Prizes.

(a) A prize consisting of the interest of a sum of Rs. 500 given by Mis. Behramjee Malabari of Bombay, to be awarded to the student at the Agra Women's Medical School, who, in the annual final examination, stands highest in Chnical Medicine and Surgery, provided she obtains two-thirds marks, and that her conduct during the past twelve months has been in every way satisfactory.

(b) A prize of the value of Rs. 30 shall be offered annually to the best woman student in the subjects of midwifery and gynocology in the medical school at Ludhiana.

The prize shall be awarded by the Principal, on the results of the final examination and school work.

Scholarships in India.

Applications from Students in India.

1. The Central Committee offers a certain number of scholarships annually for women students commencing the study of medicine in the various medical colleges of India.

2. The scholarships are of the value of Rs. 25 per mensem and are open to women from all parts of India who intend to study for the M B. or L M.S. degrees. 3. Scholyrokin Leldar Latt 1 . . 1 | 17, 11

.... at College in which the applicant proposes to study.

The agreement which scholarship holders are required to sign will be found overleaf at A. 5. Should a scholarship holder appear unlikely, from any cause, to become a useful member of the medical profession, her scholarship may be withdrawn. In such a case, or in case of any misconduct on the part of the student, the scholarship may be suspended by the Principal antil the decision of the Central Committee can be arrived at.

United Kingdom Scholarships.

The Regulations for these scholarships are at present under revision, but information can be obtained regarding them by application to the Joint Secretary.

completion and return.

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Form of	Agreement	for	Scholarshir	η.
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Leturen the Central Committee of the Committee Supplying Pentale Medical Aid to the new passent Lettral Committee	non of India (duly registered under Act XXI) Spandresidin
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(ci) The end Central Committee shall	be at liberty to terminate this Agreement and Medica
opinion show sufficient aptitude which she has been cranted the	for the profession she has undertaken, and for scholarship referred to in this Agreement.
In witness whereof the said parties to this	Agreement have hereunto set their hands this
For the Central Committee of the Counters of Dufferin's Fund.	
	† Witness
Joint Secretary to the Central Committee.	Witness
Witness	Signature of guardian, if minor.
Witness	Witness
	Witness
NOTE This form is not required until a	scholarship has been sanctioned-when it is
forwarded direct from the Central Committee	e to the Principal of the Medical College, for

(B)

Form to be filled in by candidates for scholarships in connection with the National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India.

	the Women of Theta.
Question.	Answer in candidate's handwriting.
1. Name in full	
2. Age	
3. Nationality	
4. Religion	
5. Single, married or widow	
6. What languages does the candi- date speak.	•
 What languages does the candi- date read and write. 	
8. In what school or college edu- cated.	
 State what certificates or diplomas gained. Send copies. 	
 State particulars of work candidate has performed in India. 	
 Does candidate possess any means of support besides scholarship asked for. 	
12. To whom can candidate give references in India.	,
 In which University or College candidate is desirous of study- ing. 	
 What degree does she intend to fry for (state amount of scho- larship applied for). 	·
15. Address in full.	

Reply to be addressed to-THE JOINT SECRETARY, Countess of Dufferin's Fund, Central Committee, Viceroy's Camp.

Date

Signature.

Norz -This must be accompanied by a recommendation from the Principal of the Modical College in which applicant intends to study, otherwise the application cannot be entertained.

APPENDIX VI.

Members of the Women's Medical Service for India.

- 1. BALFOUR, DR. MARGARET I., M.B., C.M., Edin., Cert. T.M.
- 2. Barnes, Dr. Florence Dissent, Lr.c.p. & s., e., Lf.p. & s., g., m.d., Brux.
- 3. Batho, Dr. Marion L., L.R.O.P. & S., E., L.M., Rot.
- 4. COMMISSARIAT, DR. SHERIN H., L.M., Rot., F.R.C.S., Ireland.
- 5. CURJEL, DR. DAGMAR F., M.B., Ch.B., M.D., Glasgow.
- 6. GEORGE, DR. JESSIE E., LR.C.P. & S., E., LM., Rot.
- 7. GHOSE, DR. L. M., F.R.C.S.I., L.M., L.A.H.
- 8. HOULTON, DR. CHARLOTTE L., M.D., B.S., Lond., Cert. T.M.
- 9. JERVIS, DR. MILLICENT, L.M.S., Calcutta.
- 10. Kamalakar, Dr. Dwarkabai, L.R.C.P. & S., E., L.M., Rot.
- 11. LAZARUS, DR. HILDA, M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lond.
- 12. LEACH, DR. FLORENCE B., L.R.C.P. & S., E., M.D., Brux., L.M., Rot.
- 13. Ma Saw Sa, Dr., f.r.c.s. I., d.p.h., L.m., Dublin.
- 14. McKenzie, Dr. Alice M. C. L., L.R.C.P. & S., E., M.D., Brux.
- 15. MURPHY, DR. MARGARET C., M.B., Cal., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.F., Lond.
- 16. NAOROJI, DR. MEHER A. D., M.B., ch.B., Edin.
- 17. O'BRIEN, DR. MARY, L.S.A., M.B., B.S., Lond.
- 18. O'NEILL, DR. KATHERINE M., M.B., C.M., Madras.
- 19. PLATT, DR. KATE A., M.D., B.S., Lond.
- 20. Scott, Dr. Agnes C., M.B., B.s., Lond.
- 21. SCOTT, DR. FLORENCE A., L.R.C.P. & S., E., L.M., Rot.
- 22. Watts, Dr. Adeline M., L.R.O.P. & S., E., L.M., Rot.
- 23. WATTS, DE. E. TURNER, M.D., B.S., Lond.
- 24. Webb, Dr. Millioent V., L.R.C.P. & S., E.
- 25. WICKHAM, DR. C. M., L.R.C.P. & S., E.
- 26. YAMINI SEN, DB. F.R.F.P. & S., Glasgow, L.M., Rot.

APPENDIX VII.

Students studying in the Medical Colleges and Schools of Medicine in India.

Name of Co	ollege ,			Name of place	University Course M B. or L M S	Apothecary or Certifi- cated Prac- titioner.	LMP. or LCP. &S.
						-	,
Lady Hardings Medic	al Coll	ege .	٠	Delha .	60		3
Medical College			۱	Calcutta	17	•	
Do.			٠İ	Madras	16	22	
Grant Medical College	3		.	Bombay	67	(
Punjah Medical School	ol			Ludhiana .		8	60
Medical School				Agra			62
Do.				Indore			6
Do.				Hyderabad (D)	1		
Do.				Ahmedabad ,			. 3
Do.				Poens		} .	12
Do				Cuttack			6
Do.				Dacea	,		7
Do.				Rangoon .			5
Do.	. `			Hyderabad (S.)			1
Campbell Medical Sci	hool			Calcutta			14
Royapuram Medical	School	ı		Madras	١,,		
Women's Medical So	hool			Vellore	·	•	14
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,					 		
	Tor	at.		<i>.</i>	161	30	195

APPENDIX VIII.

-	staffed entirely by women.
1	Vomen's Hospitals in India staffed

Name of station.	Name of medical woman in charge.	Name of Hospital,	By whom supported.	Approximate value of buildings.	No. of beds.
Eabland. South Selbot Access	ŧ	ASSAM.		RS. A.P.	
HESSH COMES THE STATE OF THE ST	A. Davies, M.D.	Habiganj Mission Hospital .	American Welsh Presbyterian Mission.	25,000 0 0	16
Quetta .	Ties V Die 1.0.1	BALUCHISTAN.			-
•	Miss V. Blanchneid, M.B.	Lady Dufferin Sandeman Hos- pital.	Provincial Revenues, Municipal Funds, Subscriptions.	42,557 0 0 Value of build-	20.
Quetta	E. G. Shart Mr B (Lond)			ings. Value of land 10,150.	
		Zenana Mission Rospital	Some beds supported by English subscribers but chiefly maintained by local fees done.	20,000 0 0	45
Fort Sandeman (Zhob)	Miss Polette Roberts F. M. r.		tions.		•
	· I'vur formor	Lady Dufferin Zenana Hospital	Contributions from Provincial Revenues, the Central	8,727 10 .3	9
Sibi	Miss A. Alfred L.M. & s		and interest on investments.		
		Metvor remaie Hospital	1. Provincial Revenues . 2. Local Funds. 3. Private subscriptions.	o o oo'os	In-door 5, Family Wards 5.
Calcutt	Atlan At the Atlanta				
	S., E., W.M.S.	Lady Dufferia Victoria Mospital	1. Countess of Dufferin's Fund.	6,84,389 5 .8	104
Banaghat	In temporary charge of Dr.	C. M. S. Hosnital	4. Private subscriptions.	•	;
,	tank Crosen for a year.		· Kissingary society	0 0 000'55	3

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	1441		" Hotte of Leace	BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Victoria Memorial mostumes	Miss. J. McKenile, L. R. C. P. and Dispersory.	St. Columbs			Trunsa's Beetlal	14 ly Hatchings Heat that	1 . if at 1. at tal tal to temple 1 . 1	1 . halata . 1	Think his miles	# · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
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Women's Hospitals in India staffed entirely by women—continued.

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	By whom supported.		-contd. Government of Bombay	Irish Presbyterian Mission	Women of the Irish Presby- terian Church.	Countess of Dufferin's Fund Association, Hyderabad, Sind.	Government grant. Grants from public bodies and public subscriptions	Government and Local grants and C. N. N. S. M. S.	Chloffy by subscriptions from Canada to the Z.B.M.M.	Government, and Municipal grants. Contributions from Sardars, Chiefs and public citizens.	Church of Scotland	Covernment and Local Bodles
	Name of Hospital.		BOMBAY PRESIDENCY—contd. Cama and Albles: Hospitals . Gove	Zenata Misska Hospital (A new hospital, to be called The Roberts Hospital, in process of building.)	Zenana Meslon Rospital	Women's Hospital	Lady Dusterin Hospital	Babar Hospital	Canada Hospital, Zenana Blbte Medical Mission.	King Edward Memorial Hospital and Sardar, Mudlar Dispensary.	St. Margaret Hospital .	Dufferin Hospital
The second secon	Name of medical women in charge.		E. Turner Watts, M.D., B.S. (Lond.)	Miss S. L. McElderry, M.B.	Miss L. E. Dunn, M.B., Miss E. A. Montgomery, L.B.E.P. & S. (on furlough),	Mrs. Nartlu Blicott, A.D.	Dr. Kate M. O'Nelli, M.B. (Madray), W.M.S. (India).	H. Moore, M.B. (Lond.)	J. M. C. Gray, L.R.C.P., E.	Mrs. Sundra-bai Kistanc, L.M. & S.	Dr. Rankine, M.B., Ch.B., Dr. Greenfeld, M.B., Ch.B.	Miss M. Jorvis, W.M.S.
	Name of station,		ombay ,	orsad	sroach (lyderabad, glad	Katachi .	Catkana	Nasik .	Poona, City 1	Poona, City II	Shikarpur

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H. Moore, M. B. (Lond)	Dr. M. A. D. Naoroll, M.B., Ch. B. (Edla,), W.M.S.	,	Dr. Ma Saw St, FR CS., I. D P.H., L M. (Dubilo), W.M.S.		Jenny English Crozier, M.D.	Mary T. Mt Cavran, M D.	Miss Nation L Batho, L B C.P.	4 C , 2, 1 L M. (MOL), W 21, 3.	Mrs D. Kamalakar, W M S., from 22nd Msy 1918 Miss M M. Joseph, up to 21st May 1918	Mary M. C Longdon, M.D.	n n		Margaret O'Hara, M D., C M. Miss Cottari, Nursing Sieter	L I. F Mondie	L. I F. Mordie	Margaret MacKellar, M D.	Bells Chons Oliver, M.D., C.M.	_
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Indian Indian	en's Hospitais in fra		Name of medical woman in charge.		``	M.D., B.S.	•		PRINCE OF SEC.	E. Dunn, pr.D., Montgomery, L.B. C.P. (on furlough).	Mrs. Martin Bilicott, Bi.L.	63.	Dr. Kate M. O'Neill, M.B. S. (India).		H. Moore, M.B. (Long.)	J. M. C. Gray, Lithurian	Mrs. Sundra-bai Kistane,		Dr. Rankine, M.B., Ch.B.	Miss M. Jorvis, W.M.S.
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Women's Hospitals in India staffed entirely by women-confinued.

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, . By whom supported.		Cambridge Mission and S. P. G.	Government grant Rs. 1,50,000	Investments and Government grants.		His Highness the Nawab of Bahawahur.	Bettiah Raj	By Her Highness Begum Sahiba the Euler of Bhopal, G.C.S.L., G.C.I.E., C.I., G.B.E.	H. H. the Maharaja of Blkanir.	Maharaja Sir Bameshwar Singh Bahadur, G.C.I.E., K.B.E. of Darbhanga.	Gwallor State	His Highness the Nizam's Government.	Kashmir Durbar	
Name of Hospital.		DELHI. St. Stephen's Hospital .	Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital.	Victoria Zenana Hospital	INDIAN STATES.	Jubilee Female Hospital.	Raj Dufferin Hospital	Lady Lansdowne Hospital	Lady Curzon Zenana Hospital, Bikanir.	Darbhanga Raj Dufferin Hos- pital	Jaya Arogya Hospital for Women and Children.	Victoria Zenana Hospital	King Edward Memorial Zenana Hoepital, Jammu.	
Name of medical woman in charge.		Dr. Minite W Bazely, M.D.	'Dr. K. A. Platt, M.D., B.S., W.M.S.	Dr. H. L. Keane, L.R.C.P. & S. W. (Edin.)	•	Dr. Z. E. DaCosta	Dr. Y. Sen, F.R.F.P.&S., (Glas.), L.M. (Rot.), W.M.S.	Miss Canagasaby, L.B.C.P.	Miss J. Marsh, L.B.C.P.&S. (Edin.), L.F.B.S. (Glas.), M.D. (Brugsels).	L. F. Cornabe, L.B.C.P.&S.(Edin.), L.F.P.S. (Glas.). L. M.(Rot. Dub.), M.D. (Brux).	Miss D. Bolton, M.B.	Dr. Evans, L.R.C.P &S. (Edin.).	Dr. M. H. Dadina	
Name of station.		Delhi	Delhi	Delhi		Bahawalpur	Bettlah	Bhopal State, Central India.	Bikanir	Darbhanga	Gwallor	Byderabad, Deccan	Jamma	

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	Victoria Jublice Hospital	Khammamett C. E. F. Mission Hospital.	Victoria Bospital, Kotab	Women's Hospital	King Edward Memorial Mater-	Shamsher Zenana Bospital	Lady Dufferin Hospital .	Rendley Female Dispensary	Yemale Hospital, Rampur State	Resulthen; Hospital	Zenana Hospital	Diamond Jubilee Zenana Ros-	Victoria Pemale Bospital		MAE	American Evangelical Lutheran Mission Hospital	Londor	American Evangelical Lutheran Mesion Hospital	Bedfern Memorial Hospital	Mary Lott Lyles
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Women's Hospitals in India staffed entirely by women-continued.

	The state of the s				
Name of station.	Name of medical woman in charge.	Name of Hospital.	By whom supported.	Approximate value of buildings.	No. of beds.
		MADRAS PRESIDENCY— continued.		RS. A. P	
Madras	Dr. F. A. Scott, L.R.C.P., E., W.M.S.	Victoria Hospital for Caste and Gosha Women.	1. Subscriptions 2. Interest on invested capital 3. Grant from the Madras Government. 4. Grant from the Corporation	1,50,000 0 0	61
Madura .	Miss Harriof & Donkor Al D	A moniton Minciply TTII-1 K			_ '
		Women and Children.	Women's Board of Missions, Fees and donations, Municipal and DistrictBoard grants.	new buildings under construc- tion to value of Rs. 2,21,000.	42 now. On completion of building, 87.
Rajahmundry	Miss B. A. Nilsson, M.D.	Lutheran Hospital for Women	General Council (Evangelical Lutheran), America.		92
Vellore, N. Arcot	Dr. Ida S. Scudder, M.D.	Mary Taber Schell Hospital	American Arcot Mission	40.000 0 0	. 59
Vizagapatam `	Miss M. C. Barboza, Sub-Assistant Surgeon.	Victoria Gosha Hospital .	Local Fund	0	16
Vayyuru	Miss G. W. Hulet, M.D., C.M.	Canadian Baptist Hospital	Almost self-supporting, assisted by Canadian Baptist Mission	6,000 0 0 (excluding	16
Quilon	Mrs. V. S. Alweyn, Apoth.	Victoria Jubilec Hospital	Board, Canada. Travancore Durbar	workers' quarters).	. 42
Trivandrum (Travancore)	Mrs. M. Poonen Lukose, B.A., M.B., B.S. (Lon.), L.M. (Rot.).	Women and Children's Hospital	The Government of Travancore	2,32,500 0 0	7.78
		MYSORE.			•
Bangalore .	D. F. Lockwood, L.R.CP. & S., L.S.A.	C. E. Zenana Mission Hospital	1. Voluntary subscriptions 2. C.E.Z.M.S.	1,00,000 .0 0	08
Bangalore	. Miss Govindrajalu, M ${f D}$.	Maternity Hospital	3. Private patients' fees. Mysore Government	0 0 000'00	, 161

aspatas, Devgald	re District	casassgatus, Devgalore District Medical Superintendeut, CE Z Hospital, Lengalore.	Zenana Borpital	1. Gratis of Rs 25 per mentern from Minicipality (Rs. 10) and Mysore Government (Rs. 15).	30,000 0 0	ន	
				2. Fees of private pattents 3. Subscriptions and donations.	-		٠,
Colst	•	Margaret D. Lewis, M.D.	Ellen Thoburn Cowen Memorial Hospital	Women's Foreign Missionary Society of the Methodist Lpiscopal Church (America)	40,000 0 0	â	٠-,
()*or*		I. N Clough, MRCS, LRCP, (Dng)	Holdsworth Memorial	Wesleyan Misslon plus grant from Mysore Government plus voluntary contributions	1,50,000 0 0	, , 100	,
			NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE	-			٠,
ers tenall Khan .		Alice M Herdnards, J R C P., & S. (EJ.)	Municipal Zenana Boxpital .	Municipal Committee	0 0 000,72	bi bi	
		,	PUNJAB.	-			
mbata		J. R. Carleton, M D.	Philadelphia Hospital for	Preabyterian Board of Foreign Missions, New York.	0 0 000'85	£	
mritter		J Lamb, M.B. BS (Lond) .	Bt Catherine's Messon Bozpetal	Church of England Zenana Missionary Society.	:	8	
nettear	•	Mr Es-den, BA, LMS, LRCP & B (Edin.)	Municipal Female Hospital	Municipal Committee, Amritaar	:	22	
attle .		Mis Nebeniah, Sab-Assistant Surgeon	Star Hospital	Funds from England, Batch Manicepoity, Condagus Dis- trict Loud donations and fies	:		
ildwahl.		Miss Bisset, M B, Ch B (Aberdern)	Farrer Hospital	Baptist Messon Medical Auxiliary	15,000 0 0	8	
erozepore Cantonment		E O Lewis, MD	Frances Newton Hospital .	American Presbyterian Mission Government grant	20,000 0 0		
Onfrat		Annle Carollue Smith, LBCP.	Dow Memorial Hospital	Endowed by Miss Dow Montreal, Canada, for the Church of Srotland Women's Associ- ation for Foreign Musions.	58,000 0 0	08	
		Miss 4. J. Lacey, certificated Medical Practitioner (Madras)	Francis Henry Wright's Memo- rial Hospital	Church of England Zenans Missionary Boclety.	0 0 000'\$	•	
Jhelum		Mence of Miss J. P. Simpson, M.D.	" Good Samarlian"	By the women of the United Presbyterian Church of North America,	17,932 0 0	£ .	

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Name of station.	Name of medical woman in charge.	Name of Hospital.	By whom supported.	Approximate value of bulldings.	No. of beds.	
,		PUNJAB—continued.	٠	RS. A. P.		
Karnal	Miss D. M. Scott, M.B., Ch.B	S. Elizabeth's Hospital .	S. P. G. Mission Society, Minicipal Committee and Government,	1,22,325 0 0	. 38 % & 0 cots.	-
Lahore	Dr. F. D. Barnes, M.D., W.M.S.	Lady Altchison Hospital	1. Grants-in-eid from Punjab Government. 2. Local bodies. 3. Countress of Dufferin's Fund. 4. Local subscriptions.	1,40,017 0 0	20	
Ludhiana	Miss E. M. Brown, M.D., with staff of 5 Doctors.	Memorial Hospital and Victoria Memorial Dispensary.	Missionary contributions, fees, rents of rooms by private patients, Grants-in-ald from Municipal Committees, District Board and Government.	1,20,000 0 0	120	
Lyallpur	Miss A. Singha, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.).	Women and Children's Hospital	District Board, Lyallpur.	30,000 0 0	27.	
Montgomery	Dr. M., Whiteside, M.D.	Nancy Fulwood Hospital .	American Mission	16,000 0 0	25	
Multan Cantonment	E. I. Dodson, L.S.A. (Lond.), M.D. (Brux.).	C. M. S. Zenana Hospital	Church Missionary Society .	30,000 0 00	09	
Multan City	Miss Shaw, L.M.S.	Victoria Jubilec Zenana Hospital	Municipal Committee, Multan .	:	30	·
Narowal	Miss Maud English, Sub-Assistant ant Surgeon.	C. E. Z. Mission Hospital.	C.E.Z. Mission and District Board, Sialkot.	:	12	
Palampur, Kangra District	:	Harriet Buchanan Memorial Hospital.	Missionary Society Church of England in Canada.	30,000 0 0	4 new wards.	
Palwal	Edith 'L. Young, M.D., B.S. (Lond.).	Rahmatpur Mission Hospital .	From home by voluntary sub- scriptions added by Municipal and District grants.	-7	96.	-
				Rs. 27,000		
				Bungalow for Doctors and		
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Pages Page
W. Jongsten and J. M.D. Willish W. Strank Hills, M. S. Bankerinian. M. Jongsten and J. M.D. William and White to the Children of Managerinian and Privite Company. M. Jongsten and M.D. Managerinian and Manager
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Approximate value of buildings.	Rs. A. P.		1,40,017 0 0	1,20,000 0 0	30,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	30,000 0 0		:	30,000 0 0	Hospital and subordinate. Staff Bulld-ings cost	Eurgalow for Doctors and N u r s l n g	Slater cost
By whom supported.		S. P. G. Mission Society, Municipal Committee and Government.	1. Grants-in-aid from Punjab Government. 2. Local bodies. 3. Counteess of Dafferin's Fund. 4. Local subscriptions.	Misionary contributions, fees, rents of rooms by private publicits, Grants-in-aid from Municipal Committees, District Board and Government.	District Board, Lyallpur.	American Mission	Church Missionary Society	Municipal Committee, Multan .	C.E.Z. Mission and District Board, Sialkot.	Missionary Society Church of England in Canada.	From home by voluntary subscriptions afted by Municipal and District grants.		,
Name of Hospital.	PUNJAB-continued.	S. Elizabeth's Hospital .	Lady Altchison Hospital	Memorial Hospital and Victoria Memorial Dispensary.	Women and Children's Hospital	Nancy Fulwood Hospital	C. M. S. Zenana Hospital	Victoria Jubilee Zenana Hospital	C. E. Z. Mission Hospital.	Harrict Buchanan Memorial Hospital,	Rahmatpur Mission Hospital .		•
Name of medical woman in charge.		Miss D. M. Scott, M.B., Ch.B.	Dr. F. D. Barnes, M.D., W.M.S.	Miss E. M. Brown, M.D., with staff of 5 Doctors.	Miss A. Singha, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.).	Dr. M., Whiteside, M.D.	E. I. Dodson, L.S.A. (Lond.), M.D. (Brux.).	Miss Shaw, L.M.S.	Miss Maud English, Sub-Assistant Surgeon.	:	Edith 'I. Young, M.D., B.S. (Lond.).		· -
Name of station,		Kamal	Lahoro . ,	Ludhiana	Lyallpur	Montgomery	Multan Cantonment	Multan City	Narowal	Palampur, Kangra District	Palwal	:	

_	APPEN	DIX VI	17 —	LIST OF	HOSPI	TALS	STAFFE	ENTI	REL	X BY	WOMI	SN. 10
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0 0 000'9	Nominal rent Rs 38 per mensem.	Illred premises	7,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	:		2,57,047 0 0		(Dufferly Hos-	(Lady Doctor's quarters)	80,000 0 0	1,61,381 0 0
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White Memorial Hospital for United Presbyterian Church Women and Children	St. Andrew's Mission Hospital. S P G Mission and Private Mombral abstraction of the Company of t	Zenana Masion Hospital	Hay Memorial Roupital	Memorial and Hospital for Women and Children.	Dafferin Block, Ripon Hospital Countess of Dafferin's Fund and Municipal Countities, binia,		UNITED PROVINCES Lady Lyali and Maternity Hos- Pital, Agia.				·	
W. Jongeward, M. D.	Mrs. Cowle, LBCP & B	Miss M. Francis, Sub-Assistant Zensus Mission Hospitsl Surgeon.	:	W. Jongowaerd, M D.	Dr. Jemie George, L.B.CP., & B., M., L.M. (Rot.) from December 1918,		1, Dr. M. O'nrien, MB., BS.	75. H. M. M.	F. R. (1 M. I., VV, M.M.		111, £ £ 14 11 11.	L. M. (1.1) Willy by the King Internate Momental Hospital
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	By whom supported.			Zenana Bible and Medical Mssion.	District Board ., . ;	Local Fund	Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.	Women's Union Missionary Society of America.	Women's Union Mesionary Society of America.	Women's Union Mesionary Society of America,	Central Committee, Provincial Committee, Local Committee, District. District Board and Municipal Board.	Zenana Bible and Medigal Mission.
	Name of Hospital.		UNITED PROVINCES—	Victoria Hospital	Lady Porter Hospital	Dusferin Hospital	St. Catherine's	Brondwell Hospital and Memorial Dispensary.	Muray Dispensary Hospikal	Mary and Maria Ackerman- Hoyt Hospital.	Dusterin Hospital, Lucknow.	The Lady Klanaird Memorial Hospital.
	Name of medical reoman in charge.			Tèmporarily closed .	Miss J. Perry, Certificated Lady Doctor (Cal.).	Dr. F. Leach, M.D. (Brux.) L.R.C.P.& S., I., L.M. (Rot.), W.M.S.	K, A. Dawson, M.D. (Brux.) .	Mina MacKenzlo, M.D., C'M: .	Mba MacKenzle, M.D.; C.M.	Alico L. Frnst, N.D.	Dr. A.M. Watts, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.P.P.S. (Glas.), L.M.R.C.P. (Ireland), W.M.S.	Ethel A. Donglie, M.B., B.S. (Lond.).
	Name of station.	_	•	Benares	Bulandshahr	Cawnpore	Cawapoto	Fatchpur	Jahanadad (Fatchpur District)	Jhanst	Lucknow	Luchnow





In the matter of Act XXI of 1880 of the Acts of the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council, being an Act for the Registration of Literary, Scientific, and Charitable Societies

- AND

In the matter of " The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India."

Memorandum of Association.

- The name of the Association is "The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India."
 - 2. The objects for which the Association is established are -
 - Medical tuition, including the teaching and training in India of women as doctors, hospital assistants, nurses, and midwives.
 - (2) Medical relief, including-
 - (a) the establishment under female superintendence of dispensaries and cottage hospitals for the treatment of women and children;
 - (b) the opening of female wards under female superintendence in existing hospitals and dispensaries;
 - (c) the provision of female medical officers and attendants for existing female wards; and
 - (d) the founding of hospitals for women where special funds or endowments are forthcoming.
 - (3) The supply of trained female nurses and midwives for women and children in hospitals and private houses
 - (4) The management of the Fund raised for the above objects, and which is known as "The Countess of Dufferin's Fund."
 (5) The purchase or acquisition on lease, or in archange, or on hire or otherwise, of
 - any real or personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Association.

 (6) The creation, construction, alteration, and maintenance of any buildings neces-
 - (a) The element, construction, attention, and maintenance of any buildings necessary of convenient for the purposes of the Association.

 (7) The sale, improvement, management, and development of all or any part of the
 - (7) The sale, improvement, management, and development of all or any part of the property of the Association.
 - (8) The promotion and establishment of Branches and of other Societies or Associations with similar objects, and the affiliation or smalgamation of such Societies or Associations with this Association.
 - (9) The doing of all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.
 - 3. The names, addresses, and occupations of the persons who are members of and form the Central Committee or governing body of the said Association are as follows: lit—Her Excellency the Right Honourable the Countries of Dullefin and Ava. C t.
 - Lady President, whose address is—Viceroy's Camp, India.
 - 2nd-The Hon'ble Mr. A. R. Scoble, Q.C, Member of the Viceroy's Council.
 - 3rd—The Hou'ble Sir Charles Aitchison, K.O.S. I., Mamber of the Vicercy's Council.
 4th—The Hou'ble Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Rt., of Bombay, Additional
 Member of the Vicercy's Council.

Most a Department, Pag. 108., Posterary to the Government of India in the

Cha-Tea Hobble Me, C. H. Morre Marro, Hillandere, Arbuthnot & Co.), Calcutta, Render of the townshift His Horone the Mentant-Governor of Bengal.

The No. 11 - He Cit. See Edward M. San, Bahadur, merch, of Alizath, Mornley of the Committee of the North-West Processes.

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And North Introduct Registers.

Printerere.

HABRIOT DUTTERN.
ANDREW B. FEORLE.
C. U. AITCHISON.
JOTENDRA MOHUN TAGORE.
B. SIMESON.
PINSHAW MANECKJEE PETIT,
CHARLES R. MOORE.

Rules and Regulations of the National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India.

The Lady President.

1. The first Lody President of the National Association is Her Excellency the Right Homographs that courtess of Dufferin, v.a.—On her vacation this office the power of filling the varancy shall test with the Central Committee, otherwise called the Council of the National Association.

Members.

2. The Members of the National Association shall consist of three classes, namely :- A-Life Councillars; B-Life Members; and C-Ordinary Members.

Life Councillors.

D. Every donor of Even or HO.000, or of subscriptions which in the aggregate amount to £300 or RS,000, and upwards, to the funds of the National Association, shall be a Life Councillor.

Life Members.

4. Thery donor of \$70 or R740, or of subscriptions which in the aggregate amount to \$50 or R760, and upwards, to the funds of the National Accordation, shall be a Life Member

Ordinary Members.

5. Every subscriber of not less than 10s. or R5 annually to the funds of the National Association shall, during the currency of his subscription, be an Ordinary Member of the Association. An Ordinary Member shall pay an entrance fee of £1 or R10. If he does not pay his entrance fee separately, the first £1 or R10 subscribed by him shall be treated as his entrance fee.

Rights and Privileges of Members.

6. Every member of the National Association shall be entitled to attend as, and take part in, the meetings of the Association, and, on application, to receive copies of the report and other publications from time to time issued by the Association. Life Councillors and Life Members shall have such additional rights and privileges as may from time to time be determined by the Council. J

Affairs to be managed by Council.

7. The general management of the affairs of the National Association shall rest with the Courcil, who, for the purposes of Act XXI of 1800, shall be taken to be, and shall act as, the governing body of the Association.

Constitution of Council.

8. The first members of the Council shall be the Lady President of the National Association, and the following gentlemen, namely:—

The Hon'ble Mr A. R. Scoble, q.o., Member of the Vicerog's Council.

The Hon'ble Sir Charles Airchison, n.c. s. t., Mem-

ber of the Viceroy's Council
A. P. MACDONNEL, Egg., 03, Recretary to the Gov-

ernment of India, Home Department,

Surga.-Genl. Sir Benjamin Sinerson, M.D., E.C.L., Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India. The Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw Maneorier Perit, Kt. of Bombay, Additional Member of the Viceroy's Council.

Mahayaja Sir Jotendra Monun Tagore, Bahadur,

The Hon'ble Sur Symp Arman Kraw, Bahader, E.C.S.L. of Aligarh.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Moonn (Mesara, villanders-Arbuthnot & Co.).

Sir ALEXANDES WILSON, Kt. (Messra. Jardina Skinner & Co.), President, Eank of Bengal.

The Lady President of the National Association for the time being shall be, by virtue
of her office, President of the Council, and shall have the power of filling yacansies in, and making additional appointments to, that Council.

" Powers of Council.

10. The Council shall have power-

(a) to apply "The Countess of Dufferin's Fund" to such purposes as they may consider conducive to the objects of the National Association;

(b) to invest from time to time, in or upon the securities hereinafter mentioned, such money credited to "The Countess of Dufferin's Fund" as may not be required for the purposes of the National Association, and to vary and realize investments.

(c) to make and vary such regulations not inconsistent with the Memorandum of Association and these Rules as may be necessary or expedient for the conduct of the business of the National Association, and to fix from time to time the quorum necessary for the transaction of business, but until they shall otherwise determine, four members of the Council shall form a quorum; and

(d) generally to do such things as they may consider necessary or expedient for the purpose of carrying out the objects of the National Association.

Duties of Council.

11. The Council shall directly control local operations for the objects of the National Association in those parts of the country where a Branch Association, such as is hereinafter referred to, does not exist. It shall specially endeavour to assist any Ruling Chiefs who may desire to organize similar operations within their own territories, and who may seek the advice or aid of the National Association. It shall publish periodical statements of the accounts and the reports of the work done by the National Association, by the Branch Associations aforesaid, and by Societies affiliated to the National Association.

Officers.

12. The Council shall have power to appoint from time to time an Honorary Secretary and other officers of the National Association, and to delegate to such officers such of their powers as they may consider expedient. The first Honorary Secretary shall be Major Harry Cooper, A.-D.-C.

Funds.

13. All moneys subscribed to the support of the objects of the Association shall constitute "The Countess of Dufferin's Fund." The funds under the control of the Executive Committees of the several Branches shall be designated "[........] Branch of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund." All moneys paid to the Honorary Secretaries of Branches will be oredited to the fund at command of the particular Branch to the Honorary Secretary of which the same has been paid, unless specially designated for the Council.

Investments.

- 14. Any moneys which, in the opinion of the Council, it shall be from time to time necessary or expedient to invest, shall be invested in the joint names of not less than two of the members of such Council, as Trustees for the Association, in some or one of the following scentities, but in no others, that is to say:—
 - (i) In promissory notes, debentures, stock, and other securities of the Government of India, or of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

(ii) In bonds, debentures, and annuities charged by the Imperial Parliament on the revenues of India.

(iii) In stock or debentures of, or shares in, railway or other companies, the interest whereon shall have been guaranteed by the Secretary of State for India.

(iv) In debentures or other securities for money issued by, or on behalf of, any Municipal body under the authority of any Act of a Legislature established in British India, or in debentures or other securities issued by, or on behalf of, the Commissioners of the Port of Calcutta, the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, the Trustees of the Harbour of Madras, the Trustees of the Port of Karachi, or the Commissioners of the Port of Rangoon, or by, or on behalf of, any other local authority under the authority of any Act of a Legislature established in British India.

- (v) On mortgage of moveable and immoveable property under the management of the Court of Wards.
- (cs) In any investments not herembefore specified, authorised for the investment of trust funds by the Indian Trusts Act, 1882 (Act II of 1882), or any re-enactment or statutory modification thereof.

Presentation of Annual Reports and Finances.

15. The Council shall each year present a report, showing the proceedings and progress of the Association during the past year and its financial position.

Special Meetings.

16. The Council may, at any time, and shall upon a 'written requisition by not less than ten Life Counciliors or Life Members in that behalf, call a Special Meeting of the Association. At least seven days' notice of such meeting shall be given by advertisement as hereinafter provided and such notice shall state the purpose for which such Special Meeting is to be called.

Notices.

17. Any notice required to be or which may be given by advertisement shall be advertised in such newspapers as the Council may from time to time direct in that behalf.

Branch Associations.

18. Each Branch Association will have the independent management of its own affair and funds (which funds shall include all sums paid to the Association and specially designated for such Branch and all sums paid to the Honorary Secretary of such Branch and not -specially designated for the Council), and the Committee for the time being of each Branch shall accordingly in respect of the funds of such Branch have and be subject to the life powers and duties as to investment of moneys as those conferred and imposed upon the Council by Rule 10(b) and Rule 14, respectively, and such Branch Committee in heu of the Council may and shall accordingly exercise and perform such powers and duties, in respect of any moneys forming part of such Branch funds, which in the opinion of such Branch Committee it shall be necessary or expedient to invest, by investing the same in the joint names of not less than two members of such Branch Committee as Trustees for its Branch, in some or one of the securities or investments mentioned in Rule 14, but in no others. The Managing Committee of each Branch will be expected to act as the local agents and representatives of the Council, and to contribute from the Branch funds to the Central Committee such amount as may from time to time be arranged between the Council and the Committee of the Branch concerned.

Affiliated Societies.

.10. Any Scolety established for objects similar to those of the National Association may, with the permisson of the Council, affiliate itself to the National Association. An affiliated Society shall, unless if otherwise desired, remain independent in the administration of its funds and the conduct of its operations, but will be requested to furnish to the Council such reports, and information as may be mutually agreed on, and to assist by correspondence and conference in the furtherance of their common objects. On the other hand, the Council shall have power to assist affiliated Societies in such manner, and to such extent as may be considered by them consistent with the rules and conducive to the special objects of the National Association;

Co-operation with Medical Officers of Government.

20. All persons employed by the Association will ordinarily be expected to act it co-operation with, and where necessary in subordination to, the medical officers of Government.

Bankers.

- 21. The Bankers of the National Association shall, until it is otherwise arranged by the Council, be the Bank of Bengal in India, and Messrs. Coutts and Co. is England.
- 22. No alteration shall be made in the above Rules and Regulations, except by the vote of a majority of the members present at a Special Meeting called for that purpose as hereinbefore provided.

WITNESS.

HARRY COOPER, Major,
Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

SIGNATURES,

HARRIOT DUFFERIN.
ANDREW R. SCOBLE.
C. U. AITCHISON.
JOTENDRA MOHUN TAGORE.
B. SIMPSON.
DINSHAW MANECKJEE PETIT.
CHARLES H. MOORE.

Note.—Rules 14 and 18 were amended as above at a General Meeting of the Association held at Government House, Calcutta, on the 14th February 1908.

Rule 20 was amended as above at a Special Meeting of the Association held at Government House, Colcutta, on the 6th March 1912.

Rule 15 was amended as above at a Special Meeting of the Association held at Gorton Castle, Simla, on the 23rd September 1915.-

Rule 1 and following were amended as above at a special meeting of the Association held at Viceregal Lodge, Simia, on the 20th September 1919.

Patronesses.

HER MAJESTY . THE OUEEN-

EMPRESS.

HER MAJESTY OUEEN ALEXANDRA.

Patron in India.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE RUFUS DANIEL ISAACS, EARL OF READING, P.C., G.C.B., G.M.S.I., G.M.L.E., K.C.Y.O., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

President.

HER EXCELLENCY THE COUNTESS OF READING, C.I., G.B.E.

Vice-Patrons.

Field Marshal H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONVACONT AND STRATHEARN, K.G., K.T., K.P., G C E., G.C.S.I., G C.M G., G.C.I E., G C Y.O , C.B E , V.D.

The Most Hon'ble the MARQUESS OF LANS-DOWNE, K.G., G.C.S.I, G.C.M.G., GCLE, DOL. ILD.

The Right Hon'ble Baron Hardings of PENSHORST, K.G., GC.B., GC.SI, G.C.M.G., G.C.LE, GCVO, 180.

The Most Hon'ble Marquis Cunzon of Kenles. TON, etc., R.G , G.C.S.I., G.C LE , P.C , D.C L. LLD, etc.

SIR CHARLES STUART BAYLEY, C.C.I.E., K C.S.L., I S.O. Lt.-Gnl. H. E. H. the NIZAM of HYDEBABAD.

G.C.S.L., G.B.E. H. H. the Managasa of Baroda, G.C.S.L.

a C LE. Lt -Genl. H H MAHABAJA SIE PRATAP SINGH BAHADUR, GCB., GCSI, GCV.O, A-D-C.

Regent of JODHPUR. The Houble Mahabasadheras Bahadur Sir BIJAY CHAND MARTER OF BURDWAN.

KCSI, K.CIE., IOM

MAHABAJADHIRAJA MAHARAKA OF UDAIPUR, G C.S.I . G C.I.E . G C.V.O.

Lt -Genl. H. H. the MARABAJA SCINDIA OF . GWALIOR, G G.S L., G.C.V.O., G.B.E , LL.D.,

A.-D.-C. The Right Hon'ble LOED HARRIS, G.C.S L.

GOLE, OB. H. H. the Mahabaya of Travancore, G.C.S.I.,

G d I E. Lt Geni. H. H. the MAHABAJA of JAIPUR.

G.C S.L. G.C LE . G C.V.O., G.B.E . LL.D. The Raja of Vizianagram.

Lt. Genl H. H. the MAHABAJA JAMMU and KASHMIE, G.C.S.I., GCLE., G B.E.

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Lady BAYLEY.

Lady LYALL

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H. H. the NAWAR SULTAN JAHAN BEGUM of BHOPAL, G.C.SI., G.CI.E., C.I., C.B.E. H. H. MAHABANI KEMPA NANJAMMANNI

AVARU VANIVILAS SANNIDHANA, C.I., MARARANI of MYSORE. Lady Arrentson.

The Lady AMPTHIL, C.I., C.B.F.

The Lady NORTHCOTE, C.L., D.B.E. H. H. the MAHABANT CRINKY RAJA SAMIBA

of GWALLOR. MAHARANI Of HUTWA.

The Right Hon'ble the Downger Courtess of MISTO. OL

And such other persons of position and influence, both English and Indian, as may from time to time be specially invited by the Central Committée to become Vice-Patrons and Vice-Patronesses of the Association.

UNITED KINGDOM BRANCH.

President.

THE MOST HONOUBABLE THE DOWAGER MARCHIONESS OF DUFFERIN AND AVA. Y. & A., C.L. G.B. &, Clandeboye, Ireland.

CENTRAL COUNCIL.

President.

Hen Exercised the Gaussia of READING, o.e. a.e.s.

Members,

- The Hon'ble Sie Winniam H. H. Vinnens, Kom L. Low, Mender of the Vicency's Council.
- The Healble Majerdieneral W. D. Hawain & K.C. Lin, et al. a. K.C. Lin, et al. Alice Continues of the Indian Medical Exercise.
- The Houble Sir J. R. Whon, raine, white noise, Political be getter to the Government of Itelia, bottom and Political Department
- Dr. G. J. Carrares, m.n., mark, Princh & Lady Handings Medical College, 16 MA.
- Raja eir Haunge Sivon, niegim, Ablowafia of Kapuethala.
- R. J. Buck, Esp., c.u.r.
- Lieut.-Col. Cangr. Evene, m.e., s.u. v.o., a v.r. The Hou'ble Sie W. M. Hatter, v.e. e. v.e. v., anni, Member of the Vin coy's Council.
- Sir Jamer Trai Jimmer, Ther, Rentay.
- Kunwar Manabas Singu, Mala e lib
- The Houble Sie Mannenn II, Danaunon Kr., Richtel, Michel, Control Provinces.

- The Hun'ble Me. E. S. Lhorn, nos., nins., Unders.
- The Hoalide Mr. R. L. Hammonn, comm., 1 c.sc. Biler and Oriesa.
- The Healble Mr. Dunting 1.78., Official Member, German-General's Legislative Cornell, Arran.
- The Health Mr. J. Machrena, malenel, real, Berma.
- B. N. Mirtha, Esq., c.s.s., c.s.s., 21.A., Financial Alviery, Military Pinance, Army Headquarters.
- The Hen'tde Col. J. K. Chopp, Litts., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, United Provinces.
- The Hamildo Cal. P. C. Mre Watt, Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab.
- The Hen'ble Mr. F. C. PATER, LC.S., Rougal.
- Dr. Aonne Scorr, wine.
- Loly WHITE.

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Joint Secretary.

for. Mandaner I. Balfour, M.E., c.M.O. W.M.S.

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Honorary Solicitors.

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Bankers.

IMPERIAL RANK OF INDIA, Calcutta, Messes, Courts & Co., 59, Strand, London





AliceReading

HER EXCELLENCY THE COUNTESS OF READING, C.I., G.B.E.,

President of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

SECTION I.

COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND.

Annual Report of the Council for the year 1921.

The work carried on by the National Association and its affiliated institutions has progressed satisfactorily during the year

The most important change in the Council has been the retisement of Lady Chelmsford who resigned the office of President on leaving India in April Lady Chelmsfood had been President of the National Association since April 1916 and had taken throughout that time the strongest and most practical interest in all details of its organisation. At the meeting of the Council held in February it was evident how fully her devoted and unremitting efforts to extend and to consolidate the work of the Dufferin Fund had been appreciated; and since their many expressions of appreciation and regiet have come from other parts of India The full account of the meeting in February will be found in Annexure II, page 79.

Changes in the Council.

Colonel R Heard at the same time retired from the office of Honorary Secretary Colonel Heard had only been connected for a short time with the Council (since March 1920) but had shown great zeal and interest in forwarding its objects.

Her Excellency the Counters of Reading assumed office as President on 2nd April and Lieutenant-Colonel T. Carey-Evans as Honorary Secretary.

Major-General Edwards was absent on furlough from March to October and his place on the Council was taken by Major-General Robinson, Officiating Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

Dr. Kate Platt, Principal of the Lady Hardinge College, Delhi, resigned on leaving India in May and her place has been filled by her successor Dr. Gertrude Campbell.

Sin G. M. Chitnavi, and Sir Fazulbhoy Curimbhoy resigned early in the year and their places as representatives of the Central Provinces Branch and Bombay Branch respectively have been taken by Sir Maneckji B Dadabhoy and Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy.

Colonel J. K. Close was absent on furlough during part of the year and his place was taken by the Officiating Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals United Provinces

Mr Motshead representing Bihat and Orissa has been succeeded by Mr. Hammond

Mr Allen representing Assam has been succeeded by Mr. Dentith.

Major-General Giffard representing Madras has been succeeded by Mr. Lloyd.

Kunwar Maharaj Singh, Lady Whyte and Dr. Agnes Scott on the invitation of Her Excellency became members of the Council during the

The Report of the Women's Medical Service for India will be found at page 5.

Scholarships for further study in the United Kingdom have been awarded during the past year to Miss N. R. Macadam, M.B., Bombay and Miss McMurray, Madras.

The five Gilchrist Scholarships were held by the following students at the Lady Hardinge College, Delhi :-

> Miss Christi, Miss Shahane, Miss K. Kaksar, Miss Martha Devi Nair and Miss S. Chowdhury.

> The Dinshaw Petit Scholarship at the Grant Medical College, Bombay, is held by Miss Shirali and the Muir Scholarship by Miss Fernandez.

> In addition 11 scholarships are held by students at the Lady Hardinge Medical College, Delhi.

Two Muir scholarships are paid to students at the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, and one to a student at the Grant Medical College, Bombay.

The Madras post graduate scholarship was held by Miss G. Ghanadeepam from 1st January to 17th February and Miss B. Williams from 1st May to 15th August. The present holder is Miss E. Ivatts.

The special scholarships mentioned in last year's Report offered in order that women students at the Calcutta Medical College might take practical obstetrics at the Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta, were held for a short time by Miss Halloran and Miss Jordan. These students were however removed by order of the Officiating Principal, Calcutta Medical College and the scholarships have not again been applied for. In view of the present difficulties of Indian Medical Colleges in securing labour cases for teaching of male students and the fact that 400 cases of labour were delivered last year at the Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta, it is surprising that more advantage is not taken of the Council's scholarships, so relieving to some extent the congestion at the Eden Hospital, Calcutta.

Post graduate courses for medical women in the modern methods of agnosis and treatment of Venereal Diseases were held at Deolali, Agra and The first was attended by 16 medical women of the first grade, the second and third by 15 medical women of the 2nd grade. A detailed account of the courses will be found in Annexure IV, page 87.

A silver Queen Empress medal was awarded to Miss Maneckbhai Khanderas Navalkar of the Grant Medical College, Bombay.

A Viceroy's silver medal was awarded to Mrs. Sona Susan Dayal.

Medical Service for India.

Womens

Scholarships and Prizes.

A Duffeiin Piize was awarded to Sub-Assistant Surgeon Jagwanti Devi of the Women's Medical School, Agra. A prize competition for Essays on the "Care of the Baby" was again.

held

A Guant-in-Aid has been given to the Provincial Committee in Baluchistan for the upkeep of Women's Hospitals in Quetta, Sibi and Lotalai. The Hospital at Fort Sandeman is temporarily closed, as the women of the place have not returned in any number since the recent disturbances

A grant has also been given to the N-W. F. Provincial Committee towards the upkeep of the Zenana Hospital at Dera Ismail Khan.

grants-la ald.

The usual grant to the Provincial Committee in Assam has been increased, in order to enable the salaries of the women sub-assistant surgeons under the Dufferin Fund to be saised to the same level as those under the Local Government The salaries are now Rs 75 per mensem rising to Rs 175 per mensem

An application was made by the Bombay Branch for assistance in carrying on the Cama Nursing School at Bombay The Council fully appreciated the importance of this School not only to the Bombay Presidency but to many other parts of India, but in view of the fact that no appeal for its support had yet been made in the Bombay Piesidency it decided for the time to give a loan only of Rs. 7,500 to carry the School through its immediate difficulties.

The Burmah Branch having decided to forbid private practice to the officer of the Women's Medical Service stationed at Rangoon, the Council decided to withdraw the services of its medical officer, but sanctioned a grant of Rs 200 per mensem towards the upkeep of the hospital

The usual grant of Rs. 6,000 was paid to the United Provinces Branch, the Local Government adding to it a sum of Rs 14,000 for improvement of Dufferin Hospitals.

The Lady Chelmsford All-India League for Maternity and Child Wel- Lady fare which was organised in the Council's office has now its independent Chelmsterd office staff. A proposal is under consideration to carry on the several Funds League. which are under Her Excellency's Presidency by means of a common office organisation. Partly with this end in view an addition has been built to the Dufferin office in Simla

The Secretarial work of the Delhi Health School, which is under the Lady Chelmsford League, is still carried on in the Council's office at the School time of writing, but the post of Secretary has been accepted by Mrs. Ruth Young, MB, who will shortly take over the Secretarial duties (Annexure IV.)

Her Excellency Lady Reading since her arrival in India has been much concerned with the importance of assisting and consolidating the existing organisations for the medical relief of the women of India. Although many

new avenues of usefulness may advantageously be opened up in the future, she realises all will depend for their success on the stability and efficiency of the organisations for the provision and training of medical women and the keeping up of Women's Hospitals, namely the Countess of Dufferin's Fund and the Lady Hardinge Medical College for women. Her Excellency has therefore issued a public appeal for a "Women of India Fund" which it is hoped will remain permanently open and will be used from time to time to assist departments most needing help. In the first instance it will be used to complete the buildings of the Lady Hardinge Hospital, Delhi and then to open a first class Women's Hospital in Simla. Later Her Excellency hopes to further the organisation of an Indian Nurses Association. In consequence the formation of the Dufferin Nurses Board mentioned in last year's report will be left to the new organisation. Fuller details are published in Annexure III, page 83.

In concluding the Report we desire to convey the thanks of the Council to the many friends who have assisted the work of the Dufferin Fund during the past year especially Nr. J. J. Meikle, Superintendent of the Government Printing Press, Calcutta, for his careful and excellent work in connection with the report and other publications from time to time issued.

T. J. CAREY EVANS, M.C., F.R.C.S., I.M.S.,

Honorary Secretary.

M. I. BALFOUR, M.B., W.M.S., Joint Secretary.

SECTION II.

Report of the Women's Medical Service for India for the year 1921.

(1) General Report.

On January 1st, 1921, there were 33 medical officers on the cadre of the Service Of these the following have since resigned.

Dr. F A Scort

Dr. M. JERVIS

the usual notice baving been dispensed with.

DR. SCOTT REID

DR M. THOMPSON.

DR. M E. IRWIN DR C. WICKHAM

whose notices will shortly expire

The resignation of D₁ K Platt, referred to last year, took effect from May.

The following new officers have been admitted on probation :-

MISS GERTRUDE CAMPBELL, M D, CH B, Glas.

" M. E IRWIN, M B, CH B, Belfast.

" D R FAIRBAIRN, M R C.S , L R.C P , Lond

, A O'REILLY, M R.C.S, L R C.P, Lond

, E. M. CLARKE, M B, CH B, Edin

" M. CUTHBERT, M.B., CH.B., ST Andlews.

" E. MATTHAI, M.R C.S., L.R C.P., Lond.

M STEWART, M.B , CH B., Edin.

" F. B. Mason, M.B., CH B, St. Andrews.

" A. R H. Greig, M.B, Ch B., Edin.

, E. B. HOLLWAY, M.B., B.S., Lond. D.P.H

,, J. H. MacIlroy, M.B., Ch.B., D.Sc., D.P.H., Glas.

The following officers were granted furlough out of India:-

DR. GERTRUDE CAMPBELL, (Extraordinary leave.)

Dr. Ma Saw Sa.

Dr. M. C. Murphy.

DR D. F. CURIEL.

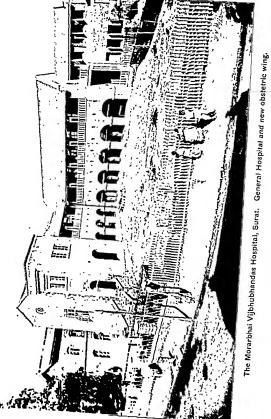
Nine months' leave on medical certificate has been granted to Dr. M. A. D. Naoroji.

The Kaisar-i-Hind modal of the first class for public service in India has been awarded to Dr. M. V. Wobb, and of the second class to Dr. S. H. Commissariat.

Dr. Degmar Curjel has gained the D. P. H. Camb, with distinction in Chemistry.

The following postings and transfers were effected during the year:-

- Dr. A. L. MacKenzie to take charge of the Raj Dufferin Hospital, Bettiah, on 21st April relieving Miss D. Bolton, J.W.M.S., vesigned.
- Dr. H. M. Franklin to officiate in charge of the Lady Hardinge Medical College, from May to September, vice Dr. K. Platt, resigned.
- Dr. Gertrade Campbell to take charge of the office of Principal, Lady Hardinge College, on 9th September.
- Dr. A. C. Scott to take charge of the Dufferin Block, Ripon Hospital, Simla, in addition to her own duties, from 30th April to 15th October.
- Mrs. F. D. Barnes to take up an enquiry under the Government of Bombay, into the maternity conditions of women industrialworkers in the Bombay Presidency, with effect from 5th November.
- Dr. D. F. Curjel, on return from furlough, to take up an enquiry under the Government of Bengal into the maternity conditions of women industrial workers, with effect from 6th November.
- Dr. D. Fairbairn to take charge of the Lady Hardinge Hospital, Akola, with effect from 4th November.
- Dr. O'Brien Beadon on return from furlough to be seconded for service under the Government of Madras, to take charge of the Victoria Hospital, Madras, with effect from 15th March 1921.
- Dr. M. V. Webb to be seconded for service under the Government of the United Provinces, and to take charge of the office of Principal, Women's Medical School, Agm, with effect from 9th November.
- Dr. H. Lazarus to take charge of the Caste and Gosha Hospital, Vizagapatam, with effect from 30th December.
- Dr. H. Matthai to take charge of the Seth Morarbhai Vrijbhukhandas Hospital, Surat, vice Dr. H. Lazarus, transferred.
- Dr. E. Hamilton Browne, to take charge of the Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta, on 5th October, vice Dr. Webb, transferred.
- Dr. D. D'Abreu to take charge temporarily of the Lady Elgin Hospital, Jubbulpore, with effect from 18th October, vice Dr.. Hamilton Browne, transferred.



The work done in most of the hospitals has been excellent, and in nearly all the numbers treated have increased. The financial position is in most cases difficult, but in one or two improvement has taken place owing to the increased popularity of the hospital leading to a larger number of subscriptions, and the realisation of larger sums from hospital stoppages. It is clearly of importance not only that the standard of efficiency of the service should be kept high but that hospital Committees should provide suitable buildings and good nursing staffs with the object in time of making the hospitals at least to some extent self-supporting. A hospital with imperfect buildings, poorly paid and discontented staff, and inadequate equipment, will necessarily find its patients deserting it, if a more progressive institution is available.

Reports or extracts from Reports of officers of the service are attached.

M. I. BALFOUR,

"Chief Medical Officer, Women's Medical Service.

(2) Reports from Officers of the Service.

LADY HARDINGE MEDICAL COLLEGE, DELHI.

Report for 1921.

College Report.

Senior Staff.

Principal and Profession Gynacology	or of •	Obste	trics a	าเไ	MISS G. J. CAMPBELL, M.D., CH.E. (Glasg.) W.M.S.
Vice-Principal and Proj	C5801	of Si	irgery	•	MISS H. M. FRANKLIN, M.B., B.S. (Lond.), W.M.S.
Professor of Medicine	•		•		Miss G. STAPLETON, M.D., B.S. (Lond.), W.M.S.
Professor of Pathology			•	•	Miss M. G. Thompson, M.B., B.Ch., B.Sc. (Belfast), D.T.M. (Liverpool), W.M.S.
Professor of Anatomy	.•	•	•	•	MISS M. C. MURPHY, M.B. (Cal.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), W.M.S.
Professor of Physiology			•		MRS. UFFOLD, Hon. Schools Nat. Soi. (Oxon.)
Professor of Chemistry		•	٠,	•	MISS M. M. BIIN, M.A., B.Sc. (Aberdeen). MISS M. L. HETT, B.Sc. (Lond.)
Professor of Biology . Professor of Physics and	Ma	thema	tics	•	Miss P. M. Borthwick, B.Sc. (Bond)
Lecturer on English Warden and Secretary	•		,	•	M.Sc. (Briston). MRS. MARSH, Hon. Schools Classics (Oxon.) MISS M. W. JESSON, Maths. Tripos (Cantab.)

LADY HARDINGE MEDICAL COLLEGE AND HOSPITAL.

College Report.

The shadow on 1921 was the resignation in May of Dr. K. A. Platt. On hes, as first principal, devolved the burden of initiating and developing the college. How successfully she did this, in spite of the war and many other difficulties, is well known to all When ill-health made it no longer possible for Dr. Platt, in the hot weather, to do as much as formerly for the college, she chose to withdraw rather than give it her second best, although everyone tried hand to dissuade her inom leaving. As home representative of the Governing Body, she will still be able to help us from afar.

Dr. H. M. Franklin, who was appointed vice-principal in Aggust, and Miss M. W. Jesson, the secretary and warden, shared the responsibilities of administration, in addition to their other duties, till Dr G J Campbell arrived in September. Dr. G. Stapleton at the same time gave up the professorship of obstetrics and gynaccology, and took over that of medicine.

Dr. M. C. Murphy went home in June on 144 months' leave, and Dr. M. I Irwin came in September to act for her. Dr. E. M. Clark joined the college in August and is working chiefly in the pathological department. Changes among non-included members of the staff need not be recorded here.

When the session began in September, there was again no lack of suitable candidates for admission, and there are now 85 students in residence. As the course of study lasts for seven years (2 in science and 5 in medicine) and as the college was opened less than six years ago, there has not yet been time for any medical graduates to pass out, but, in May 1923, nine students will appear at Lahore for the final examination for the M. B. B. S. degree, and thereafter the college should turn out annually an increasing number of highly qualified medical women. It is a pity that Dr. Platt was not able to wait and see her first students qualify, but it is fitting that, in her last year of office, the examination results should have been exceptionally good. In May 1921, ten students entered for the second professional examination; of these nine passed, one with honours in pathology. For the first professional 13 entered, of whom 12 passed the whole examination, while the 13th was referred in one subject and appeared successfully for it in October. Two of the 13 topped the University list of both men and women candidates. one taking honours in physiology. The result of the Intermediate Science examination have also been very good. In November, affiliation of the college with the Punjab University was extended to include the subjects of the final M. B., B. S. examination.

The students have not only worked hard, but have proved themselves keen on sport. Basket ball seems to be the favourite game, but tennis, badminton and hockey are also popular. The students have shown much initiative in getting up social entertainments, and have evidently appreciated the lectures delivered to them by distinguished visitors.

At the prize-giving on Founder's Day (17th March) the prizes were distributed by the Begum of Bhopal who has, from the beginning, taken a great interest in the college, and H. E. Lady Chelmsford sent a farewell message. On the 22nd November 1921 H. E. the Countess of Reading paid her first visit as patron of the college and inspected it and the hospital, suggesting several improvements in the latter.

Hospital Report.

Miss L. Mackenzie, the nursing superintendent, went home on a year's combined leave in February. She has been greatly missed by other members of the staff and also by the patients, who appreciate her kindly care and knowledge of their wants. Miss G. McCready arrived from London and joined the hospital as a nursing-sister on the 22nd December.

As the 4th year of the medical course was started in August, students for the first time became available as clinical clerks, and nine were posted, in equal numbers, to the medical, the surgical and the obstetric and gynecological wards. They hold these posts for three months at a time.

Statistics of work are given in the table at the end, so need not be repeated here. The average daily number of in-patients throughout 1921 was (79.8) and the amount paid for room rent, medicines and treatment was Rs. 8,120, both encouraging figures for a hospital not yet five years old. The number of selected operations was 104, of which 53 were abdominal sections.

The third block of the nurses' hostel has been under construction during the year, and is nearly finished. The building of an administration block with two operating-theatres and offices, and of two extra hospital units with accommodation for 100 patients has been begin. To complete the buildings and equipment an additional sum of five lakhs of rupees is urgently required. It was with great relief that we learned, towards the end of the year, that H. E. the Countess of Reading had issued an appeal for the Women of India, and that one object of Her Excellency's fund was to-complete the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital.

The income available for maintenance charges has also become inadequate, but it is hoped that, in response to an application made by the Governing Body, further help from Government will soon be forthcoming. It is

unthinkable that the only University Medical College for women in the whole of India should be allowed to come to guief for lack of funds.

G: J. CAMPBELL, M D., W.M.S.,
Principal.

Report of the Women's Medical School and Hospital, Agra-

Dr. G.-J. Campbell was Principal up to March 1921 when she went on leave for 6 months and I took over charge

Dr. M. A. D. Naoroji iesumed charge of her duties as 2nd Medical woman in January 1921. She was transferred to Cawnpore in March and Dr. Paul the 3rd Medical Woman did the work in addition to her own duties until April when Dr. Lillie, who was appointed 2nd Medical Woman, took over charge. In September Dr. Lillie was transferred to Cawnpore and Dr. Fairbairn relieved her 'On November 9th, Dr. Webb took over charge as Principal and I reverted to the post of 2nd Medical Woman relieving Dr. Fairbairn who was transferred to Akola.

In spite of the numerous changes on the staff the popularity of the hospital has not decreased which may perhaps be attributed to the following causes:—

- (a) Mrs. Copeutt has continued her untiling work for the maternity except for a short time in the hot weather when a severe attack of malaria compelled her to take sick leave.
- (6) The road running through the Lady Lyall Hospital referred to in last 'yea's report has been closed as a thoroughfare, thus ensuing more privacy for the patients Also after many changes the running department of the Lady Lyall Hospital was in the bands of Alra. Weight from October 1920 to September 1921 and her kind and sympathetic manner was a great attraction to the patients. Miss Pink the Superintendent of the Women's Medical School Hostel continues to work successfully.

Buildings.—A new mortuary has been constructed in connection with the Women's Medical School.

Waterline and taps have been provided for the old sheds, European and Pardah wards of the Lady Lyall Hospital.

A partition in the dressing 100m of the quarters of the 2nd Medical woman has been constructed.

The existing doors in the Hindu and Mohomedan wards of the Maternity Hospital have been replaced by wide ones ment to the post of Principal of the Women's Medical School at

It was very hard to tear myself away, especially before the new buildings were in use. I must here thank those who helped me so much during my 7½ years in the Dufferin Hospital; the Honorary Secretaries, especially Mr. H. F. Elliott, the Members of the Hospital Committee; and most of all these loyal and hard working staff, medical, nursing, and menial. There were years at a time during the war when we were short handed, but there were very few occasions when patients suffered for that shortness, the results were chiefly seen in the tired faces and footsore feet of the Senior Nursing staff. February 1021 brought great relief to them and the advent of two sisters in that month helped me to carry on the hospital for six weeks with only one inexperienced house surgeon, instead of two house surgeons and a Resident Medical Officer.

Dr. D'Abreu was appointed to the latter post in March and stayed with us till transferred to Jubbulpore in October.

In January and February we had a post graduate course for sub-assistant surgeons; four attended, the roungest of whom had been at her hospital for 12 years without seeing new methods of work in any other place. They were fortunate in being allowed to attend most of the lectures and clinics for assistant surgeons attending the special post graduate class in venereal Diseases this lasted for a fortnight in February, unfortunately only two assistant surgeons came.

There was another great forwar'd step for future medical women made during the year, when the first two women students of the Medical College, Calcutta took their practical midwifery at the Dufferin Hospital.

The work of the Hospital advanced steadily; there was some falling off in receipts from paying patients; but the number of abdominal operations and midwifery cases was greater than in the corresponding ten months of any previous year.

M. V. WEBB, L.R.C.P., W.M.S.

Report of the Government Victoria Hospital, Madras, for the year 19²¹.

The year 1921 has seen considerable changes in this Hospital, for although the Government of Madras took over the Hospital in April 1920, it was only in 1921 that this transfer became effective. The Hospital had been starved through lack of funds but in 1921 a comparatively large amount

was spent on linen, instruments, etc., the Hospital has now a very fair equipment though even now there remains much to furnish as funds permit

The South Indian Branch of the Red Cross through the kindness of Her Excellency the Lady Willingdon, C. I, D. B. E., gave a donation of Its 500 which was expended on instruments and injection apparatus.

There has been a considerable increase in the number of abdominal operations performed-51 this year as compared with 11 the previous year, among the cases were two of Caesarean Section who both did well, which appears not to be so commonly required in Madras as it is in the North : as no case had been done in this Hospital for three years previously. Among these abdominal operations there were only two deaths, one an old feeble woman with a retro-peritoneal abscess, the other a patient whose nterus had raptured before admission to Hospital; a highly creditable result which is largely due to the skill and care exhibited in the nursing by the Theatre Sister; Sister Paczensky, to whom I tender most grateful thanks tion to the abdominal work a beginning has been made of operating on cases of Elephantiasis of the legs Lanz's operation was performed twice with moderately encouraging results. It is hoped to extend this work in future. There have also been a large number of Gynæcological operations The amount of general surgery met with 1s very limited-it would appear as if the Indian Woman does not suffer from cancer of the breast and other parts, outside the generative organs, as much in the South as in the North of India. Certainly the rarity with which we see such condition here is very striking.

I took over charge of the Hospital from Dr. F. A. Scott, W. M. S., on 15-3-1921.

The Assistant Superintendent Dr. Devasahayam, Lady Apothecary has worked throughout the year. She has gained great experience and is very popular with the patients whose confidence she has gained. There have been the usual changes among the House Surgeons, but we have had two, either graduates of Madras University or Lady Apothecaries who have had very hard work and have shown great zeal throughout the year. There is a large amount of Clinical work to be done as will be realized when the average number of patients in Hospital is 88 8 per diem, and the Hospital would benefit if a couple of Clinical Clerks were appointed from among the senior women students in the Medical College. The Hospital has received great help from the King Institute, Guindy, where the blood is sent in all suspicious cases. Many cases of typhoid have had the Widal reaction done, and a large number of Wassermann reactions have been examined. This is of great help, as the diagnosis in these diseases is often very obscure. Treatment of syphilis with organic arsenic compounds has been administered in a large number of cases after a positive diagnosis has been obtained from Guindy, and it is gratifying to find that the nomen continue to come up for

injections after leaving the Hospital. These out-patients are required to provide their own drugs.

The Matron has worked steadily throughout the year, and the Hospital is greatly indebted to her untiring vigilance.

The Office Staff remains unchanged: The work of the Steward and of the Typist is very great and has been well performed to my satisfaction throughout the year.

The Red Cross through the kindness of Her Excellency also gave a Gramophone to the Nurses which is greatly appreciated, and sent a cheque for gifts for the patients at Christmas which gave great pleasure.

MARY O'BRIEN BEADON, M.B., W.M.S.,

Superintendent, Government Victoria Hospital for Caste & Gosha Women Madras.

28th January 1922.

Report of the Lady Dufferin Hospital, Karachi.

The following is a brief summary of the work of this hospital during 1921—

Total	Numbe	r of new out-door patients (to date)		. 1	10,927
. ,,	,,	,, ,, in-door ,, ,, ,,	•		1,398
,,	,,	" " Gynæcological cases .			-290
"	"	" Labour cases (to date)	•		395
"	,,	" Normal Labours (to date) .	•		290
,,	"	" Abnormal Labours (to date) .	•		105
,,	. ,,	" Operations (in-door only) .			376
"	,,	" Abdominal operations			31

There has been a slight falling-off of work since November owing largely to the non-co-operative spirit in Karachi, but in the meantime we have been busy with various repairs to buildings, painting, etc. One building has been entirely repaired and repainted, and is just being completed at the time of writing.

The work of the Hospital is greatly held up on account of shortage of staff. There have been one or two changes in staff since I took over charge of the Hospital in November, and Miss Rigg (Lady Superintendent, now Mrs. Murray) went on combined leave in December, and Miss Dawson has come from the J. J. Hospital, Bombay, and is now doing her work.

The Surgeon-General inspected the Hospital at the beginning of December, and found everything satisfactory.

C. HART, M.R.C.S., W.M.S., Physician-in-Charge.

Report of the Morarbhai Vijbhukhandas Hospital for Women and Children, Surat, for 1921.

There has been a general incease in the working of the Hospital though the year. The number of Out-Patients when compared with that of last year, up to date, has sisen by nearly a thousand, and the number of In-Patients by a hundred There has been an increase in obstetric cases also and in operations—both major and minor. This year we had seven abdominals as against two of the previous year.

The Septic Block, which was given to us by M1 Chunilal Chandulal, was completed in June and has been occupied since then The ceiling of the Surgical Ward is in a precarious condition and I hope the Public Works Department will soon begin and complete the repairs. The house for Nurses' Quarters has not yet been acquired. The acquisition proceedings are still going on. The quarters are badly needed to make the nurses and pupils more comfortable and to relieve the Ward for medical cases. The ladies of the Visiting Committee are busy organizing a Fancy Fair for equipping the New Nurses' Quarters and M1s Ranjit Kalabhai has already collected Rs 600 and more towards the equipment.

During the year four pupils were sent up for the B. P. N. A. Examination in Midwifery and all passed One of these is on the Hospital Staff while the other three are engaged in Hospitals or private practice

There will have been a few changes in the Hospital Staff before the end of the year. The Matron, Miss Sheffield, has had to leave this month: Dr. Collins, the House Surgeon, has just been temporarily relieved by Dr. Mascarenhas: Dr. Matthai is expected here shortly to take my place.

The members of the Managing Committee and Ladies Visiting Committee have greatly helped us through the year by their sympathy and interestd in the Hospital. Mrs Kabnaji visited us frequently and helped in several ways. It was primarily due to her efforts that the fund for the equipment of the Nurses' Quarters was started Rao Bahadur Ranjit Kalabhah by his never ceasing energies has as in past years secured for us quite handsome donations for bed endowments, equipment, etc.

Surat, 11th December 1921. H. M. LAZARUS, wus, Medical Officer-in-Charge. injections after leaving the Hospital. These out-patients are required to provide their own drugs.

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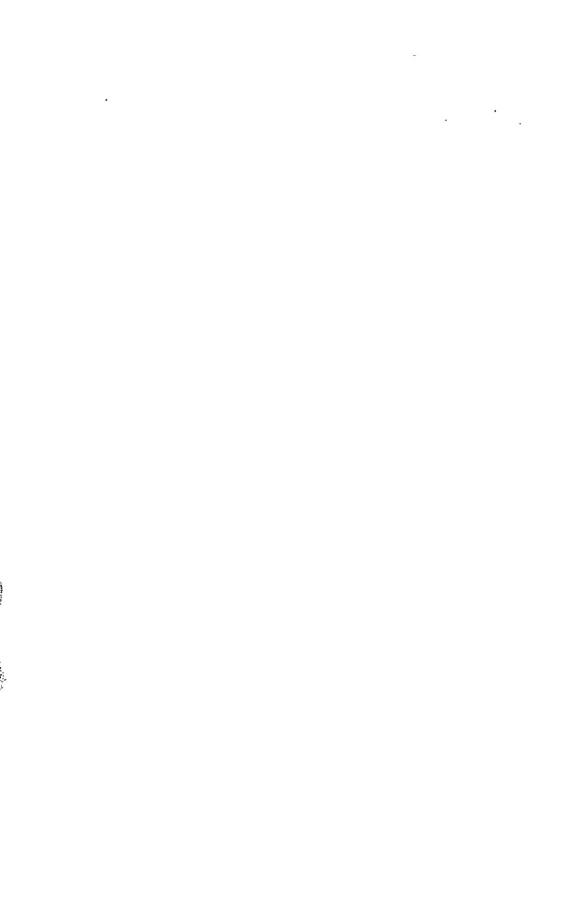
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Surat, 11th December 1921. H. M. LAZARUS, WHS,
Medical Officer-in-Charge.



a sum of Rs. 6,000 having been voted towards the erection of Nurses' Quarters. The Cottage floors are also to be made pueca.

V. A selection of new instruments and a new steriliser arrived from Messrs Down Bros. early in the year, and this has greatly added to the equipment of the Theatre. A supply of Linen has also been acquired.

VI. I have to record the grant of 2 sums of money Rs. 1,200 and 1,272 respectively from Patna to cover the expenses arising from raised prices and the training of probationers. It is expected that these will be roted to us yearly.

The usual annual Budget allotment of Rs. 1,200 for the purchase of drugs being considered inadequate, it was raised by Rs. 500 during the

year under review.

As we do not diet our patients and as we draw them from a decent class, it is possible to get from them money for the more expensive medicines. This means a saving to the hospital, and does not react unfavoumbly on the patients. A separate sum should, however, be reserved to meet these needs of very poor patients.

VII. It is gratifying to have a Committee the members of which are keenly interested in the institution, and who are ready to give me their fall support in any scheme brought forward in the interests of the hospital. Much remains to be done, and I am confident all will be put through gradually.

WIL. Dr. Balfour, Chief Medical Officer, W.M.S., paid her annual visit in October. The Inspector General Col. Austen Smith, as also the Offg. Inspector General Col. Maddox inspected the huspital in January and October respectively. Both have made suggestions which would go for towards remedying existing/defects and fulfilling the requirements of the hospital.

Mrs. Rowland and Mrs. N. K. Lal of the Ladies Visiting Committee

nent round the hospital during the course of the year.

I have much pleasure in tendering my thanks to Mr Madan, I C.S., the Administrator for the active interest he takes in the working of the hospital.

1X. I would extractly ask the Committee for a New Operation Room adequately ventilated and lighted, as the present one is very deficient in these particulars. The latter could be converted into another Ward.

The firsts of the hospital are in a fourthing continue, the has year closing with a latence of Rs. 11.245-2-5.

L. D' MENEZES, 12.622, 13.83, Uclimi Symmittedeni, Ledy Ilgis Zenta Empiral, Sept.

hands. I have to thank the different Principals who have held the appointment for the careful confidential reports as to the characters and capabilities of the students as they pass out of the School, that they have given me. It has been of great assistance in the subsequent arrangement of their posts.

Mrs. Hopkins, a member of our Committee has shewn great interest in our Hospitals, visiting them when possible and noting their requirements. She succeeded in raising Rs 5,400 by means of a Raffle. This amount was divided in proportionate shares amongst the Hospitals for the purchase of necessary articles of furnitue and equipment. We have also to thank Mrs. O'Neill for getting up a Concert in aid of the Dufferin Hospital at Aleerut. This was a great help as the Hospital does not get much local support although it does excellent work.

. All the Medical work in connection with women was transferred last year to my office. The Inspector General expresses himself as satisfied with the way this has worked and wishes it to continue. I myself have found it so interesting and engrossing that the days have gone by all too quickly and I can hardly realise that my two years agreement will expire next month; it seems to have ended before it has hardly begun. It is with the greatest regret that I relinquish my post and terminate my connection with the Women's Medical Service. It is only those who can look back to the chaotic conditions of service under the Dufferin Fund twenty years ago who can really appreciate what the W. M. S. I. has done for medical women and what its members owe to Dr Ballour for her powers of organisation and able administration as its Secretary. I should like to take this opportunity of tendering her my personal thanks for all she has done for the cause of medical women in India.

My last but chief point in my report is to express my great indebtedness to the Inspector General Colonel Close for the sympathetic encouragement and help he has always given me in my work.

The knowledge that his sound advice and opinion are always available has done much to lighten responsibility and my term of service in his Office has been a very pleasurable one.

As I conclude this report a G O, has come into the Office to the effect that this appointment is to be abolished in February next. I am astounded and dismayed at the decision. It seems hardly credible that such a retrograde step should be possible. I am now at the end of 25 years' service in India and my experience during the last 4 years of administrative work has more than ever impressed upon me the essential need of a medical woman to supervise the medical work of women. In these Provinces all the medical work (with the exception of the Agra Women's Medical School which has been provincialised), the training of nurses, midwives and compounders is comprised under the Dufferin Fund. In addition to the seven members of the W. M. S., about 70 Indian and Anglo Indian assistant surgeous and sub-

assistant surgeons are employed. It has to be recognised that as a rule the latter have not very stong moral fibre. Many of them are posted in isolated. districts away from their homes and friends and it is specially important that they should have someone to consider their interests, difficulties, and temptations. Quite recently I met a capable young Indian woman who had been in Government service but was now working in a Mission. I asked her why she had left and she explained to me that her difficulties and the temptation which beset her were such that she was afraid to remain and had sought the protection of the Mission. She added "Had there been someone like your doctor, who would have come to see me to whom I could have explained things and looked to for help I would never have left. I was doing well inprivate practice and liked my work." No doubt there are other similar cases and it is important that employees in Government Service should feel something of the same sense of help and protection that a Mission can offer them. The posting of the women in places suitable to their individual characters and capabilities requires much careful thought and consideration. It is not possible that the Inspector General with his manifold duties and responsibilties could find time to give to women's work the special attention it requires, nor is it to be expected that he should bring his great mind to bear on the meticulous details of schemes of work among indigenous dais, the training and examination of midwives, etc., but for the organisation of which professional training and experience is undoubtedly necessary.

I carnestly hope that Government may reconsider its decision with regard to this appointment in the interests of all the women's medical work in the Provinces.

C. M. WICKHAM, w.m.s.,

Assistant to the Inspector General of Civil Hospitals,

United Provinces.

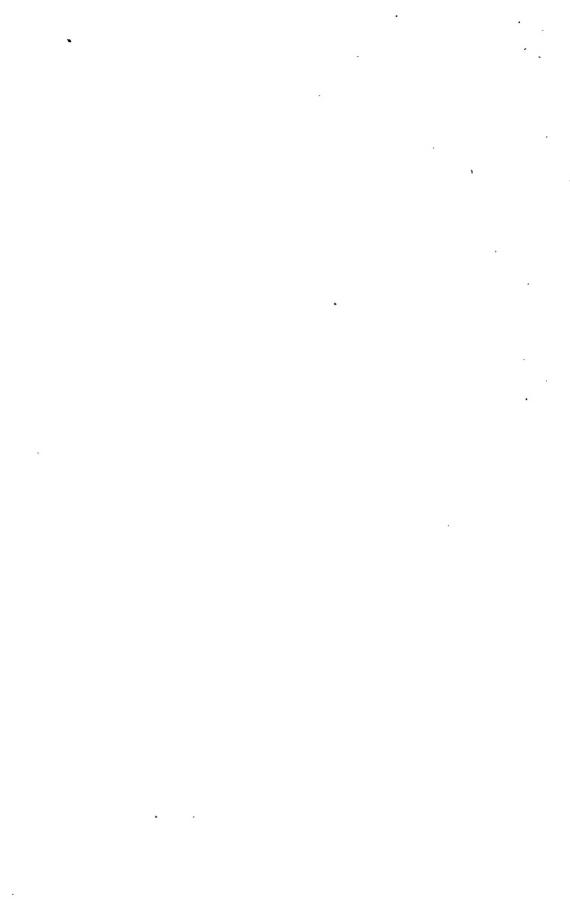
Report by Dr. Agnes C. Scott, M.B., S.M.O., W.M.S.I., Assistant to Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, for the year 1921.

During the year under report I have held the above post and in additionfor 5½ months was in charge of the Dufferin Block, Simla, and acted as-Honorary Secretary to the following:—

- (a) Lady Aitchison Hospital, Lahore.
- (b) Punjab Branch, Countess of Dufferin Fund.
- (c) Central Midwives Board, Punjab.
- (d) Lady Chelmsford League for Maternity and Child Welfare.

Question.	Answer in candidate's hand-writing.
10. How employed since leaving medi- cal cellege, school, or hospital F	
Please give full particulars with dates.	
	•
•	
1 3	
7.7.4	
1	
11. State pay and allowances of pre- sent appointment?	
10 The Alexandrian Property Company	
12. Has the candidate preference for any special Province, if she is elected for the Service?	
13. Poes candidate agree to join Provident Fund?	
14. Has she seen and does she accept all regulations?	

Question.	Answer in candidate's	hand-writing.
15. For any remarks the candidate desires to make?		
	[
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	(
	1	•
	ļ	
16. Address in full.	ĺ	
	1	
		•
•	1 .	
, '	(•
,		
* .		
•	Dated	Signature.



ANNEXURE I.

The financial statement appended shows the income and expenditute of the Council for the year 1921. The year closed with a balance in hand of Rs. 2.65.748-3-0.

The ordinary income of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund derived from interest on investments, etc., during the year amounted to Rs. 47,177, of which Rs. 1,339 pertains to Trust Funds.

The ordinary expenditure of the Council during the year was Rs. 36,124-8-0. The expenditure on grants-in-aid towards the objects of the Association amounted to Rs. 12,600.

The Council spent Rs. 8,645 on various scholarships, the total workincludes cost of the Fund during the year amounted to Rs. 14,600, which includes cost of extension of the office building of the Fund.

A sum of Rs. 1,10,000 was withdrawn from fixed deposits, etc., and invested at a higher rate of interest in the Government of India and Bombay Government Loans.

Women's Medical Service for India.

A aubsidy of Rs. 4,24,445 was received from the Government of India to meet the cost of the Women's Medical Service for India. In addition the amount derived from investments amounted to Rs. 12,625.

The ordinary expenditure of the Women's Medical Service for India during the year was Rs. 2,78,572.

The expenditure on salaries and leave allowances of Medical Officers amounted to Rs. 2,19,577.

Travelling expenses to Medical Officers amounted to Rs. 25,000 and the share of office expenses for the Women's Medical Service for India amounted to Rs. 14,600.

A sum of Rs. 48,000 was invested, of which Rs. 40,000 was withdrawn from fixed deposit and invested at higher interest and Rs. 8,000 was to meet the Provident Fund Liability.

Junior Branch (Worren's Medical Service).

Salaries, leave allowances and travelling capers and factorial samounted to Rs. 20,000 and contributes from Province Province Rs. 15,000.

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Central Committee

Receipts.	Deta	ils;		Тот	AL.	٠.
Cash Balance on 1st January 1921	Rs.	a.	<i>p</i> •	Rs.	α.	p. 9
Income of Fund—						
Subscriptions and Donations, Life Councillors .						,
Donation by Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Chelmsford.	••				-	,
Subscriptions and Donations, Life Members .	••					!
Ditto ditto Miscellaneous .	10	0	0			
Contributions from Branches	78	4	3			
Interest on Investments (except Trust Accounts) .	42,954	6	1			
Sundry receipts	2,785	4	9		,	
				45,837	15	1
					•	
The set Associates -						
Henry Fawcett Prizes	865	0	0			
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit	365	0	0			
• •	609	0	0			
Sir John Muir					٠.	_
Gilchrist Scholarships				1,339	0	0
	}					. -
Carried over •		•		1,89,860	6	10

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1921.

Payments.	Details.	TOTAL
	Rs. a. p.	ks. a, p.
Objects of Fund-		
Grants-in-aid, United Provinces Branch	6,000 0 0	}
. Ditto Central Provinces Branch	`	1
Ditto Baluchistan Branch	970 0 0	1
Ditto North-West Frontier Province Branch	1,200 0 0	1
Ditto Assam Branch	2,325 0 0	{
Ditto Burma Branch	2,103 3 7	ļ
Ditto Miscellaneous		}
		12,598 3 7
		}
Scholarships-		j
Central Committee	6,196 15 8]
Gilchrist Trust	1,800 0 0	}
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit	240 0 0	Ì
Sir John Muir	408 0 0	
(8,644 15 8
Gratuities including Books and Medals	89 5 2	
Miscellaneous	120 0 0	
		209 5 2
, Carried over .		21,452 8 5

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Central Committee

Receirts.	Details:	TOTAL.
Cash Balance on 1st January 1921	Re. a. p.	Rs. v. p.
	•	
Income of Fund-		
Subscriptions and Donations, Life Councillos .	••	
Donation by Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Chelmsford.		•
Subscriptions and Donations, Life Members	••	
Ditto ditto Miscellaneous .	10 0 0	
Contributions from Branches	78 4 3	
Interest on Invietments (except Trust Accounts) .	42,954 6 I	
Sundry receipts	2,765 4 9	,
		45,837 15 1
Trust Accounts-		
Henry Fawcott Prizes	865 0 0	
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit	365 0 0	
Sir John Muir	6(9 0 0	
Gliebrist Scholarships	••	1,339 0 0
. Carried over •	••	1,89,860 6 10

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1921.

PAYME	NTS.			Details.	TOTAL
			_	Rs. a. p.	ks. a. p.
Objects of Fund-	•				
Grants-in-aid, United Pr	ovinces Branch	٠.		6,000 0 0	
. Ditto Central Pr	rovinces Branc	ь.		`	\
Ditto Baluchista	an Branch .			970 0 0)
Ditto North-Wes	st Frontier Prov	ince Brai	qcb	1,200 0 0	
Ditto Assam Br	auch			2,325 0 0	1
Ditto Burma Br	anch			2,103 3 7	
Ditto Miscellane	ous			٠.	
S				ļ	12,598 3 7
}				}	1
Scholarships—				}	{
Central Committee				6,196 15 8	
Gilebrist Trust .				1,800 0 0	
Sir Dinshaw Maneck	kjee Petit .			240 n p	
Sir John Muir .				403 0 p	
{					EXEC S
\$			1		
Gratuities including Boo	ks and Medals		.	es I #	
Miscellaneous			. 1	220 f F	
			1		
			į		===
			-		
(Carried o	re .	1	,	<u> </u>

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Central Committee

Receipts.	. Details.	Тотац.
Brought forward .	, -	Rs. a. p. 1,89,860 6 10
Investments Loans, investments, etc., withdrawn	•••-	60,000 0 0
Provident Fund (office establishment)	61 0 0	-
Women's Medical Service for India (Junior Br.: nch)—		61 0 0
Contribution by Branches	15,171 10 8	15,171 10 8
Provident Fund — In eash By deductions from salary Contribution by association Interest for the year	40 0 0 993 12 10 924 12 9 115 10 1	2,077 3 8
Carried over		2,67,170 5 2

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1921-contd.

Paynests.	Details.	TOTAL
Brought forward .	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p. 21,452 8 6.
Expenses of Fund-	1	
Salaries, Wages and Travelling Expenses of Office	6,576 13 11	
Office Contingencies and Expenses of Meetings .	338 11 9	
Telegrams	112 7 6	
Postage and Receipt Stamps	233 0 9	
Commission on realizing Interest, etc.	452 2 8	
Office Building	6,177 11 0	
House Rent	750 0 0	
Repayment of Provident Fund .	31 0 0	
	31 0 0	14077 14 5
}		14,671 15 7
}		
Investments	ĺ	
WOMEN'S MEDICAL SERVICE FOR INDIA (JUNIOR)	•• iI	,19,977 8 0
BRANCH)-	-	
Travelling Expenses	18,628 3 5 1,652 3 6 142 15 6	
Payment of Provident Fund Provident Fund	392 11 2	
Contribution by association	i	20,816 1 7
Interest for the year	924 12 9 715 10 1	
Į.		1,040 6 10
* or share	1	
G 1		
Carried over	1,7	7,959 8 5

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Central Committee

				,
RECEIPTS.		•	Details.	TOTAL.
			Rs. a. g	p. Rs. a. p.
Brough	nt forward		• • •	2,67,170 5 2
Women's Medical Service for Indi	A			
Subsidy from Government		٠	4,24,445 10	8
Interest on investments		٠	12,625 3	1
Provident Fund-				-4,37,070 14 0
In cash		•		7 3
Interest for the year		•	3,368 0	51,589 15 7
Investments—				
Loans, etc., withdrawn		•	••	40,000 0 0
				-
•				
•				
•		-		
	TOTAL	•		7,95,831 2 9

Delhi; The 18th March 1922.

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1921-concld.

. PAYMENTS.	Details.	TOTAL
Brought forward	R: n. p.	Re " p.
Office building	1,93,350 3 3 26,227 1 5 5 25,007 7 0 2,000 0 0 10,689 10 8 4,334 8 0 2,322 5 2 2 1,906 12 3 3,368 0 1 1 388 11 9 112 7 6 6 233 0 8 6,177 11 0 750 0 0	2,63,931 3 6 25,274 12 4 14,610 15 6 - 48,277 8 0
Total Closing balance on 31st December 1921		5,30,082 15 9 2,65,748 3 0
TOTAL		7,05,831 2 9

(Sd.) M. I. BALFOUR, for Honorary Treasurer.

illustrious predecessors in a manner which has gained the admiration of all and has been of lasting benefit to the people of India.

Raja Sir Harnam Singh in seconding the Resolution said all were aware of the keen and hearty interest Her Excellency had taken in the Dufferin Fund since she became its president. It had always been her principle to promote the interest of the Fund and to make the whole scheme worthy of the name and thereby to ameliorate the condition of the women of India. He drew attention also to the Maternity and Child Welfare work of which Her Excellency had laid the foundation. "Goodbyes are always painful, but in this world everything must come to an end. We are grateful to our President for all that she has done most ably. Although we regret that we shall not have in future Her Excellency's kind patronage and wise guidance yet we hope that she will always continue to take an interest in the Lady Dufferin's Fund and the Maternity and Child Welfare Scheme even when she is away from our country. Ladies and Gentlemen we wish our President a long and useful life and all prosperity." (applause.)

Her Excellency then addressed the meeting as follows:-

As this is the last occasion on which I shall preside at a Meeting of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, I feel that I should like to take this opportunity of reviewing the situation of the last five years before saying farewell to the Council.

The work of the Dufferin Fund in which is included the administration of the Women's Medical Service is of very great importance to India. On it depends the supply of medical women for all the more important Women's Hospitals in India, and the maintenance of a very high standard of efficiency depends largely on the choice of its members, and the spirit in which those members fulfil their task. The five years during which I have been connected with it has been marked by steady progress in many directions. The most important has been the increase of the cadre and the increase in the rates of the salaries necessitated by the enhanced cost of living. I am very glad to be able to announce that this is definitely settled to-day. As it is a point on which I have laboured for some time I should have been sorry to have left it undecided.

The increased subsidy which was voted this week enables us both to enlarge the service and to make it more attractive.

I hope the policy will be adopted of co-opting on to this Council 3 or 4 Members of the Legislative Assembly, in order that they may be in touch with its needs and able to speak for it at any time.

The supply of 5 medical women for the Lady Hardinge Medical College is one of the first charges on this Fund. This College is the source from which we hope eventually to recruit many of our members and it is vital to that institution to maintain these medical professors.

The supply of Indian medical women of the required standard is very limited. On the last occasion when an Indian woman was wanted to supply a vacancy only one candidate presented herself and she eventually decided not to leave the rost she was in.

We have also created a Junior W. M. S., branch, but our funds for these purposes are not large, and both its pay and prospects need to be improved to make it really attractive

It will probably be necessary to apply for a special grant to create this into a valuable service.

The members of this service should be available as assistants in the larger Hospitals, and also could be placed in charge of the smaller Hospitals to gain administrative experience.

We have revised our Schölarships, but I should still like to see them as well as all scholarships of the same kind raused to make them of greater educational value.

We have also instituted a br-annual meeting of this Council and invited the provinces to send in reports of their work, hoping by this means to encourage closer co-operation and better mutual understanding

These and numberless smaller matters have received our constant care and deliberation.

I should not like to conclude without referring to the very great help tendered to me by Colonel Austen Smith, and his immense zeal and untiring energy in the work.

And I should like also to record my most hearty appreciation of the work and labour of Dr Margaret Balfour, who as Joint Secretary, has devoted herself whole-heartedly to the work. No one has any idea how stienuously she has worked, or how entirely devoted she is to the objects of the Fund. She spends herself unsparingly for it, and is really the mainspring of the whole organisation. I hope she will long continue its able Joint Secretary.

My thanks are also due to Colonel Heard and to the many members of the Executive and General Councils for the hours they have devoted from their busy lives to attend to the affairs of the Fund.

I lay down the work with great regret and shall continue to be interested in it after I have left India, and if in any way I can help it forward I shall always be happy to do so

. I hope that it will long continue to grow and prosper and be an increasing boon and blessing to India."

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ANNEXURE III. .

The Lady Reading Women of India Fund.

Letter from Her Excellency the Countess of Reading.

During the few months I have as yet spent in India there has been brought very foreibly to my notice one aspect of our responsibility to her people. It is the grave and initial responsibility of the case of her women and children not only in childbirth and infancy, but in every stage of their development and need. I have seen with my own eyes something of the overwhelming buden of suffering they bear so silently.

Much has been done but the call to further effort is imperative

The claims upon your charity are many, and I should hesitate to add to their number weie I not so convinced of the urgency of the problem and so certain of the possibility of its happy solution be it but faced with courage and wisdom. Indeed the need for immediate action and the fundamental importance and urgency of the work are my apology; if any be necessary, for asking for your encouragement and support

The objects of the Lady Reading Women of India Fund, of which the enclosed memorandum gives the main features, will be the wider distribution of that skilled medical aid which should, I so strongly feel, be ever at the service of the poorest Indian woman or child

To this end I have made three suggestions In the first place the assistance of the Hardinge College

The Collège has done admirable work, it is the only Institution of its kind in India which trains Women Students only, but the original estimates proved inadequate under the changed conditions due to the War, and, though the collège itself was finished in 1916, much still remains to be done for its improvement. It was only found possible to build half the attached hospital and in order to give the work accomplished its full authority by affiliation to the Punjab University for clinical work, it is essential that this should be completed.

Secondly, the creation of a Hill Hospital, which would offer all those advantages of climate without which the work, during the hot weather in the plains, is so heavily handicapped.

No such Hospital exists at present, at least for the great mass of Indian women who desire treatment by their own sex. The Dufferin Hospital at Simla provides only very limited accommodation and can offer no special provision for the needs of the children.

These conditions have from the first been very poignantly present to my mind, and it has been for me a growing ambition to see at Simla an up-to date, efficient hospital, run by women for women, which should include a children's ward where something of happiness, as well as relief, may be brought into lives so helpless and so shadowed.

I should moreover like to see this Hospital specialize in those maladies of the eye and ear which are too so painfully prevalent.

It is therefore with a very personal sense of their tragedy that I would appeal to India for India's women and children.

And, finally, I hope in this way to form the nucleus of a great organisation that will result not only in the relief of the suffering with which it comes into daily contact, but in the training of skilled Indian nurses, able and willing to undertake the care of their countrywomen in every part of India.

I have formed a Committee to further this scheme, whose preliminary proposals will be published shortly. Meanwhile I look, as my predecessors have before me, to the proved generosity of those who, with greater experience and opportunity than I can claim, but hardly with more heart felt interest, can judge yet more nearly of the far-reaching nature of the problem which it is our privilege and proud duty to solve.

ALICE READING.

Her Excellency the Countess of Reading's personal appeal to the generosity of the people of India should impress one and all with its sincerity and worthiness.

The immediate objects of the Fund are:-

(1) To complete the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital, which is the only Institution of its kind in India which devotes its energies entirely to the training of Indian women for the medical profession.

The foundation stone was laid in 1914 by the late Lady Hardinge and the College was opened in 1916 by Lord Hardinge on the eve of his departure from India.

The first appeal for funds was therefore made by Lady Hardinge and was a personal appeal to the Ruling Princes and Chiefs of India. Fifteen lakhs was obtained and later 10 lakhs, making a total of 25 lakhs. At that time this sum was considered to be sufficient for the completion of the scheme. The great War broke out and in consequence the cost of building and equipment advanced while the value of the money invested depreciated proportionately. The original plans had to be modified so that to-day we have only 100 beds and the College and Hospital are badly lacking in modern equipment.

A far more serious problem has arisen We are now faced by the problem of affiliation with the Punjab University owing to the Hospital not being up to the standard required. The Hospital must have 200 beds in order to become affiliated with the University, and unless this is done the girl students will not be allowed to enter for their Degrees in Medicine and all the efforts of the last 5 years will be wasted. There are nearly 100 girl students from all parts of India and Burma studying medicine at the College and it is hoped, with the aid of this Fund, to increase this number to 200, which will enable the College to turn out at least 40 fully qualified and trained medical women annually, who will carry their healing art to their own kith and kin in all parts of India

Capable women doctors are the great need of the women and children of India, without them maternity and other child welfare work cannot progress

The sum of 5 lakhs is therefore ungently required to complete the buildings and equipment to avoid the loss of affiliation with a degree granting University.

(2) Another object of this Fund will be to establish a Hospital for women and children in the Hills. Her Excellency during her short stay in India has felt this deficiency very strongly and she feels that such a hospital should be established where Indian women and children can obtain the most modern treatment Such hospitals for Europeans exist in the various Hill Stations but there does not seem to be one where only Indian women and children can obtain such treatment.

Indians have found the value of migrating to the hills in the hot weather and the more educated they become, the greater will be the advantage they will take of climate and surroundings.

It is Her Excellency's desire to establish a Hospital for Indian Women and Children staffed entirely by women where all the amenities of Indian customs can be observed and maintained

It is also contemplated developing a special Eye and Ear Department in connection with this Hospital

This will supply a long felt want and encourage specialization in the treatment of such diseases.

(3) The third object of the Fund will be to establish an All-India Nursing Association for Indians on the same lines as the Lady Minto Association, which has done such excellent work amongst Europeans in India

The Lady Haidinge Hospital and the Lady Reading Hospital for Indian Women and Children will be the centres where Indian nurses will be trained and in time it is hoped that banches will be developed all over India where Indian nurses will be conveniently located for the needs of all. There has been larger demand for Indian nurses amongst Indians and it must be obvious that this demand will increase

By raising the status and social position of Indian nurses and giving them a first class training and adequate pay, a good class of Indian will be encouraged to take up this profession, which up to now has had no central organization to put the work on a proper basis.

Before concluding we feel we must mention the excellent work carried on by the oldest of Indian Funds, i.e., "The Countess of Dufferin Fund or the National Association for supplying female medical aid to the women of India," which was established in 1885. The objects of this Fund are in many ways similar to those of the Lady Reading Women of India Fund and it is our intention later on to affiliate with the National Association and become part of it, thus avoiding overlapping and adding to the complexity of the various existing organizations in India.

This appeal being entirely for our Indian fellow subjects, we sincerely trust that both Europeans and Indians irrespective of caste and creed will do their utmost to support the Lady Reading Women of India Fund.

The following have kindly consented to serve on the Executive Committee:—

Chairman

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi, C.I.E., Member for Education.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. M. Hailey, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S.

Major-General Sir W. M. Edwards, K.C.I.E., C.B., Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

Members

Mr. R. K. Sorabji.

Dr. Balfour, Chief Medical Officer, Women's Medical Service.

Kunwar Maharaj Singh, C.I.E.

Honorary Treasurer

Mr. A. C. Gupta, O.B.E.

Honorary Joint Secretaries Mr. K. C. Roy.
Lt.-Colonel T. J. Carey Evans, M. C., I.M.S.

Subscriptions may be sent direct to the Honorary Treasurer or Honorary Secretaries, Viceregal Lodge, Delhi.

ANNEXURE IV.

Report of Post-Graduate Courses in Venereology 1921.

(1) Two courses for first grade medical women were held-in the Central Dermatological Laboratories, Poona, the first from 31st January, to 12th February, the second_from the 14th to the 26th February. The instruction was given by Lt-Col A Frost, R.A.M.C., Dermatologist in India, assisted by Major Dawson, R.A.M.C., and staff.

The following is the outline of instruction given :-

Pathology of Syphilis. Methods of demonstrating its organism. Early diagnosis. Congenital disease.

On apparatus. Microscope, Dark Ground illumination. Method of taking smears. Apparatus required. Practical work

Present day methods of treating Syphilis by As. Hg. Ant Iodides. Sulphur.

Hg. and Arsenobenzol medication, practical preparation of dist. water, saline and alkaline solutions. Novarsenobenzol methods,

On Wassermann Reaction and showing test, giving its interpretation (pamphlet).

Method of taking blood, separating serum, packing, etc.

Pathology of Chancroid. Organism staining methods. Remarks on treatment.

Pathology of Gonorrhom. Gonococous. Treatment. Recent advances Smear taking, staining methods (latest). Demonstration and practical work.

Complications of Gonorphea. Their diagnosis and treatment in vomen.

Parturition and Gonorrhea. Suggestions.

Practical work on Gonorrhea laboratory diagnosis. Interpretation of Gonorrhoea Smears. Vaccines

Résumé and general considerations on the whole question of V. D. with special ideas as to early treatment and lessoning of disease.

The following medical women attended :-

Dr. M. A. D. NAOROJI, W. M. S.

Dr.-MAY OLIVERA, W.M.S.

Dr. A. M. WATTS, W.M.S.

Dr. A. SINGHA.

Dr. L. E. Donge.

Dr. M. Macrhan.

Dr. L. HART.

Dr. L. A. Benjamin.

Dr. O. Monahan.

Dr. A. MARTIN.

Dr. R. Greenteld.

Dr. D. KAMALAKAR, W.M.S.

Dr. Jongewaard,

Dr. F. D. BARNES, W.M.S.

Dr. H. Lille, W.M.S.

Dr. E. WARNER.

Dr. K. Scott.

Dr. D. MENEZES, W.M.S.

Several of the medical women attending the courses expressed their gratitude for the opportunity of obtaining knowledge of the latest methods of dealing with this important disease.

Much regret has been expressed that owing to Colonel Frost's retirement he will not again be able to undertake these classes, although it is hoped they will be carried on by his successor.

In order to enable the diagnosis and treatment of Venereal cases in Women's Hospitals to be efficiently carried out, the Government of India has kindly consented to all medical women who have attended the above courses having the following facilities for the treatment of Venereal Diseases in their hospitals:—

- (1) All specimens of Venereal origin will be examined free at Government Laboratories.
- (2) They will be enabled to obtain the requisite drugs and appliances for treatment at Military rates from Government Stores.
- (3) Two courses were held for women assistant-surgeons at Agra and Calcutta respectively.

That at Agra was conducted by Dr. May Olivera, Offg. Principal of the Women's Medical School, assisted by Dr. H. Lillie, W.M.S.

The syllabus of instruction was as follows:—

Lecture, the Need for the Treatment of Venereal Disease. Syphilis and the community-Syphilis amongst women.

Clinical Lecture.

Demonstrations on Injection of Hg. and As.

Lecture on the Clinical Manifestations of Syphilis. Character of the various lesions.

Clinical Lecture and Demonstrations.

Lecture on Hereditary Syphilis.

Clinical Lecture and Demonstrations.

Lecture on the general aspect of V. D. and demonstrations of cases.

Demonstrations and practice in the giving of injections.

Pathological demonstration. Methods of staining Sp. Pallida.

Lecture on methods of prevention and treatment of V. D.

Pathological demonstrations. Staining of G. C. slides.

Clinical Lecture and practice in the giving of injections.

"Venereal Diseases and Insanity" at lunatic asylum, followed by demonstration of cases.

Pathological Lecture, the Wassermann Test, and demonstrations, of test.

Lecture on the differential diagnosis of syphilis.

Pathological Demonstration.

Clinical Lecture, demonstrations, and practice in the giving of injections of Hg. and As.

Lecture on Gonorrhopa and the community-course of the disease in men and women.

Clinical and Lecture demonstrations.

Lecture on Gonorrhea in children.

Treatment of Gonorrhea.

Clinical Lecture and demonstrations,

The following attended :-

Miss. Alfred, Miss Joseph, Miss Medhora, Miss Lobo, Miss Paul, Mrs. Hardy, Mrs. Griffiths, Miss Pesikaka, Miss Drummond.

That at Calcutta was held at the Dufferin Hospital, the lectures being given by Dr. Curjel, W. M. S., and the clinical teaching by Dr. Webb, W. M. S., and Dr. Lillie, W. M. S. The syllabus of instruction was nearly the same as that at Agra and the following attended:—

Miss E Olivera, Miss A. Siret, Mrs. D Biswas, Mrs. L. M. Gupta, Mrs. F.O'Dougherty, Mrs. E. J. Sharme. The four last were of the sub-assistant surgeon class.

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ANNEXURE V.

Report of the Delhi Health School for the year 1920-21.

The third course of training commenced in October, 1920, with 9 students. As mentioned in last year's report, one of the difficulties met with in previous years had been to get a sufficient number of candidates with a good standard of education, although many whose education was below matriculation standard came forward. Some of these seemed by nature fitted to be Health Visitors, having the zeal, kindness and patience essential. It was therefore decided to have two courses of training called "A" and "B" grade, the "A" grade comes to last one year for trained midwives, and to be of the same standard as that of the Health Visitors now trained under the Department of Education in Whitehall "B" grade to be a six months' course, for candidates who had read in school up to the 6th class.

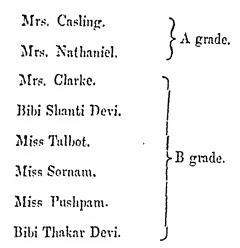
When the examination for B guade students was held in April the results were disappointing. The examiners unanimously agreed that candidates with a poorer standard of general education required at least as long a course of training as these better qualified, and recommended that all the members of B. class should be referred for a further period of three months' training. This advice was followed.

During the last three months the training for both A and B grade students was entirely practical. Each pair of students was given a district in the city and paid house to house visitations, entering the visits paid, and the facts ascertained in a book checked by the Lady Heatth Visitors. Weekly meetings were held, when each student had to deliver a "Heatth Talk" which her companions were then required to culticise, and did so with much zeal. An essay competition was announced, the subject for A grade being "How I organised a Maternity and Child Welfare Centre in a City of 50,000 inhabitants" and that for B grade, "How I overcame the difficulties met in attending a labour case with an indigenous Dai" special tutorials were held and special instruction given at the Baby Welcomes.

The result was that at the July examination the B grade students had attained a much better standard, and all passed. Of the A grade students, 2 passed out A grade, and 2 passed out B grade. The Essay competition was felt to be encounging. Some essays were excellent, and all shewed.

that the students have assimilated a good part of the advice given them, and had ideas of their own how to deal with difficulties and obstruction.

The following passed out.



Miss Susan was obliged to give up the course in February, owing to ill health, but has rejoined for the year 1921-22.

The Prospectus and Syllabus of Training are attached.

Syllabus of the Delhi Health School for the training of Women Health and Maternity Supervisors.

Course 1. 12 lectures.

Outline of Body Structure and Function.

The cell as a unit; reaction to stimuli, heat, light, etc. The circulatory system. The respiratory system and the gaseous exchange. The digestive system. Metabolism, animal heat and regulation of temperature. The genitourinary system. The nervous system and co-ordination of physiological needs.

ourse 2. 18 lectures

Domestic Cookery and Household Management including cutting out and making children's garments.

Daily work of the home.—Care of the home. Washing and care of babies' clothes.

12 lectures.

Practical Cookery.—General principles of diet, quantity of each class required, application of these rules to general articles in common use in India. Methods of cookery possible in the homes of the poor. How to plan meals suitable for the different members of a family and for invalids, from articles in common use in Indian homes.

Cutting out and making infants, garments.—Utilisation of worn garments or small pieces of material.

Course 3, 14 lectures and practical.

Domestic Hygiene.

Domestic and Personal Hygiene .- Cleanliness, Habits. Exercise. Rest and sleep Clothing.

General Hypener — Ventilation and fresh air Heating and lighting. Drainage and household sanitation. Water Simple methods of sterilisation, etc. Storage of milk and foods. Refuse Disposal of discharges from infectious diseases. The suppression of ordinary nuisances The danger and prevention of fly-breeding. The usual criteria of unwholesome food

Tropical, Infectious and Communicable Diseases.

Course 4.

Characteristics.—Early symptoms Periods of incubation Mode of spreading. *Isolation Disinfection.

Parasitic Diseases.

Local provision for prevention and treatment — Dispensaries for dealing with tuberculosis and venereal disease — Domiciliary and institutional treatment.

Maternity, Infant and Child Care.

Course 5, 20 lectures.

Maternity care.—Normal signs of pregnancy. Abnormal conditions in pregnancy. Treatment of the normal pregnant woman. Treatment of the pregnant woman when abnormal conditions are present Labour Preparation for Labour The normal puerperium. The abnormal puerperium Lactation.

Infant care.—Infant at birth The premature infant Points to observe in visiting. Breast-feeding. Weaning. Bottle feeding. Milk and its various modifications. Gastro-intestinal disorders. Patent foods Respiratory disorders and tuberculosis. Syphilis. Rickets. Minor ailments. Skin conditions in habies

Child care.—Examination of the normal child and demonstrations with a child present of the points to be observed. Feeding of children from 2 to 5. Infections diseases. Epidemic diarrhea. Eye, throat, ear and mouth affections. Nervous conditions, organic and functional.

Public Health Administration and Sanitary Law.

Gaurse 6. 8 lectures and practical.

General view of Indian Local Government in city, town and rural areas.

Laws relating to public health.—Historical sketch of public health Administrative Bodies. Duties of

Public Health Officials. The duties and powers of Health Visitors.

Legislation concerning special subjects.—Food adulteration. Control of milk supply. Infectious and epidemic diseases. Housing and town-planning. Laws relating to the protection of women, children and young persons in India. Factory acts as regards employment of women and children.

Course 7, 6 lectures and practical,

Simple First Aid.

Principles of first aid.—Signs, symptoms and treatment of :—Fractures, dislocations, sprains, strains, hamorrhage and wounds. Bruises, burns, scards. Bites and Stings. Insensibility and poisoning. Removal of foreign bodies in the eye, nose and ear. Artificial respiration.

Course 8. 6 lectures and practical.

Simple Home Nursing.

Regulation of visitors. Washing and dressing patients. Bed-making. Changing sheets. Lifting helpless patients. Sick diet. Administration of food, medicine and stimulants.

Observation of the sick.—Rigors. Sleep. Pain. Posture. Skin. Appetite. Vomiting. Cough, etc. Effects of remedies. Temperature taking. Baths. Bed sores. Delirium.

Application of Local Remedies.—Poultices. Fomentations. Blisters. Ointments. Leeches. Padding and splints. Bandaging.

Course 9.

Social Science and Economics.

Social legislation. Comparison of present and past conditions. Importance of knowledge of social conditions. Industries; wages, rents, etc. Public assistance; state, voluntary and combined. Modern social and industrial conditions. Social problems.

PRACTICAL TRAINING.

Course 10

Experience at Child and Infant Welfare Centres.

Book-keeping as required in Infant Welfare Centres.

Home visiting and Practical Social Training. Supervision of Dais and Maternity Work.

Lectures to dais. Talks to mothers. (Under the supervision of the Lady Health Visitors, Delhi.)

Course II.
To be at the rate of 2 vis
Its a month.

Visits to Places of Interest with the Health Officer, Delhi.

House reports. Model Diary. Water Works. Sewage Farms, (Additional lectures for class "A").

Note.—Both classes "A" and "B" will attend all the lectures up to the end of April 1921, but class "B" will not be examined in course 9 and only in part of course 6.

ex-officio.

ex-officio.

ex-officio.

ex-officio.

The Lady Chelmsford All-India League for Maternity and Child Welfare.

HEALTH SCHOOL SUB-COMMITTEE.

School for the Training of Women Health Visitors and Maternity Supervisors, Delhi, 1921-1922.

Prospectus.

THE very pressing need for improvement in the conditions of child buth and in the conditions of infant life in India, is closely associated with ignorance on the part of Indian mothers of the most elementary principles of hygiene and sanitation.

Similar conditions in other countries have been met by the institution of a new class of workers—Women Health Visitors.

A demand for such workers has already arisen in India, and is becoming a very urgent one. In order that the full benefit of the movement may be secured, it is necessary that the workers should be trained and should have a knowledge, not only of the recent methods employed in maternity and infant welfare work in European countries, but also their application to India.

For these reasons a Health School has been opened in Delhi, and is being carried on as one of the activities of the Lady Chelmsford All-India League for Maternity and Child Welfare.

The Sub-Committee for the management of the School is as follows: —
LIEUTENANT-COLONEL F. H. G. HUTCHINSON, M.D.,

1.M.S., Sanitary Commissioner with the Government

of India.

Dr. K. S. SETHNA, L.M.S., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health, Delhi.

Miss GRIFFIN, Lady Health Visitor, Delhi.

MRS. WEMYSS GRANT, M.D., Organising Secretary of the Lady Chelmsford All-India League.

MRS. YOUNG, M.B., representing the staff of lecturers. DR. M. I. BALFOUR, M.B., W.M.S., Secretary, Fic-

toria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

Scholarships Fund. ex-officio

Standard of Training.

A. for Health and Maternity Supervisors, who will have one year's training of a standard equal to that given in England, under the new regulations of the Board of Education;

B. for Health and Maternity Visitors, who will have one year's training.

The duties of the first, (A), will be to supervise and improve the work of midwives and dais, as well as to visit women in their homes, as stated under.
(B).

The duties of the second, (B), will be to visit women in their homes, especially where there are young infants, and instruct the mothers and dais by all means in their power, in child-welfare and sanitation.

Conditions of Admission.

Each candidate must produce satisfactory evidence of the following :-

- (1) of having attained the age of 21 years;
- (2) of having received preliminary education, for A up to Matriculation standard, for B up to 7th standard;
- (3) of having a fluent knowledge of English;
- (4) of being qualified in midwifery;
- (5) of physical fitness;
- (6) of moral character.

Applications for admission should reach the Secretary not later than May 1st each year. Each applicant should fill in the necessary form and should, if possible, attach a recommendation from a medical woman or the matron of a hospital.

The names of 2 references should be given.

Courses of Training.

The courses of training A and B will commence onlst October each year. During the first month students will be on probation.

Instruction will be given as follows:-

Elementary Physiology, Domestic Cookery and household Management, Domestic and General Hygiene, Infectious and Communicable Disease, Maternity, Infant and Child Care, Public Health Administration and Sanitary Law, First Aid and Home Nursing, Social Science and Economics.

The practical Training will include :-

Experience at Child and Infant Welfare Centres.

Book-keeping as acquired in such Centres.

Home Visiting and Practical Social Training.

Lantern Lectures and l'alks to Mothers.

Supervision of Dais and Maternity work.

Conducting classes for Dais.

Visit to Places of interest with the Medical Officer of Health, Delhi.

Qualifying examinations will be held in the last week of July and successful students will acceive certificates as trained—Health and Maternity Supervisors, and Health and Maternity visitors.

The Examining Board will include -

Lieutenant-Colonel F. H. G. Hutchinson, L. M.S., Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India

Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. H. Forster, I.M.S., Sanitary Commissioner, Punjab.

Major A D Stewart, I M.S., Health Officer, Delhi Imperial City, and others appointed by the Committee of Management.

Hostel.

Students are required to live at the School Hostel at Jahangir Manzil, Nicholson Road, under the Supervision of the Lady Health Visitors, and to submit to the Rules land down by the Committee of Management Attendance and carriage to and from work, will be provided.

Expenses of Board will be from Rs 25 to Rs 40 per mensem.

Stipends and Fees.

Pupils who are unable to pay their own expenses will receive stepends of Rs 40 per mensem from the League, on condition that they undertake to serve the League, if required, for a period of three years after their training is complete. For those stipend-holders whom the League proposes to employ afterwards, a salary of Rs. 150 per mensem and furnished quarters in the case of A students, and Rs. 75 per mensem and furnished quarters in the case of B students, will be guaranteed. Other candidates will be required to make their own airangements with employers. Conveyance allowance will also be given if required for the work.*

It is intended that the salaries shall rise by an incremental scale to Rs 300 per mensem for A, and Rs 150 per mensem for B

Further particulars can be obtained on application to

Dr. M. I. BALFOUR, M. B., W. M. S., Honorary Secretary, Health School Sub-Committee, Freezegal Lodge, Simla.

A Tution fee of Rs 75 for the course a required from each private pupil.

Genly or wow At the request of the Dispensive Committee the proposal to replace the Levly Rector at Genly are by a midwife was dropped for the time being and the present levely Rector allowed to remain there.

Terrer. The Counters of Uniforin's Panil Council have very kindly agreed to pay half the try of the midnife at Terpur. The post of the Lady Dector is still vacant for most of a suitable candidate.

Jeruit so The Lady Dector at Jewai has resigned her appointment and no substitute has. been secured as well.

Gelogiated Tie jest of the Indy Deefer at Gologhat is vacant.

Mangables. A rew midwife has been entertained at Mangaldai.

It is expected that when out bonded Lody students qualify at the Campbell Medical Selvel, Calcutta, there verancies will be filled up gradually.

Training of residences.—The two London girls who were under training in midwifery of the districts of Director, proved their final examination in August 1921. Of them are is being appointed at the Assem Rifle Hospital at Aijal, while the Mission is trying to provide the thorough comployment in the interior of the London Hills district. Proposite have been made for the training of others.

III FINANCIAL.

From the envingent the disposal of the Provincial Committee a sum of Rs. 2,400 was invested in the purchase of 6 per cent. Five-year Bonds, thus raising the permanent investment of the Branch from Rs. 7,000 to Rs. 10,000.

BALUCHISTAN BRANCH.

Provincial Committee.

President. . . Lady Armse Drw.

Wice-President.
Mrs. A. D. Markers.

Honorary Secretary.

Major F. F. WHION, LM.S.

Honorary Treasurer.

Sandar Sahib Sandar Gurdit Singh, Personal Indian Assistant to Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General...

Members.

K. B. B. D. PATEL, C.I.E., O.B.F.

K. B. A. D. Marker, o.v.r.

R. B. DIWAN JAMPAT RAI, C.I.E.

R. D. DIWAN LADRA RAM, NANDA.

R. B. LALL SUNDAR DASS. CHOPRA.

K. S. SHIAWAKSHAW PHEROZEHAW.

K. S. SRIN ADDUL SATTAR. Doctor Keess. Mr. N. D. Mullick. Hall Fater Monammad Khan.

Mrs. N. D. Mullick.

Mrs. Sundar Dass.

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1921.

The Provincial Committee held 12 meetings at Quetta during the year against nine in Meetlags. the previous year. The meetings were attended by Indian Ladies and Gentlemen in numbers.

2. The appointment of the Secretary of the Provincial Committee was taken up by Major F. E. Wilson, I.M S., vice Major H. Hay Thorburn, C.I.E., I M.S., in August 1921, and Mrs. A. Marker was selected as vice-President in place of Mrs. Pierse who left for home in October of the same year. The latter lady's work in much missed.

Charges In the personnel' of the provincial Committee,

3 The Zenana Hospital. Fort Sandeman, was closed during the year as a temporary measure until wives and families were permitted to return to Fort Sandeman, consequently Miss Roberts' services since July 1921 were utilized in opening the Female Hospital at Loralas. Miss Roberts was still working in the Loralas Female Hospital when the year

Zenana Hospital, Fort Sandentan.

4. During the year the building of the Zenana Hospital at Loralai was renewed to its -completion.

2епапа Hospital. Lorsiai. Planacial

5. The financial position of the Lady Dufferin Hospital, Quetta, has been much improved during the year, the contributions from the Municipal Committee towards the position. maintenance of the Dufferin Hospital had been raised with effect from the 1st December 1920 from Rs 100 to Rs 300 per mersem, contributions from Provincial Revenues from Rs 425 to Rs. 850 and that of Pishin Bazar Fund from Rs. 75 to Rs 150 from the 1st March 1921. The Quetta Cantonment Committee has also sanctioned a grant of Rs. 15 per men-em with effect from the 1st February 1921

Inspectious.

6 The Lady Dufferm Hospital, Quetta, and the Mctvor Female Hospital, Sibi, were visited by Doctor Balfour, Joint Secretary, Counters of Dufferin Fund Central Committee in October 1921. From the beginning of the year the Baby Welcome and Clinic was opened in Paboo Mahalla under the supervision of the Ludy Health Visitor for Quetta town The post throughout the year was held by Viss Jones, and 3.789 cases of all kinds were treated in the dispensary in November, another branch of the "aby Welcome was opened in Islamanad attended by the Lady Health Visitor twice a week. The expenditure on this institution during the year amounted to Rs 1,600).

Doctor Alfred says regarding the McIvor Mospital, Sibi -There has been Work done, marked increase in the amount of work done during 1921. Up to 16th December 1921 the in-patients are 264 against 109 and out-patients 5,435 against 3,621. This increase is noticeable since the beginning of the year each month and is due to more sickness than last year, which was a healthy one. About 500 patients were vaccinated against cholera. Malaria was prevalent in malignant form for 2 or 21 months since October. At Zinrat in summer this year the out and in-patients were almost double owing to the season being very sickly. There too Diarrhou, fever and whooping cough prevailed mostly among those people.

Famine in villages also contributed to making the year sickly.

85 labour cases were attended under supervision of Indigenous dhais and 26 labour Labour. cases were conducted by me and the Hospital Staff 6 being abnormal. Three of these were transverse presentation, a contracted pelvis (forceps case) and in the third the mother was very ill with Malaria, all were brought to Hospital

90 operations had been done against 87, including a few major e. g., Supra pube- Operations. "cystotomy, removal of benign tumours, forceps, extraction of child, abdomen tapped, cataractous lens removed, artificial vagina made and menses let out and dilation of os and scraping of uterus I take help from my sister who is working in Plague Camp here, if any major operation has to be done as no facilities exist for such in this Hospital.

Mrs. Cottle was appointed in place of Mrs. Girard, Mrs. Ezra in place of Mrs. Monahan and for the remaining four vacancies the following gentlemen were elected:—

- (1) Babu Parendra Nath Mitter.
- (2) Major V. B. Green Armytage, r.m.s.
- (3) The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Amin-ul-Islam.
- (4) Kumar Sanat Kumar Mukherji of Utterpara.

The Committee also records with regret the death of Raja Narendra Lal Khan of Narajole. He became a Life Councillor in 1895.

MEETINGS.

Three meetings of the Executive Committee were held during the year. The first one was presided over by Major General W. H. B. Robinson, c.e., k.h.s., i.m.s., the second one by Lieutenant-Colonel F. O'Kinealy, c.y.e., i.m.s., and the third one-by R. D. Mehtah Esqr., c.i.e. In addition to these the Annual General Meeting was held on the 13th April 1921, under the presidency of His Excellency the Earl of Ronaldshay.

GENERAL WORKING.

The second post graduate training class for women Sub-Assistant Surgeons was duly held at the Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital with effect from the 3rd January 1921. Four Sub-Assistant Surgeons from Bengal attended the class. Accommodation as usual, was provided at the Lady Elliot Hostel attached to the Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

Towards the close of the year 1920, Dr. Webb, the then Superintendent of the Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital proposed to supplement the training of the women students of the Calcutta Medical College, in Gynecology and Anasthetics, by giving them a two months' course of study at the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital, Calcutta. The Central Committee, to whom the matter was referred, favoured the scheme and sanctioned a sum of Rs. 210 per annum by way of scholarships for the maintenance of the students undergoing the training. The Executive Committee at its Committee Meeting held on the 18th February 1921 approved the proposal on the distinct understanding that this course would not interfere with the post graduate work in the Hospital.

Dr. Hellen Lillie, M.A., M.B., Ch. B., W.M.S., who was appointed by the Central Committee in May 1920, as Resident Medical Officer of the Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital was transferred by that Committee in February 1921 to the Lady Elgin Hospital, Gaya. Dr. D. G. D. Abreu was appointed to take up the work of the R. M. O. of the Hospital temporarily. In October 1921, she was transferred to Jubbulpore. Dr. Mary Cuthbert, M.B., Ch. B. St. Andrew's, is now the permanent Resident Medical Officer of the Hospital.

In October 1921, Dr. Webb, w.m.s., Superintendent, Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital, was granted one month's privilege leave and Dr. Hamilton Browne w.m.s., was deputed by the Central Committee to act in her place during the period. In November 1921 the Central Committee transferred Dr. Webb from charge of the Dufferin Hospital Calcutta, to take up the post of Principal, Women's Medical School, Agra, and Dr. Hamilton Browne, w. m. s., was confirmed in her appointment as Superintendent, Dufferin-Hospital, Calcutta.

An estimate of Rs. 6,000 for rebuilding the mortuary of the Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta, on the site of the present garage and reconstructing the garage on another site, having been approved and recommended by the Hospital Sub-Committee, it was proposed that the expenditure be met from the surplus balance of Ks. 9,256-0-2 in the General Working Account of the Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital for the year 1920.

The Executive Committee at its committee meeting held on the 18th April 1921, sanctioned the proposal

The Committee also mantuned the expenditure of a sum of Rs. 35,000 for the erection of a Dhobikhana and servants' quarters at the Hospital, the cost beurg met from (a) the sum of Rs. 25,000 available in the Building Fund of the Hospital and (b) from the grant of Rs. 15,000 received from the donation placed at the disposal of His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaucht by Mr. Wilson

In July 1921, the Central Committee 1s-opened the question of the formation of a Junion Branch of the Women's Medical Service and enquired whether the Bengal Branch would be willing to co-operate with the scheme by paying an increased rate. of contribution (Rs 255) for the services of an Assistant Surgeen of the lowest grade of the Service to act as House Surgeen of the Galcuta Lady Dufferin Yetrica Hespital. The matter was referred to the Hespital Sub-Committee for an expression of its opinion, and that Committee decaded that on gancial consideration, it would prefer to carry on the existing arrangement and employ its own House Surgeons. In the circumstances the Bengal Provincial Committee and informed that Committee accordingly.

In June 1921, the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Local Self-Government Department, Medical Dianch, asked for an expression of opinion of the Bengal Provincial Committee on the subject of the training, examination and registration of nurses and midwives in Bengal, as proposed by the President, Governing Body of the State Medical Faculty, Bengal. The matter was fully considered by the Executive Committee at its committee meeting held on the 2nd September 1921 and the Committee expressed its formion in favour of the scheme. All papers in this connection were sent to the Central Committee with this Office Benno No. 400, dated the 24th August 1921. It was further decided that in matters pertaining to the training, examination and registration of nurses and midwives the Bengal Provincial Committee should, in future, abude by the scheme of the State Medical Faculty, Bengal.

GRANTS.

During the year under review, the usual Government grant of Rs 15,000 towards the Calcutta I ady Dufferin Victoria Hospital, was received from Government and paid to the institution

The sanctioned yearly grants of Rs. 6,714 were paid, as usual, to the several inufassal institutions working under the auspices of this Branch Association

The grant paid to the Calcutta Lady Dufferm Victoria Hespital was R. 9,000, instead of R. 10,000, as was formestly paid. This was due to the increased recepts of the Hospital The Bianch also paid a sum of Rs 8,000 to the Hespital to carny out its quadrennial repairs. It was reported that a sum of about Rs 29,000 would be required to carry out the quadrennial repairs of the Hespital. As, however, the Bengal Dianch could not Jay more than Rs 8,000, it was decided that the balance required, riz, 12,000, would be not leadly, r.c., from the surplus capital of the Fund at the disposal of the Hospital Sub-Committee.

As the Bengal Branch was relieved of the payment of Rv. 1,000 to the Calcutta Lody Dufferm Victoria Hospital, it was possible to utilise this among in giving increased grantsin- and to several inufassal institutions. The following grants were sanctioned during the year —

- (1) The grant to the Tady Elg'n Hespital, Chandpur, Tipperah, was increased from Rs. 150 per annum to Rs. 250 per annum.
- (2) The grant to the Mymensingh Sadar Hospital was increased from Rs. 300 to Rs 600 per annum.

Before proceeding further, I should like here to pay a tribute to Sir Edward and Lady Gait and also to Sir Walter and Lady Maude for the keen and kindly interest which they always took in the work of the Dufferin Fund in this Province. Lord and Lady Sinha have also been greatly interested in the medical work among women in this province and have done all they could to forward it. It is a matter of great regret that ill health has compelled our President to relinquish the position of Governor of this Province and to cease to be our President.

- 2. The year opened with an invested capital of Rs. 2,52,700 and with a cash balance of Rs. 27,370-3-1. During the period under review, the total receipts from different sources amounted to Rs. 52,584-7-2, viz. (1) Rs. 16,230-9-4 as the remaining portion of the share of this Province from the King Edward Memorial Fund, Bengal, (2) Rs. 14,711-8-1 as interest on investments (31 Rs. 125 as annual contribution from the Sambalpur Municipality and District Council and (4) Rs. 21,517-5-9 as subscriptions and donations in response to the appeal for funds made last year. The last item includes the generous donations of Rs. 10,000 each from the Bettiah Raj and from Kumar Giribar Prasad Singh of Ranka (Palamau). Out of the total amount of Rs. 79,954-10-3 at the disposal of the Provincial Dufferin Fund Committee during the year, a sum of Rs. 61,070-0-8 was utilized in purchasing 6 per cent. Government of India Bonds of 1930 and 1931 to the value of Rs. 60,700, thus raising the invested capital to Rs. 3,13,400; another sum of Rs. 9,505 was spent in payment of the annual contributions to certain Medical Institutions in the Province towards the pay of Lady Doctors and Nurses employed at those institutions and also towards the training of nurses and Dais at the Lady Elgin Zanana Hospital, Gaya, the maintenance of the Rani Shibtarini Female Hospital, Bhagalpur and providing a fully equipped labour room in the Dufferin Wards attached to the Ranchi Sadr Hospital while Rs. 97-11-0 only was expended on Miscellaneous charges, leaving a balance of Rs. 9,281-14-7 on the 31st December 1921 in the current account of the Fund with the Imperial Bank of India, Patna.
- 3. As in the previous year, only two members of the W. M. S. I., were employed in the province during the year under review. Dr. A. I. McKenzie took over charge of the Dufferin Raj Hospital, Bettiah, on the 22nd April 1921 from Dr. Dorothy Bolton who had been in charge of that hospital for two years. Miss L de Menezes was in charge of the Lady Elgin Zanana Hospital, Gaya, throughout the year. She was confirmed in the W. M. S. in May 1921. She was also on deputation for one month to attend Postgraduate courses of Instructions in Venereal Diseases held at Poona. The work at these two institutions is going on satisfactorily under the two medical women who are now in charge of them and the work, being performed in the Women's hospitals in the Province, is being carried on well.
- 4. The fund at the disposal of the Provincial Branch is, as usual exclusively spent on extending Medical aid among women and children in the Province. The scheme for sanctioning annual grants towards the pay of medical women appointed at those Sadr Hospitals where no female doctors are employed, which was considered and approved by the Provincial Committee in the preceding year, was followed in the year under report. Besides the renewal of the grants sanctioned in previous years, the following new grants were sanctioned in 1921—
 - (i) Annual grant of Rs. 600 towards the upkeep of a medical woman by the Dumka, Mission.
 - (ii) Annual grant of Rs. 300 towards the pay of the medical woman appointed at the Hajipur Sub-divisional Hospital.
 - (iii) Annual grant of Rs. 180 towards the pay of the medical woman employed at the Ranchi Sadr Hospital.

- (iv) Annual grant of Rs 1,272, for the present, for two years only, towards the cost of the training of nurses and data at the Lady Elgin Zanana Hospital, Gava
- (v) A lump grant of Rs. 750 for providing a fully equipped labour room in the Dufferin Wards attached to the Ranchi Sadr Hospital.

The pay of the medical woman and the nurse attached to the Parula Sadr Hospital has also been raised from Rs 75—5—100 and Rs 15—2—25 to Rs. 90—5—120 and Rs. 20—1—30 a month respectively, with retrospective effect from the 1st of March 1020 and they have been allowed to count the total periods of their services, rendered in the old scales of pay towards increments in the new scales, as his been done in the case of Government scrauls is insuffic retomathener.

5. The work and activity of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund in Bihar and Orissa has been gradually extending as the fund at the disposal of the Provincial Committee increases. The scheme for providing medical women in places where none is available and in important towns where there are hospitals, is being steadily followed. The work of rebuilding womens' hospitals or initiating new female hospital schemes is being pushed . forward. It is proposed in the near future to rebuild the Dufferin Raj Hospital at Bettiah on a good and up to date plan. I have myself supervised the plans and made various suggestions for their improvement A female hospital on a smaller scale will also shortly be built at Daltongani, from the donation given by the Kumar Sahib of Chainpur-(Palaman). As the cost of this hospital will be more than was anticipated it will be necessary I think to help the building fund by giving a grant. A new Sadr Hospital is to be built at Purulia with the help of the munificient donation of one lakh of rupees, given by Raja Bahadur Jyoti Prasad Singh Deo of Panchet (Manbhum). This hospital will contain a separate well planned female side, more or less on purdah lines and will need a medical woman of the Assistant Surgeon class. Several improvements have been effected at the Lady Elgin Zanana Hospital, Gaya. A grant of Rs. 6,000 has been sanctioned for providing this hospital with efficient drainage and quarters for nurses It is also proposed to improve the floors of the Cottage Wards. At the Rum Shibtarim Female Hospital. Bhagalpur, there is a proposal to build a maternity ward for which a donation of Re 10,000 has already been obtained and as soon as more money is available to supplement this donation, the work of construction will be taken in hand. The St Columba's Zanana Hospital, Hazaribagh, has been provided with new out-patient buildings, thus allowing more rooms in the old hospital building for use as wards for in-patients.

The scheme for Materaity Supervision and child welfare will soon be given effect to in the Patna City. The maternity Supervisor has already been appointed but has not joined the appointment as yet. Much of the work for the Medical rehef of women in this province is independent of the Duffeiin Fund, i.e., it is paid for by Local Bodies maintaining the hospitals. It is showerer found necessary in many cases to supplement these efforts and to help towards the upkeep of the Lady Doctors. In many parts of this province, especially in Chotanappur and Orissa, people consisting for the most part of Aborizginal Tribes, are very backward and there is among them practically no purdah and hence no demand for pardamashin female hospitals or modical women for the present but the advance will gradually come in with the spread of elecation in those parts. At present Pemale students are clucated and trained as Nab-Assistant Surgeons at the two Medical Schools in the Province and the General Hospitals attached to them. It will be a long time before a separate Middied School for Women in this Province cun be thought of but the existing female section of the schools will be developed as far as possible to suit, the present requirements.

It will thus be seen that we have in view the gradual extension of Medical work among the women and children of this province and our committee will see that it is.

pus'ed forward as rapidly as possible. It is hoped that when the scheme for the appointment of a Lady Assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals of this Province has been sanctioned and given effect to, much improvement will be made in the medical work among women, in this province because this medical woman will be able to visit all hospitals for Women in the province and in this way push forward the work. I hope, as time goes on, we may see more interest in medical work among women and children taken by the public and funds subscribed to extend the work we are now doing. It is largely a matter of finance and with more money we can build more hospitals, staff them well and maintain them where necessary.

H. AUSTEN SMITH, C.I.E., M.B., COL., I.M.S.,

Joint Secretary, Countess of Dufferin's Fund,

Bihar and Orissa Branch.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

Presidency Committee.

President.

Her Excellency The Hon'ble Lady LLOYD.

Vice-President. ,
Sir Sassoon J. David, Bart.

Honorary Secretary.
Lt.-Col. Grafton Young, IM.S.

Honorary Treasurer.

Sir Temulji Bhicajee Nariman, Rt.

Members.

FEAMJI RUSTOMJI WADIA, ESq.
The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, et,
Mis. H. Greaves.
Lady Hepper.
The Hon'ble Sir Ibbahim Rahimtulla, et., c.l.e.
Jehangeer Dosabhoy Framjee, Esq., i.s.o.
Lady Cowasji Jehangir.

Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy, Bart.
Sir Sassoon J. David, Bart.
Lady Dorabji Tata.
Sir Temulji Bhioajee Nariman, Rt., L.M.,
F.B.S.M.
Mrs. Meyer Nissim.

Ex-Officio Members.

··Solicitor to Government, Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, 1st Physician, Cama and Albless Hospital, The Honorary Secretary and Treasurer, Cama and Albless Hospital Nursing Association,

Office of the Association.
Government House, Bombay.

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1921.

SHOLAPUR.

Owing to increase in the number of in-patients three extra beds had to be added since last two menths to this branch which now maintains one Heaptal of 17 beds and an ' out-door Dispensary in the town which is visited daily by the Medral Officer

Staff of the Hospital —Owing to poor health, Dr. (Miss) C. M. Snith, L.M. and S, Bombay, resigned in October last and since then the Hospital and the Dispensary are in charge of Dr. (Miss) A. S. Gore, L.M. (Retunda). She was assisted by three nurses and a male compounder. One Midwife is kept for out-door work.

Return of Patients.—The total number of new patients was 6,332, of which 353 were in-patients and 5,079 out-patients against 279 in-patients and 5,791 out-patients of the year 1920 showing an increase of 232 more patients in the year 1921.

The total attendance including new and old patients was 21,175 against 24,253 of the year 1920,

103 Surgical operations and 52 Obstetrical operations were performed against 139 and 52 of the year 1920 respectively. Of 199 labour cases, 176 were normal and 24 abnormal and 52 were tracted in the hospital and 134 in their homes. The out-door nurse conducted 133 labour cases, of these 10 requiring aurgical aid were brought to the Hespital.

Enancial Condition —The total amount of local monthly subscription was Re. 2,827 as compared with Re. 2,900 of the last year. In October last the trastees of the N. Wadna Charitres were applied to for an annual grant, and have sanctioned a grant of Re. 1,000 per year for the next three years. Similarly an appeal was made to the Government of Bombay for a recurring and non-recurring grant through the Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay but that appeal was not successful, so another appeal has been made in December Last to the Surgeon General to make a provision for a grant for this institution in the badget for the year 1922-23 A sum of Re 1,210-10-0 was collected as donation against Re 5,548 collected last year.

The Hospital has neither a septic ward nor a ward for private patients nor adequate

ın charge

11%	,	THE COUNTESS OF BUTTERIN'S FOND.	
ember 1921).	Amonut.		5,587 15 5
ar 1921 (from 1st Januarý to 31st Dece	Expenditare.	Pay of the Establishment	
or the	No.	HHHV-KHHN N MM	
our Branch f	Amount.	Rs. A. P. 5,588 4 7 2,527 6 0 4,100 0 0 66 0 0 205 5 9 1,210 10 0 1,364 6 6 50 0	
Balance Sheet of the Lady Dufferin Fund Sholapur Branch for the year 1921 (from 1st January to 31st December 1931).	Іпсоше.	I Openitg, Balanco	1
Balance	No.	1 H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	

Countess of Dufferin Dispensary Society, Surat.

.1 Sheth M. V. Hospital for women and children is under the management of Surat Branch. The Hospital was during the year underseprot mcharge of the following Medical Officers whose services have been kindly lent by the Central Committee — Dr. H. M. Lazaws, from 1-1-21 to 18-12-21.

DR E. MATTHAI, from 19-12-21 to 31-12-21.

2. The executive portion of the work was conducted by the Managing Committee consisting of the following members.—

President.

	J K N. KABRAJI, Es	٥.					. Collector, 1-1-21 to 31-1-21.
	H. B SHIVDASANI, ESQ		8.		•		, 1-2-21 to 4-4-21.
	J. K. N. Kabraji, Esq				•		. 5-4-21 to 24-8-21.
	A. O. Korrishi, Esq.						. 25-E-21 to 5-10-21.
	J. K. N. KABRAJI, Esq.						. 6-10-21 to 25-10-21.
	J. R. MARTIN, Esq , I.C	.8					. 26-10-21 to 31-12-21.
11e	mbers—						
	ME, D A. VAZ.	•	•		•	•	 Civil Surgeon, Surat. 1-1-21 to 21-1-21.
	MR. P. P. BULSARA						. 22 1-21 to 28-2-21.
	LT -COL. K. V. KUKDAY	. ı.x.	8.				, 1-5-21 to 31-12-21.
	C. D. SHAH, Esq.						. Hazur Deputy Collec-
							tor. Surat.
	-		-				I-1-21 to 24-6-21
	S F. A. EDBUS, Esq.						. 25-6-21 to 18-8-21
	B. K. JOSHI, PSQ		•	:	•	:	. 19-8-21 to 28-10-21.
•	S F A. Epars, Esq	•	•	•	•	:	. 29-10-21 to 15-11-21.
`	B K. Joshi, Esq	•	•	:	•	:	. 16-11-21 to 16-12-21.
	J. A. PATEL, Esq.	:		•	•		, 17-22-21 to 31-12-21.
	M. K. Dixir, Esq	•	•	•	•	•	. President, Smat City
	•	•	•	•	•	•	Municipality,
	Sadar J. V. Patharii		•	•	•	•	. Vice-President, District Local Board, Surat.
	R. B RANJIT KALABHI					_	
	TRIBHOVANDAS N. MAL	vi. E	50	-			-
	HUSSEINIBHAI AHMADI	3811	Eso	•	Ť		•
	DR. H. M. LAZARUS	,			•	•	. Medical Officer, M. V.
			•	•	•	•	Hospital,
							1-1-21 to 18-12-21
	DR. E MATTHAI						. 19-1-21 to 31-12-21.
	Mrs. Scott .						
	NANUBHAI TALARCHAN	d, Es	Q				•
	MES PUTLIBAL J. K. E	APRA)I				. 1-1-21 to 25-10-21.
	MRS. J. R. MABTIN						. 2-11-21 to 31-12-21.
	MES. BAJIOAVEI MUNS	ŒΙ					

- 3. The New Obstetric Ward :- The Ward has been equipped and fully taken advantage of hy all castes and creeds. The Septic Block was completed in June and has since been eccupied. There has been increase in Obstetric cases also in operations. The Midwifery cases have not been affected during the year though there is a Parsi maternity Hospital.
 - 4. The Present Staff of the Hospital consists of :-
 - (a) One Medical Officer incharge of the M. V. Hospital. .

(b) One House Surgeon,

- (c) One Matron Lady Superintendent.
- (d) Two Staff Nurses.
- (c) Five Pupil Nurses.
- (f) Two Compounders.
- (n) One ccok.
 - (A) Two ayabs.
 - (i) Two peons.
 - (i) One servant.
 - (k) Three sweepers.
- 5. The financial position of the institute is fairly satisfactory but the dearness of every necessary article still affects the popular subscriptions to a great degree. trineipal donations have been received during the year under report:-

Rs. 300-from Sheth Jamnabhai Bhagubhai, Ahmedabad.

- " 109- " Mrs. Kalawanti Dhanubhai Mulchand, Surat. " 209- " Messrs. Boyce D. Cawasji & Co., Surat.
- ,, 1,219-7-1 from the Collector of Surat.
- ,, 3,500-0-0 ,,

HYDERABAD, SIND.

- 1. The total number of new patients during the past twelve months from 1st January 1921 to 31st December 1921, inclusive was 11,154 against 11,225 of the previous year.
- 2. The total attendance of out-patients was 52,246 against 60,748 of the previous year.

Of those treated among the new patients-

6.629 were Hindoos.

" Mahomedans. 4.435

Europeans.

Eurasians.

" Parsees.

20 ,, of other castes.

- 3. Six hundred and thirty-eight new Indoor patients have been admitted for treatment in Hospital against 279 of the previous year. Of these 638 cases 306 were medical, 184 were surgical, 140 were gynaecological and 8 were obstetrical.
- 4. The total attendance of Indoor patients was 5,485 against 7,494 of the previous
- 5. Two hundred and sixty-four major operations were performed against two-hundred and twenty-eight, and ninety-four minor operations against one-hundred and thirty-two of the previous year.
- 6. Four hundred and eleven Outdoor maternity cases have been attended to against four hundred and five of the previous year, of these 411 Midwifery cases 26 were Instru-

mental midwifery cases. Twenty-one maternity cases were admitted into the hospital for delivery against twenty-four of the previous year, of these 21 cases 5 were operative . midwifery cases

7. The number of purdah nashin ladies attending the Out-patient Department was 5,072 against 5,324 of the previous year.

The number of purdah nashin admitted as Indoor patients was 158 against 101 of the . previous veat.

8 There are at present 4 pupil dars in training in the midwifery class, besides two who

passed their examination successfully in June last. 9. The Women's Hospital, Hyderabad Sind, has been under my charge since the 1st of July 1921. There were no trained nurses when I took over charge of this Hospital

from Mrs Martin Ellcott 10. All the delivery cases of our trained midwives have been regularly supervised by

me free of charge.

- 11. Two fully trained Indian qualified nurses have been appointed in the hospital.

12 We are very thankful to Mrs. Thomas, the Collector's wife, who very kindly often visits the Hospital and takes great interest in its welfare.

13. Our thanks are also due to Dewan Pribdas, Honorary Secretary, who takes great interest and pains and devotes much time for the welfare of this Hospital.

14 The Hospital staff worked satisfactorily.

B. J. VAKIL.

In charge Women's Hospital, Hyderabad, Sind.

PANCH MAHAL.

There is no hospital established at the expense of the fund but the midwife whose pay is partly contributed to from the Countess of Dufferin's fund is attached to the Civil Hospital, Godhia, and works under the supervision of the Civil Surgeon, Panch-Mahals. She is useful to the female patients outdoor and indoor of this Hospital and attends midwifery cases and other ailments outside in the town.

This year (1st December 1920 to 30th November 1921) she attended 272 cases among town people at their homes and 20 at the Hospital as against 215 and 27 respectively last year (1st December 1910 to 30th November 1920); out of the cases she attended 33 were of ordinary labour and 4 of abortion and the remaining were diseases peculiar to women.

AHMEDNAGAR BRANCH.

Upto the 24th July of the year under report there was no Lady Dufferin Fund Nurse at this Hospital. On the 25th July Nuise Janakibai Panase reported for duty and has been working until the end of the year.

During the 5 months she has been working she has attended 5 cases of confinement in their homes and daily visited 4 cases after their confinements. She has also done general duty daily in the Civil Hospital. Early in November, on my arrival here, she was put in charge of the operation Theatre. Generally speaking the work has been satisfactory but it is too early for me to give opinions on the working of the Branch.

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Honorary Secretary's Report for 1921.

The close of the year finds us in a mood of hopefulness. Plans and estimates for the construction of additional buildings are still under consideration. One and a half acres of land have been resumed by Government from the Rangoon Municipality for extending the grounds of the Hospital. An officer of the Women's Medical Service no longer holds charge of the Institution, and though several changes in the tenure of the office of the Lady Medical Superintendent have taken place during the year, the good work and usefulness of the Institution have in no way been impaired.

The attendance of in-patients has been well maintained, but the number of out-patients has fallen off as the result of measures taken to relieve the Hospital Staff.

The School Department has done well. Scholarships of Rs. 15 each a month are still given to students for the one year's course in midwifery. Enhanced Scholarships are also offered for three years' training in sick nursing at the Civil General Hospital, Rangoon, finishing off with a course of midwifery training at the Dufferin Hospital. The amount of monthly scholarship for the first year is Rs. 20, for the second Rs. 30 and for the third Rs. 40.

Funds are chiefly derived from voluntary contributions supplemented by grants-in-aid from the Government and from the Rangoon Municipality. The Central Committee also contributes Rs. 200 a month towards the finances of the Hospital. The in-patient department is almost self-supporting.

The Ladies Visiting Committee has been most active under the direction of Mrs. R. Casson, who on her return to Rangcon was invited to resume her seat on the Managing Committee of the Dufferin Hospital.

The Rules regarding the constitution and management of the Burma Branch of the Countess of Dufferin Fund have been brought under revision and they will be presented . for consideration and adoption at the next general meeting to be held in February 1922.

The Senior Nursing Staff requires strengthening and provision will be made in next

year's budget for meeting the increase to the establishment. .

The permanent Staff has got through another year of hard work and deserves commendation. The visiting physicians, too, have earned our best thanks by their watchful care of the medical administration of the Institution and for professional assistance rendered to the Lady Medical Superintendent.

Superii	itend	dent's	Report

- Ateuron	r rier	ici.				-
No. of New In-patients treated						1,529
No. of Maternity cases-					•	
Normal labours .			_			1.053
Abnormal labours .	•	•	•	•	•	193
Appoint insults	•	•	•	•	٠,	
			Tot	al	٠	1,529
Total No. of New out-patients to	reated	at th	e Ont	-Pat	ent	
Department,		,				8,437
Classification of Abnormal labours -						
1. Abortions						€0
2, Breech Presentation						28
3. Foot Presentation .						10
4. Face Presentation .						3
5, Transverse						16
6. Twins						10
7. Placenta Previa .				- :		19
8. Accidental Haemorrh	age .					1
. 9, Post partum Haemor:			ď			3
10 Eclampsia						11
11, Retro, Gravid Uterus			•	•	•	1
12. Difficult and complication		elivari		•	•	32
13. Hydatid Mole	weeks t			•	•	1
14. Retained placenta	•	•	•	•	•	ŝ
II. Meadined pincenta	•	•	•	•	٠.	
			To	dal	•	193
No. of Obstetrical Operations .						111
No of Minor operations done at	the	CET-DE	tient	Den	مين	

Staff Changes.

There were several during the year. Dr. Ma Erv Sa proceeded on leave making over -charge to Dr. A.O'Reilly on the 15th January 1921 De 1922 Cherry June 1921 making over to Dr. K. Nick, Assem Special De Nim Est for a short period and handed over to D. E. Sarv, a fine Landson Square from whom I took over charge on Angel 2 12 175 Dr. Saw manifeld of an Angel Superintendent, Dr. Nicol Lavine : wirned.

Our very capable Nursing Superintendent, Miss Stoddard, has also resigned and is awaiting her relief. In order to relieve the Senior Matron of her combined duties as stewardess for the hospital, housekeeper for the nurses, and Nursing Superintendent, the Committee sanctioned the appointment of a Linen Maid.

School Department.

There are 53 probationers, the lectures were given as usual, but although the wards afford abundant clinical material, the practical training of the nurses is being hampered by the lack of Senior Nursing Staff. More supervision is needed, for the majority of the girls who come to us from all parts of Burma and the Shan States, have a low standard of intelligence and need guiding every moment in the wards to make them put the lectures they receive to practical use.

At the examination held in June by the examiner, Dr. N. J. Patterson, 25 nurses were presented and 25 passed.

Constructions and Repairs, etc.

We purchased Rs. 3,044 worth of linen for the use of our patients and had a cluster of movable lights installed in our labour room, besides having 3 more lights and plugs in the labour wards.

Acknowledgment.

We wish to thank our Committee for their sympathy and ready help, Miss Hodgson in particular for having obtained for us in these days of high prices our linen at special rates, and Dr. Pedley for the handsome gift of glass irrigators with stand, which was a most welcome addition to our labour room.

E. KOHU, M.B., B.S.,

Medical Superintendent.

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Honorary Secretary's Report for 1921.

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2. The work in both the Hospitals shows a marked morrosse. In the Dufferin Hospital, Nigpur, certain now charge were levied from patients to improve its finances and yet there was 10 fall in the number of patients treated in it. It is reported that the renoval of the out-door dispensary in the Elgin Hospital, Jubbulpore, to the adjoining Crump Hospital has not been appreciated by patients who believe that they do not now receive the same amount of personal attention from the Medical Officers as they used to. It is, however, gratifying to note that Dr. Abreu is trying to remove this dissatifaction by devoting more time to the out-door block.

3. The financial condition of both the hospitals is far from astractory. This is mainly dre to the itereased cost of maintenance resulting from the high prices of medione, food and clothing prevailing during the year. In order to avert a crisis the Local Government paid provated grants of Rs. 3,000 and Rs. 4,500 to the Dufferin Hospital, Nappur, and the Eight Hespital, Jubulappure, respectively, and this branch also raised its annual contribution from Rs. 3,000 to Rs. 3,500 un each case. The Dufferin Hospital, Nappur, also received a non-iccurring grant of Rs. 1,000 from the Red Cross Seciety for Alching. It is necessary that the Iceal untitutions should make efforts to raise their income by appealing to the generosity of the Iceal residents, by lovying fees, etc.

4. The Central Provinces Branch has sanctioned from the year under report a recurring grant of Rs 400 to the Civil Surgeon, Saugor, towards the pay of the Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon attached to the Main Hospital, Saugor.

5 No additions or altrations worth mention were carried out in either the Dufferin or the Elgin Henjital except that the former was provided with electric lights and fans at a cost of Rs. 1,200.

6. A autable site for the sew Dufferin Hospital has now been family selected and it is expected that the construction work will be taken up shortly. The question of a site for the bungslow of the Lady Superintendent, Jubbulpor, settll hanging fire, the site at Pachpedi selected last year having been abandened as being too far away from the Hospital. It is hoped that the Local Committee will settle the matter with the least rosesible delay.

7. The number of pupils in midwifery class is reported to have further fallen from 16 to 18. The rate of stipends has now been increased from 18.8. Sper mensem far the first year and 18.12 per mensem for the second year to Rs 12 per mensem for both the years and it has to be seen how far the increase will help in attuacting pupils of the right stamp to the class. The Honocary Secteury, Nagpur Branch, complains that the finds it difficult to secure employment for the pupils now ressing from the class. The Local Committee should investigate the reasons underlying this lack of demand for trained midwires

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National Bank of India, Ltd.

Western India Turf Club.

J. L. Rieu, Esq., c.s.i., I.c.s.

Committee of Management, 1920-21.

Ex-Officio.

The Collector of Karachi, Chairman— J. R. Mabtin, Esq., i.c.s., followed by C. M. Bakes, Esq., i.c.s., followed by W. W. Smart, Esq., i.c.s.

The President, Kurachi Municipality— HABCHANDRAI VISHIBDAS, ESQ., C.L.E., M L A., followed by GHULAMALI G. CHAGLA, ESQ.

Successor to the late Edulyee Dinshaw, Esq, C.I.E .-HOSHANG N. E. DINSHAW, Esq

The Civil Surgeon of Karachi— Lt.-Col. L. P. Stephen, M.B., F.E C.S., I.M.S., followed by Major A. J. Vernor Betts, I.A 5.

Honorary Secretary— C. S. Wentworth Stanley, Esq.

Honorary Treasurer— S LAKEMAN, Esq., followed by E. CARY, Esq., (from 23td October, 1920).

The Physician-in-Charge, Consultative Membels -DR. S. J. VERNEY, M. B.C. S., L.B.C. P., W.M.S.I.

Elected by the Karachi Municipality.

Walinahoned Hussanally, Esq., followed by Dirchand T Ojha, Esq., followed by Rai Sahir Shewaban Dewannal. A. H. Mana, Esq.

Appointed by the Governors.

Elected by the Managing Committee

MRS. M. N. E. DINSHAW (rice XII. 127-12) LADY BRAUTHWAITE (rice XII. 2014) A. H. S. ASTON, Esq. (r - X. V. XIII. Zer.

THE STAFF.

(As in October 1921.)

General Staff.

Physician-in-Charge-

DR. S. J. VERNEY, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Women's Medical Service for India).

House Surgeon-

MISS J. F. WEBBE, Y.P.L.

Assistant House Surgeon-

Facant.

·Clerk-

MR. S. J. MAKHIJANI.

·Compounder-

MR. JATANLAL.

Housekeeper-

Miss M. Dowson.

Nursing Staff.

Lady Superintendent-

Miss Helen Rigg.

Sisters-

MISS C. KNYVETT HORT.

MISS A. E. WHITE.

Indian Head Nurse, Miss A. Symons.

.Staff Nurses-

MISS R. SAMUEL.

Miss Annoosahai Gholap.

Midwifery Pupils-

MISS LOVELL.

MRS. O'BRIEN.

MRS. JEHANGIR.

MRS. ROBERTS.

Miss Dowson.

MRS. LAMPORT.

Probationers-

Productoner	Standing.					Hosp	ital.		Institute-		
. Sta	ndin	g.							- ¦	7. 1 : (7)	
Fourth year		•			Nil.		•	•	•	Denabai (Temp.) Maha Luxmi (Temp.)	
Third year			٠	•	Nil .		•	•	•	Kalawantie. Angelina Massey.	
Second year	•		•	•	Miss Miss	Goolbhai Hemlata	i Mistı Kanji	ri	•	Murad. Esther Sampson.	
First year		,	. •	•	1 -	Saptel			٠	Nil.	

. Lady Dufferin Hospital.

Scheme of Management.

(As attached to the Trust Deed and amended on 31st May, 1910, 23rd November, 1912, 22nd December, 1916, 25th January, 1918 and 7th February, 1921.)

- The purposes for which the "Lady Dufferin Hospital." Karachi, has been established and which it shall be the aim of the governors to forward, are the providing of female nedical assistance to the women and children of Sind, and the training of women as nurses and midwives.
- The Hospital shall be managed by a Committee appointed by, and subject to the control of, the governoss in accordance with the rules from time to time framed by Government for Hospitals and Dispensaries receiving grants-mails.
 - 3. The following persons shall be governors :--
 - (1) The Trustees for the time being
 - (2) The Judicial Commissioner of Sind.
 - (3) The Senior Additional Judicial Commissioner of Sind.
 - (4) The Civil Administrative Medical Officer in Sind.
 - (5) The Civil Surgeon of Karachi.
 - (6) The Chairman of the Karachi Chamber of Commerce.
- 4 The Municipality of Karachi and the District Local Roard and only other Corporation or public body which shall contribute not less than 550 Rupres per annum towards the maintenance of the Hospital, shall be entitled to nominate from among its members one governor for each complete sum of 550 Rupres that it shall so annually contribute.
- 5 All persons who have made a donation, or may hereafter make a donation, of a sum of not less than Rs. 250, shall be life-governors.
- 6. A subscriber of a sum of Rs. 25 or more shall be a governor of the Hospital for the ensuing twelve months
- 7. The names of all life-governots, being donots of Rs. 500 and upwards, together with the amounts subscribed by them, shall be inserthed on one of the mner walls of the Hospital, or on a board or tablet to be placed in a constituous part of the building.
- 8. The first General Meeting shall be held as soon as practicable after the execution of these presents.
- 9. A General Meeting of the governors shall be held in Karachi once in every year, on the first day of December, or as soon as practicable thereafter, provided that at least seven days' notice thereof be given to the governors.
- 10. The Managing Committee may at any time and shall, upon a written requisition by not less than ten governors in that behalf, call a Special Meeting of the governors. At least seven days' notice of such meeting shall be given, and such notice shall state the purpose for which the Special Meeting is to be called.
- 11. The governors shall, at the Annual General Meeting, appoint a Committee of Management, consisting of Governors, and shall also appoint a Treasurer and a Secretary and Auditors, who shall hold office until the next Annual General Meeting.
- 12. The Committee of Management shall consist of the Collector of Karachi, for the time being, the President, Karachi Municipality, for the time being i two Councillors of the Karachi Municipality elected annually by that Body; Mr. Eduljee Dinahaw or his successor in the office of Trustee, the Civil Rangeon, the Exerctary, the Treasurer and nine.

other members elected by the governors of whom at least three shall be ladies. At the meetings of the Committee six members shall constitute a quorum.

- 13. The Collector shall be Chairman of the Committee of Management and in case of equality of votes, shall have a second vote.
- . 14. The Lady Physician shall be a consultative member of the Committee of Management without a vote.
- 15. In case of the decease or retirement of any member of the Managing Committee, elected by the governors, the surviving or remaining members shall elect some other governor to serve in the place of the person so dying or retiring.
- 16. In case of the decease or retirement of the Treasurer or Secretary, or Auditors, the Managing Committee shall elect some other person to act in the place of the person so dying or retiring, until the next Annual General Meeting.
- 17. The Committee of Management shall be responsible for the management and control of the Hospital and Dispensary and for the disposal of the finances.
- 18. The Lady Physician shall be a person qualified in obstetrics, and shall possess a degree, diploma or licence in medicine and surgery from some recognized University or Corporation, and shall be duly registered.
- 19. The Lady Physician shall be appointed by the Committee of Management, subject to the approval of the Trustees and the Civil Administrative Medical Officer in Sind, and she shall not be dismissed, nor shall the terms of the agreement made with her at her engagement be altered, without the consent of the Trustees.
- 20. Any monies which shall be from time to time necessary or expedient, in the opinion of the Committee of Management, to invest, shall be invested by, and in the name of the Trustees of the "Lady Dufferin Hospital," Karachi.
- 21. All monies subscribed for the support and maintenance of the Hospital, or received on behalf of the Hospital, shall be credited to an account in the name of the Trustees of the "Lady Dufferin Hospital," Karachi, in such Bank as the Committee of Management may from time to time, determine. The Committee of Management may authorise the Secretary or Treasurer or any member of the Managing Committee to draw on such account for the purposes of the Hospital in such manner and to such extent as the Committee of Management may determine.
- 22. At the Annual General Meeting of the governors, the Secretary and Treasurer shall submit an account of the receipts and expenditure of the past year, and also a estatement of existing investments and funds, duly audited by the Auditors.
- 23. At the Annual General Meeting, the Managing Committee shall submit a report of the working of the Hospital during the past year. Such report, together with the accounts duly audited, shall be printed, and a copy thereof shall be given or sent to each of the governors.
- 24. Any of the provisions hereof may be amended or altered by a resolution passed at any Annual General Meeting, and approved of by not less than two-thirds of the governors present at such meeting. Provided that at least fourteen days' notice be given to all the governors of the intention to propose such amendment or alteration and that such resolution, when so passed, be confirmed in writing by at least three of the Trustees.

BY-LAWS.

- 1. The Hospital is under the management and control of the Managing Committee.
- 2. The Hospital shall be worked on the lines of Government Civil Hospitals.
- 3. There shall be definite grants for each heading of expenditure. The Physician-incharge shall have control over these grants, provided that she does not exceed her budgetted grants without sanction.

4. A Budget will be prepared every year by the Honorary Treasurer, in consultation with the Honorary Secretary and the Lady Physician-in-charge for the Committee's senction This does not prevent application for, and allotment of money for any special purposes, but this, if possible, should be foreseen and budgetted for.

5. All applications about the Nursing Staff shall be made to the Lady Superintendent who will send them on to the Committee through the Honorary Secretary with her

recommendations.

6. All the nurses are under the Lady Superintendent. Minot breaches of discipline are to be dealt with by her and insubordinate nurses are to be punished by extra duties, atopping of leave, etc. Every case of punishment shall be entered in a special book.

For grave misconduct the Lady Superintendent can suspend a Nurse. The Lady Superintendent will report the matter immediately to the Lady Physician-in-charge and to

the Honorary Secretary.

7. All the servants and menials are under the charge of the Lady Superintendent. She has the power to fine and dismiss menials drawing pay less than Bs. 20. A proper account of her reasons should be kept in the Punishment Book. She also has the power to appoint such servants without reference to the Committee

8. The Lady Superintendent has power to give casual leave upto 10 days to any

trained member of the Hospital establishment.

9 Any petition or appeal must be submitted to the Committee in writing through the Lady Superintendent and the Physician-in-charge.

10 The Lady Superint-indent is under the control of and responsible to the Lady Physician-in-charge in respect of Hospital discipline and management.

11. The official consultant of the Lady Dufferin Hospital is, ordinarily, the Civil Sungeon of Karachi.

12. No cases of infectious diseases, such as Cholera, Plague, Small-pox, Chicken-pox, etc., shall be admitted in the Lady Dufferin Hospital.

13 The Chairman shall be at liberty to invite such ladies as he may think fit to form a Ladies' Visiting Committee. To avoid interaption to the work of the staff, and with a view to the maintenance of discipline, the visitors should be requested to visit the Hospital at such hours only as may be fixed in consultation with the Lady Physician-in-charge and to communicate direct to her suggestions as they may desire to make.

14 Everyone connected with the Hospital 1s strictly prohibited from teaching religion.

Eighteenth Report of the Managing Committee of the Lady Dufferin Hospital, Karachi, for the year ended 30th June, 1921.

(Presented at the Annual General Meeting of Governors held at the Louis Lawrence Institute on 14th January 1922.)

The Managing Committee now beg to lay before the Trustees and Governors their Report on the Hospital for the year under review.

ANNUAL GENERAL MPETING.

This was held in the Locture Hall of the Louise Lawrence Institute on the 7th February, 1921, when the Annual Report and Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1920, were adopted and passed, and nine elected members of the Committee were appointed. The minutes of the meeting are given in the Appendix.

THE MANAGING COMMITTEE.

The constitution of the Committee is shown on page 5.

The Chairman (Mr. J. R. Martin, Esq., 1.c.s.):—This post is held ex-officio by the Collector of Karachi. Mr. Martin first occupied the chair of the Managing Committee on the 12th February, 1918, and retired on 21st October, 1920, when he proceeded on furlough to the United Kingdom. During the whole of this period he took a very active part in the affairs of the Hospital and spared no pains or trouble on its behalf. His great popularity and the warm admiration in which he was held by all communities resulted in his obtaining a ready response for financial assistance, which combined with his personal labour, very largely accounts for the success the Hospital enjoyed during his Chairmanship and the fact that the revenue always met the heavy expenditure.

ELECTED MEMBERS OF THE MANAGING COMMITTEE, (UNDER RULE 15.)

The untimely and regrettable death of Mrs. J. L. Rieu created a vacancy in the above Committee which Lady Braithwaite kindly consented to fill.

Mrs. M. N. E. Dinshaw and Mr. A. H. S. Aston kindly filled the places of Mrs. Vajifdar and Mr. N. W. Kemp, who retired during the year under review.

The late Mrs. J. L. Rieu.—It is difficult to express the real loss caused to the Hospital by the decease of Mrs. Rieu, who has for many years taken a deep interest in all its affairs. She was eager for the comfort of both the patients and the nurses and if anything lacked she was quick to supply the deficiency. Thoroughly comprehending the many sides of the Hospital—its difficulties, its wants and routine—she was consequently a wise counsellor at the table of the Managing Committee. Her greatest gift of all, however, was the power of instilling her own enthusiasm and zeal for the Hospital into others.

The late Mrs. Rieu was personally responsible for bringing into existence the Children's Ward, a long and much felt want in Karachi, and was at the time of her death arranging to finance this ward so that her work might be permanent. Although other schemes are now on foot to perpetuate the memory of this noble lady it is hoped that the call on the charitable pockets of Karachi will not be too much and that this last unfinished work may be brought to fruition and be a permanent memorial in the Lady Dufferin Hospital itself of one of its keenest and most ardent workers.

Finally it must be mentioned that the late Mrs. Rieu encouraged the women and children to enter the hospital when sick and she had such implicit faith in the skill of the Doctors and the knowledge and efficiency of the nursing staff that she herself entered the Hospital when her own very serious operation had to be performed.

Mrs. Vajifdar.—The resignation of Mrs. Vajifdar must not pass without comment. This lady has interested herself for some years in the patients and staff of the Hospital, and was moreover the representative of the Katrak family to whose generosity and public spirit the Maternity block of the Lady Dufferin Hospital is largely due and whose family name it bears. This opportunity is taken of expressing the thanks and appreciation of the Hospital to Mrs. Vajifdar for all her good work whilst a member of the Managing Committee.

Honorary Treasurer.—Mr. S. Lakeman retired from this onerous post on the 23rd October, 1920, and was followed by Mr. E. Cary, Mr. Lakeman did a lct of work in this branch of the Hospital, and his services were all the more appreciated in that taking a prominent part in the sporting life of Karachi his time was already fully occupied, apart from the large amount of extra work undertaken for the Hospital. Mr. Cary is carrying on most efficiently and thanks to him the accounts are thoroughly up-to-date and in excellent order. His services are a most valuable asset to the Hospital and much appreciated.

MEETINGS OF THE MANAGING COMMITTEE.

The Committee held six meetings during the period under review, viz. :-

7th August, 1920. 23rd October, 1920.

19th January, 1921. 7th February, 1921.

16th April, 1921

18th June, 1921.

At these meetings 86 resolutions were passed

THE HOSPITAL GENERAL STAFF

Physician-in-Charge .- Miss Jessie Scott Reid, M B.C.S, L.R C.P, W.M S.I., (now Mrs. Verney) continued in the responsible post of Physician-in-Charge of the Hospital during the period under review. The anticipations held in our last report as to the good fortune of the Hospital in securing Mrs. Verney are more than fully justified by events. In spite of the financial embarrassment of the Hospital owing to the bad times of 1920-21 and the difficulty in securing nursing staff Mrs Verney has overcome all obstacles.

Her surgical skill and the confidence she inspires as testified to by the numerous major operations performed, whilst the large number of medical and maternity cases shows the degree of popularity she has secured for the Hospital Mrs. Verney's tact and general popularity too has been very apparent in the smooth working of the Hospital and the staff Mrs. Verney is unfortunately leaving the Hospital at the end of the year and if we may pay her the compliment and at the same time give guidance to the authorities of the Women's Medical Services for India in the choice of her successor, we ask for her fac-simile!

House Surgeon -Miss J F. Webb, M.P.L. (joined 5th March, 1920) has continued in this post during the period under review, and has again done excellent work. Miss Webb is resident in the Hospital and the calls on her energy are innumerable but have never elicited any complaint from her on this score. She has successfully and shilfully undertaken the very heavy work of the out-patients department, whilst it must also be necalled that the Dispensary is a model of neatness and order, a fact which in addition to her other work redounds greatly to her credit

THE HOSPITAL NURSING STAFF.

(REPORT BY THE PHYSICIAN-IN-CHARGE).

Lady Superintendent - Miss H. Rigg filled this post during the period under 1eview. Her good work and interest in everything connected with the Hospital is so well-known that it is unnecessary to add any remarks on these qualities.

She first took over the appointment on 1st January, 1913, and held it till April, 1917, when she went home on long leave and being unable to return when her leave expired she took up War work. She re-joined the Hospital in December, 1918. Miss Rigg is going on long leave again this December and her absence will be a geat loss to the Hospital. During her long period of service in the Hospital she has watched it expand and grow in every direction, and has uncessingly striven for its Improvement in every way-always being ready to give her help and wise suggestions in any building improvements or extensions.

This year through her energy and keenness to maintain and increase a high standard of nursing she has succeeded in getting our practical maternity training recognized by the Central Midwives Board at home that is to say, that any pupil who has taken a year's course in midwifery in the Hospital and has passed the BP.N.A. examinations which

alo can no up for from the Uniferin Hospital in Kornehi is eligible to sit for the C.M.B. examinations in Level is without having to do any further practical work in England.

Miss Bire has worled hard for the affiliation of the Hospital with the B.P.N.A. which

no hope nill come about in the ever future.

Word Sisters,-Sister Staggs resigned on the 9th July, 1921. She has been a great less to the Nursing Steff as she is a capable, well trained Nurse.

Sister Hell, Labour Ward Sister, is doing excellent work.

Sister White joined the Staff on the Plat of May, 1921.

Staff Netter .- (1) Nurso Symons was taken on as Senior Staff Nurse from 31st August, 1921.

(2) Notes Reid was noted to resign on account of unsatisfactory work.

(f) Nurse Lazini Devi received the B.P.N.A. complimentary badge for inidwifery to encourage good class Indian nomen to take up the profession. She resigned on the 30th of June, 1021, to take up private practice.

(1) Nurse Relects Samuel passed out and was made Staff Nurse from the 1st of September, 1921. She was sent up for the B.P.N.A. midwifery examination but failed. She is not brilliant, but is an excellent worker.

Forth Year Probationers.—Nurse Annushni Gholap will be sent up for the final examination in November and will be promoted to a Staff Nurse's appointment if she passed. She is a very good and conscientious worker.

Probationers in Training .- Second year-Nurse Goolbai Mistri passed her 1st year examinations.

First Year-Nurse Hamaletta Kanji is not quite up to the Standard of a Dufferin probationer but tries to do her best.

Nurce dawanti Sartel joined 1st of March, 1921.

Paying Pupil Midwires. Nurse W. Knyvett Hoff passed the B.P.N.A. midwifery examination in Pecember gaining 100-150 marks.

Nurse Halket passed the B.P.N.A. midwifery examination gaining 110-150 marks. She was third in the list of succe-sful candidates for the whole Presidency.

Nurse Mayhow joined on the 21st November, 1920, and resigned on the 29th December of the same year.

Nurse Lindsay joined on the 1st December, 1920, and resigned on the 11th March, 1921.

Nurse Herrey joined on the 27th Jenuary, 1921, and was asked to resign on the 6th August, 1921.

Nurse Lovell joined on the 1st February, 1921.

Nurse Jehangir joined on the 13th April, 1921.

Nuise O'Brien joined on the 15th April, 1921.

Nurse Roberts joined on the 21st April, 1921.

Nuise Lamport joined on the 6th August 1921.

Nurse Thorpe joined on the 12th and resigned on the 24th August, 1921, being unfit for the work.

Nurse Dowson joined on the 1st June, 1921.

The paying pupil midwives with some exceptions, are not working quite as satisfactorily as they might.

Miss Dawson was taken on as housekeeper from the 1st July, 1921, in return for

beard and lodging.

The work has been very heavy and it has been difficult to fit in the necessary nurses for serious cases. The Staff with few exceptions have risen robly to all emergencies and the cases have done extraordinarily well.

WORK DONE IN THE HOSPITAL.

Patients Treated - have been as follows during the past 5 years :-

- 4110									
	1	[B-PAT	FELS.	Out-PAT	INNTS.	Total	Number	of Oper	TIONS.
Year.		New.	Daily aver- age	New.	Daily aver- sge.	new patients.	In-door.	Out- door.	Total.
1916-17	_	1,129	39 2	12,620	96.6	13,749	246	371	617
1917-18		1,588	502	13,990	1067	15,578	529	-805	834
1918-19		1,432	38 2	12,918	88-8	14,350	464	208	672
1919-20		1,211	38-1	12,181	84-7	13,392	361	195	556
1920-21		1,333	33.1	12,287	92-4	13,600	292	144	436
		ſ	í		,		•		1

In spite of one ward being closed owing to insufficiency of staff, the figures for new in-patients are very high. New out-patients total 12,287, which is satisfactory. The number of operations for all patients, oir., 436 is somewhat below the totals for the previous quinquennium.

* Statistical Note.—The figures of new potients are arrived at by counting each person once only, when first entering the wards (infants bors, in the Hospital are not counted) or when first applying at the Dispensary. The daily average figures represent the total number occupying the wards daily excluding infants born in the Hospitall and the total treated in the Dispensary daily (counting each in-patient every day the 1s in the wards and each out-patient every time the comes for treatment of the same aliment. The total of out-patients is aliened by the number of days the Dispensary is open i.a., excluding Sundays (and not by the number of days in the valenders).

NEW PATIENTS ACCORDING TO COMMUNITIES.

The following analyses are of interest :-

New in-patients.

							P								
	Him	dus.	Muhan	omad-) Ch	tive rist-		ngo- eals,	I	anglo	Pa	Z36e8.		ther utes.	jġ
Tear.	Worten.	Children.	Women.	Children.	Women	Children,	Women,	Children.	Women	Children.	Women.	Children.	Women.	Children.	Total new in
1916-17	401	64	337	40	120	15	30	2	63	7	24	2	25	В	1,129
1917-18	631	120	423	72	85	15	111	5	91	19	10	1	93	13	1,589
1918-19	575	72	552	43	49	16	17	4	79	21	15	3	156	30	1,432
1919-20	593	45	853	37	42	5	23	5	30	5	5		n	7	1,211
1920-21	617	64	327	62	34	8	51	4	29	8	15	2		11	1,333

New	out-patients.
-----	---------------

Year.)	indus.	1	ilmurad ang.	' C	Nativ hrist- iaus.		Euro- penns		Angl India		Par	rsees		Other astes	ut-pa-
A (1) 1	Women.	Children.	Wemen,	Children.	Women.	Children.	Women	Children	1	" omen.	Cuildren.	Women.	Children,	Women.	Children	Total new out-pn-
1916-17	2,534	2,720	3,078	3,374	146	92		Tog 109 50 cl	110.11	en		55	30	7:	64	12,620
1917-18	3,714	2,517	3.318	3,421	265	176	35	18	10	6 6		18	41	143	94	13,990
1918-19	3,339	2,551	3,199	2,971	142	152	•••		12	6 57	4	4	13	191	133	12,918
1919-20	3,250	2,415	2,960	2,959	107	120	1	•••	7.	47	2	7	1	129	91	12,181
1920-21	3,568	2,559	2,685	2,867	S1	157	41	35	2	 11 	40	5	9	109	79	12,267

MATERNITY WORK.

Among the women in-patients, the following maternity cases have been dealt with in the Hospital during the past 5 years:—

	3	Cenr.				Normal.	Abnormal,	TOTAL.
1916-17 .	•	•			•	212	31	243
1917-18 .				•		273	20	293
1918-19 .						277	38	315
1919-20 .			•			274	47	321
1920-21 .	•	•	•	•	٠,	296	104	400

The maternity cases totalling 400 are a record for the hospital since its existence and the result is most satisfactory. It is impossible to lay too much stress on the value of this work which gives both mother and child the best possible chance at a critical time of life and it is most encouraging to note that the value of this side of the Hospital is being generally recognised by the women of Karachi and Sind.

GENERAL.

Remarks.—The year under review has been chiefly a matter of "carrying on" and there is no special feature which calls for particular mention. In the past two years prior to this report the Hospital has had exceptional benefits bestowed on it, such as the

esaitation blocks of the "Eduljee Dinshaw Building" and the Children's 'Ward made possible by the generality of Mr. A. H. Mann and Mr. Motifial Dhanjishai Sejpal, respectively, also in 1820 Mr. Nadirshah Eduljee Dinshaw gave the princely sum of half a lakh of rupes for the permanent upkeep, repair and improvement of the "Eduljee Dinshaw Building". This year, no such becan has fallen to the lot of the Hospital which perhaps in view of the generally had commercial times is only to be expected. Subscriptions for the year under review only amount to Rs. 12,41a as against Rs. 17,000 last year, and it is a matter of considerable satisfaction and does the staff great credit that the work should have in no wise suffered but that in fact the number of patients kreated should have catually increased.

As this goes to press, a donor, at present anonymous, is contemplating the gift to the Respital of a Nurve's Home to be called after the late Mrs. Rice. If this matures, as it is most exmeetly hoped it will, the benefit to the Hospital will be incalculable, as at present one if not the chief difficulty, is the housing of the House Sargeons and Nurves.

LIFE GOVERNORS.

Life Governors.—The following lady and gentlemen have become life governors during the period under review and the Hospital accords them most grateful thanks for their generosity and help:—

Their Excellencies Sir G. Lloyd;					,,	Rs.
Hon'ble Lady Lloyd	<i>u</i> ,,		D's'O'	and	tne	
Tion the Lady Libyd		•				1,000
Amarchand Madhowji, Esq H F. Pfister, Esq.	٠					601
Sir M. de P. Webb, Kr., C I.E., C.B	٠	•	•	•		500
Kewalram Gordhandas, Esq	.E.,	n r.c		•		004
coodiagas, red	٠	•	•	٠	•	500

ENTERTAINMENTS FOR THE STAFF.

Mrs. Vajidiar and Mr and Mrs. Sorab Katrak on 20th July. 1920, entertained the Lodian Nurses at a Garden Party and sports in the grounds of 4-A, Staff Lines. Handsome prices were given for the sports and the staff were most appreciative of the kindnesses shown them.

Mrs. M. de P. Webb (now Lady Webb) entertained the European staff at Manora on

It is hardly neces
appreciated but is good not only greatly
ann who is milling to lady or gentleSuperintendent.

The Chairman (Mr. J. D. ar ... garden Panty. number of fries.

ber, 1020. The object of this was to enable and encourage residents to see the Hospital for themselves and thereby get a better idea of the magnitude of the work carried on. The result was most successful. The pleasure of the day was added to by the Band of the Border Regiment who gave their services free by the kind permission of Colonel Nelson, D.S.O., and Officers of the Border Regiment.

BENEFIT PERFORMANCES.

Mr. Rimatrai Asanmal gaye a most successful benefit performance at his theatre, the Crown Cinema, in aid of the Hospital in September, 1920, the proceeds being Rs. 1,058.

In May, 1921, through the kind efforts of Mrs. Vajifdar and Mrs. Maden, Messrs. Madan Theatres, Ltd., kindly gave a benefit performance in aid of the Hospital at the Palace Theatre, the proceeds of which amounted to Rs. 1,028.

The Managing Committee wish in this connection to also express their thanks to Mrs. Cary and Messrs. F. E. Cumming, G. Birch, and Dr. Shroff, who sold a large number of tickets for both these entertainments, an arduous labour, and also to Mrs. Ramsay Young who sold tickets most successfully for the Palace Theatre performance.

VISIT OF THE SUBGEON-GENERAL WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

This gentleman visited the Hospital on the 5th February, 1921, and expressed his satisfaction.

REPAIRS AND DECORATIONS.

The necessary repairs and decorations have been systematically carried out during the year under review in spite of financial difficulties. The general condition of the buildings is good, except the roof of the Eduljee Dinshaw Building the renewal of which will entail a heavy expenditure; particular attention has been paid to making the wards and quarters bright and clean with colour, wash and paint, both for the sake of sanitation and for a pleasing aspect.

Mr. S. G. Lyttle has again given his services free of charge to the Hospital for this work and the Managing Committee much appreciate his kindly offices and ready response for assistance at any time.

It is necessary to call attention to the handsome gift of 6 ceiling fans and 1 table fan given to the Hospital by Mr. J. L. Rieu, c.s.i., i.c.s., at a cost of Rs. 1,190; also a boiler of the value of Rs. 500 given by Messrs. Stubbs' Engineering Co., and the monthly supply of coal given by Messrs. Eduljee Dinshaw.

The Mothers' Union through Mrs. Cary have at regular intervals given a large quantity of wearing apparel, etc., for the use of the patients.

FINANCE AND ACCOUNTS.

The Balance Sheet as at 30th June, 1921, and the Income and Expenditure Amount for the year under review are given in the appendix; also the usual comparative statement of Revenue accounts for the last five years.

The situation is satisfactory in that the Hospital has avoided debt but this is due to

economical management rather than to surplus of funds.

The large credit balance of Rs. 26,505-1-5 in the Income and Expenditure Account is due mainly to appreciation of investments which in accordance with the practice of previous years, have been re-valued at current market values on the 30th June, 1921. This applies particularly in the case of the sterling investments which have appreciated in

value and have been converted at 1s. 4d. exchange as compared with last year's 2s rate of exchange.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

The gratitude of the committee is due to the following --

Lt -Col. L. P. Stephen, I M.S., and Major Vernon Betts, I.M.S., for kindly examining nurses on completion of their training.

Mesars. A. F. Ferguson and Co. for having kindly audited the accounts free of charge.

A WORD TO THE KARACHI MUNICIPALITY.

The Hospital has done and is doing a great work in Kanachi and as its benefits and advantages become more widely realized and appreciated by the women of Kanachi and Sind soits expenses increase. Private chanty has responded most nobly to the Respital's appeals, but even so the budgeted revenue cannot be made to equal the budgeted expenditure. Government and many other public bodies have, in view of this and the high prices, largely increased their anneal grants but the Kanachi Mun'cipality still only give the meanly annual sum of Rs. 6,500 which was first contributed as far back as the year 1911. Seeing that the Hospital is for all races, creeds and religious and is the only Hospital of its nature in Kanachi it is hoped that Municipal councillors will remedy this anachynnium at the first opportunity.

VITAL	STATISTICS	OF	KARACHI	CITY.

1st April to 31st March.	1916-17	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20	1920-21
Number of live-births Number of still-born births Deaths from Confinement and con-	6,794 217	6,606 255	7,260 271	7,213 251	7,478 222
nected causes Death-rate from ditto (percentage of	103	173	155	124	84
total female deaths) . Deaths of infants aged 3 months and	1 2.0	36	3 8	38	3-1
undet	1,174	1,032	1,039	955	862
	1728	156-2	1431	132-4	115-2
"	1 in 6	1 in 6	1 in 7	1 in 8	1 in 9

SUMMING UP.

Having related what has been done in and for the Hospital, it is desirable to also add a lat of things which have been found impossible to do owing to lack of funds.——

A Norset Hame !--

A Nurses' Home is an urgent need; lack of and unsatisfactory accommodation for this staff is the Hospital's chief difficulty.

The servants' quarters are inadequate . so much so that some of the Hospital's sweepers live two miles from the Hospital.

The Hospital needs a botter water supply, a pathological laboratory, more furniture, a septic word and a venereal diseases block.

A formidable list, but what is wanted most of all is your help please!

C. S. WENTWORTH STANLEY,

W. W. SMART.

Honorary Secretary.

Chairman.

E. CARY.

Honorary Treasurer.

KABACHI:

23rd October, 1921.

Seventh report on the Louise Lawrence Institute, Karachi, for the year ended 30th June 1921.

The up-country dais are not showing any keepness to take advantage of the training offered by the Institute in *pite of appeals sent to Local Boards and Municipalities. This is regrettable for it is here that the seeds of scientific midwifery can be shown to blossom in the Mofussil.

REPORT ON PROBATIONERS.

(By the Physician-in-Charge.)

Fourth Year Probationers.—Nurse Dinatai passed out and is waiting for the District Local Board to make use of her services.

Third Year.-Norse Kalawanti-Passed her 2nd year examination.

Nurse Massey-Passed her 2nd year examination.

Nurse Murad-Passed her 2nd year examination.

Second Year .- Nurse Esther passed her 1st year examination.

FINANCE AND ACCOUNTS.

The Balance Sheet as at 30th June, 1921, and the Income and Expenditure Account for the same period are given in the appendix; also the comparative statement of Revenue-Accounts for the past five years.

The finances are in a satisfactory condition generally.

C. S. WENTWORTH STANLEY,

Honorary Secretary.

W. W. SMART, Chairman.

E. CARY,
-Honorary Treasurer.

KARACHI:

23rd October, 1921.

MADRAS BRANCH.

Patron.

His Excellency the Right Hon'ble LORD WILLINGDON, G C.S I , G.C.I.E., G.B E

President.

Her Excellency the LADY WILLINGDON, C.I. D.B E.

Vice-President.

The Hon'ble Major-General G. C. GIFFARD, C.S I. E H.S., I-M.S.

Representatives on the Council of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund. Major-General G. G. Giffald, C. S. L., K. R. S., I M. S. E. S. Luott, Edg., T. S., M. C.

Life Member. Mrs. C. G. Master.

Members of Committee.

ME E. S. HRUSKAY (SCHOET).

MIX. TORGUNYS, O. N.,

The RI. Rey The Lord Badog of Madras
MR. Br. N. SERNYSHA AVERGAL, C.I.E.,
M.L.C.

M. E. Rr. T. V. SERNAGHA AYANA AYENGAL

THE PLANCE OF ARCOT, O. I.E.

M. R. RR. T. V. SERNAGHA AYANA AYENGAL

KAN BURKHANDA AROUT. ARID BADHRA SAHIS,
M. R. RR. C. P. RAMANWAY AYANA AYENGAL

BAJBLA, M. C.

The Hen'ble Rao Sahib M. Cr. MUTHTYA

CHETTY AVERGAL, M.L.C.

MIS. WHITEHEAD, C B E.

Mrs. SADASIVA AYYAR,

M R RH, G. A. NATEMA ATERDAL.

M. R. R. R. B. SALER G. VENEATARTH NATODU
GARV.

M. R. Rt. S. R. M. CT. PETHAGRI GERTHYAR

ATERDAL.

ST. CORDON FRASTER,

A R. KNAFF, ESQ. C. R. F. 1. C. S.

KHAMP RABADUT MD. SAUULLAH BADSHA
SARIB.

KRAE SARBADUT M, BYZOLLAH SAHIE, B. A.,

C. S. E.

M. R. RY, Roso Bahadut G. Nabahrasanmer.

Khan Bahadur M. A. Kupdus Badsha Sarib.

Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.

CREIT GARU.

Mr. James F Simpson, Esq., m L.c

Joint Honorary Secretary.

Major D P JOHNSTONE, O.B E, R.A.M.C.

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1921.

The Honorary Secretary has pleasure in presenting the Thirty-seventh Annual Report of the National Association for supplying Female Medical Aid to the women of India

The medical education of women in the Madras Presidency is undertaken mainly by the Local Government. Stipends of Rs. 50, Rs. 35 and Rs. 25 per mensem with a free provision of books and instruments are available for the M. B., B. S., L. M. & S. and Apothecary courses, while stipends of Rs. 35 per mensem are granted to candidates for the Intermediate in Arts if they agree to study Medicine subsequently. Six students have passed out of college this year; of these, two are working in the mofussil, and four are in Madras.

Junior branch of the Women's Medical Service .- No further progress has yet been made.

Stipends for Lady Medical Students are granted from various sources.

A .- BY THE MADRAS BRANCH OF THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND.

(1) Apothecary Stipends:—In view of the large number of stipends offered by the Leval Government no students are stipended by the Fund.

(2) Allowance for pre-maternity work:—The Committee has again granted an allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem, for twelve months to Miss. R. C. Baukkiam, Lady Assistant Surgeon, for giving her time to help the work of pre-maternity out-patients

branch of the Government Maternity Hospital, Madras.

- (3) Health visitors course:—The scholarship of Rs. 70 per mensem for six months referred to in last year's Annual Report, awarded to Miss S. A. Asirwadham, to undergo a course at the Health Training School, in Delhi, has been changed to one of Rs. 40 per mensem for twelve months. As a special case, the Committee has granted a sum of Rs. 75 being her tuition fee.
- (4) Nursing scholarship:—The Committee has again granted a scholarship of Rs. 15 per mensem, for twelve months from November last, to a Brahmin widow, Padma Bai, from Madras, who is undergoing a third year course of nursing at the Lady Hardinge Medical College for Women, Delhi.
- (5) Trained health corkers:—Schemes for training workers and granting diplomas are at present under consideration, at a recent Committee Meeting it was decided to allow Rs. 100 per mensem for one year for the training of Health Workers under the Madras Branch of the Lady Chelmsford All-India League for Maternity and Infant Welfare.

B.-By the council of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

Post-graduate scholarship:—A Scholarship of Rs. 100 per mensem has been sanctioned by the Council Office, Delhi, and was held by Miss G. Gnanadeepam from 1st January to 17th February 1921, and by Miss B. Williams from 1st May to 15th August 1921. The present holder of this scholarship is Miss-E. Ivatts, who has been appointed to a post-graduate course of six months at the Government Victoria Hospital for Caste and Gosha Women, Madras, but after she completed one month's course, she was sent to the King Institute, Guindy, for six weeks, from 1st December, to do research work for the Science Congress under the supervision of the Director. This order was sent from the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras, to the Superintendent, Government Victoria Hospital for Caste and Gosha Women, Madras. Miss Ivatts will resume this scholarship when she comes back from the King Institute.

The object of this scholarship is to give newly passed out medical women the opportunity of acquiring practical experience at some of the larger Women and Children's Hospitals

in Madras.

C .- SCHOLARSRIP FOUNDED BY PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS

No new scholarship has been founded since the one founded by the late Maharaja . Sir G. N. Gajepati Rao, K.C.I.E., lapsed in 1890. A fact to be greatly regretted.

D-THE KRUPABMAI SATEIANAD SCHOLARSHIP.

This scholarship which is worth Rs. 25 per mensem is still vacant.

E .- THE GOVERNMENT OF MADEAS MEDICAL'STIPENDS.

These stipends which were provided out of the annual Government grant sanctioned in G. Os No. 656, dated 1st June 1915, and No. 838, dated 2nd June 1915, were in accordance with G. O. No. 910-Fuble, dated 11th May 1916, handed over to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madias, with effect from 1st September 1916.

The objects of these stipends are to procure medical women with higher qualifications to work under local bodies, to assist numeripalities by grants-in-aid when they are unable to defray the cost of employing a more highly qualified medical woman and to provide for more medical women with the Apothecary diploma.

Applications for these stipends should in future be submitted to the Principal, Medical College, Madras, before let February of each year vide G. O. No. 21, dated 16th January 1917.

F .- ENGLISH SCHOLARSHIPS

Three each of £100 tenable for one year or £50 for two years are annually awarded by the Home Committee.

G-SCHOLARSHIPS FOUNDED BY THE NATIVE STATES.

Four now exist, viz. .--

(a) The Travancore State Scholarship is still vacant,

(b) The Bharati Lakshmi Scholarship is now vacant.

(c) The Cochin State Scholarship is held by Miss C. Kochukutty Ammal, final year Apothecary class, and Miss C. Sankaramha, third year Apothecary class

(d) The Hyderabad State Scholarship is still vacant,

The affiliation of Native States and Local Bölfes with the Pufferin Fund, in connection with the institution of schollerships and fenale medical aid generally is a matter or which there should not be any doubt regarding the resy great advantages to those conceined. From their large and varied experience the Committee can be of material help both in technical and in many other matters to such States and Bodies who desire to stipend students at the McCleal College or obtain suitable qualified doctors for various posts and work. A register is kept both of appointments vacant and of medical women seeking employment.

H .- WADIA SCHOLARSHIPS

The "Wadis "scholarship of Rs 3,000 which is the gift of the trustee of the N. M. Wadis Charities, Bombay, was awarded for 1921, to Miss. C. M. John, L. M. & S., who is now undersome a Postare land, and the control of the C. M. John, L. M. & S., who

and Lad

Their Excellencies Lord

Deq., M. L. C, continued as Honorary Secretary and Major D. P. Johnstone, O.B.E.,

R.A.M.C., Joint Honorary Secretary, throughout the vear.

Mr. Simpson also discharged the duties of Honorary Treasurer upon the resignation, in January, owing to ill-health of Diwan Bahadur M. A. Parthasarathy Aiyengar. It is with great regret the Committee have to record the death of Mr. Parthasarathy Aiyengar in June.

JAMES F. SIMPSON,

Honorary Secretary, Countess of Dufferin's Fund, Madras Branch.

Madras, dated 19th December 1921.

MYSORE BRANCH.

President:
Lady Miller.

Members:

- 1. Lieut.-Col. R. F. STANDAGE, I.M.S., Residency Surgeon.
- Miss J. JHIRAD, M.D., B.S., (Lon.), Lady Medical Officer, Maternity Hospital, Bangalore.
- 3. Dr. H. B. Mylvaganam, f.e.c.s. (Eug.), Offg. Honorary Secretary.

Honorary Secretary's Report for 1921.

There was a balance of Rs. 1,174-8-10, at the credit of the local Branch of the Fund, on the 31st December 1920, and the interest on the fixed deposit, for the year ending 30th June 1921, was Rs. 557-8-6. The amount paid in scholarships, etc., was Rs. 335-4-4, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,396-13-0 on the 31st December 1921.

- 2. All the three pupils, who were under training at the close of the year 1920, passed out during the year under report. Two fresh pupils who were taken on during the year, were under training at the close of the year. To meet the requirements of the State Medical Department, a number of State pupils, bound over by agreements of service, had to be admitted for training. Consequently, accommodation was not available for admitting more than two pupils of this Fund in the training institutions.
- 3. On a reference from the local committee, the Central Committee was pleased to sanction the increase of the rate of scholarships from Rs. 3 to Rs. 15 per mensem, and the increased rate was brought into force from April 1921.
- 4. Arrangements for Midwifery classes continued to exist in the following institu-
 - 1. The Maternity Hospital, Bangalore.
 - 2. The Vani Vilas Hospital, Mysore.
 - 3. The Maternity Hospital, K. G. Fields.
 - 4. The Female Dispensary, Shimoga.

H. B. MYLVAGANAM,
Offg. Honorary Secretary.

BANGALOBE, 3rd January 1922. B. V. A.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE BRANCH,

Provincial Committee.

President :

Honorary Secretary: Lient -Col. M. W. Anderson, C 1 2., M D

Members

The Nawab Sir Sahibzada Abdul Qayuu, E.01 E., K.S. Rai Bahadur Lala Kabam Chand, M B E.

Dera Ishmail Khan.

At the beginning of 1921 in the "Municipal Zenava Hospital" at Dera Ishmani Khan was onn Mahomedan dal who went ill in April and left the Hospital altogether. End of April a qualified midwife (European, qualified in Madras Maternity Hospital) has been appointed by the Committee.

In September we got an Indian Christian murse who is quite an experienced midwife also So since September 1921 we are working with andicient staff at last. The C. M. O's scheme of talaing dats, in this Hospital could not come into life owing to lack of probationers. Since 1930 the Committee have been trying to get probationers, but all the advertusements, inquiries, set, have not been accessful yet. The tempnary Compounder, an Indian Christian has been talined during this year at, this Hospital no milwifery and will be able probably to puss her examination in midwifery next astumn. The Hospital has been working this year duting 10 months only. I went on leave fir July and August and as no substitute could be found, the Hospital was practically closed for 2 months.

269 in-door patients have been under treatment, 127 of them Mahomedans.

121 labout cases (51 abrotmil)

236 minor and 122 major operations (156 under gen. narcose) have been performed during the year, amongst those .

excision of tumors	•				•					8	
D. C										46	
abdominal section										4	
stone in bladder	٠				٠			,		5	
forceps	٠			~						2	
podolie version	•	٠.			٠					9	
evacuation of uterns			•							25	

6,149 is the number of new out-patients 3,824; Mahomedans, 3,268 Hindoos; 2,700 children. Daily average 45.

New bed and bith rooms have been built on to the Doctor's bungalow, where the European midwife is staying for the present, as there are no other quarters for her in the hospital. The intense hot weather spent in an Indian house without a verandah and a temperature of 110' was a great trial and ended in a sharp bout of fever, followed, on going to Murree July 16th by phlebitis, which laid me up for a month.

By the courtesy of Major Wells, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Murree, I was given a room at the Civil Hospital in which to hold the dispensary, so that in the middle of August I took most the dispensary equipment to Murree, only coming back to Gujar Khan for a few days on the outbreak of cholera.

On September 24th a short tour in the Murree Tahsil was started, chiefly to find out suitable places in which to stay this year, and 62 patients were treated en-route to Kahuta, where the dispensary camp was pitched in the Dak Bungalow compound for a month, but the women did not come for a month, freely. On November 7th Camp was moved to Sagri near Mankiala station, and there in three weeks over 1,000 patients were treated. School masters thought it a grand opportunity to get quinine tablets, by sending boys to the dispensary so each school boy complaining of fever was desed there and then with quinine mixture.

In December another move was made to Kallar where the camp remained.

The year has been one of experiment, of teaching minor officials, that wants must be attended to and transport must be forthcoming when asked for. Village lambardars and Zails were suspicious, and inclined to think that a woman is beneath notice but women come readily after a few days in a place, in increasing numbers, especially as places visited are those where there are no dispensaries. One of the saddest cases seen was that of a little boy of seven brought lying in a basket, two feet wide, unable to move or speak. He had been in this condition since the influenza epidemic of 1918-19. There were seven confinement cases during the year only one of which was normal. These were all in private practice. The worst was that of a girl of twenty, who had been eight days in labour, one twin was born three days and the other three hours before they called me. There was also an adherent placenta, she pulled round at the time, but became insane a month later, when practically no treatment was allowed, and she starved to death. The insanity was attributed to evil spirits. Ram Pyari conducted three cases of labour with the death of one child in a case to which she was called as the midwife failed to deliver. Another case died of cholera before delivery and another child was still born after a bad accidental haemorrhage due to the man beating his wife badly. It was a high forceps delivery.

Numbers for the year were 5,765 new patients, 932 return visits. Two in-patients operations included five incisions for abscess of the breast, two in the groin, two excisions of tuberculous glands, one amputation finger, and one or two whitlows.

ALICE M. NEWTON, M.B., CH. B.

Statement shoung Income and Erzenditure of the Counters of Dufferin's Tund, Punjab Branch, for 1921.

Particulars of Income	Amount	TOTAL.	Particulars of Expenditure.	Amount.	Torat
	Page 1	Ret		я́в	Pag.
Opening Belance on Let January 1921	4,279	4,273	Š	3,000	i
Denations and Sabscriptions Internation Inscrint on Inscription	4.170	4.170		288 288 288 288	٠٠.
Recovery of Advance due from Dr. Hart	400	400	District Board, Minuwali District Board, Dera Ghazi Khan	1,350	٠,
			Stronds and Scholarships -	. ,	998'9
Central Commuttee Account—			Training of Pupil Nurse Dals Training of Female Medical Students at	196	::
Salary of Miss Barlow	, 119		Sa.		1,276
Salary of Mass Basil	25	173		119	ij
			Mass. Basil, Lady Altchison Hospital,	26	1
Grants-			Charge Allowance to Dr. Simmonds	, 85	
Pamab Government	910		TOTAL .		230
District Board, Attock	180	2,280	Study Leave Expenses to Miss Franklin Passage out expenses (in part) of	330	300
Refund of Stipends of pupil nurse Dais .	12	15	Honority Secretary's Establishment and	214	112
K	-'~		Closing Balance on 31st December 1921		3,259
TOTAL		11,905	TOTAL .		11,905

UNITED PROVINCES BRANCH.

Provincial Committee.

President:

The Hon'ble Sir Haboourt Butler, K.C.S.I., C.I.E.

Honorary Treasurer.

R. WATERFIELD, Esq.

Members:

Lady Knox.
Mrs. PIM.
Mrs. Harrison.
Lady Mears.
Mrs. Lambert.
Rani of Khairigarh.
The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals
(United Provinces).
The Civil Surgeon, Lucknow.
The Civil Surgeon, Allahabad.

The Civil Surgeon, Naini Tal.

The Civil Surgeon, Agra.

The Commissioner, Lucknow Division.

The Commissioner, Kumaun Division.

The Commissioner, Allahabad Division.

The Honourable Nawab Muntaz-ud-daula.

Sir Muhammad Faiyaz Ali Khan, E.C.L., E.C.V.O.,

C.S.L., of Pahasu, Bulandshahr.

Sahibzada Dr. Said-uz-Zafae Khan, M.B., Ch.B.,

(Edin.), D.T.M. (Liverpool).

Ex-Officio Members:

The Secretary, Provincial Branch of Dufferin Fund Association, United Provinces.

Trustees of the Provincial Branch:

- 1. The Commissioner, Allahabad Division.
- 2. The Hon'ble Nawab Munitaz-ud-daulah Sir Mohammad Faiyaz Ali Khan, R.G.Le., K.G.V.O., O.S.L., of Pahasu, Bulandshahr.

Secretary:

Dr. C. M. WICKHAM, S.M.O., W.M.S.

The Inspector-General's Report for 1920.

The work of the Association.

- (A) Medical relief.
- (B) Educational Work.
- (A) MEDICAL RELIEF.
- 1. The list of hospitals and dispensaries working and established under the auspices of the Association are shown in statement II. There were in the year 1921 as in 1920 25 hospitals and dispensaries for women affiliated to the Provincial Branch and managed by Local Committee of the Dufferin Fund.

The number of hospitals and dispensaries for women managed by District Boards and other local bodies during the year undor review was 34 as compared with 35 in the previous year. A new dispensary for women has been opened at Ghaniabad in Meerut District by the Municipal Board from 1st January 1921, and another has been opened at Korts in Situaru District, from 24th June 1921 through the generosity of Rajs Swami Dayal Seth of Sitapur. The new dispensary at Ghaniabad has not yet been affiliated to the Provincial Bunach and hones has not been included in the number of affiliated institutions. The charge of the new dispensary at Kotra is held by a Dufferin Sab-Assistant Surgeon and it has been placed under the supervision—and management of the District Board, Sitapur. Rajs Swami Dayal Seth will continue to take a practical interest in the dispensary by contributing Rs. 1,200 annually towards its maintenance.

The dispensary for women at Kasganj remained closed throughout the year.

 The following table shows the attendance at the hospitals affiliated and managed by organised committees of the Dufferin Fund during the year 1921, as compared with that of the previous four years.—

		_	_					1917 -	1918	1913	1920	1921
Indoor Ontdoor	•	•	•	•	•		•	10 214 197,277	10,141 198,056		10,271 202,093	10,049 202,715
					Tor	AL		207,491	208,197	213,650	212,564	212,785

The figures show a net increase of 394 in the attendance of the indoor and outdoor patients as compared with the figures of the preceding year. This shows continued popularity of the Dufferin Hospitals in these Provinces.

The total attendance registered at the institutions managed by District Boards and other local bodies, though affiliated to the Provincial Branch, during 1921 was 217,158, anally, 4,782 indoor and 212,380 outdoor against 4,541 and 213,650, org., 228,591 in all of last year.

The decrease of 11,433 is the figures is partly due to economic conditions and partly due to the disturbed state of the country.

3. The number of private visits paid by medical women attached to both classes of institutions in these Provinces at the houses of patients during the year under roriew and the preceding year was -

CLASS OF PATIENTS.			Other		ī	7					
Year.		Ento- peans.	Anglo Indiana,	Muham- madana,	Nicdus,	classes.	Total.	Medical	Surgi-	Mid- wifery.	TOTAL.
							Ĺ.,				
1920	•	332	393	2,230	2,884	378	6,218				
1921		378	365	2.623	3,221			8,700	250	1,736	6,218
	_			-,,,,,,,	0,221	. 379 (7,270	4,201	1,200	1,5,6	6,916

It is very satisfactory to note the increase in this branch of the work. These figures include 354 Gynaccological and 1,276 midwifery cases attended at the patients' houses.

Naini Tal again heads the list with 802 cases visited. Then in order come Ghazipur (425), Meerut, (421), Aligarh (410), Bulandshahr (364), Moradabad (352), Farrukhabad (329), Hardoi (316), Allahabad (270), Gorakhpur (225), Benares (208), Basti (199), Cawnpere (186), Bareilly (177), Bara Banki (170), Rae Bareli (163), Pilibhit (153), Agra (150). Gonda (130), Mainpuri (126), Azamgarh (122), Bijnor (109), Sharaupur (106) and Muzaffarnagar (104).

There is a decrease of 460 in midwifery cases attended. Moradabad recorded (241), Farrukhabad (115), Aligarh (94) Muzastarnagar (70), Allahabad (60), Bulandshahr (57), Saharanpur (49), Meerut and Basti (35), Naini Tal (34), Cawnpore (33) and Sultanpur, Bareilly and Dahra Dun (28).

- 4. During the year 1921, 8 Dufferin Fund Institutions and 2 Institutions managed by District Boards and other local bodies were inspected by the Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, United Provinces, and 21 and 25, respectively, by the Assistant to the Inspector General of Civil Hospitals. United Provinces.
- 5. Out of the grant of Rs. 13,800 from the Local Government and Rs. 6,000 from the Dufferin Council, sums have been allotted to Meerut, Shahjahanpur, Agra, Farrukhabad, Rae-Bareli, Cawnpore, Hathras, Ghazipur, Lucknow, Benares, and Bata Banki, for many urgent improvements.
- 6. The Dufferin Hospitals had an unexpected windfall this year through the practical interest taken by Mrs. Hopkins, a member of the Provincial Committee. Mrs. Hopkinsgot up a Rafile which realised Rs. 5,400 and this amount was divided amongst, the hospitals to enable them to purchase necessary articles of furniture and equipment.

7. The following staff is employed in the various hospitals in the United Provinces:-

Seven English qualified medical women.

Two medical women Licentiates in Medicines and Surgery.

Fifteen medical women of the certificate class.

Fifty-one Sub-Assistant Surgeons.

Excluding the members of the Women's Medical Service for India of which there are six, the number on the roll at present is:—

			nctioned rength.	Number on roll.
First class medical women			2	1
			23	17
Sub-Assistant Surgeons			56	51
	TOTAL		81	69

It will be seen that the number on the rolls is twelve short of its sanctioned strength, there being seven vacancies in the United Provinces Women's Medical Services and five in the sub-assistant surgeons class.

I regret to record the death of Dr. Z. A. M. Sequeria the first class medical woman on on 19th January, 1921.

This vacancy has not yet been filled up.

The question of revising the pay of woman assistant surgeons to correspond with the revised rates of pay of men assistant surgeons is under consideration.

Until this is done it does not seem possible to fill the vacancies.

8 Dr. C. M. Wickham, W.M.S., held the post of the Assistant to the Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, United Frovinces in Dufferin Fund matters and Secretary to the Promead Committee of the Dufferin Fund Association through out the year. I desire to place on record my appreciation of the great assistance she rendered to me in the work of the Department.

Ur. G. J. Campbell, M.D., acted as Principal of the Medical School, Agna until 13th March 1921. She was granted leave and Dr. M. O'livens, W.M.S., 2nd Medical woman at Agra officiated as Principal until the appointment of Dr. M. V. Webb, W.M.S., from the 9th November, 1921.

Br. M. A. D. Naoroji W. M. S., was appointed as 2nd. Medical woman at Agra and on her transfer to Cawnpore was succeeded by Dr. Helen Lalbe, W. M. S.

Dr. D. K. Fairbain was appointed as 2nd Medical woman when Dr. Lillie was transferred to Cawnrore vice Dr. Nacioji granted leave.

Since the appointment of Dr. M. V. Webb as Principal at Agra Dr. M. Olivera, W.M. S., is acting as 2nd Medical woman there.

Miss. A. M. Herring, a member of the United Pioviness Women's Medhal Service official at the Dufferin Hospital Campore from 11th July, 1921 to 16th September, 1921 during the absence of Dr. Nacorjo neser, until releved by Dr. Helen Lille, W.M.S.

9. Dr. A. M. Watts and Dr. M. A. D. Nacroy from these Provinces attended the post graduate course in venereal diseases held for the members of the Women's Medical Services for India at Poons in February 1921 under the auspices of the Dufferin Council.

10. Three members of the United Provinces Women's Medical Service, Mrs. Grifiths, Mrs. Hardy and Miss Drummond attended the post graduate course in venereal diseases held for woman assistant surgeons at the Agra Women's Medical School in April 1921, the expenses having been met by the Dufferin Council.

11. As the Sitayar District Board agreed to pay the regained contribution to the Provincial Committee of the Dufferin Fund for the employment of a Dufferin Sub-Assatant Surgeon at the new dispensary for women at Kotra, a member of that class has been posted there.

B. EDUCATIONAL WORK.

12 Wanne students The number of tudents on the rolls of the Women's Medical School, Agn during the year ending 16th May, 1921 was 60 of the 60 candidates, 47 were Indian Christians, 10 Hindus and 9 Mohammadans, 43 belonged to these Provinces and 14 to other Fronness. Four out of pine students who appeared at the Final Qualifying Examination held in April 1921, passed out. Two have been remanded for a period of one year and the remaining three appeared at the Final Qualifying Re-examination held in Outdoor 1921 and passed out

 students appeared for the junior Qualifying Examination in April 1921 and eleven passed out One student passed the Junior Qualifying Re-examination held in October 1921.

At the sessional examination, held at the end of the third year, nine students appeared, of these six possed and three were provisionally promoted until they appeared in October in the subjects in which they failed.

At the school examination at the end of the first year twelve appeared and all passed and were promoted.

UNITED KINGDOM BRANCH.

President.

The Mort Honourable the Downson Marchioness of Duffenin and Ara, V. & A., c.l., c.n.e.

Members of General Committee.

Miss Annerre Benson, M.B., B.sc. The Right Hon'ble Lady Carmichael. Major-General Sir HAVELOCK CHARLES, G.C.V.O., M.D., F.E.C.S.I. The Right Hen'ble the VISCOUNTESS CHELMSTORP, C.I., G.B.E. LADY DUKE, Major-General Hanold Hendley, c.s.r. Miss Charlotte Houlton, m. D., B.S. The Hight Hon'ble LADY INCHCAPE. The Hon'ble LADY LAWLEY, G B.E. LADY LUEIS. The Right Hon'ble the Dowager Counters of Lytton, C.I. Miss Grace Mackinson, L v.c.r., & s.zd. The Hou'ble Mns. E. S. Montagu. Honorary Treasurer and Chairman of Executive Committee. The Right Hea'ble the Countess or Minto, c.i. Miss KATE PLATT, M.D. B.S. LADY CECILIA ROBERTS. Mrs. Schandleb. J.P., c.B.E., M.D. M.S. Sir Montagu Turner. Mies Jane Tuenhull, c.B.E., M.D., B.S. Mies Louie M. Brooks (Honorary Secretary).

Executive Committee.

The Hon'ble Mrs. Edwin Montagu, Chairman & Honoray Treasurer.

Major-General Sir Havelock Charles, g.c.v.o., M.D., F.R.C.S.I.

The Hon'ble Lady Lawley, c.R.E.

Major-General H. Hendley, c.S.I.

Miss Jane Turnbull, c.B.E., M.D., B.S.

Mrs. Scharlieb, J.P., c.B.E., M.D., M.S.

Miss Kate Platt, M.D., B.S.

Miss L. M. Brooks, Honorary Secretary.

Chairman's Report for 1921.

presenting the Report of the U. K. Branch of the Dufferin Fund for the year 1921, xecutive Committee wish first of all to express the pleasure it has given that the

return of the Downger Marchiopess of Dufferin & Alas to reside in London has enabled her to take an active part in the work of the Commuttee. Her personal knowledge of the Fund since its inauguration is invaluable, and her sympathy and interest are very stimulating to those working with her.

The Executive Committee has met five times during the year at the India Office.

The rosin business has been the selection of European members of the W. M. S. but this day has been rendered very difficult by the conditions in this country. Then has been a shortage of method women for some pears past, salaries have been tery high, and the openings for good people have been numerous enough to absorb most of those whom the Committee would otherwise have been able to attract into the Service. The Committee realized that there facts were probably gravely hampering the Council in India, and deeply regretted it, but they fait that in the interests of the Service twas not desirable to send out medical women without sufficient experience and convequently they have not entertained their applications. These were post-war conduitions, and already there are signs of an increase in the number of recruits available for future appointments. The following appointments have been made—

Dr Marguerite Stewart ,

Dr. J. Hamilton Mclircy (to have charge of the Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Departments at the Lady Hardinge College and Hospital, Delhi);

Dr. M I. Cuthbert; Dr. A. B. H. Greig;

Dr. E B. Hollway;

Dr. F. B. Mason.

The Committee also interviewed Indian medical women now studying for higher qualifications in this country who desire appointments in the W. M. S., and on their recommendation, the Central Council appointed Miss Elizabeth Matthai, L. M. & S. Madras, L.R. P., M.R. C., Lug, to the Service.

Easy in the year it was announced that the Legislative Assembly in India had made a substantial grant to the Central Fands and that from Narch Let, 1921, improved terms of service would become operative, incloding a rise in initial grade pay and an increase in the Browlent Fund contribution from the Council. The cadre of the Service was also asked to 43, with an ultimate mise to 49. The conditions as to charge allowances and overseas allowances are still ouder consideration.

Several grants have been unde from the funds at the disposal of the United Kiogdom Branch to students from India now studying in this towarry who find it extremely difficult to manage on their small incomes at the present time: Miss E. Matthal, L.M. & Madras, £25; Miss N. R. Marcadam, M.R., Es. Bombay, £26; Miss O. D. Thomas, £25 (£00 in 1920). The Committee much regret that the small funds at their 2.1.

nequest, amounting to £148 2s. 11d. is forwarded to and distributed annually in India,

The Executive Committee offer their most sincere thanks to the Gilchrist Trustees for their continued help to the women of India.

The Committee desire to thank the Medical Board, Major-General Sir Harrlock Charles, Dr. Mary Schalleb and Dr. Louiss Hamilton, for so generously continuing to give their professional services for the examination of candidates, The Audited Statement of Accounts appended to the Report was prepared, by permission of the Secretary of State, in the Audit Department of the India Office, and the Committee desire to offer the Auditor, Mr. W. A. Sturdy, their most cordial thanks for his valuable services to the Association.

The Honerary Secretary of the United Kingdom Branch was appointed by the Secretary of State to be one of the Committee on Indian Students, under the Chairmanship of the Earl of Lytton. It was hoped that, during the Committee's tour in India, Miss Brooks would have visited a number of the Dufferin Hospitals and have had opportunities of meeting the members of the Central Council, but unfortunately the Indian visit was suspended at the last moment.

Cash statement January 1st-December 31st, 1921.

				1-7	Total.	
		1	Particulars of Expenditure.	Amount.		Α
Particulars of Income.	Amount	Total		4	£ 8. d.	PPY
	£ 8. d.	£ 2. d	By Clencel Assistance	4 2 2 2 3 4	٠	ND1.
To Cash-January 1st, 1921	327 18 6 2 12 7	330 11, 1	Printing and Mainten. Postage and Telephone Cables and Telegrams	Se.		X 1
To Donations and Subscriptions —	150 0 0		Advertisement	•		
The Dowager Marchioness of Dufferin	00		By Granta and South (Certral Council)	00		
Lady D'Arcy Oaborno Mrs. Percival Maxwell	1710		", Monasa (U. K. Committee)	98	211 0 0	
Gountess of Strafford	14-		Matthai ("	,	125 3 2	
Mrs. Dov.	000		By Salary Dr Meliroy	1		
Marque of Lansdowne	900	166 11 6	By Passage Money :-	•		
Miss Maconchi	0.00		Dr. Caineford	0	,	
Tulloot bequest	•			288		
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f 100 Funding 4% Loan			- Council Council :-			_
United Kingdom branch investments. 21,571-013d. Manchester 3% Stock	56 4 4		_	300 0	3 461 16	
£110 L. and S. W. Manney S.	0 2	9	_		_	
To Remittances from Central Conneil, India:	•		By Cash in Bank-December 31st, 1921	10 21 21	_	e :
Scholarships Salary for Dr. McIlroy	200		Dess cheque uncesses		1 711	- I
Passage Meney	•	1,575 3 2	2 By cash in hand	_	2,292 8	80
TOTAL	-	2,203 8 8	8		- Le gorront.	1
		24,010	+o the above Statement have been examin	ed and I certify to	10 na correct	
The Cash Book, Bank Pass Book, Vonc	hers and other do	inmenta stramti	The Cash Book, Bank Pass Book, Vonchers and other documents to the Cash Book, Bank Pass Book,		•	

Reports from Indian States.

Women and Children's Hospital, Trivandrum.

Travaneore.

The Darbar Physician states :-

Attendance.—The total number of patients treated at the Out-Patient Department shows an increase of 1,296 over last year and in the In-Patient Department an increase of 483.

Obstetric.—The number of Midwifery cases treated is 707, i.e., 102 more than last year. There were 138 Midwifery operations.

Operations.—The number of major operations performed during the year is 519. This includes 120 obstetric operations, 5 casarean sections and one case of abdominal pregnancy which had gone on to full term.

The number of minor operations performed is 680.

Victoria Jubilec Hospital and School, Quilon.

The total number of in-patients treated shows a decrease of 41 from last year and the cut-patients a decrease of 3,331. This decrease is due to the fact that the separation of this institution from the District Hospital was not known to the ignorant public for a long time and they continued to attend the District Hospital as before. The total number of Midwifery cases treated is 581 showing an increase of 10 over last year.

The number of major operations is 296. This includes 101 obstetric operations and 11 abdominal sections. The following were the abdominal sections done:—

	_							
Ectopic Gestation							•	1
Hydro Salpinz			•				•	1
Pyo Salpinx .								1
Ovariotomy .					. •			4 i
Dermoid Broad Lig	ament		•			•	•	1
Malignant Growth	Uterus			•.			•	1 Exploratory
Enterectomy and	Lateral	A	nastom	osis	for	Intest	inal	Laporatomy.
ch danadiana								ı

Also it is interesting to report that there was a case of a full term primary abdominal pregnancy in which the child was extracted alive.

Eleven pupil midwives appeared in April for their final examination, all of them came out successful and a new class with thirteen pupils was started in August 1921.

District Hospital, Alleppey (Female side).

The female Medical Practitioner attached to this Institution attended mainly to the midwifery and Gynacological sections there.

The women's Hospital, Mattancherry, and the Maternity Hospital, Trichur, continued to carry on the work of female medical aid throughout the year. The results of the year's work are as follows:—

10110//2:							
Total attendar		64,325					
Daily average							249.3
Operations			•				814
	_					•	670
Labour cases	}						82
	(Utherwise	•	•	•	•	•	6

Cochin.

2. An Assistant Surgeen, 6 Sub-Assistant Surgeens, 8 matrons, 6 nurses, 6 pupil nurses, 10 compounders and 9 midwayes worked in the cause of female, medical sid in the State during the year, besides 100 indepentus midwives who were stipended and trained in the above two institutions.

3 Fire medical students were presecuting their studies during the year—ease in Englard en £209 a year, two (one on Rs. 50 and the other on Rs. 35 a month) in the Madros Medical College and two m the Vellore Medical School on Rs. 30 each per measem. Of these, the student on Rs. 50 was under the supervision of the Dufferin fund.

4. As in previous years indigenous midwives in the State were trained for 6 months on a stipend of Re. 10 each per mensem in the two institutions.

The Medical Superintendent, Patida, says .-

Patiala.

There has been a change in the Hoppital Staff; Mrs. Jonathan, S.A.S., died of Indowns and we have in her place Mrs. P. F. Pace, S.A.S.—Alias. Jackson, the Matron of Lady Curson School, got married and we have in her place Mrs. Town, diplomed Midwife of Ludwina Women's College. The has somewhat affected the working of the hospital and my going on month's leaves in the summer citocated a great deal of our work in the summer session. The Ds as Training class gore on as usual and we are glad to note that we are beginning to get more lifted a women to junc cut class. In the Compounders Class we have one in the third grade and two in the 4th grade, receiving their training my practical pharmacy and Materia Medica from the House Surgeon—It is all upbill work in training both these classes of women, as they have no knowledge of English whatever, and until we are able to secure a higher standard of women the results are very disappointing and poor.

Dr. Friend Pereira says .-

Kapurthala

I. In forwarding the figures of the V. J. Hospital, Kapurthala, I beg to state that the work has been carried on as before. The number of new Out and In-patients treated during the year was 23,800 and 503 respectively.

II. The appointment of a trained nurse has enabled me to do more major surgery. Seven abdominal operations were performed. This work throws a great strain on a small staff and another trained nurse is needed. The number of major operations were 250 of these 133 came under the head of selected operations. I give below details:—

		01 001	corea	oper	Get Over	- 6	TAO DO	ion w	erari2	;
1	Obstetric operations-	Force	os							3
	Podalic Version .	:	•	•	•	٠	٠			2
	Abortions, removal of	OAGD	ı, Pla	cente	or Me	mp1:	nes	,		10
_	Hour Glass Contractio	n, ret	atued	Plac	enta					3
2	Abdominal Section-H	yster	ectom	У						1
	Ovaman Tumour .			٠.						2
	Abscess Broad Ligamer	ot.					•	•	•	~
3.	Ruptured Perineum co	moleb				•	•	•	•	*
4	Polypus Uterus .				•	•	•	•	•	,
	Dilatation of Cervix an	å Cw	rattin			•	•	•	•	9
6	Stone in Bladder - Sap		no Ti	g uve	i na	•	•	•	•	37
-	Vagin d Lithotomy	rapu	וע טוי	thore	my	•	•	•		1
	Litholopary	•	•	•	•	٠	,			1
	Cataract .	•	•	•	4	٠	•			2
			•		•			,		43
	Imperforate Anus	•	•							1
	Hæmonhoids Ex. and	Inter.	pal							÷.
	. Imperforate Hymen						,		•	7
11	Necrosis of Bone .				,	,		•	•	4

11) 4 1. 11. 49. 49. 49. 49						
12. Ampulation thro. Knee Joint		•	•		1	
13. Excision of Tumour				·	1	

III. The Out-door insternity work is increasing rapidly and the work is getting too much for the one trainted Dhai appointed for the work. 211 cases were attended by the Ithai. Of these 97 cases note confined by her including six abortions. All the cases new visited by me. These figures are not included in the number of In-patients shown in Table B, or in paragraph I of this report.

IV. The Mospital is in good repair and the Hudget has been increased under all the beads by the Chief Minister who continues to take great interest in the institution, but we need a larger budget and staff to cope extinfactorily with the work.

Mydernta 1.

The Director, Medical and Sanitation Department, Hyderabad, states :-

(1) During the year under report the number of Hospitals set apart in these Dominions exclusively for the treatment of female patients remained the same as in the previous year, vir., the Victoria Zenana Hospital at Hyderabad and the Sharnapalli Rani Hospital at Gulburga while there were separate wards with Lady Dectors for the exclusive use of female patients at Dockhowli Dispensary in the Hyderabad City and at Aurangabad in the districts. For parcity of Lady Doctors the Female Wards at Jalna, Bidar and the Suburban Dispensary at Hyderabad were worked by male dectors. The total number of female patients treated at the above Hospitals was \$6,532 or 18,874 less than the previous year, the decrease being due to the smaller number of female wards being in charge of female dectors; of the patients 3,147 were in and \$3,385 out-patients. Of the latter 38,295 were now patients and 45,090 return visits as shown in the table below:—

Names.	-			In- patients.	New out- patients.	Total out-patients, new and old.
Victoria Zenana Hospital	•	•	•	3,003	20,112	49,431
Decabowli Dispensary .	•	•		•••	6,596	10,892
Midar Hospital				•••	2,959	. 18,854
Aurangahad Hospital .	•			103	6,921	. 10,577
Gulburga Hospital .	•	•	•	36	1,707	3,628
	То	TAL	•	3,147	38,295	83,895

(2) The classes of cases treated among the in-door patients were as detailed below:—

			Mater	nity.				General Diseases.			
Victoria Zenana Hospit	nl	•	1,333	Normal Labo Operative or cases Diseases of P	or com	plica incy	tcđ :	459 370 504	}	1,670	
Doodbowli Dispensary Aurangabad Hospital Gulburga Hospital	•	:	51 12	Normal . Abnormal	•	:	:	43 8	}	65 1	

The Lady Dector at Gulburga also successfully conducted 23 labour cases at the houses of patients.

(3) There were in all 1,149 operations performed of which 94 were major operations done in the Victoria Zenana Hespital.

Kauhmic.

(4) The number of Dhais under training in the Victoriar, Zenana Rospital on the let January 1921 was 17, and 31 were admitted during the year, making a total of, 48. Of these, 16 successfully completed their course,

(5) All Dhais trained at the Victoria Zenana Hospital belonged to the hereditary Dhai

class of the country. Nahan, The Registrar, Nahan, says --

Very good work has been continued at the Hospital during the year under report. Mrs. Alemao has been in charge of the Hospital and she is quite popular as usual.

The total number of the patients treated at the hospital during the year under report was 12,203 out of which 54 were treated as in-door patients.

130 operations were performed during the year under report out of which 7 were major operations which included one Casarian section.

Dr. J. Vaughan says .-

I have the honour to submit the following Report of The Dismond Jubilee Zenana Hospital, Srinagar, Kashmir, for the year 1921.

Medical Relief.

Number of	in and out-pa	tients	trea	ted d	luri	ng tl	e yes	r at	the I	Hospi	ital :-	_
	n-patients, new											576
No of	out-patients .						• -					6,599
Total at	ttendance of on	t-pati	ente				. ~					23,366
	ng Purdah Lada										`.*	5,734
							٠					-,,
				$O_{\mathbb{P}}$	era	tions						
Major o	perations .											262
Minor o	perations .							:	:	:	:	559
											•	203
				M_d	terz	ity.						
Matern	ity cases at hon	no (at	tond	ad La	n.	-7-1						
Materni	ty cases in Hos	nital	·vemu	cu oz	בע	acej	•	٠	•	•	•	141
		2	•		•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	128
				Mic	lwif	ery.						
Of the 168	cases in Hosp	ıtal d	etails	s are	as i	follor	TS ? -		•			
	Caesarian Sect										82	,
	Craniotomy	•									36	
	Breech Extract	ion									4	
	Forceps .									•	33	
	Podalio Vereior	a and	Extr	action	. 0					•	19	
	Manual Remov	al of l	Place	pta						:	13	
	Perforation of	after	ecuni	ng he	sd				- :	•	2	
	Normal Labor	r,							•	•	19	
						,		-	•	•	79	

Up-to-date, there is no organisation of Midwifery in the city, and only recently 2 women in their first normal labours became violently Septic, both traceable to the same

Dr. Rukhmabai says :--

With reference to your endorsement No. M.E.D.-35, dated the 14th December 1921, I have the hoppor to forward berewith the statements (for Women's Hospital in India officered by women) duly filled in as desired by you.

Rajket Kathwar,

158

I have the lawter to report further that this is the only Hospital in Rajkot which is officered by women.

The number of In and Out-patients is steadily increasing every year.

There are non six papil nurses in training.

Rajentava.

Tre Chief Medical Officer, Rajputana, says :--

I have the honour to forward herewith Annual Returns and Reports from the following institutions for the year cooling the Ulst December 1921:-

I. The Jament Hospital for Women, Jodhpur.

11. The Victoria Jubilee Hospital, Kotali.

III. The Walter Zerana Hospital, Udaipur. IV. The Indy Curson Zenana Hespital, Bikauer.

V. The Lady Dofferin Hospital, Alwar.

VI. The Walter Zenana Hospital, Tonk.

VII. The Female Hospital, Blanatpur.

VIII. The Mayo Hespital, Jaipur,

IN. The Sudder Dispensive, Kishangarh, N. The Female Dispensive, Beawar.

July or.—Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss H. Paul officiated as Lady Superintendent of the Jaswant Hespital for Women, Joshpur, in addition to her own duties till the 5th May 1921 when Miss Lucie Gainsford, L. R. C.P., London, and M. R. C.S., England, to k over charge of the Hospital as Lady Superintendent. 148 in and 3,491 nan out-door patients were treated against 64 in and 3,497 out-door patients in the previous year.

42 major and 196 minor operations were performed as against nil major and 80 minor operations in 1920.

Miss H. Paul re-igned her appointment as Sub-Assistant Surgeon and was succeeded by Mrs. Mohammed Ismail.

Two new Nurses were appointed to cope with an increased amount of work.

Knight.—Miss Jennie Newton, L. R. C. P. (Edin.), L. F. P. S. (Glass.), has been in charge of the Victoria Jubileo II spital. Kotah, throughout the year. There were 232 inputients and 7,795 new out-door patients treated as against 232 in and 7,359 new out-door patients in 1920.

290 operations were performed against 201 of last year.

The important operations performed were as follows :-

For restoration	n of lip	3=-6.[3	eilor	dasty			•			1
Paracentesis	of ability	men	•							3
Abdominal **	rtion-L	apart	nia ic	y					•	1
Removal of v	usical c	aleul	i-hy	Lithat	omy	(a) S	upr.t-	pubic		1
(c) Modian	•	•	•	•		•		•	•	1
Ovariotomy	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	1
Curetting of			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2
Dilatation of				•	•	٠	•	•	•	1
Others on Fer	nalo Ge	nera:	tive	Organ	ŝ.	٠	•	•	•	1
Application o	f force	14	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	5
Podalie extra	ction		•	•		•	•		٠	1
Craniotomy	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
Other obstetr	ic oper	ation	P	•			•	•	•	1

Udaipur.—The Residency Surgeon, Mewar Udaipur, informs that Mrs. Collins, Lady Doctor in charge of the Walter Zenana Hospital, Udaipur, has gone on leave for one year from the 16th September 1921. The hospital has been closed and keys are with the State-Authorities.

Bukmer.—Mus G A. Poolwalls, M. H. R. S., 1st Lady Assistant Surgron. has been in charge of the Lady Curron Zenana Hospital, Bulance, throughout the year. 330 in and in charge of the Lady Curron Zenana Hospital, Bulance, throughout the year. 330 in and 2,659 cut-door patients in the previous year.

74 major and 191 minor operations were performed against 61 major and 201 minor

operations of last year.

Alwar,—The Lady Dufferin Hospital, Alwar, remained in charge of Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon and Surgeon Supern Bai throughout the year and snother Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon and Surgeon Supern Bai throughouted in place; of late Bala Bai during the year. 170 in and 19,107 new out-door patients were treated against 215 in and 20,474 out-door patients in the previous year.

93 major and 1,911 minor operations were performed against 95 major and 1,0571 minor operations in 1920.

367 Purdah Ladies were treated at their homes and \$5 obstetric operations performed in 1921.

Tone.—Lady Doctor Mrn. M. Desoura who was in charge of the Walter Fenale Hospital, Tone, resigned her post on the 2rd December 1921 and the work is being carried on by Buh-Assidant Surgeon Imaman under the supervision of the State curgeon, Tone State.

. There were 128 in and 8,054 new out-door patients treated in 1921.

Bharatpur.—The Female Dispensary at Bharatpur remained without a female Sub-Assistant Surgeon throughout the year. The work was conducted by a male S. Assistant Surgeon from the Vision U. ...

and continued throughout the whole year.

Jaipur - The Female Wards of the Mayo Hospital at Jaipur remained in charge of Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Nangi Bai who does her work entistactorily.

945 in and 7,471 new out-door, patients were treated during the year.

Ansanjara - Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Mrs. L. A. Scott has been in charge of the Female Hospital, Kishangarh Phomodo. and 4,257 new out-door

he previous year. The for labour cases while

nomens Ward of the Dispensive at Beams, throughout the year. If in and 5,001 outdoor policula were treated against 61 m, and 6,591 out-door patients in the previous year. The number of operations performed was 390 out-door patients in the previous year, toriant operations against 351 operations in 1920 —

- Decision against out operations in 1920			,	THE PERSON
Extraction of lens for Cataract .				
			•	13
Paraceutesis abdominalis for section	- 1	•	•	20
	•	•	•	4
Amputations	•	•	•	21
Reduction of dislocation and setting of Fractures	1	•	•	্ 1
Removal of ova by Ovam Forceps	 :	•	•	3
		•	•	G
Setting of Fracture	•	•	•	2
	•	•	•	4

Obolpur.

Dr. Porkineen eurs ; -

training the year \$450 patients in all have been treated at the Hospital and dispensaries. The dispensary is hold I times a work in the Hospital and I times at the City Dispensary. 249 operations were performed during the year of which 87 were under acceptable either general or local. The nursing of the Hospital is in charge of an Hamiliah trained Sister. Miss Henry and under her are six Indian nurses. The Hospital is a recognised school for the training of nurses for the Associated Board of Mission Russes Certificate and for the training of compounders for a similar diploma.

Dr. Ern thinks was in charge until March offer which her place was taken by Dr. K. H. Parkings.

27 A January 1922.

R. H. PARKINSON.

Jadheur.

He broir Gainsterl ears

I to sever charge of the hospital from Sth May 1921 from Miss H. Paul, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, who was in charge of the hospital since 15th March 1919, when Mrs. Steffing went on leave and subsequently resigned. During the year there have been several changes in the Respital staff. Miss H. Paul resigned her appointment as Sub-Assistant Surgeon and was succeeded by Mrs. Mohammed Ismail who has previously much of in the Januari Respital under Miss March.

There has been some difficulty about the accommodation of nurses, and three wards of the hapital have had to be set apart for their use. This brings down the available number of bods for patients from 60 to 32. As when I first arrived there were very for in-patients, this was not a great difficulty, but now that the numbers are increasing same other accommodation will have to be found for them.

The total increase of in and out-patients has been good, but as the hospital has been without a Medical Superintendent for some time patients were going more to the other hospitals. I hope next year to see a real increase. Surgical work also has increased and I hope next year to be able to report more major operations.

Applications have been made for electric lighting, more furniture and instruments. These I understand have been sanctioned and will greatly facilitate the working of the hospital.

The work done by the hespital staff, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, nurses and compounder has been excellent.

The number of patients and operations for the year under report as compared with those of 1920 are as under:—

		,		Total	, ,	s.	
Year.	In-door.	Out-door.	Total.	Average.	blajor.	Minor.	Total.
1920 1921	64 148	3,497 5,994	3,561 6,112	55:26 59:€4	10	50 196	80 238

INDIAN STATES.

Return of Patients treated in Hospitals.

Station.	Fame of Hospital	No of In- Patients.	No. of Out- Patients.	Total attendance of Out-Patients, Old and New-
Bhopal	Lady Lanedowna Hos- pital	683	6,101	21,336
Hyderabad	Victoria, Zepana Hos-	3,003	20,112	49,434
Doodbouli			6,596	10,692
Aurangabad ,		108	6,921	10,577
Galburga	Sharnapalli Ranı Pos-	36	1,707	3.623
Bidar ,			2,959	8,654
Jammu	King Edward Memorial Zenana Hospital.	130	3,275	20,216
Kapurthala	Victoria Jubilee Hos- pital.	593	23,390	23,952
Mattaucherry Trichur	Women's Hospital Maternity Hospital	1,237 816	18,809	40 825
Patiala State Ditto	Lady Dufferm Hospital, Hendley Female Dis- pensary.	4,214	270 6,100	10,2§1 15,323
Nahan	S Z. Hospital	54	3,581	12,149
Rajkot, C. S.	Rasulkhanji Zenana Hospital, Rajkot.	427	2,755	7,342
Rampur State	Zenana Hospital	193	1,679	4,758

Return of Patients treate 1 in Hospitals-contd,

Stat	ion.			Name of Hospital.	No. of In- Patients.	No. of Out- Patients.	Total attendance of Out-Patients, Old and New.
Srinagar, Ko	shm	ir		Diamond Jubilee Zenana Hospital.	678	8,399	23,366
Trivandrum		•		(Women's and Children's Rospital.	2,381	22,471	52,298
Quilon	•	•	•	Victoria Jubilee Hos- pital.	1,430	17,158	35,049
Alleppey		•		District Hospital .	384	20,195	8),473
Rewa	•	•		Zenana Hospital .		12,523	80,934
Baroda				Jamnabai Dispensary.	150	27,943	•••
Po.	•		•	State General Hospital.	1,622]	••••
Tonk, Rajpu	tans		•	Walter Female Hos- pital, Tonk	128	S,054	31,059
Bharafpur	• .	•	•	Maji Sahiba Daryal Kaur's Hospital for Women.	258	4,014	30,970
Alwar		•	•	Lady Dufferin	179	19,197	38,417
Jaipur	,			Mayo Hospital	545	7,471	37,395
Kishaugarh		•		General Hospital	14	4,287	11,718
Beawar	•	•	- -	Female Dispensary, Beawar.	61	5,504	13,504
I)holpur	•	<u> </u>	•	Lady Hardinge .	322	3,332	9,028
Jodhpur	•	•	•	Jaswant Female Hospital.	145	3,994	19,185
Kota State,	Raj	puts	ına .	Victoria Hospital .	232	7,798	21,615
Bikanir		•	·	Zenana Hospital .	330	2,689	11,122

APPENDIX II.

Regulations for Prizes and Scholarships.

1. Queen-Empress Medals.

Four gold medals shall be offered annually to the Medical Colleges, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and Delhi, for the woman student who rasses highest in the first division of the final M. B. examination

Should no woman student gain a place in the first division, a silver Queen-Empress medial shall be awarded to the one who passes with the highest number of marks in the second division.

These medals shall be awarded by the University authorities,

2. Viceroy's Medals.

Five silver medals shall be offered annually to the Medical Schools at Agra, Ludhianas Poona, Calcutta and Madras, for the woman student (Sub-Asistant Surgeon) who passes highest in the final qualifying examination, provided she obtains at least 60 per cent. of the available matter.

These prizes shall be awarded by the Examining Boards.

3. Dufferin Prizes.

(c) A prize consisting of the interest of a sum of Re. 500 given by Mrs. Behramjes Malabari of Bombay, to be awarded to the student at the Agra Women's Medical School, who, in the annual final examination, stands highest in Clinical Medicine and Surgery, provided also obtains two-chirds marks, and that her conduct during the past twelve months has been in every way, satisfactory.

(b) A prize of the value of Rs 30 shall be offered annually to the best woman student is the subjects of midwifery and gynxcology in the medical school at Ludhiana.

The prize shall be awarded by the Principal, on the results of the final examination and school work.

4. Henry Fawcett Prize.

The following prize is offered annually by Mrs. and Miss Fawcett in memory of the late Mr. Henry Fawcett:-

A prize of Re. 240 to be called the "Henry Fawcett Prize" will be awarded annually for the best essay written by an Indian woman medical graduate within two years of qualifying. Perference will be given to those who show original thought on subjects connected with the conditions of childbirth, infant mortality and sanitary problems in India.

Scholarships in India.

Applications from Students in India.

- 1. The Council offers a certain number of scholarships annually for women students-commencing the study of medicine in the various medical colleges of India.
- 2. The scholarships are of the value of Rs. 25 per mensem and are open to women from all parts of India who intend to study for the M.B. or L.M.S. degrees.
- 3. Scholarship holders shall be bound to serve the Association for at least two years after qualification, if called upon to do so. This does not imply any obligation on the part of the Association to provide employment, although the effort will always be made to do so.
- 4. Applications should be accompanied by a recommendation from the Principal of the Medical College in which the applicant proposes to study.

The agreement which scholarship holders are required to sign will be found overleaf at A.

5. Should a scholarship holder appear unlikely, from any cause, to become a useful member of the medical profession, her scholarship may be withdrawn. In such a case, or in case of any misconduct on the part of the student, the scholarship may be suspended by the Principal until the decision of the Council can be arrived at.

United Kingdom Scholarships.

The Regulations for these scholarships are at present under revision, but information can be obtained regarding them by application to the Joint Secretary.

(A)

An Agreement made this	day of
or Supplying Female Medical Aid to the wo 880) hereinafter called the Council, and	men of India (duly registered under Act XXI of
ereinafter called the student.	
 Whereas the said student has produced a c 	ertificate of successfully passing the
	and also a certificate
	a member of the Indian Medical Service, or of
te Women's Aledical Service for India shor	wing that the said student is physically fit to
udy and practise medicine, and has also i	urnished a satisfactory certificate of good moral
	d by and between the parties hereto as following,
it is hereby inutually agreed and declared	n by and between the parties bereto as lollowing,
(i) The and Council shall at the	da a-tion
the Defendant shall be the	eir option pay to the said student, or to
•	Marco 100 m 2
(ss) The said student shall diligently	study the prescribed course of the Institution
	is agreement for a period of
(iii) The said student shall conform	to the rules of the orders of the aforesaid Institu
racateur comege, and cook the	
(sv) The said student shall, if require	study: red by them so to do serve the soid Council
(sv) The said student shall, if require	study: red by them so to do serve the soid Council
(iv) The said student shall, if require for a period of two years	study: red by them so to do serve the soid Council
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and return.

Women's Hospitals in India staffed entirely by women. APPENDIX IV. (Table A.)

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No. of beds.		16	-	50	22	ω '		Indoor 3, Family wards 5.	•	25	. 104	
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Approximate value of buildings.	BR.	25,000		42,557	30,000	45,009		30,000	•	25,000	7,24,389	
By whom supported.		American Welsh Presbyterian Mission.		Provincial Revenues Municipal Funds. Subscriptions.	Some beds supported by English subscribers but chleffy maintained by local fees, donations.	From private donations .		Provincial Revonues Local Funds. Private subscriptions.	•	Baptist Mission Medical Auxil-	1. Countess of Dufferin's Fund . 2. Government grant. 3. Municipal grant. 4. Private subscriptions.	
Name of Hospital,	ASSAM.	Habiganj Mission Hospital	BALUCHISTAN.	Lady Dufferin Sandeman Hospital.	Zenana Mission Hospital	Dufferin Zenana	•	McIvor Femalo Hospital	BENGAL PRESIDENCY.	Baptist Mission Hospital .	Lady Dufferin Victoria Bospital	,
Name of medical woman in charge.		E. Greenwood, Sub-Assistant Surgeon.		Miss Ivy Keess, M.R.C.S., L.R. C.P.	E. G. Stuart, M.B. (Lond.)	A. C. Polette Roberts		Miss A. Alfred, L.M. & S.		Dorothy D. Daintree, M.R.C.S., L.B.C.P.	Miss Hamilton Brown, M.B., Ch.M. W.M.S.	
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riabail		1.	BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.	~	,	•	
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' Name of station.	tflon.		Name of medical woman in charge.	Name of Hospital.	By whom supported.	Approximate value of buildings.	No. of beds.
				BOMBAY PRESIDENCY—		RS. A. P.	
Ahmednagar .		•	Ruth P. Hume, M.D. and Barriet J. Clark, M.D.	American Mission Hospital for Women and Children.	Women's Board of Missions, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.	0 0 000,29	09
Bombay .		•					
Borsud		•	Miss S. L. McEldberry, M.B. & Miss S. M. Boyd, M.B. (Edin.)	Roberts Zenana Mission Hospi- tal.	Irlsh Presbyterian Mission	30,000 0 0	20
Broach		•	Miss L. E. Dunn, M.B.	Zenana Misslon Hospital	Women of the Irish Presher.	1.00.000 0 0	pletely furnished.
Hyderabad, Sind			Miss B. J. Vakil	Women's Hospital	Countess of Dufferin's Fund	0	. 20
. Karachi		•	Dr. Constance Hart, W.M.S.	Lady Dufferin Hospital	Sind. Government grant. Grants from public bodies and public subscription.	2,54,322 0 0	76
Larkana							
Naslk .		•	Dr. Ethel Landon	Hospital of the Zenana Bible Medical Mission.	Chleffy by subscriptions from Canada to the Z.B.M.W.	87,500 0 0	. 60
Almora .	•	•	Miss J. M. C. Grey, L.R.C.P. (Edin.), L.R.C.S., L.F.P. & S. (Glas.)	Mission Sanitatium for Tuber- culosis.	Private subscriptions, fees from patients, Government grant.	19,790 0 0	08 .
Poona City .	. •	:	Dr. Greenfeld, M.B., Ch.B. and Dr. Ranklne, M.B., Ch.B.	St. Margaret's Hospital .	Church of Scotland	1,00,000 0 0 (with site and equipment).	60 of which ten are for maternity.
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Name of Hospital,	INDIAN'STATES-contd. Women and Children's Hospital	Victoria Jubilee Hospital .	MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	Mission Britan. Mission Hospital. Enterprity Hospital attached		Evangelical Lutheran Hospital.	Redfern Memorial Hospital			Women and Children's Hospital Government Victoria Hospital for Casto and Gosha Women,	Rainy Hospital	Mary Lott Lyles .
Namo of medical woman in charge.	Mrs. M. Poonen Lukese, B.A., M.B., B.S. (Cond.), L.M.(Bet.)		M Bross M.A. M.D.	Yeliath, Sub-Assis-	B., C.M. (Lond.)	Anna, S. Kugler, M.D.	M. S. Gnanamuthu, L.C.P & S.		-	Miss A. Shillong Dr. O'Brien Beadon, M.B., B.S. (Lond.), W.M.S.1.	Dr. M. McNeil Dr. M. Alexander.	Louisa, H. Hart Mrs. A. D. Carnicdy
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Women's Hospitals in India staffed entirely by women-continued.

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Batala	•		•	S. L. Brierly	Star Hospital	Funds from England	•		
Bhlwani .	•		•	Miss Bisset, Ch.B. (Aberdeen).	Farrer Hospital	Baptist Mission Medical Auxili- ary and Municipal and District	0	0	
Ferozepore Cantonment	nment		•	Miss M. Allen, M.D.	Frances Newton Hospital	Moard grant and fees. American Presbytcrian Mission	20,000 0	0	30
Gufrat .		•	•	Dr. Hector, M.B., Ch.B.	Dow Memorial Hospital	Endowed by Miss Dow, Montreal, Schada, for the Church of Scotland Women's Associ-		0	30
Jandiala .	•	. `	••	Miss A. J. Lacey, Certificated Medical Practitioner (Madras).	Francis Henry Wright's Memo- rial Hospital.	Church of England Zenama Missionary Society. Private subscription, D. B. Grant and	4,000 0 0	· .	, cc
Thelum .	•	•	•	Miss J. P. Simpson, M.D.	" Good Samaritan"	By the women of the United Presbyterian Church of North	17,932 0 0	·	
Karnal .		•	•	Dr. Sauger-Davies, M.B., B.S	St. Elizabeth's Hospital .	S. P. G. Mission Society, Municipal Committee and Government	1,22,325 0 0	સ્ક	25 2 cots.
Lahore	•		•	Dr. A. O'Reilly, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., W.M.S.	Lady Aitchison Hospital	1. Grants-in-aid from Punjab Government. 2. Local boates.	1,40,017 0 0		20
Ludhiana .				Mies E. M. Brown, M.D., with staff of 5 Doctors.	Memorial Hospital and Victoria Memorial Dispensary.	3. Countees of Dufferin's Fund 4. Local subscriptions. Miscionary contributions, fees, rents of rooms by piriotic patients, Grants-in-nid from	1,20,000 0 0	150	
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	•	Dr. Marla Phite, M.D	White Memorial Hospital for Women and Children,	United Presbyterlan Church	30,000 6 0	88
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		Dr A. Newton, M B., Ch.B.	Lady Popham Young Garavan Dispensary	District Board	:	ĭ
		Miss Francis, L.M.P.	Zenana Misalon Hospital	S. P. O. Mission, Delia, District Board, Gurgaco, and Municipal Committee, Rowers.	Hirod premises	118
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		Dr. M. V. Webb, L.A.C.P. & 8. (Edin.)	UNITED PROVINCES, Lady Lyall and Maternity Hospital, attached Women's Medical School	Provincial Covernment	2,51,047 0 0	76 Lady Lyall Hospital, 48 Maternity
	•	Dr. S. H. Commissariat, F.B C.S.I., W.M.S	Dufferla Hospital	Allahabad Dufferin Fund	73,821 0 0 (Dufferin Hos-	Hospital.
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Women's Hospitals in India staffed entirely by women-concluded.

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Brindaban .	Dr. L. B. Rullmann	Sarah Crolghton Hospital	American Methodist Episcopal Church Mession.	:	รู
Benards	Dr. L. M. Ghoso, F.R.G.S.I	Ishwari Memorial Respital	Counters of Dufferin's Fund, Benares Branch, assisted by	0 0 181,10,1	99 .
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Cawnporo	K. A. Dawson, M.D. (Brux.)	St. Catherine's Rospital	8. P. G.	70.000 0 0	02
latchpur	Mina MacKenzle, M.D., C.M.	Brondwell Hospital and Momorial Dispensary.	Women's Union Missionary Society of America.	30,500 0 0	. 53
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And such other persons of position and influence, both English and Indian, as may from time to time be specially invited by the Central Committee to become Vice-Patrons and Vice-Patronesses of the Association.

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U. P. of Agra and Oudh.

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THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND.

The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India.

Thirty-second Report of the Central Committee for the year 1916.

IN presenting its Thirty-second Annual Report of the National Association for providing Female Medical Aid to the Women of India the Central Committee is glad to be able to again present a statement indicating steady progress throughout the country.

The objects for which the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund was inaugurated continue to be steadily attained in various centres in India, and a separate account of the work accomplished in this direction is given under a special heading at the end of this volume.

The report contains the statistics and details of the main operations of the Fund during the past year, and it also includes a précis of the work accomplished in Baluchistan, Mysore, North-West Frontier Province, and certain Native States which do not publish separate reports Those who are interested in the details of relief which has been afforded in Assam, Bengal, Berar, Bihar and Orissa, Bombay, Burma, the Central Provinces, Madras, the Punjab, and the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, can obtain the Provincial reports through the respective Honorary Secretaries of these Branches.

Sir Reginald Craddock who was acting as President of the Dufferin Fund Committee was formally succeeded by Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford when His Excellency the Viceroy arrived in India.

Lady Chelmsford held her first meeting of the Central Committee at Simla on the 9th May 1916.

Her Excellency, who desires it to be known that she takes the keenest interest in the work so successfully carried on by her predecessors, has already had opportunities of studying the work of the Association in several important centres in India. The Lady President, accompanied by Lieutenant-Colonel H. Austen Smith, I.M.S., Surgeon to the Viceroy, visited and inspected hospitals and medical institutions in Simla, Delhi, Agra, Rangoon, Calcutta, Dehra Dun, Jaipur, Udaipur and Ajmere during the year, and Her Excellency has been much gratified at seeing the steady progress which has been made in many directions and at the excellent work which is being performed by medical women.

Major L. Cotterill, R.A.M.C., was Honorary Secretary to the Central Committee from the 27th April 1916 to the 9th October 1916, when he resigned his post of Surgeon on the Viceroy's staff. He was succeeded by Lieutenant-Colonel H. Austen Smith, I.M.S.

Mr. E. J. Buck who has held the posts of Assistant and Joint Secretary for 28 years resigned his post from the 1st January 1917.

Mr. Buck has therefore been connected with the Countess of Dufferin's Fund since its inception, has worked under the wives of seven Viceroys and been associated with over a score of Honorary Secretaries.

He signified his intention in July of resigning his post at the end of the year. Her Excellency the Lady President proposed a special vote of thanks to Mr. Buck for his most valuable services to the Association at a meeting of the Central Committee held on the 15th September 1916, and this was unanimously adopted by the Central Committee. Mr. Buck was invited to postpone the date of his resignation till the 31st March 1917, which he kindly consented to do.

The Central Committee has also suffered a loss by the resignation of the Hon'ble Sir G. R. M. Chitnavis, K.C.I.E., who vacated his seat on the Committee from the 8th February 1917.

Dr. Margaret I. Balfour, M.D., W. M. S., has been appointed Joint Secretary of the Association vice Mr. Buck, and during the last five months she has visited nearly all the important centres of the Fund. By her appointment the medical women working in India secure what they have long desired, a Secretary of their own service at the headquarters of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

As regards her visits, Dr. Balfour writes :--

"My tour through India lasted nearly 5 months and during that time I visited 111 hospitals, 16 medical schools and colleges and 26 non-medical girls' schools and colleges.

"With one exception I visited each station at which a member of the Women's Medical Service was posted. At some of these hospitals very

excellent work was being carried on, notably at the Dufferin Hospital, Lucknow, and the Victoria Hospital in Calcutta, where the surgical work done by Dr. O'Brien and Dr. Webb respectively was of the highest standard.

"Outside of the Women's Medical Service, I saw equally good work at the Cama Hospital, Bombay; the Memorial Hospital, Ludhiana; the Rainey Hospital, Madras ; the American Mission Hospitals at Guntur and Vellore ; and the State Zenana Hospital at Hyderabad.

"Lack of funds was an urgent question in many of the hospitals and difficulty in getting good assistants was a matter almost equally acute. Candidates for medical education were few. In the north, the female medical schools at Ludhiana and Agra have each 50 students. In the south and east, where there are no separate arrangements for women students, the numbers are smaller-at Calcutta 12, Dacca 2, Cuttack 5, Madras 11, Ahmedabad 3, Poona 10. Eighty-three women were studying in different Medical Colleges, while 34 joined the new Lady Hardinge College at Delhi last October

"I visited many centres of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund and must remark on the very successful work among indigenous data being carried on by Dr. Stuart at Quetta and by Dr. Henderson at Nagpur. In these centres it has been recognised that continued influence and supervision are necessary when working amongst such an ignorant class.

"Somewhat similar work, though not under the Fund, is being carried on at Amritsar, Delhi and Bhopal. Many midwives are being trained not only by the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund but by local bodies.

"In many cases the training is good, especially in the south where there is almost unlimited clinical material, but everywhere there seems to be a necessity for more thorough supervision of these women. Provision for this is occasionally made, as for instance in the Calcutta Corporation scheme where a supervisor is placed in charge of each group of 4 midwives. In Delhi two excellent nurse midwives work in co-operation with the city dais. By the exercise of infinite tact and patience they are doing much to bring the work up to a more modern standard. I consider that regular supervision of the work of dais in cities is absolutely necessary as a part of any training scheme."

In Annexure I of this report will be found details regarding the Lady Medical Hardinge Medical College and Hospital for Women and the Training School for Nurses at Delhi, and Annexure II contains an account of the opening of the first unit of the new Hospital College Wards and Sarai by Her Excellency the Lady Chelmsford, C.I., on the 17th March 1917. Although

College, Hospital, and Training School for

this event does not fall within the period under review, it is considered advisable to include it as a part of this report.

Dr. Kate A. Platt, M.D., B.S., W. M. S., Principal of the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital at Delhi, has been a Member of the Central Committee throughout the year, and her advice and assistance in many matters have continued to prove of much value to the Committee.

Medical School and attached hospitals at Agra. The scheme proposed by the United Provinces Government for provincializing the Female Medical School at Agra, and transferring its control from the Countess of Dufferin's Fund to the Local Government referred to in last year's report has been carried into effect from the 1st January 1917; and the Provincial and Central Committees of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund will consequently be relieved of the control of these institutions from that date.

Women's Medical Service for India. The Women's Medical Service for India, which is supported by the grant of R1,50,000 per annum from the Government of India, has now completed its third year, and the Committee is glad to say that it continues to prove of valuable assistance to many important centres.

The Committee has recognised for some time past that the position and prospects which the Association have been able to offer to ladies entering the Women's Medical Service have not been sufficiently attractive to induce the best class of medical women to come out to India, and it will be the Committee's endeavour to improve these conditions as far as possible. For the Committee fully recognises the necessity of securing the medical women of the highest standard not only for professional work among the women of India but also for the highly important duties connected with the training of women doctors in India, whether these latter he of the first class, the Assistant Surgeon, or the Sub-Assistant Surgeon grades.

During the past year the Committee has made several attempts to procure medical women from the United Kingdom for important posts in India; but the war, which prevents the Committee in this country from obtaining at the moment further financial assistance towards the completion of its schemes, has also prevented women accepting work in India. Those who have been approached on the subject have all replied that they feel it incumbent on them to perform war work at the moment, and would prefer to wait till peace is declared before taking up work in this country.

In these circumstances, the Committee has no option but to do the best it can with the limited staff of medical women who are already in India, and it has been obliged in more than one case to refuse leave to several ladies who have been anxious to avail themselves of this privilege.

The Committee is glad to state that after a careful examination of its financial position, and having curtailed certain of its provincial grants, it has been enabled to raise the cadre of members of the Women's Medical Service from 28 to 33, and it trusts the day is not far-distant when this total may be raised to 50.

The General Rules and Regulations of the Service, together with those which have been laid down for the Provident Fund, and for Travelling and Leave, are again published in the Appendices of this report for general information.

The names of the ladies who are now in the Service will be found in Appendix VI of this report.

The Committee has particularly requested all Provincial and Local Branches concerned to see that in all cases where it provides the salary of a Medical Woman that she should be provided with the services of a competent Assistant Surgeon.

All medical women who are desirous of joining the Women's Medical Service for India are invited to send in their applications and recommendations to the Honorary Secretary, Viceroy's Camp, in order that their names may be duly registered and their claims may be considered as vacancies in the Service occur.

For the benefit of ladies who may not be enrolled in the Service proper, but who are otherwise engaged in furthering the aims and objects of the National Association for providing Female Medical Aid to the Women of of the India, the Committee would repeat the remarks already contained in earlier Medicat reports.

Women other

The funds at the command of the Association, as will be seen from the financial statements later on, are strictly limited, and it should be clearly recognised by those who accept posts under the Fund that it is essentially a charitable, and more or less struggling Association, which endeavours to provide as full medical relief as possible to women of all classes in India with a comparatively very small income.

The Committee thinks it well to again point out that, owing to the steady annual increase in the number of ladies who possess the higher degrees in medicine, the Association cannot guarantee to provide employment carrying a suitable remuneration immediately it is required, or indeed within any given period. The number of appointments, apart from those which come under the Women's Medical Service, and especially those carrying the recognised pay of the higher grade, are strictly limited, and the most the Central Committee can do is to endeavour to fill such vacancies as arise with

the best material at its disposal. In all cases where the Central Committee is asked to recommend a lady for a post in a Native State, or for a particular hospital, the claims of every registered candidate for employment receive full and impartial consideration. It should also be borne in mind that the final selection and appointment of candidates for a considerable number of posts, as well as the terms during which it is considered expedient they should hold those posts, rests with the local authorities concerned. moreover, that the Central Committee has assisted students, who have been recommended by the Principals of Medical Colleges in India as likely to prove successful medical women, with scholarships during their college careers, does not in any way render the Committee responsible for providing them with permanent employment under the Association. guarantee to provide with first grade posts immediately on their return to India, ladies whom it may have recommended to the United Kingdom Branch as worthy of assistance in order that they may take the higher degrees in medicine.

The Central Committee would also remind Honorary Secretaries of Provincial and Local Committees that a list of candidates for employment is always maintained in its office, and to state that if ladies who wish to proceed on leave would notify their desire as early as possible to their Local or Provincial Committee, it would much facilitate the work of those who have to arrange for filling their posts during their absence.

Now that the Medical Service for Women in India has been successfully launched by the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, the Central Committee has resolved to discontinue as far as possible the system which has hitherto been followed of giving small doles, or grants-in-aid, to various centres under the control of Provincial Branches. The Committee has arrived at this decision in the belief that it can best assist Local Branches by providing the services of a salaried Medical Woman where suitable hospitals exist, and it also hopes that when it relieves a Provincial or District Branch from this charge that the local authorities will be able to provide the rest of the funds required for the maintenance of the hospital.

The usual number of transfers and changes have occurred during the year and amongst the most important may be mentioned the following:—

Dr. Margaret I. Balfour, W.M.S., has been appointed Secretary to the Central Committee of the Countess of Dufferin Fund; and Dr. Agnes Scott, M.B., has been admitted to the W.M.S. and appointed Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, vice Dr. Balfour.

Changes amongst Medical Women.

Dr. Paula T. Copeland, W.M.S., severed her connection with the Association, as she was declared by a Medical Board to be physically unfit for further work in India; and Dr. Helen Lauder, W.M.S, who worked in Kashmir for many years, has also retired from the service, and has taken up an appointment in England.

Dr. Margaret C. Murphy, W.M.S., and Dr. Charlotte L. Houlton. W.M.S., who were appointed to the Lady Hardinge Medical College, Delhi, have since been deputed to England : Dr. Murphy to prepare for the Professorship of Anatomy, and Dr. Houlton for the Professorship of Gynæcology and Obstetrics.

Dr. Ruth Wilson, B. Sc., M.B., Ch. B., was admitted to the Women's Medical Service during 1916 and was also posted to the Lady Hardinge Medical College, Delhi.

Dr. Dagmar F. Curjel, M.B., Ch. B., M.D., was admitted to the Women's Medical Service and placed in charge of the Ripon Hospital, Simla, vice, Dr. Yamini Sen, W.M.S., transferred to Shikarpur. Dr. Curjel was subsequently transferred to Agra, and was replaced at Simla by Dr. Millicent Jervis, L.M S., who was posted to the Service during 1916.

During the year, Dr. Adeline M. Watts, W.M.S., was also transferred from Agra to Benarcs; Dr. Florence Dissent-Barnes, W.M.S., from Benares to Karachi; and Dr. Maher A. D. Naoroji, W.M.S., from Delhi to Amritsar.

In Appendix III 'are given details of women and children treated by Patients female agency in zenana hospitals, wards, and dispensaries throughout the country.

treated during

It will be seen that in Native States no less than 703,940 patients were · treated in hospitals officered by women. This bears eloquent testimony to the generous support given by the Ruling Chiefs to the movement for providing female medical aid for women.

As the majority of these hospitals undoubtedly owe their origin to the efforts of the Dufferin Fund, and as a considerable number are now officered either by Medical Women nominated by the Central Committee, or by ladies who were materially assisted in their medical studies by the Association, the Committee considers that it has every right to take to itself substantial credit for the success attained in this direction.

The actual number of women treated in (a) hospitals mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund was 310,556 and the number treated in (6) hospitals, assisted by the Dufferin Fund was 512,676.

The work accomplished by Missionary Societies is not here reviewed, and the tables contain no details of patients treated by many midwives who have received their training through the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

There are, moreover, a number of private female practitioners in India, many of whom have been at some time or other connected with the Association, and some of whom have received scholarships and direct assistance at its hands; but the Association is not in a position to obtain details of the useful work accomplished by these ladies.

The Committee trusts that Honorary Secretaries and Medical Women will continue to see that returns are submitted on the principle which has been laid down by the Government of India for the State hospitals.

One of the purposes of the returns is the comparison they afford of the work accomplished in institutions of corresponding size and scope, but such comparison is difficult, or impossible, if in one case the figures representing patients treated are the number of the total visits or attendances of new and old patients, while in another they are the number of the individuals or of new patients only. If statistics are to be of any value, they must be compiled on one uniform basis. If, for example, the same person attends for 10 days, she should not be counted 10 times, but if she re-appears as a fresh case she should be counted again. The returns should include both those patients remaining from the previous year and those admitted during the year under report. The Central Committee, having had its attention drawn to the probable inaccuracy of some of the returns, again desires to make the position quite clear.

Appendix IV shows the total number of women and children treated during 1915 in all the hospitals and dispensaries in certain Provinces in India. It will be seen that no less than 15,219,665 women and children were treated during the year.

The Committee has received lists from the Provinces giving the numbers of the students at present in the principal medical colleges and schools in India (Appendix I). These show that there are 120 European and Indian ladies studying for the full M. B. course, 32 as assistant surgeons, and 137 as sub-assistant surgeons; 538 nurses, dais, and compounders are also being trained.

The Central Committee assists a certain number of students in each Provincial Centre with scholarships to help them in their medical studies, but the demand for these awards continues to far exceed the number at the disposal of the Committee.

Of the 289 who are being trained in medical work, no less than 81 are being supported with scholarships by the Dufferin Fund, 68 are in receipt

of Government scholarships, 22 are being trained with university or school scholarships, 15 are in receipt of Lady Hardinge's special scholarships, 9 are being educated at the expense of Native States, 1 is assisted by the local District Board and 41 are in receipt of scholarships from other sources.

The question of making certain modifications in the rules for the award of United Kingdom scholarships is still under consideration.

The rules for the award of eighteen Central Committee scholarships to the students at the Lady Hardinge Medical College at Delhi, referred to in last year's report, were approved, with certain modifications, by the Central Committee in September 1916.

All details regarding scholarships granted by the Central Committee can be obtained on application to the Honorary Secretary of the Central Committee, or to the Principals of the Medical Colleges of Calcutta, Madras, Rombay, and Delhi, and particulars regarding those given by Provincial Committees on application to the Honorary Secretaries of Provincial Branches

The Central Committee continued their subsidies as usual to four local branches in Assam; and the income from grants by Government and local bodies was Rs. 13,041 against 14,138 in the previous year. The usual annual subsidy of Rs. 180 was received from the Rani of Bijni, and the Local Administration continued its annual contribution of Rs. 5,240 to the Fund The number of patients treated was 49,703 against 50,755 during 1915. As this latter total included the statistics for thirteen months the result is satisfactory. The midwife's quarters at Bilashipara were built by the generosity of the Zemindar of Chapar Estate. Two medical women were added to the staff, viz., one for Karimganj and the other at Maulvi Bazar, the services of the midwife at the former station being transferred to the Municipality.

The Bengal Branch reports that the total number of patients treated in Bengal. the various institutions aided by the funds of the Branch, 103,888 against 107,691, is less than during 1915, but the latter covers 13 months, while the present report covers a period of only 12 months. The number of purdah patients, however, instead of showing a proportionate decrease shows a steady and continued increase, the figures being 18,734 against 12,867. In the majority of institutions a greater number of purdanashin ladies availed themselves of the medical relief provided by the Dufferin hospitals, and there is no doubt that the usefulness of the Association is steadily increasing, and that its sphere of action is gradually expanding.

Her Excellency Lady Carmichael returned in April last, after six months' absence in England. The Executive Committee desire to

Summarles Provincial Branches

is.

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One of the purposes of the returns is the comparison they afford of the work accomplished in institutions of corresponding size and scope, but such comparison is difficult, or impossible, if in one case the figures representing patients treated are the number of the total visits or attendances of new and old patients, while in another they are the number of the individuals or of new patients only. If statistics are to be of any value, they must be compiled on one uniform basis. If, for example, the same person attends for 10 days, she should not be counted 10 times, but if she re-appears as a fresh case she should be counted again. The returns should include both those patients remaining from the previous year and those admitted during the year under report. The Central Committee, having had its attention drawn to the probable inaccuracy of some of the returns, again desires to make the position quite clear.

Appendix IV shows the total number of women and children treated during 1915 in all the hospitals and dispensaries in certain Provinces in India. It will be seen that no less than 15,219,665 women and children were treated during the year.

The Committee has received lists from the Provinces giving the numbers of the students at present in the principal medical colleges and schools in India (Appendix I). These show that there are 120 European and Indian ladies studying for the full M. B. course, 32 as assistant surgeons, and 137 as sub-assistant surgeons; 538 nurses, dais, and compounders are also being trained.

The Central Committee assists a certain number of students in each Provincial Centre with scholarships to help them in their medical studies, but the demand for these awards continues to far exceed the number at the disposal of the Committee.

Of the 289 who are being trained in medical work, no less than 81 are being supported with scholarships by the Dufferin Fund, 68 are in receipt of Government scholarships, 22 are being trained with university or school scholarships, 15 are in receipt of Lady Hardinge's special scholarships, 9 are being educated at the expense of Native States, I is assisted by the local District Board and 41 are in receipt of scholarships from other sources.

The question of making certain modifications in the rules for the award of United Kingdom scholarships is still under consideration.

The rules for the award of eighteen Central Committee scholarships to the students at the Lady Hardinge Medical College at Delhi, referred to in last year's report, were approved, with certain modifications. by the Central Committee in September 1916.

All details regarding scholarships granted by the Central Committee can be obtained on application to the Honorary Secretary of the Central Committee, or to the Principals of the Medical Colleges of Calcufta, Madras, Bombay, and Delhi, and particulars regarding those given by Provincial Committees on application to the Honorary Secretaries of Provincial Branches

The Central Committee continued their subsidies as usual to four local branches in Assam; and the income from grants by Government and local bodies was Rs. 13,041 against 14,138 in the previous year. The usual annual subsidy of Rs. 180 was received from the Rani of Bijni, and the Local Administration continued its annual contribution of Rs 5,240 to the Fund. The number of patients treated was 49,703 against 50,755 during 1915. As this latter total included the statistics for thirteen months the result is satisfactory. The midwife's quarters at Bilashipara were built by the generosity of the Zemindar of Chapar Estate. Two medical women were added to the staff, viz., one for Karimganj and the other at Maulvi. Bazar, the services of the midwife at the former station being transferred to the Municipality.

The Bengal Branch reports that the total number of patients treated in Bengal. the various institutions aided by the funds of the Branch, 103,888 against 107,691, is less than during 1915, but the latter covers 13 months, while the present report covers a period of only 12 months. The number of purdan patients, however, instead of showing a proportionate decrease shows a steady and continued increase, the figures being 18,734 against 12,367. In the majority of institutions a greater number of purdanastin ladies availed themselves of the medical relief provided by the Dufferin hospitals, and there is no doubt that the usefulness of the Association is steadily increasing, and that its sphere of action is gradually expanding.

Her Excellency Lady Carmichael returned in April last, after six months' absence in England. The Executive Committee desire to record Summarles reports of

with grateful thanks their high appreciation of the very valuable advice and assistance given by Her Excellency.

Towards the close of the year under review Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford, President, Central Committee, paid a visit to Calcutta, and with a view to giving Her Excellency an opportunity of meeting the members of the Executive Committee a special meeting was convened on the 4th January 1917. The meeting was presided over by Her Excellency Lady Carmichael. The addresses delivered by Their Excellencies are printed in Annexure V to this report.

At the beginning of the year Captain W. L. Harnett, I.M.S., Honorary Secretary, was recalled to military duty, and Mr. W. R. Gourlay, Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bengal, was elected in his stead.

There are 19 medical women serving in the various Dufferin hospitals and wards. Of these medical women one possesses European qualifications (Dr. M. V. Webb, L.R.C.P. & S.) and belongs to the Women's Medical Service for India. She is in charge of the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital at Calcutta. Of the remaining 18, 2 are M. B.'s., 3 are holders of the Calcutta Medical College certificates, and 13 are of the subassistant surgeon class. Altogether there are 29 women's hospitals and wards working under the auspices of this Branch.

Improvements and additions have been carried out during the year at the Dufferin Hospital, Dacca, the women's wards attached to the Faridpur Charitable Dispensary, the Sadr Hospital at Pabna, and the Women's Hospital attached to the Sadr Hospital at Noakhali.

The grant paid to the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital at Calcutta was Rs. 10,000. A further grant of Rs. 2,500 was paid from the Quadrennial Repair Fund Account for carrying out certain pressing and necessary repairs to the hospital. In addition to these, the hospital received the Government grant of Rs. 12,000 and a further grant of Rs. 5,269, being an amount equivalent to the subscriptions realised by the hospital during the year 1915.

In 1915 a Sub-Committee was appointed to consider the methods of the various investments of the funds of this Branch, to take the advice of the Solicitor to the Government of India on the legality of certain investments and to regularise the existing investments where necessary. The Solicitor was of opinion that the Bengal Branch could not be registered under Act XXI of 1860, without altering the constitution of the parent association which has already been registered under that Act. He therefore advised

that all that was necessary for the Branch to do, was to obtain, in accordance with Section 14 of the Rules and Regulation of the Central Association, mortgage-deeds from the estates to which loans had been made. Steps have been taken to obtain mortgage-deeds from almost all the estates to which loans had been given.

The amount of subscriptions realised by the Bengal Branch during this year was Rs. 560, of which Rs. 560 was from His Excellency the Viceroy. This is exclusive of subscriptions received for the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital at Calcutta.

The report continues :- "The financial condition of the Fund during the year under review was not unsatisfactory. All the available money at the disposal of the Fund was invested in Court of Wards Estates at 6 per cent. per annum, and a further sum of Rs. 30,000 which became available towards the close of the year will be invested. The total accumulated funds at the disposal of the Branch amount to about Rs. 3 lakhs and a half. To this was . recently added a sum of Rs. 27,000, the amount subscribed by the public towards the endowment of beds in the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital at Calcutta. The interest so derived ranges from twenty to twenty-one thousand rapees. But this no longer suffices to meet the increasing demands on the Fund. The Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital exhausts the great bulk of the funds available. The expenditure on the hospitals amounts to Rs. 58,500 and the expenditure on mufassil institutions, scholarships and other miscellaneous charges about Rs. 8,000. There is no reserve, and no new deserving applications for assistance can be entertained unless some old one drops out. The Committee has had to face another difficulty. For the maintenance of the Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital, the Government of Bengal promised in 1914 to give a grant of Rs 12,000 and in addition to give a further grant equivalent to the amount of subscriptions realised from the public in the preceding year, up to a total limit of Rs. 21,000 in any one year including the grant of Rs. 12,000. The Secretary of State, to whom the matter was referred for final approval, sanctioned the continuance of the grant for 5 years with effect from the 1st April 1914. Thus the Government grant will be received up to the 31st March 1919. After this date the Government will review the whole situation, and will substantially reduce the grant. The Government of Bengal expect that during this period the Provincial Committee will make strenuous efforts to make the administration of the hospital thoroughly efficient from the financial as well as from the medical point of view by securing a greater measure of financial support from the Indian public. The future financial policy

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to be followed in connection with the hospital was considered at a Committee Meeting of the Executive Committee held on the 3rd July 1916. It was felt that it would be necessary to ask a few of the members of the Executive Committee to go into the matter thoroughly, and to report to the Committee. A Sub-Committee was accordingly appointed consisting of Her Excellency as President and Sir S. P. Sinha, the Surgeon-General, and the Financial Secretary (with power to add to their number) as members."

The Berar report deals with the four hospitals with which that branch is connected.

A new operation room and some minor improvements to the buildings at the Amraoti hospital were completed during the year, and the buildings are now more convenient. Miss Hunt, L.M.S., who was in charge for a couple of years, resigned on the 20th August 1916, and was succeeded by Miss Reubens, M.B. (Bombay), on a short-term agreement. The Committee, finding that its funds were insufficient to pay for a full staff as well as a fully qualified and experienced medical woman successfully, asked several local bodies which contribute to the support of the hospital to increase their donations.

Plague interfered seriously with the work of the hospital during the latter portion of the year, and is partly responsible for the small amount of work done.

The new Lady Hardinge dispensary in Akola city was opened during the year. The building is well designed, commodious and well situated, and is a credit to the Hospital Committee. Work on the main hospital in the Civil station is progressing well, and the site besides being private and quiet is a convenient one for patients and their friends. There were 167 in-patients treated during the year in temporary accommodation rented in the town, and the attendance of out-patients in the unhealthy season reached an average of 150 a day. A feature of this dispensary is that all patients who can afford it are required to pay one anna for medicines; this demand is met cheerfully, and the funds of the hospital benefit appreciably. The Committee hope to obtain further funds after the war to complete the buildings of the main dispensary. Dr. George, W.M.S., who was in charge throughout the year, has organized the work of the dispensary admirably, and has been doing useful work in lecturing to some ladies of Akola on First Aid and Home Nursing.

Mr. Mote and his friends have continued to furnish money for the extension and improvement of the Sai Bai Mote Hospital, Shegaon, and at the end of the year an operation room, a maternity ward and two more

private wards were nearly ready. The limited accommodation previously available for in-patients was well used, and the out-patients' attendance was good, but plague interfered with the working of the hospital. Miss Lobe was in charge throughout the year and her work is highly present.

At the Yeotmal hospital the number of patients has gradually increased, and had reached about 80 per diem during the unhealthy season. Miss Jaole was in charge throughout the year.

The Provincial Committee regret to record the death of Mr. Milner, their Honorary Engineer, who had given very valuable assistance in dealing with the extensive building work of the past three years.

The position of the Countess of Dufferin Fund in Bikar and Orissa during the year under report remained the same as in 1915. The question of forming a Provincial Branch Committee was considered by the Local Government during the year, and it has been decided that the constitution of this body will await receipt from the Bengal Branch of the share of the King Edward Memorial Fund money due to Bihar and Orissa. The Bengal Committee have intimated that the allotment of this money will be considered in May of the current year.

In the meantime the funds at the disposal of the Provincial Committee, excluding the individual incomes of local institutions, consists, as before, of two annual contributions, one of Rs. 50 from the Sambalpur Municipal Committee and one of Rs. 75 from the Sambalpur District Council.

Expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 744. This was incurred in payment of the salaries of the medical women employed in the Women's hospital at Puri and in the Women's dispensaries at Sambalpur, Deoghar (Santal Parganas) and Jamni (Monghyr).

Two signal instances of private generosity should be placed on record. The first is a donation of Rs. 50,000 made by the Hon'ble Raja Harihar Prasad Narayan Singh of Amawan. Pending the constitution of a regular Provincial Committee it has been decided, with the approval of the donor, to invest this sum and credit the interest to the Fund. The second instance is a promise of Rs. 16,000 made by Rai Bindeswari Prasad of Gaya towards the construction of a long needed new Hindu ward for the Lady Elgin Zenana Hospital at that place.

The report of the Lady Elgin Zenana Hospital at Gaya says that the inpatient and maternity wards are still exclusively confined to paranasian women, and Dr. A. L. Mckenzie, W.M.S., the medical woman in charge, states that most of the patients admitted are very wealthy, and in England libar es

the same class of people would never go to a hospital to be treated free of charge. The number of in-patients during the year was 485 against 485 in the previous twelve-months.

There has been a decrease in the number of out-patients in the Lady Dufferin Hospital, Bhagalpur, due to the existence of plague during part of the year. Malarial fever and two brief epidemics of cholera also prevailed. Normal maternity cases however increased. One of the noticeable features of this year's work is that people both in the town and from villages engage hospital midwives instead of ordinary dais.

Brief reports of the hospitals at Darbhanga and Bettiah are given in Appendix VII.

The Bombay report states that at the last annual general meeting held in April 1916, it was resolved to provide additional nurses' quarters at the Cama Hospital at an estimated cost of Rs. 21,000. It was further resolved to appoint the Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, and the Solicitor to Government ex-officio members of the Association and the Provincial Committee. At the same meeting Mr. F. R. Wadia was appointed a Trustee of the Miss Clarke Memorial Scholarship Fund in place of Sir N. G. Chandavarkar resigned.

The training school for nurses at the Cama and Allbless hospitals is doing satisfactory work. During a greater part of the year as many pupils as could be accommodated were under training, namely, thirty Indians and six Europeans. Of the six fully trained Indian nurses certified during the year one is engaged as charge nurse at the Municipal Maternity Home, Colaba, one is working on the private nursing staff of this Association and four are engaged in private nursing in Bombay. Both the conduct and work of the pupils have been good.

Financial aid was given by the Political Agent, Mahikantha, Rs. 680; the Collectors of Kanara, Karia, Broach, Rs. 120, Rs. 240 and Rs. 216, respectively; and the Civil Surgeons and Honorary Secretaries, Countess of Dufferin Fund, Ahmednagar and Sholapur, Rs. 240 and Rs. 300, respectively.

The Committee desires to offer its most grateful thanks to the Trustees of the Wadia Charities for continuing their generous contribution of Rs. 7,000.

The Edward VII Training Institution for Nurses and Midwives at the Victoria Jubilee Dispensary, Ahmedabad, will be opened in a short time. Thanks are due to the family of the Honourable Sirdar Sir Chinubhai Madhavlal Ranchhodlal, Baronet, C.I.E., for pecuniary help

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given to the hospital for medicine and other purposes in addition to the endowment given by his grandfather. The sad and untimely death of Sir Chinnbhai during the year has been a great loss to the institute. The hospital has done very good work in the year and its popularity is steadily increasing, and much of its success is due to the skill, attention, energy and kind treatment of Miss Motibai Kapadia, F.R.C.S.

The Women's hospital at Hyderabad was throughout the year in charge of Mrs. Martin Ellicott, M.D., with whose work the Committee has been satisfied. The increase in the number of patients treated, in spite of the fact that Hyderahad suffered from cholera in an epidemic form for about two months, is creditable. The number of purdanashin ladies attending both the in and out-patient departments has been 126 and 3,282 against 46 and 1,863 of the last year. The Committee notes with satisfaction that the hospital is being resorted to by both respectable and purdah ladies to a great extent. The number of out-door midwifery cases having increased, the Committee has appointed Mrs. Gregory, a trained midwife, as a third out-nurse on Rs. 15 per mensem with free quarters, on condition that she makes no demands from patients and gives to the hospital funds half of the gifts voluntarily made to her. The townspeople, it is hoped, will utilize her services to the fullest extent. The Committee much regret the death of their old and honest compounder Mr. Lalchand Gulabrai who had faithfully served the hospital for about 26 years.

Dr. M. A. D. Naoroji, W.M.S., was in charge of the Dufferin Hospital at Shikarper from 1st January 1916 to 21st April 1916, after which she was transferred and was succeeded by Dr. Yamini Sen, W.M.S. Dr. Sen and her staff performed their duties most efficiently and satisfactorily and the hospital is becoming increasingly popular. The hospital was visited by Her Excellency Lady Willingdon who was pleased to make a donation of Re. 100 to it. The present building is far from suitable, and the Executive Engineer is preparing plans for additions and alterations which will cost over Rs. 50,000.

Miss C. M. Smith, L.M. & S, has been in charge of the Dufferin Hospital at Sholapur during the year under report. The Canvassing Committee appointed since last year by the Collector and President to improve the financial condition of the funds of this Branch could not make any progress on account of plague and lack of business. The Hon'ble Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay had made provision for a grant of Rs. 7,524, but on account of the necessity for economy in public expenditure owing to the situation created by the war the Government have postponed the above grant.

The women's and children's hospital at Surat is fortunate in having the confinued services of Dr. Rukhmabai, M.D., L.R.C.P. & S., who has been in charge of it since its institution in 1896, and its increasing popularity is due largely to her personality and efficiency. The new lying-in word for 20 beds is under construction and is expected to be finished in about six months. A special feature of the year 1916 has been that the Health Officer of the Surat Municipality has assembled the dair (untrained midwives) of the town at the hospital once a month. Elementary principles of hygiene and midwifery were explained to them by friendly talks every time. From 30 to 40 dair have attended the meetings every month. It is not possible to give them a regular course of lectures as they are unable to read or write, but it is hoped that monthly talks with them will make some impression on the dair minds about the necessity of cleanliness and other hygienic principles and about calling in qualified help when necessary. On the whole, the dair have co-operated satisfactorily. The balance on hand at the close of the year 1916 was Rs. 9,540 as against Rs. 2,730. The increase of Rs. 6,804 is chiefly due to a generous response by the public of Surat to a special appeal for subscriptions made through several joint Honorary Secretaries, most indefatigable among whom was Mr. Ranjit Kalabhai of Surat, and partly to the increase of Rs. 500 in the annual Government grant. The special appeal for subscriptions has been renewed this year, and it is hoped that the result will be a substantial addition to the funds, including "Endowed beds" for the new mard.

An interesting report has been received from the Chairman of the Managing Committee of the Lady Dafferin Hospital and the Louise Lawrence Institute at Karachi for the period 1st July 1915 to the 30th June 1916. The total number of new patients, both out-door and in-door, is the highest recorded during the past 5 years, viz., 13,770 and 861, respectively. The large increase in the maternity cases, from 202 last year to 233, was due to the opening of the new maternity wing in November 1915. The opening ceremony was performed on the 6th January 1916 by Her Excellency Lady Willingdon. A munificent donation of Rs. 24,000 in commemoration of Lady Willingdon's visit and as a mark of appreciation of her good work in the cause of women was made by Mr. K. H. Katrak who promised a further gift of Rs. 20,000 at the end of the year, making in all (with earlier donations) Rs. 50,000 which he had given to the hospital. Dr. Olive Leonard-Gumprich, M.B., Ch.B., Lady Physician in charge, resigned her appointment on the 20th May 1916 after holding charge of the hospital

for six and a half years. The Managing Committee passed a unanimous and sincere vote of thanks to Dr. Gumprich for her devotion to her work and for the unsparing efforts she has made for the welfare of the three Institutions. Dr. F. Dissent-Barnes, W.M.S., took over charge from Dr Gumprich, but in March 1917 was transferred to Lahore, and was relieved by Dr. Dagmar F. Curjel, W.M S. Better sanitary arrangements and wards-for children, surgical cases, and isolation cases-are badly needed, but these works cannot be undertaken until funds are available It is the Committee's aim to secure the sum of Rs. 1,50,000 in the Endowment Fund so as to relieve pressing anxiety in the future.

The report on the Louise Lawrence Institute records :--

"The most important event during the year has been the opening of the new maternity wing of the hospital, which may be said to have been built as much to provide a training school for the institute pupils as to meet the increased demand for accommodation in the maternity department of the hospital itself." Rules were framed for the working of certain schemes for the training of dais, and the Committee hope that good progress will be made on the lines indicated during the current year.

The Burma report states that Dr. Ma Saw Sa. W.M.S. was in charge Burma. of the hospital at Rangoon throughout the year. Major A. G. Sargent, I.M S., acted as Honorary Secretary till the 9th November 1916, when Mr. Geo. T. Swann, then acting as Honorary Treasurer, took over the combined duties

The number of in-door patients increased from 1,065 to 1,199 and the out-patients from 9,585 to 11,698.

The financial position is fairly satisfactory so far as recurring expenses are concerned, but there is no surplus to meet new works.

Municipalities were approached and several made immediate donations. which in some cases are to be continued annually. Subscriptions from the public were, as expected, somewhat curtailed on account of the many calls for war funds.

All the buildings received necessary repairs throughout the year. The whole hospital was thoroughly cleaned, whitewashed and painted; furniture and fittings were overhauled and renovated, and all the beds in the main hospital wards were renewed.

Lectures and practical instructions in midwifery were given, and Dr. J. H. Shaldon and Dr. W. P. Murray conducted the examination of nurses in June and December respectively. The percentage of passes was

satisfactory and the examiners expressed appreciation of the knowledge of their duties shown by the candidates. The new scheme by which nurses to qualify require two years' sick nursing training at the General hospital, and one year's midwifery course at the Dufferin hospital is now in force.

The annual general meeting held on the 24th November, at Government House, and presided over by His Honour Sir Harcourt Butler, was attended by the Honourable Sir Pardey Lukis, Director-General, Indian Medical Service, and Dr. Margaret I. Balfour, W. M. S., Joint Secretary, Countess of Dufferin's Fund, Central Committee, and a detailed account of the proceedings will be found recorded in Annexure III to this report.

The Central Committee is pleased to record the following particulars which have been extracted from the Provincial Committee's report:—

Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford visited the hospital on the 3rd December 1916, and after a thorough inspection of all the buildings, Her Excellency declared open the Electric Lift which has been so generously donated to the hospital by Mr. A. K. A. S. Jamal. Various very important improvements under the direction of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor were at this time under consideration. As a result of Her Excellency's visit, however, it has been considered that the Provincial Committee should, if possible, build an entirely new and up-to-date hospital with provision for extensions likely to meet all need for many years to come. The new hospital will include a larger maternity block, special gynecological ward, theatre, a detached out-patient department, and more eperation commodious and comfortable quarters for nurses, matrons, assistant superintendent and the superintendent. A special committee consisting of leading ladies and gentlemen of various communities of Rangoon has been formed to collect funds and already the well-wishers of the hospital are promising substantial help. The Hon'ble Mr. Lim Chin Tsong has generously undertaken to bear the cost of the operation room, while Colonel Prasad, late of the Indian Medical Service, with equal generosity has promised Rs. 10,000 towards the building of the out-patient department. To meet present needs Mr. Jamal has again earned the Provincial Committee's grateful thanks, by giving Rs. 1,000 for the purchase of new beds.

An account of the result of Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford's visit to the Lady Dufferin Hospital, Rangoon, is given as Annexure IV to this report.

The Honorary Secretary of the Provincial Committee concludes his report by recording that excellent work was accomplished by Dr. Ma Saw Sa and her staff.

Central Provinces

The Central Provinces report shows that the operations of the Fund were confined, as in previous years, to Nagpur, Jubbulpore and Saugor. During the year, plague occurred in a severe form both in Jubbulpore and Saugor, but the number of patients treated was well maintained. At the Jubbulpore hospital several necessary structural improvements were carried out, and at Nagpur a much needed ward for European patients is being constructed.

Dr. O'Neill, W.M.S., draws attention to the difficulty of obtaining candidates for the midwifery class now that the training course is extended from one to two years without any improvement in the prospects offered at its close.

The Madras report again records progress in the work of the Dufferin Madras Fund and in its affiliated institution the Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital, Madras

The offices of Patron and President of the Fund were held by their Excellencies Lord and Lady Pentland during the year, while Major F. F. Elwes, M.D., C.I.E., I.M.S., continued as Honorary Secretary and Treasurer throughout the year.

The higher medical education of women has during the year been handed over to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras, owing to the inability of the Madras Government to continue their annual grant to the fund to meet the expenditure on stipends, books, etc., for the University

The report of the Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital shows that during the year there was a great improvement, especially in the number of in-patients treated, midwifery cases attended and operations performed. Dr. V. E. M. Bennett, M.B., B.S., resigned her appointment as Superintendent early during the year and her place has been ably filled by Miss F. A. Scott, L.R.C.P. & S., a member of the Women's Medical Service for India, whose services were transferred from Nellore to Madras. An Assistant Superintendent was appointed at the beginning of the year, and with two house surgeons forms the medical staff. The nursing staff consisting of a matron superintendent, two staff nurses, eight pupil nursea and ten Indian pupil midwives provides an efficient nursing service.

Twenty-six beds were supported in the hospital by ladies and gentlemen during the year,

The sanitary installation for the hospital which had to be postponed last year for want of funds will shortly be completed, owing to the

munificent donation of Rs. 10,000 for this purpose by Mr. G. Venkatapathi Nayudu, and a further grant of Rs. 2,000 from the Madras Government. By its completion a long-felt and urgent need will be provided. The Committee desire to express its grateful thanks to Mr. G. Venkatapathi Nayudu for so materially helping towards effecting this great improvement.

Only Rs. 70 have been received in subscriptions during the year, and the Central Committee joins the Provincial Committee in reminding the Indian public that it is to them the Association should look in the first instance for support, and trusts that this appeal will receive a more generous response in the future than it has done in the past.

The Government of Madras medical stipends which were provided out of the annual Government grant have been handed to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras with effect from 1st September 1916. The objects of these stipends are to procure medical women with higher qualifications to work under local bodies, to assist municipalities by grants-in-aid when they are unable to defray the cost of employing a more highly qualified lady doctor, and to provide for more medical women with the apothecary diploma. Applications for these stipends should, in future, be submitted to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras.

No new scholarship has been founded by private individuals since the one founded by the late Maharaja Sir G. N. Gajapati Rao, K.C.I.E., which lapsed in 1890. The Madras Committee again writes: -"It is greatly to be regretted that at present there are no students being stipended by local bodies. There has recently, as formerly, been great difficulty in obtaining lady medical practitioners to take charge of dispensaries and . hospitals in the Presidency at the salaries offered. The hospitals at Tiruvannamalai and Pollachi which had to be closed for two years and seventeen days, and nine months, respectively, still remain closed for want of a lady medical practitioner, while the female side of the Municipal hospital at Trichinopoly has been worked by a male assistant surgeon throughout the year. The shortage of lady medical practitioners predicted in previous reports is being felt by district boards and municipalities, and will continue to be felt unless they stipend students and thus obtain a claim on their services. The Committee would therefore once more urge on district boards and municipalities the advisability of training students for service under them after they have qualified. The five years course costs no more than Rs. 1,500."

Miss H. R. S. Williams, a student of the apothecary class, is the present holder of the Krupabhai Sathiandan scholarship of Rs. 25 per mensem.

The Travaneore State scholarship of Rs. 30 per mensem is held by Miss Kalyani Ammal, third-year apothecary class. The Cochin State scholarship of Rs. 50 per mensem is held by Miss P. Goari Ammal, fourthyear apothecary class. The Hyderabad State scholarship of Rs. 50 per mensem, and the Bharati Lukshmi scholarship of Rs. 15 per mensem are at present vacant.

The affiliation of Native States and local bodies with the Dufferin Fund in connection with the institution of scholarships and female medical aid generally is a matter on which there should not be any doubt regarding the very great advantages to those concerned. From their large and varied experience the Committee can be of material help both in technical and in many other matters to such States and bodies who desire to stipend students at the Medical College or obtain suitable qualified doctors for various posts and work. A register is kept both of appointments vacant and of medical women seeking employment

The "Wadia" scholarship of Rs. 3,000, which is the gift of the trustees of the N. W. Wadia Charities, was this year awarded to Miss H. M. Lazarus, M.B., B.S. (Madras), who is undergoing a post-graduate course in the United Kingdom,

Four hospitals for women were opened during the year, viz., the female side of the municipal hospitals at Bezwada and Ongole, the women and children's dispensary, Madura, and the female side of the District hospital, Kottayam, while the Jubilee Hospital, Berhampur, was re-opened.

The Punjab report states that during the period under review the offices Puntab. of Patron and Lady President were held respectively by His Honour Sir Michael O'Dwyer and Lady O'Dwyer. The duties of Honorary Secretary were performed by Lieutenant-Colonel E. C. Bayley, Private Secretary to the Lieutenant-Governor. The opening balance on the 1st January 1916 was Rs. 39,931-15-1 and the closing balance Rs. 25,853-0-1.

The Punjab Government continued their grant of Rs. 2,100, and subscriptions and donations from individuals amounted to Rs. 1,385, while the District Boards of Rawalpindi, Gujranwala and Attock contributed Rs. 240, Rs. 192 and Rs. 180, respectively, for medical tuition as in previous years.

The Central Committee again very kindly gave the services of the following members of the Women's Medical Service—vie., Dr. Balfour, Dr. Knowles, Dr. Curjel, Dr. Jervis and Dr. Naoroji, and contributed Rs. 17,746 towards their salaries.

Five students at the Women's Medical College, Ludhiana, were in receipt of scholarships at the commencement of the year. One left to join the Lady Hardinge Medical College at Delhi.

The sum expended on scholarships was Rs. 1,120. As the "Certificate" qualification will be done away with when the present students have completed their course, the committee will afterwards offer two scholarships for residents of the Punjab of Rs. 30 per mensem tenable for 7 years for study at the Lady Hardinge Medical College.

It will interest members of the Association to know that sanction has been given to the constitution, from the beginning of the coming financial year, of a Central Midwives' Board for the Punjab. The idea is to provide facilities for the training of midwives and dais from mofussil districts and towns in which such facilities do not now exist. The training of such women will continue to be carried on also in the various cities where facilities now exist, and it is with the idea of co-ordinating and bringing into line these efforts that the formation of a Central Board is being undertaken. It is proposed to hold examinations in three or four large towns, such as Lahore, Rawalpindi, Multan and Rewari, provided sufficient candidates present themselves, the examiners being appointed by the Central Board, and usually consisting of three, of whom one would be the assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals. Three standards of training will be required: (1) for English-speaking midwives, (2) for vernacular midwives, (3) for dais. The Board will draw up a syllabus for the training of dais according to the required standard, and rules to be followed by midwives and dais in their practice. The Government has also under consideration the question of starting a school for training of dais at Amritsar, the scheme to be worked in connection with the maternity hospital for which the Municipality are providing.

The actual number of patients treated in the Punjab in the hospitals assisted by the Fund and in those in Native States was 115,055.

At the Lady Aitchison Hospital there has been a satisfactory increase in the work. Six family wards have been built and a septic ward arranged for.

The usual reports from the districts are included in the report, and an new Zenana Hospital has been opened at Sirsa.

The United Provinces report again records a complete and satisfactory account of the working of the Provident Fund, and shows, as in the previous year, that 28 female hospitals are affiliated to the Provincial Branch and managed by local committees of the Dufferin Fund. The in-door attendance of patients was 18,524 against 16,758 in 1915, and the out-door attendance was 377,713 against 377,836. As the figures for 1915, however, include the results of 18 months' working, the Committee consider that it may be fairly considered that there has been an improvement of some 13,000 patients during the year 1916.

The number of visits paid by the medical women and female subassistant surgeons to patients in their houses was 5,867 against 5,997 in 1915. The increase in the number of midwifery cases is satisfactory. Naini Tal again heads the list with the largest number of cases treated, then come . Shahjahanpur, Cawnpore, Farrukhabad, Allahabad and Agra

At a meeting held in August, the Local Committee decided to start the building for the new hospital at Fyzabad, as the promised subscriptions and the annual income from all sources were found sufficient to meet the recurring expenditure for the maintenance of the hospital The final sanction of Government was accorded in July 1916 for rebuilding the Dufferin Hospital at Gorakhpur at a cost of Rs. 76,369. At Agra a maternity and gynacological ward was constructed at a cost of Rs. 29,950 from provincial revenues : and the construction of the new children's ward will shortly be commenced at Allahabad. A contagious diseases ward has been built at Bara Banki. and a project has been sanctioned for the construction of a new hospital for men at Ghazipur and the conversion of the present building into a women's hospital. A lying-in room has been built at the Kheri hospital at a cost of Rs. 4,000, while at the Lucknow hospital, in addition to the erection of a new spacious dining room in the Quinton wing for the probationer nurses, and the construction of a large sitting room and a bed room in the sisters' quarters, new quarters were built for the assistant surgeon. At Meernt additional servants' quarters have been constructed and a boundary wall has been built.

During the year the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals inspected thirty hospitals affiliated to the Provincial Branch, seventeen non-affiliated institutions and three other female dispensaries; and, on the whole, found the hospitals in excellent condition, and the work done very satisfactory. He suggests certain additions and improvements which will doubtless be carried out when funds permit.

The Dufferin hospitals at Agra have been provincialised from the 1st January 1917 and the Provincial Committee of the Dufferin Fund have been relieved of the administration of these institutions from that date. In December 1915 sanction was accorded to the scheme for making the Women's Medical School a self-contained institution separate from the Men's Medical School, and plans and estimates for the additional buildings which will be required in connection with the provincialisation of the Female Medical School and Dufferin hospitals have been submitted to Government.

The medical staff employed at the various hospitals in the Provinces is: 7 English qualified medical women, including 5 members of the Women's Medical Service; 3 medical women licentiates in medicine and surgery; 13 medical women of the certificated class and 47 female sub-assistant surgeons.

Over two years ago a scheme was sanctioned for the replacement of sub-assistant surgeons by assistant surgeons at twelve centres, but up to now it has been possible to provide only four centres, with the result that the remaining eight are still held by sub-assistant surgeons. An assistant surgeon was entertained and posted to the Cawnpore hospital, but her services had to be dispensed with. Miss M. E. Ashton, with English qualifications, has been entertained from the 15th March on Rs. 150 a month and posted as a temporary measure to the Allahabad hospital.

Of the members of the Women's Medical Service, Dr. A. M. Watts was transferred from Agra to Benares on the departure of Dr. Dissent-Barnes to Karachi, who has since been transferred to Lahore. On the transfer of Dr. Watts, Dr. C. L. Houlton was appointed first Medical Woman and Dr. L. M. Ghose was posted as the second medical Woman to Agra. The departure of Dr. Houlton has been a great loss to the hospitals at that centre and a matter of deep regret to all those connected with their administration. Dr. D. F. Curjel assumed charge of her dutics as first Medical Woman at Agra in September 1916 till the 14th March 1917, when she proceeded to Karachi, Dr. S. H. Commissariat filling her place at Agra.

The following remarks are made regarding the educational work of the Association at Agra:—

Six students appeared for the final examination in April 1916 and all of them passed. Ten students appeared for the junior qualifying (2nd-year) examination and all of them passed.

In 1915-16 twenty students appeared at the 3rd-year sessional examination and all were promoted to the 4th-year class, and of the twelve pupils who appeared at the 1st-year sessional examination all were promoted to the 2nd-year class. Of the 59 students on the rolls during the year ending the 15th May 1916, 15 were new admissions. Of the 59 students, 86 were Indian Christians, 18 Hindus and 5 Muhammadans. Thirty-six belonged to these Provinces, 13 to the Punjab and 10 were from other Provinces. Of the 16 who were removed from the rolls during the year, 6 passed the final examination, 3 were removed and 7 resigned or left otherwise, the number on the rolls at the close of the year being 43. Twenty-five candidates appeared for admission in August 1916, of whom, 18 were finally selected for admission. Of these, 15 are Dufferin scholars, one is financed by the Central Provinces Educational Department and two are private students.

The Central Committee is pleased to record the Inspector-General's entire satisfaction with the very efficient condition of the important institutions at Agra over which Major O'Meura exercises control. In spite of the large amount of extra work which he has had to do owing to the absence of other officers on military service, there has been no diminution in the interest and zeal with which he has performed his duties as Principal, and no diminution in the success which has attended his labours.

The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals specially mentions the good work done by the Dufferin Hospital at Lucknow and the Ishwari Hospital at Benares, paying a warm tribute to the services of Dr. M. O'Brien, W. M. S., and Dr. A. M. Watts, W. M. S., respectively, in charge of those institutions.

The scheme for the training of female compounders, which came into force in December 1914, was continued during the year under review at Lucknow, Cawnpore, Allahabad, Benares, Moradabad, Aligarh and Bareilly.

The financial statement appended shows the income and expenditure of financial the Central Committee for the year 1916. The opening balance in hand Association. was Rs. 11,366-13-8. The closing balance was Rs. 11,011-1-1.

A sum of Rs. 1,96,000 was received from the Shakarpura Court of Wards Estate and Rs. 54,000 from the Hasanpura Court of Wards Estate in payment of the loans taken by these Estates. A sum of Rs. 30,000 was also received from the Bank of Bengal in refund of the amount which was put into the Bank in 1915 as a short term deposit.

The ordinary income of the fund derived from interest on investments come during the year amounted to Rs. 44,057-15-1, of which Rs. 3,452-9-5 pertains

to Trust Funds. The interest on investments of the Women's Medical Service for India amounted to Rs. 9,588-14-1.

A sum of 3 lakhs was invested during 1916 as a short term deposit at 4 per cent. per annum in the Alliance Bank of Simla, Simla, on account of the Countess of Dufferin Fund.

During the year the Government of India granted the fund the usual subsidy of a lakh and a half towards meeting the cost of the "Women's Medical Service for India", of which Rs. 50,000 was invested in a short term deposit with the Alliance Bank of Simla, Simla, at 4 per cent. per annum.

The ordinary expenditure of the Central Committee during the year was Rs. 26,712. The expenditure on grants-in-aid towards the objects of the Association amounted to Rs. 11,390 as described below:—

- (1) Rs. 5,400 to the United Provinces Branch for the Agra hospital and school.
- (2) Rs. 3,280 to the Baluchistan Branch, towards the salary of a medical woman at Quetta and the expenses of the Lady Dufferin Dispensary at Fort Sandeman.
- (3) Rs. 1,560 to the Assam Branch, towards the salaries of the midwives at Dhubri, Gauhati, Goalpara and Jorhat.
- (4) Rs. 1,200 to the North-West Frontier Branch.

The Committee spent Rs. 6,278 on various scholarships, Rs. 20 in gratuities, books and medals and Rs. 3,500 towards improving the accommodation in the Dufferin Block of the Ripon Hospital at Simla.

The total working expenses of the fund during the year amounted to Rs. 5.524.

The ordinary expenditure of the Women's Medical Service for India during the year was Rs. 1,32,371. The expenditure on salaries of medical women amounted to Rs. 1,17,369, including Rs. 6,039 on account of deductions for Provident Fund. Leave allowances and travelling expenses of medical women amounted to Rs. 9,781 and Rs. 4,356, respectively. A sum of Rs. 865 was spent on account of house rent.

The share of office expenses for the Women's Medical Service for India amounted to Rs. 5,648.

Statement showing the total income of each Provincial Branch (Subordinate Branches Included) for the year 1916, and the sources whence derived, viz, :--

	- (1)	(2)	(3)		(\$)	(5)	(6)	
Branches,	Funds invested.	Interest from invested. funds.	Donations from the public. Hecospts from entertainments, etc. Contributions to hospital building funds, etc.	Total of columns (2) and (3).	Grant from the Govern- ment of India. Granta from the Pro- vincual Govern- ments.	from Dis- trict Boards,	Grants from Muni- erpsi funds.	Total of columns (4), (5) and (6).
Central Committee- Dufferin Pand, in-	Ru.	Rs.	Ea	Ra.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Re.
cluding Women's Medical Service for India Victoria Memorial	9,67.058	50,191	5,508	1	1,50,000	-		
Scholarships Fund United Kingdom for	6,87,442	84 258		24 258				
J925 Bengal Punjab Madras	*69,749 15,393 93,000 42,100	1,947 480 3,220 415	1,049 1,029 1,385	2,998 1,509 4,605 495	411 2,100	1,827 612	`635	2,673 2,712
Berar Baluchistan Bombay	93,376 23,800 1,63,260	4,988 7)3 4,955	24,983 657 13,528	29,970 1,870 18,483	5.442 9,099 4,509	5,630 8,258	5,800 645 20,866	16,872 9,741 33,624
Assam Central Provinces United Provinces Burma	3,300 1,79,021 7,15,339	313 7,490 31,769	5,168 1,00,556 16,969	13,078 1,35,325 16,969	5,210 3,800 58,672 13,793	5,5% 8,743 66,763	2,216 6,765 13,828 7,077	13,011 14,398 1,58,762 21,219
Mysore Bihar and Orisea	11,000	630 3,063	9,845	12,408	3,000	4,855	1,130	8,985
Toras .	31,25,270	1,47,865	1,80,810	8,28,191	2,56,057	97,621	57,962	4,11,640

This sum includes the share bequeathed to the Countass of Dufferin's Fund from the residue
of the Estate of the late Miss Jane Tulloch of 27, Davson Place, Bayswater.

In concluding this report, as the Committee thinks it advisable to furnish Final the means of estimating the value of the work done, it will be necessary to

summarise some facts and figures of operations of the Association. Branches .- Including the United Kingdom Branch, there are fourteen

Provincial Branches working under the Central Committee. Committees. - Attached in some manner or affiliated to the Provincial Branches, there are about 140 Local and District Associations or Com 'tt engaged in furthering the objects of the Association.

Hospitals.—It will be seen that in Appendix III statistics are given of the work accomplished in about 221 hospitals, wards, and dispensaries of various kinds for the treatment of women, many of which are officered by women or have women attached to them; and a number of these institutions are directly governed by, or affiliated to, the Association: many, however, are quite independent of it; but all are doing the same work—providing female medical relief to the women of the country.

Approximate value of Institutions.—Including the cost of hospitals built by the Fund, a large number of buildings which have been presented to it, and others maintained from independent sources, the total value of institutions engaged in furthering the objects of the Association is now computed at over 62 lakhs.

Patients.—In hospitals more or less controlled and assisted by the Association, or at their homes, and in Native States, about 1,527,172 women and children received medical aid during the year under review.

Medical Women.—There are 93 Medical Women of the first grade employed in the various zenana hospitals and institutions in India.

In addition, 76 second grade surgeons, and 242 sub-assistant surgeons, etc., besides a large number of midwives and nurses not included in these statistics, are also employed.

Female Students.—The Branch returns show that 120 Medical Women are at present studying for the University course, 32 as assistant surgeons or medical practitioners, and 137 as sub-assistant surgeons. In addition, 538 midwives, nurses, and compounders are undergoing training of some nature in various classes of the medical colleges, schools and hospitals in the different Provinces.

Receipts.—The total receipts of the Central Committee, since the Association was incorporated, including the Women's Medical Service for India, have up to date amounted to Rs. 23,35,854. This does not include a sum of nearly seven lakhs subscribed towards the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund which was inaugurated by Lady Curzon in 1901-02.

Disbursements.—A sum of Rs. 11,81,050 has been re-allotted by the Central Committee to Provincial Branches, or expended in grants-in-aid within their limits for various objects. This includes a sum of Rs. 3,38,450 on account of the Women's Medical Service for India.

Investments.—The amount now invested by the Central Committee, Provincial and District Branches, is Rs. 31,25,270, including Rs 3,00,000 on account of the Women's Medical Service for India.

United Kingdom Branch.—The Report of the United Kingdom Branch for 1015 shows that the amount received by it in subscriptions and donations was £70. A sum of £72 was also received on account of interest on investments under the control of the United Kingdom Branch. The total invested fund in the Branch was £4,583 which includes the share bequeathed to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund from the residue of the Estate of the late Miss Jane Tulloch of 27, Dawson Place, Bayswater. The value of this share at present represents approximately an annual income of £140.

Lady Dufferin reports that the United Kingdom scholarship students have done well and been successful during 1916.

Miss E. W. Paul passed the finals for the Conjoint Board examination of the Royal College of Physicians; obtained a post at once (in February 1916) in the North Staffordshire Infirmary, Stoke-on-Trent, temporarily, and in March 1916 became a House Surgeon at the Royal Infirmary, Sunderland. She returned to India in September 1916 intending to try for a post there.

Miss M. Olivera passed the finals for the Conjoint Board examination in January 1916; took a short course on anusthetics at the Endell Street Military hospital, and in March 1916 obtained a post as House Surgeon at the Royal Infirmary, Sunderland.

Miss A. L. O'Reilly was working at the D. L. Northern hospital, Liverpool, in September 1916.

Miss I. Kees on leave from India passed the Conjoint Board finals in January 1016, and applied for an extension of leave to enable her to take up a post in England. She is not a scholarship holder, but received a grant of £30.

Miss Alton passed in April 1916 for the M. R. C. S and L. R. C. P. She worked at the Great Northern hospital from August 1915 to February 1916, but gave this up to have more time for reading for the M. D. (London), and took up instead a half-term post as Clinical Assistant at the Children's Hospital, Great Ormond Street. She was working in June 1916 still for the M. D. She is not a United Kingdom scholarship holder, but received a grant of £50.

Miss L. de Menezes passed the finals F. R. C. S. (Dublin) in July 1914. She took up practical work in Edinburgh until October 1915 and then became a House Surgeon at the Borough hospital, Birkenhead. She was still there in March 1916.

Simla : 15th April 1917, H. AUSTEN SMITH,

Ineut.-Colonel, I M.S.,

Honorary Secretary.



1.

ANNEXURE I.

The Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital for Women, and the Training School for Nurses, Delhi.

The main objects of the Medical College and Hospital for Women at Delhi which was initiated by the late Lady Hardinge and is named after her, have been explained in previous reports ' Before summarising the work accomplished during the year under report it may be useful to give a brief description of the institution. The college and hospital buildings together with the hostels for students and nurses and the residences for the staff are grouped in one large compound of over 50 acres, situated in the Imperial enclave not far from the old city and railway station The College buildings consist of three blocks, the central group containing a large lecture theatre, library, museum, offices and rooms for students and professors. On either side of it are situated the two science blocks with well equipped laboratories and lecture rooms. Beyond the main college building is the students' recreation room on three sides of which are the hostels, which provide separate accommodation for Hindus, Muhammadans, Sikhs and Christians (including Parsees and those who have adopted the European mode of living). Further on are the hospital buildings, which include a few cottage wards. Progress has to some extent been retarded by the war. but most of the buildings are now ready. A hospital unit was formally opened by Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford in March 1917.

2. The main feature of the year under report is the actual commencement of teaching and the opening of the hospital for patients. The first session began in October 1016. There are at present on the rolls 30 students of whom 4 are Hindus, 2 Muhammadans, 2 Sikhs, 10 Indian Christians, 8 Eurasians and 4 Europeans. The hospital is daily gaining popularity. Accommodation for in-patients is being gradually extended, and a total number of 1,368 patients were so treated during the three months ending December 1916. In the Training School for Nurses 4 students were admitted. The College has been affiliated to the Putjet University and prepares students for the M.B., B.S. Examination of the University.

- 3. A brief reference may be made to the financial position of the institution. Owing to the war and the fact that the cost of the scheme was originally somewhat under-estimated, the money available is insufficient to earry through the entire building programme as originally contemplated. An appeal made by the late Viceroy, at the opening ceremony in February 1916, elicited generous response, and large contributions were received from Ruling Chiefs and the public, in addition to the amounts mentioned in the preceding year's report. But further substantial help is necessary and, it is hoped, will eventually be forthcoming. The number of subscribers is too large to admit of mention in this brief report, but detailed lists have been duly published in the Press.
- 4. The following is a list of scholarships and medal founded or awarded in connection with the institution:—
- (a) Three scholarships of the value of Rs. 30 a month for six years offered annually by the Governing Body of the institution.
- (b) Three scholarships each of the value of Rs. 25 a month offered annually by the Central Committee of the Dufferin Association.
- (c) Four scholarships each of the value of Rs. 25 a month offered by Rai Bahadur Sardar Narain Singh to Sikh girls.
- (d) A scholarship of Rs. 20 a month offered annually by Bai Dhunibai B. Malabari in memory of the late Mr. Malabari to that Parsee, Hindu or Muhammadan student who does the best work in Physiology.
 - (e) A scholarship of Rs. 15 a month offered annually to the most deserving student, by the wife of the Hon'ble the Maharaja Ranjit Sinha of Nashipur, in memory of the late Lady Hardinge.
 - (f) A scholarship of Rs. 15 a month offered by Kumari Shri Rupali Bai, daughter of the Thakur Saheb of Limbdi, for a period of five years, for a student from Kathiawar or Gujarat.
 - (g) Three scholarships of Rs. 25 per mensem are offered annually by the Punjab Dufferin Committee to girls resident in the Punjab.
 - (1) One scholarship of Rs. 30 per mensem is offered annually to a Muhammadan girl resident in the North-West Frontier Province.
 - (i) A gold medal offered annually, as a memorial to the late Lady Hardinge, by Diwan Bahadur Daya Kishan Kaul, C.I.E., to the student who attains the most distinguished position in the Intermediate Science (Medical) Examination.
 - (j) "The Lady Chelmsford gold medal" offered by His Highness the Maharaja of Benares to the best student of the College.

5. The following are the Members of the College Staff :-

Dr. K A. Platt, M.D., B.S (London)
Dr. Ruth Wilson, B.Sc., M.B., Ch B

(St. Andrews).

Professor of Midwifery and Gynecology Dr. C L. Houlton,

Dr. C L. Houlton, M.B., B.S. (London).
 Dr M. C. Murphy, M.B. (Calcutta),
 M. R. C. S. (England), L. R. C. P.

Professor of Physiology and Biology . Miss M. R

(London).
. Miss M. R. N. Holmer (First class in

Professor of Physics and Chemistry . Secretary and Warden

Principal and Professor of Medicine

Professor of Surgery . - .

Professor of Anatomy .

Natural Science Tripos, Cambridge)
. Miss A. M. Bain, M.A., B Sc. (Aberdeen).
. Miss P. E. Johnson.

Superintendent of the Nursing Institute . Miss Mackenzie.

6. In March 1917, the provisional Committee, which until then had controlled the affairs of the institution, was replaced by an Association which was registered under Act XXI of 1860 A copy of the "Memorandum *of Association" and the Enlest and Regulations* of that Body is annexed. The following members constitute the present Governing Body:—

Prendent: The Hon'ble Sargeon-General Sir Panley Lukis, K.C.S.I., K.H.S.

Members: The Hon'ble Mr. W. M. Hiller, CSI, CLE, Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

Dr. Margaret I. Balfour, M.D., representing the Dufferin Association.

Dr. Agnes Scott, M.B., representing the AT-India Association of Medical Women.

Honorary S. R. Hignell, Esq., I.C.S., Dentity Secretary to the Secretaries: Severament of Ludin, Home Department.

Lt.-Col. H. Austen Smith, LVIS, Surgeon to His Excellency the Vicercy.

Mr. A. G. Hein, Audit Officer, Delle, less been seinelle by the Governing Body as Honorary Treasurer.

ANNEXURE II.

Opening of the new addition to the Dufferin Block at the Ripon Hospital, Simla.

Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford opened the new addition to the Dufferin Block at the Ripon Hospital, Simla, on the 29th June 1916, in the presence of a large gathering of ladies, European and Indian. Her Excellency on arrival was received by Mr. F. H. Burton, Deputy Commissioner, and Sir James Roberts, Civil Surgeon, and was conducted to the Block where she was shown round by Lady O'Dwyer and other ladies. A bouquet was presented by Miss P. Maclagan.

Lady Harnam Singh's Address.

The following address was read by Lady Harnam Singh :-

Your Excellency,-Your coming amongst us here this afternoon is but another proof of the interest you have shown in the welfare of women in this country, and it is indeed a happy coincidence that a plan, whose inception was largely due to Her Excellency the late Lady Hardinge, should at its consummation be honoured by Your Excellency's presence. commemorate the Diamond Jubilee of Her Imperial Majesty Queen Victoria in 1897 an Indian female hospital was opened as part of the Ripon Hospital and became known as the Dufferin Block, the initial expenses in connection with which were met by public subscriptions and the recurring expenditure by the Dufferin Fund and the Municipal Committee. In August 1913 a new Dufferin Block was built at a cost of Rs. 27,808, of which the Dufferin Fund contributed Rs. 7,500, the Punjab Government Rs. 10,000 and the Municipal Committee Rs. 10,308, and in 1914 the status of the hospital was raised by a first-class medical woman, Miss Houlton, being put in charge. It was soon found, however, that the accommodation provided for the outdoor department was insufficient for the needs of the hospital and the question of a new building was raised. It was also suggested that suitable doctor's quarters should be provided near the hospital.

The new addition to the Dufferin Block, which Your Excellency has graciously undertaken to open to-day, consisting of an operating theatre, of an out-door department and of a doctor's quarters, has been erected at a cost of Rs. 29,186, of which the Dufferin Fund subscribed Rs. 7,500, the Punjab Government Rs. 9,500, the Municipal Committee Rs. 7,183, and a generous donation of Rs. 5,000 was received from His Highness the Gaekwar of Baroda to cover the cost of erection and equipment of the operating theatre with its accompanying anæsthetising and sterilising rooms. This operation room is thoroughly modern and up to date in character, with its marble floor and tiled walls, and furnishings suitable for all surgical work. The outdoor department, situated in the lower part of the new building, consists of a waiting room, consulting room, examination room and dispensary. The rooms are airy and well planned, a special feature being the good light in the examination room, which much facilitates the physical examinations, the minor surgical operations, the surgical dressings, and clinical laboratory work which is undertaken there. The out-door dispensary is open each week day from 8 to 12 noon, and advice, treatment and medicine are given ' free of charge to all who come The doctor's quarters, which are placed above the out-door department, are compact and comfortable, and conveniently near the hospital wards. As regards the other work done by this hospital, the in-door department consist of four general and six private wards, in all 24 beds.

In the general wards, where surgical, medical, maternity and gynecological cases are respectively treated, there is no fee for either medicines or treatment, and suitably prepared food is provided free of charge. In the private wards there is a room rent of 8 annas a day, and the rationt has the privilege of keeping one other woman friend or relative in her own room. These private wards are especially suitable for Anglo-Indian and Indian ladies, and in view of the very small fee charged should come within the reach of every woman. Though the hospital returns for last year show a very satisfactory number of patients treated, ret main remains to be dine in making the hospital known among the Argio-India residents of Sinks and the Indian ladies who live here, as well as some the post of the community. In the general wards the mixing of patients are in women, some of whom come long distances for textures, but we feel the work among the poor women and children in this true canll be consider ably enlarged if all the ladies who are beet is a second and with we have will go all over the hospital and personally get an idea of the same and some will by their influence and advice help in health dive the

against hospital treatment among the poorer and more ignorant classes. For it is, indeed, a sad sight to see women and children as a last resort brought into this hospital in a most critical condition, after their cases have long been neglected at home. In regard to the nursing arrangements in this hospital, the Simla Municipality, realising the importance of having a fully trained nurse in charge, have recently, by providing a suitable salary, enabled us to have a matron who is fully qualified in medical, surgical and maternity nursing. Under the Punjab scheme for training Indian women as nurses, two probationer-nurses are being trained here in the work, and will, we hope, eventually prove useful members of the community to which they belong.

The dispensing, both for the in-door and out-door patients, is undertaken by a qualified woman-compounder.

We are grateful to Your Excellency for showing your personal interest in medical work among women in India, by your presence among us to-day, and we trust that all who are here will be inspired by your example to spread the knowledge of this hospital among all classes of women in this town, and thus to help towards the achievement of that object which is the aim of the Fund inaugurated in 1885 by Her Excellency the Countess of Dufferin, namely, that medical advice and treatment may come within the reach of every suffering woman in India.

Lady Chelmsford's Address.

Her Excellency said:—Lady O'Dwyer, Lady Harnam Singh, and Ladies,—It is a very great pleasure to me to have this opportunity of meeting you here to-day. I should like to thank you all for the very kind welcome which Lady Harnam Singh has given me in your name, and to tell you how much interested I am in the account which is contained in her address of the rise and development of the Dufferin Block of this hospital. I think the name of Lady Hardinge will live in the hearts of the women of India on account of the deep interest she took in all that made for their welfare and happiness, and I feel it a great honour to carry on or bring to completion any work which was begun by her. Lady Hardinge realised that two things were necessary in order that the Dufferin Block of this hospital should be put to the fullest use. These were an operation theatre and good doctor's quarters. It is on the happy completion of both these additions that we have met here this afternoon, and this hospital will always remember how much it owes her,

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The Dufferin Fund has now been in existence for over 30 years, and in that time it has done a great work in providing hospital accommodation and medical aid for women in many parts of India, but it has done an even greater work in bringing into prominence the need which existed for that special medical aid. It drew attention to a great want, and set an example of how to meet, it—an example which ruling princes and chiefs, provincial Governments and municipalities were quick to follow—, so that to-day there is scarcely any part of India in which some sort of provision is not to be found for supplying the special needs of women and children. But what was sufficient 30 years ago is not enough to-day, and two years ago the Women's Medical Service was started. This service supplies highly trained medical women to take charge of the Dufferin hospitals or female wards, and its institution marks another great advance in the work of the Dufferin Fand.

Whilst I am President of the Dufferin Fund it will be my endeavour to increase and advance the service in every way in my power. The Dufferin Fund does not aim at supplying medical women for every institution in India, but it does aim at setting up a standard, and wishes to show that the very highest degree of efficiency in medical skill and hospital management and equipment is not only best for the people but cheapest in the long run. The supply of highly trained medical women is in my opinion the only way to meet the growing needs of the women of this country. It is to achieve this object that the Delhi Thaining College has been started. We hope that the medical women who will be trained there will help to supply this demand and fill an honoured place in Indian life.

I hope very much that in the next few years there will be an increase in the interest taken by Indian ladies and Indian women of every class in the simple hygiene of the home. Already some of the highest Indian ladies are showing their interest in a practical way, and only the other day I heard of a Kunwarani who had taken a course of first aid. There is no reason why people should endure needless suffering, and it is a very great thing to know what to do in the case of sudden illness or accident. The success of a Dufferin Block such as this depends largely on the interest taken in it by the Indian women, and I want to ask you to help this one every way you can. You can do this in two ways. First, by making friends with the lady doctor. Her chief interest is her work on your behalf, and your sympathy and friendship will help her to do that in the most efficient Secondly, by spreading a knowledge of the hospital amongst those most likely to need it, by urging them not to wait to make . of à

it till the patient has become so ill that recovery is almost hopeless. You cannot imagine anything more distressing for the medical woman than to be appealed to too late.

Do not imagine that the hospital is the place to come to when everything else has failed, but look upon the Dufferin Block as the place where you have a friend who will always gladly give you advice and sympathy and may be the means of saving you much suffering and distress.

I have been glad to be here this afternoon and take part in this pleasant little ceremony, and I can assure you that anything which forwards the welfare or happiness of the women of India will always have my heartiest support.

ANNEXURE III:

Lady Dufferin Hospital, Rangoon. Annual General Meeting.

The annual general meeting of the subscribers of the Dufferin Fund, Burna Branch, was held at Government House, Rangoon, on the 24th November 1916, His Honour Sir Harcourt Butler presiding. Amongst those present were the Hon'ble Lieutenant-General Sir Pardey Lukis, Director-General of the Indian Medical Service; Dr. Margaret I. Balfour, M.D., W.M.S., Joint-Secretary, Countess of Dufferin's Fund, Central Committee; the Hon'bles Mr. A. K. A. S. Jamal, C.I.E., Mr. Lim Chin Tsong, Mr. U Po Tha and Mr. C. Morgan Webb, Messrs. P. A. Churchward, U Kin, V. N. Sivaya, G. J. Swann (Hon. Treasurer), W. M. Turner, S. Solomon, B. Cowasjee, Col. Strickland, Col. Barry, Lt.-Col. Dee, Major Sargent (Hon. Secretary), Drs. T. F. Pedley, A. D. Spence and N. N. Parakh, Mrs. Hla Oung, and Dr. Ma Saw Sa, Lady Superintendent of the Hospital.

The Secretary's Report.

In opening the proceedings, Major Sargent, the Honorary Secretary, said :- The annual report and statement of accounts (being the 29th since the Dufferin Hospital was founded) have already been circulated to subscribers, and copies are now before you, so that it is unnecessary for me to occupy your time by going into details. There are a few points, however, worthy of notice which the report brings out, on which I would like to touch, The number of cases treated at the Dufferin Hospital: -The total number of new cases treated during last year was no less than 10,570, of whom 1,065 were in-patients. These represent entirely separate individuals; but, of course, many patients come a second or third time for advice, or for medicine, and if we count up each visit we find that the lady superintendent and her staff have dealt with the very large number indeed of 22,541 consultations, or a daily average of rather more than 70. This refers to out-patients only, the inside work having to be taken as well. The number of patients ordinarily occupying beds in the hospital is from 35 to 45. The hospital itself, having been built some thirty years ago, is naturally now not so up to date as a more modern building would be, and consequently successfully to minister to these large numbers of patients considerable personal exertion is required from our staff in order to make up the short-comings of our equipment. Perhaps one of the most pleasing features shown by

report is the very generous manner in which the public have come forward and supported us with funds. You will notice the very long list * of subscribers shown on pages 10 to 16. Our very sincere thanks are due to Mr. A. K. A. S. Jamal who, on learning that a lift was much needed in the hospital with which to move patients from floor to floor, immediately presented us with Rs. 9,000, a sum sufficient to provide us with an electric lift of the latest hospital pattern. This is now installed and we expect Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford, who intends to inspect the hospital during her stay in Rangoon, will formally declare the lift open_ for work. You will also notice that a number of our local bioscope companies, the Parsi Theatrical Company, the Kadone Pwe Company, and last but not least, the very well known Burmese Theatrical Company, headed by our local Sir Henry Irving (I refer to Po Sein) have all given us benefit performances from which the institution has derived very considerable sums. I shall not refer further to individuals who have helped us, except to say that a casual glance down the list reveals that we have been strongly supported by the Chinese community of Rangoon; while, if I may be allowed to advance a personal opinion, I think in Burma we might naturally have expected to see rather more Burmese names figuring on the list. The great many war claims at present are somewhat limiting responses to appeals for funds this year, but I am happy to say we are still in a fairly solvent condition, so far as money sufficient to meet our supplies, wages, bills and other recurring expenses is concerned. But without some special assistance we cannot hope to put in hand for many years, the numerous and very desirable, I might say very necessary, improvements which the managing committee have in view. Our greatest want at the moment is perhaps a separate out-patients' department. The number of out-patients attending the hospital has never been so great as it is now and is daily increasing. certain days there may be as many as 200 out-patients to be seen; and these have to be accommodated and attended to in one of the ground floor wings of the main hospital building. This is very undesirable but unavoidable at the moment. In a hospital building quiet and cleanliness are two essentials, and it does not require me to go into detail to show that with some 200 sick people and their friends and attendants invading the main hospital these two essentials are practically impossible to achieve for several hours in the morning at least. These reasons are quite sufficient to make the provision of a separate out-patients' building necessary. But in addition to this we find that our accommodation for in-patients is becoming cramped and very considerable relief would be afforded if we had put at our disposal as a ward

^{*} Not printed.

the valuable space which at present we must keep for the out-patients' waiting . and consulting rooms and dispensary. Our sanitary arrangements at the hospital are, to put it very mildly, primitive, but I do not propose to enlarge on this subject, as the matter is now under discussion with Government at Your Honour's personal request, and I have no doubt will receive the careful. consideration and, I hope, the remedies which the position undoubtedly calls for. I am given to understand that we may shortly expect to learn that one of our best known citizens of the Chinese community intends extending to us -as he has done to many other charitable causes in Rangoon-a very generous helping hand; and when I mention that the gentleman's name is Mr. Lim Chin Tsong I am probably not causing any surprise. There is only one other subject on which I should like to touch, and that is the training of nurses at the institution. In similar hospitals in England nurses in order to be trained in this branch of medicine pay the hospital a fee for the instruction imparted to them, in some hospitals amounting to quite a large sum. In the Dufferin Hospital in Rangoon, however, nearly all our nurses, on being approved, are granted scholarships which not only confer free training of them, but also provide them with a small monthly stipend, sufficient to meet their living and clothing expenses Of course, this tells somewhat heavily on our funds, but at the present moment I think we are right in doing everything in our power to encourage suitable women, particularly from outside districts, to undergo the training. It is, of course, known to you all that the excessively high rate of infantile mortality which unfortunately prevails throughout Burma is due, we might say almost entirely, to lack of knowledge; and therefore a nurse leaving the Dufferin Hospital, thoroughly trained, forms a valuable addition to any community with whom she may take up residence and practice. I feel we should spare no effort to make the numbers of these well-trained nurses available throughout the country as large as possible. Apart altogether from the services rendered by them personally, the benefit of the knowledge which they spread throughout their districts, and the effect which it will have in restricting the very harmful methods which, through ignorance, are at present practised, can hardly be over-estimated. For a nurse to become fully qualified, we have this year introduced a longer, and moreover thorough course of training than has been required up till now. In order to receive her full certificate a nurse now does two years' training in sicknursing at the General Hospital, during which time we pay her the full scholarship allowances; thereafter she comes to the Dufferin Hospital where she receives a special course of one year in midwifery, making a training of

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three years in all. These nurses, before being accepted as pupils, have to satisfy us that they are women of good character and physique, and of sound intelligence, and I have no hesitation in stating that after undergoing the three years' training just mentioned by me they will leave capable of doing extremely good work. It will probably be of interest to you all to know that at the present moment, in addition to some 31 Burmese, Karen and Anglo-Indians, there are two Chinese nurses being trained at the hospital. Before I close, I should like to offer a word of thanks to two gentlemen, namely Mr. Baird Smith, late treasurer, and Mr. Swann, the present treasurer and secretary, both of whom have spent a vast amount of trouble and energy over the finances and working of the institution.

The chairman enquired if any lady or gentlemen wished to address the meeting.

Dr. Pedley said he would like to say with what pleasure he had heard the report read, especially in the matter referring to the training of nurses. He had been fortunate to be in this country for the last twenty-nine years, from the date of the starting of the hospital in Rangoon in the old wooden bungalow by the jail in 1887. There was then not a single woman in Burma trained as a midwife who could speak Burmese. Since then steady work had been going on in that hospital and he thought there were now 400 to 500 trained women. The work that had been done had had a wonderful effect in reducing the mortality amongst the lying-in women in Rangoon and all about the districts. He thought that this branch of the association might congratulate itself on the splendid work by which the training of nurses was effected. It fell to his lot many years ago to expose as far as possible the terrible state of things that existed in what was then called a system of midwifery by the Burmans. It was most pitiful to any one who saw then what was going on. A large number of ladies and gentlemen, who all these many years had been acquainted with this matter, had given the greatest assistance in this special work in helping them in training those women. He hoped they would be able to turn out still larger numbers than in the past.

The honorary secretary then moved that the report and accounts be passed.

Mr. Jamal seconded the motion, which was carried unanimously.

The honorary secretary said that the next matter was to elect a committee for the year. He begged to move that all the present members be re-elected on the committee. They were the Hon'ble Mr. L. Chin Tsong, Messrs. B. Cowasjee, S. Solomon, J. Stevens, Maung Kin, V. N. Sivaya,

U Fo Tha, Lieut.-Col. P. Dee, the Hon'ble Mr. A. K. A.S. Jamal, Dr. Pedley, Dr. Parakh.

The same committee was re-elected with the exception that Mr. Craig took the place of Mr. Stevens.

On the motion of the honorary secretary, Mr. R. G. Nicholl's name was substituted for that of Mr. A. D. Keith, and Sir A. Binning and Mr. W. M. Turner were also appointed on the committee.

On the proposal of the honorary secretary seconded by Mr. Chin Tsong, Dr. Pedley and Dr. Parakh were re-elected honorary medical officers of the hospital for the year.

Dr. Pedley, in thanking the meeting for the honour that had been done in re-electing him, said that both Dr. Parakh and he had been intimately connected with the work of the hospital from its inception.

Dr. Parakh, in also thanking the members of the committee, made a few observations He particularly suggested the registration of midwives in Burma. The matter was not a very difficult one It was for Government to give their consent to registration of midwives as was done in England.

The Chairman said they were very fortunate at that meeting in having Lieutenant-General Sir Pardey Lukis, the very distinguished head of the Indian Medical Service, and Dr (Miss) Balfour, the secretary of the committee of the Dufferin Fund Ris Honour had worked for many years with Sir Pardey Lukis on the Dufferin Fund central committee and he knew the vast knowledge that Sir Pardey had of the Dufferin Fund work all over India and the great improvement that had been introduced through his influence in various parts of India. He had come to Rangoon at great personal inconvenience on a two days' visit to attend the meeting, and Dr Balfour had made a similar journey at equal inconvenience; and he was sure that the meeting would be very glad to hear what advice they both could give them in Burma for improvements that had taken place in the Dufferin Fund work and the work of the medical women in India generally, with a view to profit by the experience gained elsowhere. He then asked Sir Pardey Lukis to be so very kind as to address the meeting.

Sir Pardey Lukis' Address.

Sir Pardey Lukis said :-

Your Honour, Ladies and Gentlemen, -- I wish to say a few words from the point of view of the Lady Dufferin Association in regard to the position

of the medical woman in charge of the Dufferin Hospital at Rangoon, and, in so doing, I would ask you to bear in mind that the main object of this Association is the provision of efficient female medical aid for the women of India of all classes, all nationalities and all creeds. It was in order to promote this object and to secure efficiency on the part of the personnel that the Women's Medical Service was formed in 1913. I was in England when the conditions of service were under consideration, and I had several informal consultations with leading medical women in London, amongst whom I may mention Doctors Scharlieb and May Thorn. As a result of these consultations, one point became very clear to me, viz., that, if we wish to secure the services of really efficient medical women, they must be placed upon an equality with medical men and not be treated merely as subordinates only being allowed to perform such operations or treat such cases as the Civil Surgeon may think fit to allot to them. You will agree I am sure, that the maintenance of this equality is the only condition under which medical men and medical women can work together in harmony without professional jealousies and bickerings. Now, what is the position at Rangoon? You have an able and fully qualified medical woman-a Burmese lady for whose services you specially asked-and how do you treat her? She is not allowed to perform any operative gynecological work nor to engage in private practice. You are, in fact, employing a fully qualified medical woman to perform the duties of a monthly nurse and she is obliged to send to the General Hospital all cases requiring surgical interference. It is not surprising, therefore, that any fully qualified medical woman should object to occupy such an anomalous position, and I feel it my duty to warn you as to the disastrous effect this is likely to have upon recruitment for the Women's Medical Service. This is a point, however, which will be dealt with by Dr. Balfour, the newly appointed Secretary to the Central Committee of the Lady Dufferin Fund, who is now touring through India and Burma with a view to acquaint herself with local wants, and who is present here to-day. There is, however, one aspect of the case that I wish to bring to your notice as regards the refusal of the right of private practice. As I said just now, the object of the Lady Dufferin Association is to provide female medical aid to the women of India of all classes, all nationalities and all creeds. If you refuse to allow your medical woman the right of private practice, you confine the benefits of the Association to the poorer classes who can attend the hospital, whilst you refuse it to both Burmese, Indian and European ladies who would prefer to be attended by a woman but who can afford to pay for her services and who do not wish to

attend as hospital patients. I understand that three main arguments are being brought forward in support of the present ruling :-

- (1) that the conditions in Burma are entirely different from those prevailing in India.
 - (2) that, in the present condition of your Dufferin Hospital, it would be dangerous to permit the medical woman to operate,
 - (3) that she is now allowed consulting practice and that nothing further is necessary.

As regards the first contention, I am unable to understand why Burmese women should have less need than their Indian sisters for efficient attendance by a member of their own sex. Then, as regards the second contention, all I can say is that, if your Dufferin Hospital is in such an unsatisfactory condition, no time should be lost in setting your house in order, and in providing your medical woman with an efficient staff. "As regards the last contention, namely, that the medical woman is allowed consulting practice, and that this suffices, I cannot agree that the medical woman should be deprived of a privilege which the medical officers themselves enjoy. Is it likely, moreover, that a medical officer in his private capacity will call in as a consultant the medical woman who is officially, to all intents and purposes, his subordinate, to whom he is in the habit of dictating what operations she shall perform and what class of cases she may be allowed to treat? That being so, the medical woman in charge of the Dufferin Hospital will depend entirely for her consulting practice upon the good will of the independent practitioners of both sexes now practising in Rangoon.

Dr. Balfour's Address.

Dr. Balfour said :-

Your Honour, Ladies and Gentlemen,—I wish in the first place to endorse all that Sir Pardey Lukis has just said as regards the position of the medical woman in charge of the Rangoon Dufferin Hospital and the effect which this must have in recruiting for the Women's Medical Service. The Women's Medical Service was founded three years ago largely in order that medical women, whether Indian or English, of the highest standard of work might be attracted to practice in India. Certain conditions for their employment were laid down by the Central Committee of the Dufferin Fund, were agreed to by the Provincial Committees, and were published widely in England and in India. Medical women were recruited and are still being recruited under these conditions. Rule No 13 states that private practice will be allowed provided that it does not clash with

official duties, and Rule No. 19 states that each member will have full professional control of her hospital. Private practice could not be said to interfere with the superintendence of a comparatively small maternity hospital and a medical woman cannot be said to have full professional control if she is required to send all cases requiring surgical interference to other practitioners. There is no doubt that if this state of affairs became known in England, as sooner or later it must, it would prevent medical women of the class we wish from coming forward, and the money which the Government of India has entrusted to the Central Committee for improving the standard of women's medical work will be largely wasted.

Putting aside the question of the Women's Medical Service, there is another point which I should like to touch on. I have seen many Dufferin Hospitals and in all of them, in fact I may say in all competent women's hospitals, there is a large amount of gynmeological work done, that is the treatment of the special diseases of women. This, along with improvement of the conditions of childbirth, is a crying necessity for the women of India. But no such work is done in the Dufferin Hospital at Rangoon. It is not that the need does not exist, because the returns show that 1,600 cases of such diseases have attended the out-patient department this year up to date. This is a large proportion being about one-fifth of the total out-patients. Many of these cases require hospital treatment, but Dr. Ma Saw Sa and her assistant have to send all such cases to the male hospital for treatment by male doctors. It may be said that Burmese women do not mind treatment by medical men so much as Indian women, but I think the mere fact that 1,600 women have applied for treatment at the women's hospital shows that they wish such treatment from their own sex and in an institution so largely supported by the Dufferin Fund they ought to get it.

I wish to say another word about the nursing arrangements. A large number of Burmese women are trained here as midwives. Only some of these get any training in general nursing and those who do have to go for that training to the General Hospital. I should like to see all the midwives getting a training in nursing and I should like to see the training in nursing given in the Dufferin Hospital. I have been told that it is possible to give a much more efficient training in the General Hospital. I have no doubt this is so at present, but the standard of nursing in the Dufferin Hospital ought to be sufficiently high to enable it to train its own probationers. I think this is an important point. The statistics show that the mortality during 1915 was 4 per cent. It is impossible, without knowing

more of the cases, to say if this is excessively high or not. But the fact that during the past year 45 women died from childbirth in the Maternity Hospital, excluding the cases requiring surgical interference sent to the General Hospital, ought to make the Committee consider seriously how matters can be improved. There is no doubt that skilful nursing will often save a woman brought to extremity by a difficult or neglected labour. I think that Burmese women should be trained in sick nursing because there is a great field for their services in the homes of the people. As European medicine becomes more popular, hospital accommodation cannot be provided for all, and there are many qualified men and women who can treat them in their homes. But those of us who have done so know how difficult, almost hopeless, a task it is to treat serious illness in a lower class Indian house. If a trained nurse, even one of little education, is provided the task is much more easy.

If a regular training school for Burmese nurses could be established in connection with the Dufferin Hospital under a well paid nursing sister, who would also be responsible for the general cleanliness and sanitation of the wards, the training now being carried on would be greatly improved. A number of passed pupils would be retained on a small salary and sent out to nurse cases in the homes of the people for small fees under qualified medical men or women. By giving them occasional terms of duty in the hospital a proper standard of work would be ensured.

One of the speakers to-day expressed a hope that it would soon be possible to bring in a Midwives' Bill for Burma on the lines of the Midwives' Act of 1905 in England. This bill requires that all midwives shall be trained and registered and that no untrained woman shall attend a case of labour, unless emergent, under pain of legal penalties. India and Burma are probably not yet ready for such a sweeping reformation, but there is no reason why a preliminary measure should not be taken, and the bodies who examine and give diplomas to midwives should not themselves institute a system of supervision and punishment for malpractice and poor work on their own certificate holders which would lead to great improvement in their practice and would pave the way for the more sweeping measure.

Colonel Dee's Remarks.

Colonel Dee said he was pleased to hear the expressions made by Sir Parder Lukis, chiefly his remarks in reference to gynecological operations He was one of the most junior members of the committee, having been some four years in Rangoon, and it had certainly been surprising to him that the Dufferin Hospital was purely for midwifery. Gynescology used to be

practised in the Dusserin Hospital, but for some reason or other it had been stopped, and as a matter of fact, no attempt had since been made to revive it. The reasons put forward for stopping it were that in Burma the conditions were different from those in India. He had been serving both in India and in Burma and he did not see a great difference between the two. The second condition was that the present conditions of the hospital were unsafe for operations. That of course to any practically experienced surgeon was rather silly. A man who could not operate under any circumstances was in his opinion an extremely poor surgeon. The speaker had no hesitation in saying that he would help Ma Saw Sa, and every member should do so, in her operations to be carried out in the future. Another thing that happened in the Dufferin Hospital, to which Sir Pardey-Lukis had referred, was that surgical operations which had reference to gynecology, were sent to the General Hospital. That was utterly wrong. There was absolutely no reason why those operations should not be done at the Dufferin Hospital where there were four medical men, one man being always on duty. The last thing was one that Dr. Pedley had asked him to state; that was in regard to consulting and private practice. The committee had, at one of their recent meetings, arranged that Dr. Ma Saw Sa should be allowed consulting practice. The main point that came up in regard to private practice was as to the nature of the practice. What they thought at that meeting was that if the superintendent had private practice with that particular class of people, that private practice would engage many months ahead the services of the lady superintendent, and that would undoubtedly interfere with her practice in the hospital. That was the only reason why the committee were against her private practice. On the other hand, they were in favour of her having consultation practice.

Sir Pardey Lukis in reply to the last speaker's reference as to Ma Saw Sa's practice, said that he happened to know the rules in connection with obstetric hospitals in India. He was not aware of a single instance of a man holding charge of a gynocological ward being deprived from taking private practice.

Maung Kin's Remarks.

Maung Kin said a few words in regard to the question whether gynæcological operations should be performed in the Dufferin Hospital as it stood now. There was a meeting of the committee which he attended a few months ago when the question was brought up. It was stated by one of the medical men then that it would be very disastrous to have such operations in the hospital building, and that unless there was a new ward or a new building

apart from that where midwifery operations were performed, those operations should not be done. He wished to know whether in the opinion of the medical men that view was sound or not. So far as he could understand from what Sir Pardey Lukis had said, those operations might be performed with safety in the present building, and if they agreed that they could be performed why should they not go ahead at once. That seemed to be the view of Colonel Dec also. Another thing he wished to bring forward, as a layman and subscriber and member of the committee, was that it was the business of the committee and also of the subscribers to see that the status of the lady doctor of the hospital, who was a very highly trained medical woman, should not be reduced to that of a sick nurse by reason of lack of work in the hospital for a number of years. Experience could only be gained by work done, and it should be done by the lady superintendent. As regards the feelings of Burmese women in regard to medical aid from men, he might say that if they had to make a choice between a lady doctor and a man doctor, all things being equal, they would, like the world all over, choose a lady doctor. That being the case, poor women if they wanted to come to the Dufferin Hospital, for whatever cases they might be, whether gyamcological or any other, that hospital should be for their help. He suggested that subscribers as well as members of the committee should try and make their best endeavours to make the Dufferin Hospital as useful as possible and as popular as possible in the country.

Mr. Jamal and Mr. Chin Tsong also spoke in favour of Dr. Ma Saw Sa being allowed private practice.

Dr. Pedley replied to the previous speakers on the matter referring to private practice to Dr. Ma Saw Sa.

Sir Harcourt Butler's Address.

The Chairman in closing the proceedings proposed a cordial vote of thanks to Lieutenant-General Sir Pardey Lukis and Dr. Balfour for their very interesting addresses. Before doing so, His Honour said he should like to make a few remarks on the general course and trend of the discussion. In the first place he should like to guard himself against any suggestions that he was criticising the work of those who had been before him—of Dr. Pedley and Dr. Parakh—of the splendid work that they had done in building up the Dufferin Hospital from the day that they started in the small wooden bungalow near the jail to the present time when the hospital building was, though not all that could be desired, still rua as a hospital and had done invaluable work in Rangoon and from which the women in Rangoon derived

enormous benefit. As time went on and money came in they could make great improvements, in the hospital. When he recently went round the Dufferin Hospital, and it was not his habit to propose anything unless he could think of suggesting something better in its place, certain defects as to the sanitation of the hospital were pointed out and these Dr. Pedley, Dr. Parakh and everybody else were acquainted with. He then made up his mind to put things fairly right and put forward a scheme for the better sanitation of the hospital. That was not yet ready. After what they had heard, and especially as Lady Chelmsford was coming here shortly and would visit the hospital, His Honour thought they might go perhaps a little further and try to put the Dufferin Hospital on a more modern basis. felt confident from what had been said and in view of the generosity displayed previously, that the general public would support any improvement to the Dufferin Hospital. In that connection he wished to thank his friend, Mr. Jamal, for the lift that he had given to the hospital which had added considerably to the comforts of the hospital. He was authorised by, his friend, Mr. Chin Tsong to say that he was prepared to provide the cost of an operating room for the hospital. He thanked both those gentlemen for their generosity, and their public spirit and he trusted and felt-confident that others would, according to their means, follow their generous example. was not the time for him on that occasion to throw out any suggestions as to how the work was to be done. They would work out their own salvation, remembering the wise words they had heard from Sir Pardey Lukis and Dr. Balfour, who spoke from their experience in India. He was glad to see that they had enlarged their committee by bringing in Sir Arthur Binning and Mr. Turner, because he thought it was of the utmost importance that the committee should be in touch with all classes of the community. He would throw out a proposal later at another meeting, as he did not want to spring anything on them, of a change which he thought would add to the efficiency of the committee. At present they had a men's committee and a ladies' committee working independently of each other. He thought it would be a very much more efficient committee if they had a combined committee larger than at present, and had lady visitors who were serving on that committee. It was quite clear to him from the sentiments that had been expressed in the room, and he might say that he had been approached by a number of members of different communities, that there was a feeling in Rangoon, that the lady superintendent of the Dufferin Hospital should have private practice. It was not a matter in which he would interfere, because it was one which the committee would settle itself. He would throw out a

suggestion, while accepting what had been already said, that the conditions of the staff need not be necessarily stereotyped, as at present. It was an utterly wrong position and one that was not taken in India that the lady superintendent should be treated as resident medical officer. In conclusion, His Hohour suggested that if the members of the committee talked over the matter amongst themselves he would undertake that Government would assist in the working of a scheme of management which would meet the wishes of the public and secure the welfare of the hospital. He did-not think he had anything more to say, except to thank them for their attendance to show their interest and give the meeting the benefit of their advice, and particularly he proposed a vote of 'thanks to Lieutenant-General Sir Patdey Lakis and Dr. Balfour for their addresses.

Sir Pardey Lukis on behalf of Dr. Balfour and himself thanked His Honour for the vote of thanks and the meeting terminated.

ANNEXURE IV.

Proposed construction of a New Hospital at Rangoon to be named "Lady Chelmsford Hospital."

A combined meeting of the Managing Committee and the Ladies' Visiting Committee of the Dufferin Hospital was held at Government House, on the 20th December 1916, to consider a proposal to erect a new hospital on a larger and more convenient site. The Lieutenant-Governor Sir Harcourt Butler presided and there were also present: Col. Strickland, Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, The Hon'ble Mr. Lim Chin Tsong, The Hon'ble U Po Tha, The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. A. S. Jamal, C.I.E., Lt.-Col. P. Dee, I.M.S., Messrs. J. Craig, Sassoon Solomon, R. G. Nicoll, Maung Kin, V. N. Sivaya, W. M. Turner, Drs. T. F. Pedley, and N. N. Parakh, Mr. Geo. J. Swann (Hon. Secretary), Mrs. Dantra, Mrs. Hla Oung, Mrs. Ohn Gaing, Mrs. Paw Tun, Mrs. Maung Khin, Mrs. Ba Too, Mrs. May Oung, Mrs. Casson, Mrs. Ma Khin, Dr. Ma Saw Sa.

Sir Harcourt Butler's Speech.

In opening the meeting His Honour said,-I have asked you to meet me this morning to discuss the future of the Dufferin Hospital because I have now to put before you a proposal different from that which I placed before you consequent on the suggestion of Lieut.-General Sir Pardey Lukis and Dr. Balfour just before Their Excellencies arrived. The problem before us then was how to improve the existing Dufferin Hospital so as to bring it into line with and more or less up to the standard of Dufferin Hospitals in India. Since then the situation has changed. Strickland has informed me that the present site is congested and inadequate to the enlargements which are necessary. Then Colonel Kanta Prasad has most generously offered R10,000 for an Out-patient Dispensary. And Mr. Lim Chin Tsong, Mr. Jamal and others have suggested to me that if we are going to spend a lot of money in improving the hospital it will be much better to have a new one on a more convenient and extended They have also suggested that the new hospital might very appropriately be named the "Lady Chelmsford Hospital," in recognition of the deep interest which Her Excellency has taken in the institution, and the interest which Their Excellencies have taken in Burma generally. been assured that such a proposal will receive ample support from the generous and charitably-minded citizens of Rangoon. I think I owe it to

you to announce this proposal to you at once in order that you may not waste your valuable time in considering proposals which may come to nothing in view of the larger proposal put forward. I am naturally reluctant in war time to associate myself with any movements not connected with the war. But the need of a proper hospital for women in Rangoon is so important for the future manhood and womanhood of the province, that I think that without in any way relaxing our efforts for the war funds an exception may well be made in its favour. And I am only too glad to associate myself with a movement to express our gratitude to Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Chelmsford for the keen and friendly interest in Burma and its problems which they have taken here and are taking away with them to-day.

I take this early opportunity of saying a few words regarding their visit. First I would say-"Well done Burma." Burma's war gift to the British Government, now amounting to over 271 lakhs, her fine exhibition of arts, crafts and industries at Rangoon and Mandalay, and the warmth of her reception of Their Excellencies are worthy of the Province. As you know, His Excellency expressed the wish that it being war time, his reception should be as quiet and as simple as possible. But Burma while eager to help in all ways connected with the war, was determined to give a royal welcome to the representative of our King-Emperor I think that the visit has been a complete success, and that it augurs well for the future. I am grateful to Their Excellencies, and more than proud of Burma. There are no doubt impatient spirits who are not satisfied without definite promises of help. From the nature of the case, no such promises can be given now. But I take great encouragement from the Viceroy's sympathetic words. This is not the time for me to press the claims of Burma. Our welcome to Their Excellencies is not connected with those claims. The war will occupy the whole attention of the Government of India for some time to come. Nor are we ready with our schemes of communications. I deprecate the idea that the Government of India, as now constituted, are unfriendly to Burma. Sir William Meyer has already shown some interest in Burma. I hope next year that he will come and see our possibilities. I hope Sir George Barnes will do the same. If only they will come they will see, and they will be convinced. Burma has undoubtedly a great future. Have faith in Burma, and have imagination. Burma is a business proposition. There will be many changes during and after the war. We do not exhaust the resources of finance in asking for doles ? ment of India When our schemes of communication

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lay our heads together, official and non-official, in order to devise practical methods of financing them. Many things may happen before then. Burma is already attracting interest outside India. Of one thing I am certain, that the Viceroy's visit will not have been in vain. I shall cordially support the proposal to erect a new hospital for women, up to date in staff and fittings, to be under the Dufferin Fund and named the Lady Chelmsford Hospital. If, as I understand, you ladies and gentlemen agree, the first step is to consider the question of a site and collect funds.

After a brief discussion in which the Hon'ble Mr. Lim' Chin' Tsong, Dr. Pedley, and Mg. Kin took part, it was resolved that steps should be taken to collect funds for the erection of a new hospital to be called the Lady Chelmsford Hospital on a central site. To bring the advantages of the proposal before the various communities in Rangoon and to commence the collection of funds the following Special Committee was appointed with His Honour as Chairman:—

European: Messrs. Macdonald, Turner, Nicoll, Lieut.-Colonel Dee, Mrs. Casson, Mrs. Young, Mrs. Parlett.

Burmese: Maung Po Ta, U Po Tha, Maung Kin, Maung Kyaw Zan, U Ba Thein, Mrs. Hla Oung, Mrs. Ohn Gaing, Mrs. Hpay, U Ba Gyaw, U Po Kin.

Mahomedan: Mr. Essof Dooply, Mr. Ebrahim Patail, Mr. Mahomed Ebrahim Moolla, Mr. Abdul Rahman, Mr. Maung Bah Oh, Hon'ble Mr. A. K. A. S. Jamal, C.I.E., Mr. Mahomed Goolam Hoosain Surty.

Hindu: Mr. S. Ramanathan Reddiar, S. A. S. Narcheappa Chetty, Mr. A. M. Pillai, Mr. J. R. Das, Mr. S. N. Sen, Mr. Amarchand Madhojee, Dharsies Nanjie.

Chinese: Mr. Chan Mah Phee, Mr. Lee Ah Yain, Hon'ble Mr. Lim Chin Tsong.

Mr. R. G. Nicoll was elected Treasurer of the Committee; but as Mr. G. J. Swann, the Honorary Secretary and Treasurer of the Burma Branch of the Dufferin Fund, was unable to undertake the duties of Secretary of the Committee, the selection of a Secretary was left to His Honour as Chairman of the Committee.

It was then proposed by Dr. Parakh and seconded by the Hon'ble Mr. Lim Chin Tsong that the Committee have power to add to their number. This was carried.

The question of including on the Committee representatives from the districts outside Rangoon was next considered. His Honour thought that the best course to adopt would be to appoint separate Committees for each

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division. These could be appointed subsequently as soon as the Rangoon Committee had got to work.

The question of the site of the new hospitul was next discussed. Opinions were expressed favourable to the site of about 10 acres at the corner of Godwin and Commissioner's Roads, comprising the compounds of the Old Jail House and the present quarters of the Superintendent of the Jail. Colonel Strickland, the Chairman of the Managing Committee, was deputed to make enquiries whether the site would be suitable and could be made available for the purpose.

ANNEXURE V.

Progress of Hospital Work in Bengal under the auspices of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

A special meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bengal Branch of the Countess of Dufferin Fund was held at Government House, Calcutta; at 5-30 r.m., on Thursday, the 4th January 1917. The meeting had been called to give the members an opportunity of meeting the Lady President of the Fund, Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford. Her Excellency Lady Carmichael presided, and among those present were Mrs. A. N. Chaudhury, Mrs. Monahan, Mrs. David Ezra, Mrs. Girard, Miss Sorabji, Mrs. K. Shelly Bonnerji, Mrs. M. R. Mehta, Miss Rutherford, Miss M. V. Webb, L. R. C. P. and S., Mrs. Gall, Mrs. S. B. Mitter, Nawab Sirajul Islam, R. D. Mehta, Esq., C.I.E., Maharajah of Burdwan, the Hon. Surgeon-General W. R. Edwards, C.B., C.M.G., M.D., I.M.S., the Hon. Mr. J. Donald, M.A., I.C.S., Raja Bejoy Singh, W. R. Gourlay, Esq., M.A., I.C.S., Honorary Secretary.

Lady Carmichael's Speech.

Lady Carmichael in opening the meeting said :--

Your Excellency,-On behalf of the Executive Committee of the Bengal Branch of the Countess of Dufferin Fund, I welcome you here this evening. The interest which Your Excellency has taken in the work of the Fund has been a source of great gratification to us all and we are specially grateful for the time you have given during your first visit to Calcutta to the activities of this Branch. Your presence here this evening will stimulate us to further efforts to bring relief to our suffering Indian sisters. The Bengal Branch of the Fund commenced its work in 1886, while Lady Dufferin was in The Victoria Hospital was founded on the 8th of April in that year; but the institution did not then occupy the beautiful buildings we now have in Amherst Street. The work of the Bengal Branch from the beginning centres round the Victoria Hospital and in the development of the Branch and of its organization, the Victoria Hospital has been the dominant factor. The hospital has gone on increasing year by year: the total cost of upkeep in 1889 was Rs. 9,000; it rose to Rs. 28,000 in 1901, and now amounts to Rs. 59,000, the figure of our budget for 1916. The efficiency of the institution has fully justified the increase in expenditure.

I would like to tell Your Excellency briefly some details about the work of the Victoria Hospital. When I first came here Dr. Platt was the Lady Superintendent. She was an excellent doctor and had done a great deal to develop the work. She is now Superintendent of the Women's Medical College at Delhi, where I believe she is doing splendid work. Dr. Webb succeeded her here. I think we cannot be too grateful to Dr. Webb. She came to us at a moment when we were in great financial difficulties, when we were not making both ends meet. She has helped us most successfully to pull things together and to reduce our expenses; although at the same time the number of cases, especially of purdah cases, has gone up, the class of patients has improved and we now have as many purdah patients as we have room for. When I came to Bengal, the three delightful cottages given by the Maharani of Bettiah in the name of Her Majesty the Queen, by the Maharani of Hutwa and by the Maharaniadhirani of Burdwan, respectively, were being made very little use of. The experiment has, I hope, shown that high caste widows can take up the profession for the sake of others, and I hope they will do so in increased numbers, for their doing so sets a splendid example to others. The patients, both purdah and nonpurdah, are becoming more numerous. In 1914 we had 681 purdah and 958 non-purdah cases, in 1915 there was a slight increase in the numbers of purdah patients and the non-purdah cases went up to 1,154; while in 1916. though there was, for reasons to which I shall refer, a slight decrease in the number of non-purdah cases, there was a very marked uncrease in purdah cases which number 756. Of midwifery cases, we had 227 in 1914, 268 in 1915 and 269 in 1916.

I feel sure you will be very interested to hear where some of the nurses trained here are now working and how far afield some have gone. I feel proud to think how useful the work of training nurses here has become. Four are now Calcutta Corporation midwives, three are in St. Luke's Hostel, two are at Bombay War work, two are at Delhi in the Lady Hardinge Hospital and others are at Bettiah, Chittagong, Udaipur, Bhagalpur and Ranchi I have proured from Miss Webb a list of places from which her patients have come The list shows how widely the work of the Victoria Hospital is known, not only throughout the whole of Bengal (including larger places such as Dacca, Chittagong, Barisal, down to quite small and out-of-the way districts), but also all over India. We have had patients from Jubbulgore, Bombay, Gorakhpur, Multan, Ghazipur, Patager, Benares, Sonepur, Assam, Mongbyr, Lucknow, Hyderabed Delbi.

I think this will specially interest Your Excellency as it shows that we do work here not only for our own province, but also for the rest of India.

The great increase in the usefulness of the hospital and the consequent increase in the expenditure of the Branch led the Executive Committee into financial difficulties. It would take too long to go into the details of these. Suffice it to say that the Government has generously come to our help and is giving us grants which last year amounted to Rs. 18,000. They have naturally expressed the hope that the Executive Committee will immediately tackle the difficulties of finance and within a fixed period (April 1919) place the finances on the same solid foundation that characterises the work of the hospital. This question we are now tackling. The hospital receipts are increasing, but I doubt whether we can look forward to any very great expansion in this direction. Our main source of increased revenue must be from the public and Your Excellency's presence here to-day will greatly help us in our endeavour to interest the public and to secure their financial support.

As I have said, the main work of the Branch has been connected with the Victoria Hospital; but the mufassal has not been forgotten. spend over Rs. 5,000 per annum in subsidising lady doctors and midwives supported by local bodies, such as District Boards and Municipalities. have seen more of the mufassal in Bengal than falls to the lot of many English ladies in India and the need for the work of the Dufferin Fund in the districts has constantly been borne in upon me. I have found, too, that that need is recognised by those of our members who are acquainted with mufassal conditions. The state of our finances, however, has prevented us during the past five years from developing this side of our work. We welcome very heartily the presence of Dr. Margaret Balfour amongst us and we look forward to receiving great help from her advice. We hope that, with her help, it may be possible for the Bengal Branch further to develop the mufassal work. Dr. Balfour has already seen something of Bengal and she has very kindly come to our meeting to-day and has consented to tell us of the views she has so far been able to formulate.

We hope that Your Excellency will be able to give us much help and assistance during the years you are in India and we welcome you very cordially in our midst.

Dr. Margaret Balfour gave an interesting account of the visits of inspection she had recently paid to the hospitals at Berhampore, Faridpur, Dacca and Mymensingh.

Lady Chelmsford's Speech.

Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford then addressed the meeting. She said:—Your Excellency, Ladies and Gentlemen,—It has given me great pleasure as Lady President of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund to be present at your Committee meeting this afternoon. I have listened with the greatest interest to the account of your work, and I am glad to realise that in Bengal the Provincial Committee is so zealous for the work of this institution.

There are many great problems in India, but that to which I feel specially drawn, and to which I should like, if possible, to contribute such service as I may be able to render is the work connected with the development and improvement of the condition of the women in India. This work, to my mind, is two-fold-educational and medical. Into the educational I will not enter at present, except to point out that its solution is still in the experimental stage. On the medical side this is not so. The foundations were well and truly laid-and I suppose nothing has contributed more to winning for it the sympathy and interest of the public than the splendid work begun by Lady Dufferin 30 years ago. It is because I realise that here we have a solid foundation on which to build that I am throwing myself enthusiastically into carrying on the work so well begun. But you will allow me to say this, that the structure as we have it now is not sufficient. We cannot rest upon the labours of the past, nor be content with dispensing, however well, the funds that were accumulated and with administering the institutions which were founded.

The demands for medical attendance increase with knowledge. Hospitals become out of date and need extension, or even in some cases demolition and replacing by more up-to-date buildings; and unless we make a fresh effort to maintain the standard at which the work was begun, there is danger lest the Dafferin Fund should decrease in value and efficiency. I have now seen something of the work and I should like to give you one or two instances where I think we are falling short of the high standard laid down at the outset. I know of one place where the valuable services of a member of the Women's Medical Service for India are largely discounted by there being no matron to assist her, others where there are no assistant surgeons, others where new surgical equipment is required, others where for want of money to be spent on eapital outlay administration is unduly cost.

progress we must go back. I hope in the near future to formulate a scheme to improve the present state of things; and from conversations I have had I feel confident that I shall receive very general support in my endeavour to carry forward the work of the Countess of Dufferin Fund. I think you will agree that we should like to see the Dufferin Hospitals, the model hospitals in every important town. We should like to feel that the institutions so exactly corresponded to the needs of the people that they would come to them in order to obtain early relief from the terrible sufferings they endure, rather than, as is too often the case, when they are too ill for complete recovery to be possible. And further I feel we ought to look ahead and be prepared with up-to-date hospitals where the young women who are now training as doctors at the Lady Hardinge College and elsewhere shall gain experience in professional work.

Turning to your work in Calcutta, I should like to say how pleased I was with what I saw at the Dufferin Hospital, and I should like to compliment Dr. Webb and the Committee on the good work they have done. building is very good and in most respects up to date. There are two improvements which I should like to suggest. They are: better arrangements for the reception of the purdah women, and more fans in the nurses' quarters. Besides the treatment of the sick, the Dufferin Hospital in Calcutta has a special value in providing a training school for a large number of nurses. The coarse is a three years' one and the training received of real value. The demand for trained nurses is far greater than the supply, and I hope all schools and institutions will commend this great profession to their pupils. I am glad to learn that a Nurses' Guild is being started . here, and I know the ladies of Calcutta will see to it that it flourishes and grows. One feels that nurses, often far away from their own homes, have a special claim on the community. Before leaving the subject of nurses, I should like to say that it gave me great pleasure to find high caste Brahmin widows in the Dufferin Hospital taking their training Nothing, one would think, could be more in keeping with their determination to live a life of service than that they should devote themselves to the alleviation of suffering among their sisters, sacrificing themselves to the living for the sake of the dead. I hope we may soon find others following their fine example.

In conclusion, may I assure the Bengal Provincial Committee that it is the earnest desire of the Central Committee to help and support them in all their undertakings, and that I am confident that the more closely all the Committees work in concert, the greater will be the results achieved by the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

ANNEXURE V .- PROGRESS OF HOSPITAL WORK IN BENGAL, ETC .- coneld. 61

The Maharajadhirajah of Burdwan thanked Her Excellency Lady Cheimsford for having been so kind as to meet the Executive Committee of the Bengal Branch.

ANNEXURE VI.

Opening of the new Hospital building forming part of the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital at Delhi.

The new hospital building, forming part of the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital, Delhi, was formally opened by Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford, on March 17, 1917, in the presence of about 250 ladies, many of whom were Indians. The origin and organisation of the institution were described in an address by the Principal, Dr. Kate Platt, M. D., B. S., W. M. S.

Dr. Platt's Address.

Platt said: -Your Excellency, -The scheme for the establishment of a Medical College and Hospital for women owes its inception to the late Lady Hardinge of Penshurst, whose early death in July, 1914, caused such widespread sorrow, especially felt by the women of India who loved their Lady. Sahiba very dearly. Her Imperial Majesty Queen Mary came to India for in 1911-12 her sympathies for the women of India became very active, and she was eager to show her interest in them by helping in some practical scheme for their benefit. Lady Hardinge suggested to Her Majesty that one of their greatest needs was the provision of medical help and that such help could best be given by their own country women provided that these could be satisfactorily trained. It was true that a certain number of Indian women had received medical education in the existing medical schools, and others had been trained in England, but social and religious custom did not permit of coeducation and the close association between the sexes which necessarily must exist in mixed medical schools. Thus very few Indian girls of good class entered the medical profession. For these and other reasons Lady Hardinge urged the establishment of a medical school staffed entirely by women in which medical education of the first order could be obtained. Furthermore she undertook to collect money for this purpose. Her Imperial Majesty graciously approved of the suggestion and Lady Hardinge, with characteristic enthusiasm, began a campaign in which she aroused the interest of the Indian community in her scheme and collected money with which to start it. threw all her energies into the work, which was not a small one, for it was estimated that the cost of building and equipping a medical college with its necessary adjunct, a women's hospital, would be at least 15 lakhs. At first it was proposed that the college should be called "Queen Mary's College" in memory of Her Majesty's visit to India. Later it was agreed, that the college would form a most fitting memorial of the devotion and sacrifice of its founder, Lady Hardinge of Penshurst—though, without any tangible reminder, her memory will live long in the hearts of the Indian people.

INDIAN SUPPORT.

Lady Hardingo's enthusiasm and her charming, gracious personality gained the interest and help of the Indian people, and I am proud to say that the cost of the College and Hospital has been provided almost entirely by Indians ; Hindu, Mahomedan, Parsee, Sikh, all contributed willingly. Lady Hardinge did not spare herself in the work of arousing interest in the scheme so dear to her heart. Her keen practical mind and common sense were applied to the planning of the institution. In this she received the invaluable help and advice of the Director-General of the Indian Medical Service. Sir Pardey Lukis, who has in so many ways done much to further the development of medical work among women in India. A building com-. mittee under the presidency of Lady Hardinge was formed consisting of Sir C. Pardey Lukis, Sir James Roberts, Mr. Hailey (Chief Commissioner of Delhi), Mr. John Begg (the Architect), Mr. H. T. Keeling (Chief Executive Engineer of New Delhi), Mrs. Wemyss Grant, M D., and myself the Principal-elect; to which Mr. Cotton acted as Hon. Secretary. Later, Mr. Cotton was succeeded by Mr. S. R. Hignell, and Mr. Hein was appointed Hon. Treasurer. The members of the committee devoted both time and energy without stint to the furtherance of the scheme. Mr. John Begg gave his services gratuitously and designed the admirable buildings you now see. The College and Hospital will be an enduring example of his work as well; as a very tangible evidence of his generosity. Our thanks are due not only to him but also to all the other members of the committee who gave their help in all stages of the planning and construction of the College and Hospital as well as in the actual starting of the Medical School. The nurturing of the institution was no small matter and it was only through the freely given help of the committee that, in this time of stress and strain. the many difficulties that presented themselves were overcome.

COST OF THE SCHEME.

Such was the success of Lady Hardinge that by March, 1914, she, had collected Rs. 15 lakhs towards the building fund, and on the 17th of the month, three years ago to-day, she laid the foundation-stone of the College. As the plans developed it became obvious that the original estimate of the

cost, Rs. 15 lakhs, was too low, and as it stands at present the total cost will be over Rs. 22 lakhs. When the scheme was initiated the Government of India promised an annual grant of Rs. 1 lakh for maintenance. This, while sufficient in the early stage, will not be enough to maintain a growing institution, and it is confidently hoped that when the war is over the Government will generously come to our aid and augment the grant.

THE DEATH OF LADY HARDINGE.

Within three months of the laying of the foundation-stone by Lady Hardinge we suffered an irreparable loss in the sudden death of our Lady President. No words can express our grief. We felt as if the College had lost its very life and soul. Gradually we realised, however, that to continue the work that she had begun and make it a success would be the finest tribute to her memory. It was what she would have wished. Lord Hardinge took up the duties of the President and we owe much to his neverfailing interest.

THE COLLEGE OPENED.

The buildings, under the charge of Mr. Glenn, P. W. D., made rapid progress, and on February 17, 1916, shortly before his departure from India, Lord Hardinge was able to perform the ceremony of declaring the College open. It was not, however, till October that the College was ready to receive students. The first 34 students began work at the College on October 8, 1916. Eleven of them held Lady Hardinge scholarships, three College scholarships, three Dufferin scholarships and one a Narian Singh Sikh scholarship. Of these original students, five were Hindus, two Sikhs, two Muhammadans, three Parsees, one Burmese, ten Indian Christians, and the remainder Anglo-Indians and Europeans. We have lost three of these through illness and other causes. We are able to offer annually three College scholarships, three Dufferin scholarships, and nine other Special scholarships through the kindness of the Hon'ble Maharaja Ranjit Sinha of Nashipur, Bai Dhunbai Babu Malabai, Kumari Shri Rupali Bai of Lambadi, Rai Bahadur Sardar Narain Singh, and the Chief Commissioner of the North-Western Frontier Province. The Punjab Dufferin Committee are also offering three scholarships to girls resident in the Punjab. In addition to these, two good medals are offered annually: one by the Diwan Bahadur Daya Kishan Kaul, C.I.E., in memory of Lady Hardinge, and the other by His Highness the Maharaja of Benares, which is to be known c as "The Lady Chelmsford Medal."

WORK IN THE COLLEGE.

During this term classes have been held in biology, physics, chemistry, English and mathematics. Next term classes will commence in physiology, anatomy, and materia medica. All students, before entering the College, must have passed the matriculation or an equivalent examination, such as the senior Cambridge or the European school final examination, including mathematics. We have five students sitting for the F. Sc. (medical) examination in April.

Games have been taken up most keenly by the students, tennis and hockey having been played throughout the winter. Hockey is now replaced by badminton, the season having closed with an excellent match between the staff and the students, the latter being victorious by two goals to one. Later we hope also to have croquet. At present the College staff consists of three professors, all of whom are very fully qualified in their several subjects and have been trained in England. The science professors have each two assistants and there is also a warden and secretary. This staff will, of course, increase next year when additional subjects have to be taught.

The college library has already a good nucleus of science books and we have to thank Mrs Officy Shore for a most generous gift of Rs. 1,500 with which to punchase books of general literary interest. These will be greatly appreciated by the students.

The students have among themselves an Ethical Society which meets about once a week. They invite a member of the staff to take the chair or sometimes to read a paper at their meetings at which all kinds of subjects are discussed, ranging from religion to patent medicines. As the students come from literally all parts of India and Burma, and are of various religions and nationalities, the views expressed are very diverse, and I think this society will greatly help to widen the mental horizon of individual students and bring the members of the staff into touch with the thoughts of the community. There is also a Bible class for Christian students.

HOSPITAL WORK.

At the time that the College buildings were opened the Hospital was hardly begun; the Dispensary, however, was almost ready for use, and in April we were able to begin hospital work, taking a few in-patients as well as out-patients. From that time till the end of February we received at treated in the Hospital 271 in-patients and 4,906 out-patients, with 2,223 return visits. The highest number of in-patients received in the Hospital 221.

one time was 34. The highest number of out-patients treated in one day was 113, and 172 operations have been performed. Considering our limitation in the way of accommodation, these figures augur well for the success of the Hospital. At present the Hospital is situated a little far from the city, but we planned for the future; and in time to come when the Imperial city is built and the old city spreads to the south, as it inevitably will, we shall be in the centre of a large, well-populated district. I consider that our position will be ideal. Even now, with some drawbacks in the way of situation, we have made most satisfactory progress and patients come to us from distant cities as well as from outlying villages and from Delhi.

The Dispensary is very conveniently planned and is most commodious, it being necessary to provide room for students who in the future will gain some of their most valuable experience in the out-door department.

HOSPITAL COTTAGE WARDS AND SERAL.

The first unit of the Hospital, just completed and now to be opened. provides accommodation for 84 patients. By far the greater part is intended for purdahnashin patients and provision in the shape of cottage wards is made for those who wish to bring husband and family. cottage wards are self-contained and both patient and family can obtain absolute privacy. Each cottage consists of patient's room and bath-room, family room, cook-room, bath-room and lavatory with courtyard. twelve of these cottages. Entrance for husband and family is gained from a private road at the back. We have two types of wards in the hospital building. Those intended for purdah patients are provided with curtains. and each bed with the space round it, during visiting hours, can be entirely shut off from the rest of the ward, which is practically made into a series of oubicles. The other wards are for non-purdah patients and during visiting hours, which are 3 to 6 in the cold weather and 4 to 7 in the hot weather, male relations may see the patients. For the convenience of patients who cannot afford to pay for accommodation in the neighbourhood we have established a Serai with twelve dalans; these are free of charge to bond-fide relatives of patients. For the separate cottages a charge of Rs. 2 per diem is made to patients who have their male relations with them; to others a charge of Re. 1 is made. This covers rent, medicine, treatment, and nursing. Extra fees are asked for electric lights, fans, special nurses, medicines outside the hospital pharmacopæia, and food. Patients accommodated in the main hospital are free. In the Serai two banias' shops will be established at which food grain, etc., can be obtained at bazar rates.

STAFF.

At present the Hospital staff consists of a physician and a surgeon with a house-surgeon. This staff will be augmented as the number of patients increases. I should like to say here that gynacological and ophthalmic surgery are being made a speciality. Our training school for nurses is, we consider, one of the most important departments of our work. We are undertaking to give a complete training in medical, surgical, and obstetric nursing. The school is intended mainly for Indian girls. The number of probationers we take for training will depend upon the expansion of the Hospital. At present we have 8 Indians, 2 Bengalis, 2 Madrassis and 4 Punjabis. The Superintendent of the Nursing School has had much experience and success in the training of Indian girls. She will be assisted by a staff of European Sisters and Indian Staff Nurses. As vacancies occur on the staff they will be filled by Indian nurses when we have a number of fully trained ones from which to make our selection.

. One reason why I feel personally convinced that the ultimate success of the College Hospital and students is inevitable, is because I have such a very strong conviction that Lady Hardinge infused so much of her own spirit of vitality into the undertaking, even before its birth, that failure would be inconceivable. Her example of devotion and unselfishness should be to us all, students and staff, a never-failing stimulus and encouragement. Her splendid fortitude in the time of Lord Hardinge's narrow escape and severe illness was no less magnificent than the brave way in which, for some time before her death, she went about doing her everyday duties, making no complaint, always bright and ready to listen to other people's troubles though her physical pain must have been constant.

Now we have to look forward, and we do so with the greatest confidence in the assurance that we shall always have the help and sympathy of Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford, our President. Her Excellency has already shown the greatest interest in this College by her frequent visits and her ready advice in our many difficulties and we realise that in her we have always a very real friend. We know that she, no less than Lady Hardinge, has at heart the interests and welfare of the women of India, and that one of her chief aims is the encouragement of the various works which have for their object the bringing of medical relief to the suffering women of India.

Lady Chelmsford's Address.

Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford said :- The women of India can never sufficiently realise the deep debt they owe to Lady Hardinge or the love and zeal with which she laboured on their behalf. The longer I am in India the more it strikes me what a great work Lady Hardinge did in founding this College, and I believe its success in the years to come will only strengthen that impression, but it is not in stones and mortar that Lady Hardinge's name will live. It will live in the hearts of the women of India and the measure of their thanks to her will be shown in the way in which they co-operate in all the efforts which are made to relieve their sufferings and to spread a better knowledge of the laws of health all through the community. In some of the hospitals I have visited, I have been shocked to see cases of quite young women suffering from consumption and distress, to learn what a common disease consumption is in this country. I believe this is a matter in which the women of India, and specially the educated women, could do a good deal. The great preventive and cure for consumption is fresh air, and if the women would accustom their children to sleep with doors or windows open, or on the roofs of their houses, from their earliest childhood, they would arm them with greater powers of resisting cold and fortify them against this dread disease, and they would be thus doing a great deal in the direction of stamping it out. That there are laws of health which cannot with impunity be disregarded is now common knowledge, and I would make an earnest appeal to the women of this country to see to it that they be followed.

The report includes an account of the work of the first term in the college and I should like to congratulate the students on the start they have made. They are the pioneers and on them falls the responsibility for the fame and credit which will eventually accrue to the college. They will be the first to show to the world what this college can produce. I am sure by their steady work and devotion to their calling they will prove themselves worthy of this institution.

The special object our gathering here to-day is to carry our work one step further and to declare open for practical use the first block of the magnificent hospital which is attached to this College. It is up-to-date in every particular and special thanks are due to the Architect, Mr. Begg, who has bestowed so much care on it. It will be a satisfaction to the Chiefs and Princes who contributed so generously to this institution to know that this hospital will stand as a model amongst the hospitals for women in India and

that through their generosity much suffering will be alleviated, not only for the sake of the sick and suffering but also on account of the very valuable training for nurses which this hospital is to provide. We shall look forward to the day when we shall see the remainder of this hospital completed. The provision of nurses is perhaps one of the biggest needs in India to-day and their supply will do more to bring relief to the homes of the people than almost any scheme which could be devised. I shall always take the greatest interest in this side of the work of this college. It is very fitting that this oeremony should take place on this particular date, commemorating as it does the laying of the foundation-stone three years ago. Those who were present on that occasion must look back with satisfaction to the work which has been accomplished in so short a time.

Before concluding, I should like to say one word in reference to the Principal and her staff. Miss Platt has put all the zeal and energy she can command into this work and to her in large measure is due the satisfactory manner in which the College has started on its career, and the staff whom she has collected around her are in every way fitted to second her efforts and are much to be congratulated on the manner in which their work has been performed. It but remains for me to wish the college and its staff and pupils all success and a prosperous career in the service of woman-kind, and to formally declare the Hospital and all its buildings open.

Her Excellency at the same time read out the following message received from Lord Hardinge :- "I am so grateful that Your Excellency has kindly consented to open the hospital units, with private wards and serai, on March 17th. I cannot help feeling what pleasure this would have given the founder, especially on that anniversary, and I congratulate Your Excellency, the Committee and Doctor Platt on the splendid progress that is being made with the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital. May these new wards prove a blessing to Indian women and children."

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THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND, CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Statement of Accounts for the year 1916.

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Central Committee

	Details.	TOTAL.			
· July and All College Company and College Col	Н а. р.	R a. p.			
Carl Balance on 1st January 1916		11,366 13 8			
	.00				
Ircome of Fund-					
Subscriptions and Donations, Life Councillors					
Donation by Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Chelmsford	500 0 0				
Subscriptions and Donations, Lafe Members					
Ditto ditto Miscellaneous					
Contributions from Branches	423 14 0				
Interest on Investments (except Trust Accounts)	40,605 5 8				
Sundry Receipts	1,191 6 0				
Canaly over 1		42,720 9 8			
Trait Accounts—	336 4 0				
Henry Fawcett Prizes	336 4 0				
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit.	560 7 0				
Sir John Muir	2,219 10 5				
Gilchrist Scholarships		3,452 9 5			
Investments-					
Refund of loan by Hasanpura Court of Wards Estate .	54,000 0 0				
Refund of loan by Shakarpura Court of Wards Estate	1,95,000 0 0	,			
Sale-proceeds of investments	···	2,50,000 0 0			
		2,00,000			
Miscellaneons-	•				
Refund of short term deposit	30,000 0 U				
Refund of scholarship by Madras Branch	239 6 5				
Refund of contribution for repairs to office building	37 11 1	00.077 1 9			
Witning or commercial		30,277 1 6			
Carried over		3,37,817 2 3			

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1916.

PAYMENTS.			Details.			TOTAL			
				Ħ	a ;	р.	R	a.	,
Investments —)				į		
Expenses of Tulloch bequest .	•	•	.	165	14	0 '			
Short term deposit at 4 per cent. per Bank of Simla, Simla.	annum wi	th Allu	auce	3,00,000	0				
Objects of Fund-			1	_			3,00,105	14	٠
Grants-in-aid, United Provinces Branc Baluchistsa Branch .		:		5,400 3,230	0	0			
Central Provinces Brain North-West Frontier Pr	eh . ovince Br	anch	:	1,200	0	0	•		
Assam Branch	, ,			1,560	0	Ō			
Muscellaneous		٠	1		•	- 1			
			- 1		_	-1	11,390	0	Ç
Scholarships			1			ì			
Central Committee			- 1	0.000	_	١			
Glichrist Trust	. :		. (3,890 1,840	0	0/			
Sir Dinabaw Maneckice Petit Sir John Muir				140	ō	Ō.			
our John Mult		•	1	408	6	0 '			
						—ſ	6,276	0	(
Gratuities, Including Books and Mcdal English Medical Women under Centra	Committe	ee :	:	20	0	0			
Travelling Expenses of Medical Wome Henry Fawcett Prizes				•					
Dufferm Block, Ripon Hospital, Simla	<u>ب</u> "	· :	:]	3,500	0	0			
,			}						
Expenses of Fund-						_	3,520	0	0
Advertisements and Printing ,				•••		- [
Telegrams			- 1	80		6			
		•	•	62 4,460	0	3			
			- :1	300	ō	ŌΙ			
			{	442	14	١			
Other Building		:	-:1	8	5	Б			
auto sautung		•	1	174	10	8			
			ŧ			-	5,528	10	2
			- 1			Ì			
		•	- 1			1			_
	Carried	Over	• {	***		- (:	118.86.8	8	2

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Central Committee

Receipts.			Details.		TOTAL.		
Brought	Brought forward .		И а. р.		3,87,81		. p.
Women's Medical Service for India—							
- Subsidy from Government	•		1,50,000	0 0	1,50,000	o a	0
Investments—							
Interest on investments	•		9,589	L 4 1	9,588	14	1 ~
Provident Fund—							
In cash • • • •			339	0 0	•	••	
By deduction from salary, etc.	*		6,039	7 4	6,379	1	4
Miscellaneous-							
Refund on account of repairs to office building	g ·	•	37 1	1 0		11	
-	TOTAL	•	444 3		5,03,822	12	8
Closing balance on 31st December 1916 .			a.e		11,014	1	1
				~ `	F 1 / 000		
•	TOTAL	•	***		5,14,836	19	

SINLA:

The 15th April 1917.

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1916-concld.

Payments	Details.		TOTAL.								
	В	rought	forv	ard	•	n 	a.	p.	# 3,26,817	a. 8	p. 2
Women's Medical Service for India-									}		
Salaries of Medical Women ,	3	£1,11,3	29 1	5 11		•			1		
Ditto on account of deduction towards Provident Fund .		R6,0	39	7 4		1,17,369	7	8			
Leave allowances						9,780	15	7	1		
Travelling expenses						4,355	10	8			
House rent for Medical Women					٠	865	5	10	1,32,371		
					i				1,32,371	•	4
Office Expenses-											
Telegrams			•			80	4 0	6	}		
Postage and Receipt Stamps .		•	•			62	0	1	1		
Commission on realizing interest, e	tc.	•		٠,	, .	127	9	7	}		
Salaries and Wages and Travelling	g e:	penses	of c	ffice		4,460	11	2			
House rent for Office establishment	Ł		•			300	0	0	ļ		
Office contingencies	•		٠			442	14	3			
Office Building .	•		٠		٠	174	10	8	5.647		
Adrances to-									5,047	19	3
Branches	•		٠								
Investments-											
Short term deposit at 4 per cent p Bank of bimla	er a	nniini •	with •	Allia	nce	60,000	0	0	50,000	0	0
,,			То	TAL					5,14,836	3	9

' B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Central Committee

Receipts.			Det	ails, ·	To	rad.	,
Brought	forwar	a .	1	З a; p,	3,87,81		. p.
Women's Medical Service for India-							
· Subsidy from Government	•	• •	1,50,000	0 0	1,50,000) 0	0
Investments—							
Inferest on investments		•	9,583	14 1	9,588	14	1
Provident Fund—				i			
In cash • • • • •		•	339	10 0		•	
By deduction from salary, etc.	• •	•	6,089	7 4	6,379	1	4
Miscellaneous—			`				
Refund on account of repairs to office building	TOTAL	-	37	11 0	37 5,03,822	11 12	
Closing balance on 31st December 1916 .	• •	•	•••		11,014	1	1
				-			
•	TOTAL		. •••		5,14,836	18	9

SINLA:

The 15th April 1917.

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year Win-article

PATHESTS.	Texas.	ine.
Brought Invest .	3 a. y. ,	£ £ y
Women's Medical Service for Infla-		
Salaries of Medical Women , E1,11,229 13 11	- '	
Ditto on account of defaction towards Provident Fund . READ 7 4	2000	
Leave allowances	श्रीक्ष क्षा इ	
Travelling expenses	the second	
House rent for Medical Women	E II	=== : .
Office Expense.		
Telegrama	熟肥豆	
Postage and Eccept Stomps	£ 1 2	
Commission on realising interest, ex	25 1 5	
Salaties and Wages and Turning organs of the	ez:	
House rest for Otto englishmen	28 8 2	
Office contingencies	£2 3	
05m E====	z. z . ·	
Afrancia ts		47 ES 2
Emilia	-	
Istekuris		-
Short time deposit at 4 per cent per summe with Alliance.		
	no e e 83	257
Total	·	

Progressive Account of the Central Committee of the Countess

R	eoeipts.		-				Ledger folio.	Amoun	t. ·
							,	Æ	a. p.
Income of Fund-							:		
Subscriptions and Donation	, Life Co	uncill	or8	•	•	•	91	3,59,000	0 0
Ditto ditto	Life Men	phyra		•	•	٠	35	1,18,069	2 11
Ditto ditto	Miscellan	COUP			•		34	2,55,168	7 0
Contributions from Branches	3 .			•			371	32,765	Б 8
Collections in England .			•	•		- {	29	31,787	1 9
Sundry Receipts .			•	•			113	2,978	7 6
Interest on Investments (exc	ept Trust	Acco	unts)			\cdot	377	8,68,469]	2 7
•								16,68,233	5 5
	\$								
United Kingdom Branch-									
Passage-money allowances			,		:		232	598 12	6
						}	{	•	
Trust Accounts-						1			
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjes Peti	t.			•			200	6,732 1	4
Sir John Muir .		•					120	11,531 10	11
Henry Fawcett Prizes .			•				369	10,328 11	11
Gilchrist Scholarships .	• •.		•	•			319	4,735 7	0
GALOMATIC TO CONTROL A				-					
**			Ca	rried (over			17,02,160	· 1

of Dufferin's Fund up to the 31st December 1916.

Experditure	Ledger folio.	Amount	
Insestments— Loan at 6 per cent, to Bhukallash Court of Wards Estato . 34 per cent, Government Promissory Notes Loan to Kumar Gopiks Raman Roy Estate, Court of Wards Short term depends with Alliance Estate of Sunia	358 173 381	R a p 2,30,000 0 53,194 10 82,958 3 1	
Share term deposit with Alliance have of Shais	382	3,00,000 0	
Net charge on adjustment of former investments	290	27,982 11	
	200	27,000 11	
Objects of Fund— Scholarshipa	47.4	90,787 12	
Grants in aid, Miscellaneous	354		
Bengai Branch	150	21,327 g	
United Proginces Quanti	284 345	43,651 4	
Punjab Branch	269	80,469 7	
Assun Branch	348	28,027 4	
Centre! Provinces Branch	361	64,370 12 1	
Burms Branch	216	15,104 11	
Berar Branch	257	11,802 5	
Chota Nagpur Branch	228	1,000 0	
Bombay Branch	213	2,790 0	
Madres Branch	251	11,398 13	
Virganic and Comme to	278	610 0	
	379	58,258 1	
	293	6,000,0	
	286	5,100 0	
	273	438 11	
	213	547 5	
North-West Frontier Province Branch	325	1,800 0	
	287	4,912 14	
Gratuities, including Books and Medals		7,60,016 3	
English Medical Women under Cent-al Con-tita-	148	11,226 7	
	366	47,388 7	
Dufferin Block, Ripon Hospital, Simis	367	7,024 0	
	322	15,000 0 (
United Kingdom Branch—		80,638 14 11	
Salaries and Travelling Expenses of Medical Won en in India	* 302	1,915 2 9	
Expenses of Fund-	400		
Advertisements and Printing	53	10001	
Postage and Receipt Stamps	_ 208	10,674 11 8	
Salaries and Wares and Wares	159		
The state of the s	129		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	359		
• • •	360	9,821 1 3 750 0 0	
	298	100 0 0	
	170	2,137 1 2	
onne nandungs	864	5,007 2 5	
	355	3,231 15 7	
Suspense Account		1,61,901 4 11	
	ı		
Parada incount	193	***	
Expenses in London in connection with Tulloch land	150 6		
Expenses in London in connection with Tulloch bequest .		390 0 0 107 14 0	
Expenses in London in connection with Tulloch bequest . Carried over		105 14 0	

Progressive Account of the Central Committee of the Countess

Receipts.						Ledger folio.	Amount.
	Br	ough	t forw	ırd ·	•	***	# a. p.
Women's Medical Service for India-							-
Subsidy from Government	•	•	•	•	•	383	6,00,000 0
Investments-				•	,		
Interest on investments	~				•	395	22,679 11
Provident Fund-							
Contribution by Medical Women .		•	•	•	•]	
, by Association .		•	•	•		390	34,722 14 6
Interest for year ending 31st December	r 191	6.	•	•		}	
			To	'ATı	•	(298	23,59,562 11
Closing balance on 31st December 1916		•	•	•			11,014 1
· •			•				
							,
			To:	ra Ti		•••	23,70,576 12

SIMLA:

The 15th April 1917.

of Dufferin's Fund up to the 31st December 1916 -concld.

Expenditure.	Ledger folin.	TOTAL.
Brought forward .		# a. p
Women's Medical Service for India -	l	
Investments-	ļ	Į.
Government securities 31 per cent. Government Promissory Notes.	394	1,89,571 3 9
Calcutia Municipal Debenture at 4 per cent. per annum Short term deposit with Alliance Bank of Simla, Simla	409	49,250 0 (50,000 D (
	i	2,88,824 3 9
Objects of Fund-	}	-
Salaries of Medical Women Leave allowances of dicto Trayelling Expenses of ditto Unus rent for ditto Honopertum and Cristariy to Medical Women	387 385 384 386 407	3,00,144 7 H 23,769 2 2 8,827 4 7 2,195 0 2 3,214 1 0
		3,33,442 11 21
Office expenses-	Į,	
Telegrams Postage and Receipt Stamps Postage and Receipt Stamps Communication or realizing interest, etc. Salaries and Wages and Travelling evpenses of office House reality for office establishment Office Contingencies Office Building	299 400 471 295 207 205	Militaria September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September September Septem
	3	224 122
Adrances	1	
To Branches	25	\$250 6 0 \$250 6 0
Liabilitset—	<i>-</i>	
Contributions by Association to Women's Medical Service Provident Fund.		nors no 1
Interest payable on ditto	=	LST 1 C
Total .	7	ATE:

B. W. MARLOW, Coined, Here my Teremone,

Committee.
of Central
Account
iment
Inves

	Nominal value.	Cost.
Countess of Dufferin's Fund,	# a. p.	H a. p.
Loan at 6 per cent. per annum to Bhukailash Court of Wards Estate	2,30,600 0 0	
34 per cent. Government Promissory Notes	55,000 0 0	53,194 10 8
Loan at 6 per cent. per annum to Kumar Gopika Raman Roy Estate Court of Wards	82,058 3 11	82,058 3 11
Short term deposit at 4 per cent. per annum with Alliance Bank of Simla, Simla N.B.—Certain stocks amounting to £1,535-17-3 and 22 Bank of Madras shares of Rs. 500 each bave been bequeathed to the Dufferin Fund by the late Miss Jane Tulloch and are at present held in the name of Lady Dufferin in England.	3,00,000 0 0	3,00,000 0 0
· · Pomen's Medical Service for India.		
4 per cent. Calcutta Municipal Debenture	50,000 0 0	49,250 0 0
3½ per cent. Government Promissory Notes	2,00,000 0 0	1,89,574 3 9
Short term deposit at 4 per cent. per annum with Alliance Bank of Simla, Simla	50,000 0 0	50,000 0 0
Тотал	9,67,055 3 11	9,54,077 2 4
	~	
Senta: B. W	B. W. MARLOW Colonel.	Johnel.
The 15th April 1917.	Honorara	Honoraen Troasurer

- APPENDIX I.

Students studying in the Provincial Medical Colleges and Schools of Medicine in India.

					or medicin	ue in inuia.		
Medical C Hos	olleg pital	e, Sci Class	hool :	or	University Course.	Assistant Surgeon or Medical Prac- titioner Class.	Sub-Assistant Surgeons.	Midwifery, Nursing or Compounding classes, or attending lectures.
Delhi, .	_	•			28		,	24
Poona .				٠.	***		10	34
Abmedabad				٠.			2	10
Aligarh							<u>:</u>	1
Hahabad					***			14
igta .				٠.	***		59	14
Самироге						l	***	3
Bombay					56	3		(
Calcutta				.!	18		11	108
Madras .					14	17		10
Lahore .				٠.			,	9
Patna .								
Burma .						1	7	54
Hyderabad	(Sind	i) .			٠	-		4
Lucknow				٠.	1 4	l ä		5
Dacea .					,	1 -	2	8
Hyderabad	(Dec	can)	• '	٠.			4	7
Cuttack						(···)	- 5	2
Benares				·	· "			5
Bareilly								ı
Patiala .					***			22
Nagpur .					***		•••	
Juppare					***		***	6,,
Surat .					•••	· · ·		i
Quilon .				Ċ	***			8
Trichur .					***	•••		11
Bhopal .		:	:		•••		•••	4
Karachi						***	•••	5
Mysore .		:	:	•	***		•••	29
Bangalore		÷	:	•	***	144		S
Bhagalpur		:	:	•	***		***	1
Amraoti		:	:	•			•~	2
Quetta			:	•		***	***	2
Ludhiana	:	. :	:	•		**	•••	30
Amritsar		:	:	•	•••	11	87	94
Pazilka.	·	•	:	•	***		***	2
Lyallpur		:	•	٠		•••	***	1
Srinagar		•	•	•	**			6
-	•	_'	.*	٠			,	
		To	TAL		120	32	137	536

APPENDIX II.

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association.

		How obtained.				
building con the work (whether	ital, dispensary, ward, or nected in any way with of the Association the proporty of the ciation or not).	Approximate value of same.		Presented and by		
			! :			
		Assam.				
		R				
SILCHAR . GOALPARA .	Medical Woman's	714		Local Board. Rani of Bijni.		
GAUHATI .	guarters.	1,500 900	*****	Local Board.		
GAUHATI .	Women's Ward	3,590		1 Government, Local Board		
G11 C1		0,000	i	and Municipality.		
JORHAT .	Medical Woman's quarters.	-,	•••••	Local Board.		
GOLAGHAT .	Midwife's quarters .	300		Local Board.		
BILASHIPARA	y manus a quantosas	200	- """	Zamindar of Chapor Estate. Local Board.		
DIBRUGARH.	{ Medical Woman's }	3,000	******	Hoear Board.		
SUNAMBANJ.) quarters. (2,000		Local Board.		
SUNAMGANJ.	Women's Ward	1,000	*****	Local Board. King Edward Memorial		
SYLHET .	King Edward Memorial	3,000		Fund.		
	Women's Ward. Medical Woman's quarters.	1,700	***	Local Board.		
	-					
ı	TOTAL .	18,904		l		
		Baluchistan	•			
		R				
QUETTA .	Lady Sandeman Zenana	9,620	By Municipa-			
	Hospital.		lity and Fund.	n a containah		
Sibi	McIvor Women's Dis-	1,000	*****	R. S. Sant Singh.		
•	pensary. Medical Woman's quar-	465	Provincial Re-			
	ters.		venue and Dis-			
		0 505	pensary Fund.	٦		
ZIARAT .	Women's Dispensary and Medical Woman's	2,595	•••••			
	quarters with com-					
	pound.			Public Works Depart-		
	Compounder's quarters	510		ment.		
	with compound.			Į.		
	In-door patients' ward	2,507		j		
	with compound and	_,				
	dais' quarters. Lady Dufferin Hospital	0 000	Rs. 5,924 value	Rs. 2,459 partly value of		
FORT SANDEMAN.	Lady Dufferin Hospital	8,983	of building erected at the expense of Fort Sandeman Bazar Fund.	building presented by Maula-Dad Khan Nasir and partly value of building erected at the expense of Fort Sande- man Bazar Fund.		
			ը աստ.	mon Dabas		

25,080

TOTAL

0 2

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—contd.

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or		How obtained.				
building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).			

Benyal. Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital. 6.84,389 Yes 10,000 Presented by Maha-The Surnomoyee Hos-***** CALCUTTA . tel. rani Surnomoyee boarding house female students. Lady Elliott Hostel . 25.000 By special sub-scription DACCA . Lady Dufferin Women's 18,769 Yes. Hospital. The building was pur-chased at #20,000 by Raja Jogendra Narayan Koy Bahadur of Lalgola and presented to the Dispensary Committee. Victoria Zenana Hos-9.000 No . BRRHAMpital. PORE. Women's Ward 5,C00 General Hosto the attached pital Fund. Hospital General (accommodation of 13 beds for inpatients). CHITTAGONG One building with 3.339 resented by Mr. Upendra Lal Rai, Zamin-Presented one bed, dar and Merchant. Woman's Chittagong. Medical 1.500 quarters. General Hospital Fund. Midwife's quarters . 1,700 Lady Curson Zenana 9.777 Ves The site was purchased by Government. Hospital. Mrs. Carstairs' Cottage Purchased at a cost of H594-1-6. The landlord gave the land free of 2,206 Yes BIRRHUM wards. rent. rent. Rupees 503 was given by Raja Satya Niranjan Chakrabatty of Hetampore, R500 by Government and R100 by the Female Compounders' 1,103 and midwayes' quarters. local Fund Built by lato Nawab Abdus Subhan Chaudhuri of Bogra. Books Taherunnessa Zenana 8,500 No Hospital. MYMENSING. Bidyamoyee Women's Hospital. Presented by late Bidya-moyee Debi Chaudurani of Muktagacha. 8,000

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—contd.

	pital, disponsary, ward, or		How obtained.		
the work (whether	onnocted in any way with cost the Association or the property of the ociation or not).	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).	
	1	Bengal—cond	eld.		
Tipperan .	Faizunnessa Zonana Hospital, Comilla.	<i>R</i> 13,500		Presented by the late Nawab Sahiba Faizan-	
Pabna .	Hemangini Debi's Women's ward.	5,894	•	nessa, Chaudhurani of Paschimgaon, Tipperah, Presented by Babu Jogesh Prasanna Bha- dhuri, Zamindar, Pabna.	
	TOTAL .	8,08,277		duuri, Zumindar, Pabua.	
		Berar.		-	
		R	•	•	
AMRAOTI .	Women's Hospital .	40,958		By funds locally collect-	
SHEGAON .	Sai Bai Mote Women's Hospital.	35,873	*****	ed. By the Donors, through the Local Fund Super-	
AKOLA .	Women's Hospital	26,000	100.00	visor, Buldans. By funds locally collected and aided by Govern-	
YEOTMAL .	}	43,281		ment. By funds.	
	TOTAL .	1,46,112			
	В	ihar and Oris	s a ,		
		R		,	
GAYA .	Lady Elgin Zenana Hospital and Dispen- sary.	72,000	•••••	By local subscription.	
Monghyr	Lady Mackenzie Zenana Hospital.	7;860		Presented by Raja Kamaleswari Prasad Singh.	
Внадагрии	Victoria Memorial Hospital.	25,000	,	Erceted by subscriptions from the public of Bhagalpur as a Memorial to the late Queen Victoria.	
F F	Rani Shibatarini Hospital, including the Dais' quarters.	14,000	******	The Hospital building was presented by Baja Shib Chandra Bancriec and the Dais' quarters	
JAMNI (Monghyi	Charitable Dispensary	5,000	No.	by the Bunaili Estate.	
District.)	TOTAL .	1,23,860			

Name of hosps	tal, dispensary, ward, or]	Ho	W OBTAINED.
the work (whether	meeted in any way with of the Association the property of the custion or not).	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).
		Bombay.		•
Ahredabad	Victoria Jubilee Hos- pital for women and children, Jethibai and Rewahai obstetrio wards.	1	******	The late Rao Bahadar Ramchedlal Chhotalal. C.IE. spent R38,000; his son, the late Mr. Madhavlai spent R3,000 and his grandeog and his grandeog Sirder Sir Chinubha Madhavlal Ranchorlal, Hart, has spent the rest, making large extensions to the building.
Hyderabad (Sind),	Women's Hospital in- cluding Dais' quar- ters, dead-house, out- houses, operating room and compound wall.	30,435	Yos	The piece of ground on which the Hospital is built was presented to the Countess of Dofferin's Fund Association here by the Hyderabad Muni-
Kabachi .	Lady Dufferin Hospital Main Building and out-houses	1,11,899		Chicfly by the late Mr. Eduljee Diushaw, CIE.
	Virbaijes Katrak Mater- nity Wing.	71,798		Government of Bombay and Mr. Thomas Cosser,
	Louise Lawrence Insti- tute (Home for Nurses in training for mid- wifery work in Sind)			M.I.H.E. Public subscription.
	pensary,	21,620		Mr. Isardas Asaumal.
	Gulbai Khorshedbai Kanabhai Spencer Nurses Home	8,501	•••	Mr. Dr. K. N. Spencer, L. M. and S and public subscription.
	Sheth Morarbhai Vai- bhakhandas Hospital for Women and Child- ren.	of build- ing 29,913 Value of land 23,144	By a grant of R1,386 by the Local Branch of the Fund.	A portion of legacy by Sheth Morarbhai World and as 11,000 By a gift from Bai Dayakore 37,671 By a gift from Surat Muni- cipality 2,000
SHOLAPER .	The Lady Reay Dufferin Hospital,	Not known .	No .	Lent for use only free of rent by the Muni- cipality. Additions and alterations have been done at the expense of the Fund to make the building suitable for hospital purposes. Cost of additions, \$2,101.

Name of hospit	cal, dispensary, ward, or		нот	W OBTAINED.
building con: the work (whether	nected in any way with of the Association the property of the ation or not).	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).
-	·	Bombay—con	icld.	
SHOLAPUR—concld.	The Raja Bahadur Narsinggirji Ward (Operation Theatre).	About 5,000	Yes	Built on Municipal ground just close to the Hospital with the donation of R5,000 by Raja Bahadur Narsinggirji.
•	Quarters for the Medi- cal Woman with three out-houses for ser- vants.	3,600	Yes	Built on Government land granted at a nominal rent of R5 per annum.
	House No. 8,000/51, New Sadar Bazar, Camp.	1,500	No	Presented by Messis. Cursctji & Sons and A. M. Dalal.
SHIKABPUR.	Victoria Jubilee Lady Dufferin Hospital.	25,000	****	Presented by Government.
	Bungalow for the residence of the Medical Woman.	9,972	Yes.	
;				
	Total .	5,27,780		
		Burma.		
	1	R	Voluntary con-	
Rangoon .	Lady Dufferin Maternity Hospital. Quarters for Nurses	1,19,538	tributions and dona ti on s, grants from Local Government, Central Committee, and Rangoon and other Municipalities.	Sites given by the Gov-
	Nurses' new quarters (for Results-System- Midwives).	8,403	Built by the Government of Burma.	
	TOTAL .	1,59,909		

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or		How obtained.	
building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).	Approximate value of	Bailt by Fand.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).

Central Provinces.

•		R		
NAGPUR . 1	Oufferin Hospital for Women.	50,041	Built with #14,823 from Provincial Branch, #5,000 from Central Com- mittee, and #16,852 from subscriptions.	Kastur Chand Dags, K.C.I.E., R4,500 from the Nagpur Municipality, R2,000 from the late Rao Bahadur Appaji Buti towards Hospital
· ·	Zenana Ward	4,000	Built by Fund	
,	Quarters for the Resi- dent Medical Officer, Matron, etc.	14,030	Built by Fund.	1
Jubrarioss	Lady Elgin Hospital, including the Sub- Assistant Surgeon's new quarters.	20,000	No	The late Rapa Gokul Dass.
SAUGOR .	Women's Hospital .	5,854	No	Pandit Ganpat Rao Shri- kande of Saugor contri-
Ì	TOTAL .	93,925		buted R7,000 towards its construction.

Madras.

		R		
.	Victoria Hospital for Caste and Gosha Women,	1,60,000		Presented by the Rajah of Venkatagiri, R.C.1. x.
	Women and Children's Hospital.	6,500	Mangalore Municipality	By the public.
	Dispensary for Women and Children.	10,000		Built by Rajah Sir S. Ramsswami Muda-
MATTAR- CHERY (COCHIN),	Women and Children's Hospital.	20,000		Built by the Cochin
TRICHUR VELLORE	Civil Hospital Jubilee Hospital	, ±,000		Presented by the Jebilee
Visagapatam	Victoria Hospital for Women and Children	10,000	jakie.	Fresented by Sri Mala- raja Gampati Eso.
	Bajah of Bobbili's Hos- pital for Women.	, ~~j	1	Presented by the Hornis the Raph of Robins
SALEM .	Queen Alexandra Hos- pital for Women and Children.	25,500	'	Pablis rabscirians and Government passes

Name of hosp	ital, dispensary, ward, or		. Ңо	HOW OBTAINED.		
building con the work (whether	nected in any way with of the Association r the property of the ociation or not).	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).		
		Madras—con	cld.			
		₽		,		
TIRUPPAT.	Women's and Children's Dispensary.	6,500		District Board, North		
Vizianagram		50,000		Presented by H. H. the Maharaja Kumarika of Rewa.		
BELLARY .	Victoria Memorial	10,000	*****	V. M. Fund and public subscriptions.		
TINNEVELLY	Women's Hospital. Dufferin Women's Dispensary, Vannarpet.	25,000	District Board of Tinnevelly.	R10,000 contributed by Rajah Sir S. Ramaswami Mudaliar, KT., C.I.E.		
Adoni .	Municipal Hospital for	14,000		V. M. Fund and public subscriptions.		
CON JEEVE-	women. Women and Children's	12,800	1,	Rajah Sir S. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Kt., C.I.E.		
CALICUT .	Dispensary. Women and Children's Hospital.	34,079	******	Partly by subscriptions, chief donor being Sir S. Ramaswami Mudaliar, KT., C.I.E., and partly by the Municipality and		
ł	Women and Children's	-40,000	*****	District Board. By public subscriptions		
PUDUKOTTAL	Hospital. Maharaja's Dispensary for Women and Child-	5,000	·····	as a Coronation memory. State buildings.		
COIMBATORE	ren. Women's Dispensary	1,000		Purchased by the Muni-		
COCANADA .	Lady Havelock's Local Fund Dispensary for Women and Children.	45,000	By District Board, Goda- vari.	cipality. R5,000 contributed by Mrs. B. Venkataratnam and R13,000 by Raja of Pilhapuram for Delivery		
DINDIGUL .	Women and Children's	13,668	Municipality.	and Maternity Wards.		
PALGHAT	Hospital. Women's and Children's Dispensary.	3,760	Municipal Funds:			
	TOTAL .	4,60,307	1			
		Mysore.				
		₽.				
MYSORE .	Her Highness the Maha-	22,622		By Mysore Government		
BANGALORE. KOLAR	rani's Hospital. Maternity Hospital	33,034 5,500		and by contribution.		
Chirmaga-	Women's Hospital and	5,500		Not stated.		
LUE. HASSAN	Dispensary.	4,060		,		
		1				

Name of hos	oital, dispensary, ward, or	1 1	How obtained,		
Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, building connected in any way wit the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).		Approximate value of same,	Built by Fu	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).	
	_ · A	lysore—concl	d.		
MYSORE .	Women's Dispensity	2 1,500 p		_	
	attached to General	1)]	
BANGALORE	Women's Dispensary attached to Victoria Hospital.	1,500	*****	Not stated.	
. двомин	Women's Hospital and	6,000			
TUMEUR.	Dispensary	5,248	****	15	
BANGALORE	Lady Curzon Hospital	1,10,000	***	By Government of India	
	for Women and Child- ren. TOTAL	1,94,964		gentlemen in the can	
		1,04,004		tonment.	
	N.•	W. F. Provinc	e.		
Dera Ismail Khan,	Zenana Hospital	40,000	*****	From subscriptions, and District and Municipal	
	TOTAL	40,000		Funds.	
		Punjab.	,	'	
AMBITBAR .	Women's Hospital Edward Ram Narain	20,000 1		137 11 2 0	
FARILEA (Ferozupore)	Edward Ram Narain	1,100	******	Municipal Committee. Municipal Committee	
Gujranwal 1		9,990		District Board, Munici-	
HISSAR.	Zenana Hospital		-	pality and public subs-	
MOGA	Crvit Hospital	12,000	******	Private donation	
(Ferozepore).		3,200	*****	District Board and	
CHESA (Hissar) JHANG	Zenana Hospital	4,767	*****	Mandi population. Manicipal and District Funds.	
	Civil Hospital, Women's	10,000	****	Municipal Committee	
LAHORE .	Lady Artchison Hoe-	1,40,017	*****	Punjab Branch of Duf- ferm Fund with grant	
LTALLPUR .	Women's Hospital and	40,000	******	from Government. District Board.	
LUDRIANA .	Women's Ward of Civil	10,000	*****	Municipal Committee	
1	Women's Dispensary	12,117	*****	h	
BAWAL.	Quarters for Matron Quarters for Female	2,297	*****	l services)	
BINDS		3,956	*****	Built by the Manicipal Committee.	
j		932		Committee.	
ROUTAR .	pounders. King Edward Memorial Hospital	39,154	****	Private subscription.	
	TOTAL .	8.09.530		-	

	ital, dispensary, ward, or meeted in any way with	Approximate		W OBTAINED.
the work (whether	of the Association the property of the ciation or not).	value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).
	United Pro	vinces of Agra	a and Oudb.	
AGBA .	Lady Lyall Hospital Maternity Hospital Nurses' Quarters Medical Woman's quar-	1,27,003 65,650 29,095 35,299	Yes. Yes.	-
	ters. Hostel for Female Students.	18,000	Yes.	
	Firozabad Women's Dispensary. Pipalmandi Women's	6,051		Firozabad Municipality.
	Dispensary. Tajganj Women's Dispensary.	}	*****	On rent paid by the Agra Municipality.
ALIGARH .	Dufferin Hospital with quarters, out-houses, etc.	55,072	Yes	Rupees 36,704 contributed by Rani Khushal Kumar Sahiba of Barauli, District Aligarh.
ALLAHABAD .	Dufferin Hospital Medical Woman's quar- ters.	72,533 19,000		All paid by Provincial Government.
BARA BANKI .	Dufferin Hospital Grigg Women's Hospital.	32,379 3,000	Yes	Presented by Poor House Committee and District Board.
	Medical Woman's quar- ters.	3,000	••••	Presented by the late Rai Narain Bali Bahadur, Taluqdar of Dariabad.
	Maila Raiganj Ward .	1,900	,	Presented by the late Shaikh Naushad Ali Khan, Taluqdar of
	Operating Room Sherring Ward Pardahnashin Wards and	1,345 1,437 4,168	Yes.	Maila Raiganj. Built by private sub-
	Chaukidar's quarters. Contagions Ward. Dufferin Hospital		Yes. Yes	scriptions. Built from funds pro-
BAREILLT . BENABES .	Ishwari Memorial Hospital.		Yes	vided by Government. Bupees 13,000 were con- tributed by the Dis- trict Board.
Bunoe	Women's Hospital .	13,397	Yes .	Received grant-in-aid from Government for this purpose.
NAGINA CAWNPORE .	Dufferin Hospital .		Yes.	Rupees 1,872 were con- tributed by District Board.
	Maternity Ward		1	Also by subscription especially collected for the purpose.
	Maternity ward for European patients. Nurses' quarters	4,788	l	Built by Government. Presented by the Hon'ble Lala Bishambar Nath.
	Dais' quarters Female Sub-Assistant	1,077 1,864	Yes.	By Victoria Memorial Fund.
	Surgeon's quarters. Female Compounder's quarters.	1,578	Yes. *	Built from a grant given by Government.
-	Two servants' quarters	1,072 1	100,	

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or	1	Ho	W OBTAINED.
building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).
United, Provis	ices of Agra a	nd Oudh—cont	d.
FABRURHABAD Dufferin Hospital	22,499	Yea .	The Compounders' quar- ters were formerly part of the Sadr Dispensary,

				ters were formerly part of the Sadr Dispensary, but were made over to the Fund on the estab- lishment of a branch at Farrakhabad.
_	Operation room for the above.	3,000		Built from a donation by Babu Bharat Indu.
FYZABAD .	Dufferin Hospital	5,000	Yes.]
1		11,969		Built from Municipal contribution and local
GONDA	Dufferin Hospital . May Barrow Hospital .	8,751 9,540	Yes.	Presented by Mrs
	Quarters for female compounder, Laharin and sweeper.	1,031		Pannel of Isle of Wight. By grant-in-sid from Government
GOBAKHPUR .	Zenana Hospital (under construction).	80,000		By Fund as well as by
Kurri	Dufferin Hospital .	25 021	Trans 4.9 9 473	Carneral brigates -
Lucrnow	Dufferin Hospital .			
		}		
			}	ceived from Govern-
i		15,162		ment. Presented by the Quin-
1	Quinton Memorial Wing	ĮĮ.		ton Memorial Fund Committee
		10,840	1	By the Provincial Gov-
	Sykes Ward European Ward	1,860		Crament.
	Operation Room Medical Woman's quar-	3,300	17	By Central Fund.
	ters.	7,500 2,421		By Provincial Fund. By Provincial Govern-
	Pardalı Wards	8,000	1	
	Assistant Surgeon's	4,160	1 :	By Provincial Fund. By Provincial Govern-
MEERUT	Dufferm Hospital, with quarters for the Medi-	80,372		Built from prents toom
	pounders, menials, etc.	}	i i	Government and Dis- trict Board and also
	Jubilee Hospital	15,826		Jubiles Hospital Fund
PARTARGARN	Dufferin Hospital .	25,269		Presented by Ram
	Enclosure wall to the	5,712		Partabourh.
Pilibnit .	above. Dufferin Hospital .	14,025	Yes.	Built from a grant made by Government.

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or		How obtained.		
building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).	

United Provinces of Agra and Oudh -concld.

				ſ
		${m B}$		
RAE BARELI.	Dufferin Hospital .	11,626	Yes	Partly built by Fund and partly by the late Rana Sir Shankar Bakhsh Singh, K.C.I.E., of
SAHARANPUR	Dufferin Hospital .	33,262	Yes.	Khajurgaon. A part of the building valued at R3,500 was presented by Government which also gave
SHAUJAHAN- PUB.	Dufferin Hospital .	14,588	>449	a grant of \$1,595. Built from Municipal and District Board contributions and local subscriptions. Contri- butions were also received from the Pro- vincial Committee.
HATHRAS .	Singhari Women's Hos-	10,000	Yes	Presented by Lala Parmanand.
SITAPUR .	Dufferin Hospital	48,604		Built from subscriptions.
}	TOTAL .	12,86,586		
	•			

Native States.

(These institutions are built and maintained at the cost of their respective States.)

	e	R		I D. Di b il Indone State
Indore .	Maharani Women's Hospital.	80,000	*** ***	Built by the Indore State.
BETTIAH .	Raj Dufferin Hospital .	86,071	*****	By the Bettiah Estate.
DARBHANGA	Raj Dufferin Hospital .	33,000	*****	By the Darbhanga Estate.
Sangrur .	Victoria Women's Hos- pital.	25,000	201 505	Jind Durbar-
BHOPAL .	Lady Lansdowne Hos- pital and Lady Minto Training School and Hostel for Girls.	60,392		By the past and present Begums of Bhopal.
	Lady Hardinge Found- ling Home.	5,419	*****	By H. H. the present Ruler of Bhopal.
KAPURTHALA	Victoria Jubilee Hospital for Women.	16,362	******	By H.H. the Maharaja of Kapurthala.
Котан .	Victoria Jubilee Hospital and Women's Dispensary.	65,440	565 441	By H. H. the Maharac of Kotah.

Approximate value of	Name of Lagriday Algorithan word on		 OBTAINED.
		i walne of	whom

Native States-contd.

	Nat	ive States—	contd.	
		R		
UDAIRUR .	Walter Zenana Hospital	27,003		By H. H. the Maharana of Udaipur.
ALWAR .	Lady Dufferin Hospital Lady Elgin Wards for Purdahpashins,	27,000 11,191	*** .	By H. H. the Maharaja Sabib Bahadar of Alwar
GWALIOR .	Jaya-Arogya Hospital for Women and child- ren at Lashkar.	2,56,000		h
Srinagar, Kabhmir,	Diamond Jubiles Zenans Hospital.	95,720		By the State,
REWAH ,	Zenana Hospital and Quarters for Hospital Staff.	4,500	******)
Patiala .	Lady Dufferin Hospital	50,000		His Highness the late Maharaja of Patiala.
	Hendley Women's Dis- pensary.	5,241		b
-	Lady Curson School for the training of nurses, etc.	24,280	·····	By the Council of Regency.
Rampur .	Women's Hospital .	10,000	*****	By H. H. the Nawab of Rampur State.
Tone ,	Walter Zenana Hos- pital,	10,000	•	By H, If the Nawab Sabib Bahadur of Tonk State.
BAHAWALPUR	Jubilee Women's Hos- pital.	50,000		By H. H. the Nawab of Bahawalpur
BIKANER .	Zenana Hospital	50,414		By the Bikaner Durbar,
Јоричув.	Jaswant Hospital for Women.	50,000		By H. H the Maharaja Jaswant Singh of Jodh- pur.
BRABATPUR	Sri Dadiji Sahiba Daryab Kaur's Hos. pital for Women.	46,920	****	By the Bharatpur Durbar.
RAJEOT (KATHIAWAE)	Ensulkanji Hospital and out-houses and Zenana Medical Officer's Bun- galow.	80,000		By H. H. the Nawab Saheb of Junagadh.

¢

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or		How obtained.				
building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).			

United Provinces of Agra and Oudh -concld.

				•
		${I\!\!\!P}$		•
RAE BABELI.	Dufferin Hospital .	11,626	Yes	Partly built by Fund and partly by the late Rana Sir Shankar Bakhsh Singh, K.C.I.E., of
Saharanpue	Dufferin Hospital .	33,262	Yes	Khajurgaon. A part of the building valued at R3,500 was presented by Government which also gave
SHAUJAHAN- PUR.	Dufferin Hospital .	14,588	******	a grant of R1,595. Built from Municipal and District Board contributions and local subscriptions. Contri- butions were also received from the Pro- vincial Committee.
HATHRAS .	Singhari Women's Hos-	10,000	Yes · ·	Presented by Lala Parmanand.
SITAPUR .	pital. Dufferin Hospital	48,604		Built from subscriptions.
	- Total .	12,86,586		
j		-2	1	

Native States.

(These institutions are built and maintained at the cost of their respective States.)

	Maharani Women's	80,000	*****	Built by the Indore State.
Indore .	Maharani Women's Hospital.	30,000		
BETTIAH .	Raj Dufferin Hospital .	86,071	*****	By the Bettiah Estate.
	Raj Dufferin Hospital .	33,000	***	By the Darbhanga Estate.
SANGRUR .	Victoria Women's Hos-	25,000	*****	Jind Durbar
BHOPAL .	pital. Lady Lansdowne Hospital and Lady Minto Training School and	60,392	447.447	By the past and present Begums of Bhopal.
•	Hostel for Girls.	5,419	*****	By H. H. the present Ruler of Bhopal.
Kapurthala	ling Home. Victoria Jubilee Hospital for Women.	16,362	*****	By H. H. the Maharaja of Kapurthala.
Котан •	Victoria Jubilee Hospital and Women's Dispensary.	65,440	959'636	By H. H. the Maharao of Kotah.

Approximate raise of raise of same. Built by Fund. Presented and by whom whom (or otherwise).	Name of Cognific Signangous qual or	1	HOW OBTAINED.			
		to anlaw	Bailt by Fund.	whom		

Native States-contd.

		R		
UDAIPUB .	Walter Zenana Hospital	27,003		By H. H. the Maharana of Udaipur.
ALWAR .	Lady Dufferin Hospital Lady Elgin Wards for Purdahnashins.	27,000 11,191		By H. H the Maharaja Salub Bahadur of Alwar.
GWALIOR .	Jaya-Arogya Hospital for Women and child- ren at Lashkar.	2,56,000		
Seinagar, Kashkir.	Diamond Jubiles Zenans Hospital.	95,720		By the State.
REWAR .	Zenana Hospital and Quarters for Hospital Staff.	4,500		1
Patiala .	Lady Dufferin Hospital	50,000		His Highness the late Maharaja of Patiala.
	Hendley Women's Dis-	B,241		1)
-	Lady Curzon School for the training of nurses, etc.	24,280		By the Council of Regency.
RAMPUR .	Women's Hospital .	10,000		By H. H. the Nawab of Rampur State.
Tone .	Walter Zenano Hos- pital,	10,000		By H. H. the Nawab Sahib Bahadur of Tonk State.
BAHAWALPUR	Jubiles Women's Hos- pital	50,000		By H. H the Navab of Bahawalpun
BIEANER .	Zenana Hospital .	50,414		By the Ellener Durbar.
Јоригов .	Jaswant Hospital for Women.	50,000		By H. H. the Makaraja Jacoust Singh of Jodh-
BUTEFALLE	Sri Dadiji Sabiba Daryab Kaur's Hos- pital for Women.	46,826	*****	per. By the Elearatpur Durber.
RAJEOT (KATHIAWAE)	Parallan # 17	80,000	***	By H. R. the Nawah Eabeb of Junicalh.

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or		How obtained.			
building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).		

Native States-concld.

•		. ∄		
Trivandrui	Combined Maternity and Women and Children's Hospital.	2,32,500	******	
	Victoria Jubilee Hospital, Quilon.	23,860	******	
	Women's eide, Allep- pey Hospital.	3,590	*****	
	Women's side, Nager- coil Hospital.	77	*****	
KOTTAYAN,	Women's side, General Hospital.	2,000	•••····	
JAOBA .	Victoria Zenana Hos- pital.	20,000	2,,,,,	By the State.
BEAWAR .	Women's Dispensary	8,500		District Board with funds supplied by the Municipality.
BARODA .	Victoria Jubilee Ward	28,527	*****	H. H. the Maharaja
	Jumnabai Dispensary .	1,56,922	******	Gaekwar's Government.
NAHAN .	Samsher Zenana Hos- pital.	18,643		By His late Highness Sir Surendra Bikram Parkash, K.O.S.I., Ruler of Sirmoor State.
Hyderabad (Deccap).	Victoria Zenana Hos- pital, Hyderabad.	3,70,504	5	By His Highness the Nizam's Government.
,	Rani Cheelam Janka Bai Zenana Hospital, Gulburgah.	9,000	******	Rupees 6,000 from the Rani Janka Bai of Sirnapally; #8,000 from Local Fund.
	Zenana Ward, Baichar	7,000	222.444	By Local Fund.
	. Total .	20,40,482		

Abstract.

					-	100	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						. R
Assam													18,904
Baluchieta	n,										·		25,090
Bengul					. • •			•-				٠,	8,08,277
Berar						•							1,46,112
Bibar and	Oris	84						•		٠.			1,23,860
Bombay								•					5,27,780
Burms				٠.							٠		1,59,909
Central Pr	orico	205						•			,		93,925
Madras								•		٠.			4,60,807
Mysore							• *						1,91,961
N.W. F. I	Provi	nds				٠.							40,000
Punjab													3,09,530
United Pr	orino	es of	Ágn	sud.	Oudh	•							12,66,586
Native Sta	tes							•					20,40,482
							Total v	sla	e of b	nildi	ige		63,35,716

APPENDIX III.

Return of Patients treated in Hospitals for Women in India.

The following returns of patients treated are divided into three classes, viz.:—

Class A.—Patients treated in Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund.

- " B .- In Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.
- ,, C.-Native States (which now include the statistics returned by the Mysore Branch).

Assam.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Pund.

Chass B.

CDASS B.						
	,	PATII	ENTS TREAT	ED IN 1916.		
STATION.	Name of Hospital.		Ou	t.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
STATION.	NAME OF STORY	In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.		•
Silchar .)	105	13,732	70	13,907	
Sylhet .		161	3,739	86	3,986	٠.
Sunamganj .		21	2,230	136	2,387	
Karimganj .		21	153	220	394	
Dhubri .		53	4,646	26	4,725	
Gonlpara		25	-3,709	25	3,759	
Bilashipara .			***	23	23	
Gauhati		106	4,256	113	4,475	
Barpeta .	Charitable Dispensary			10	10	
Tezpur			•••	43	43	•
Mangaldai .				3	3	
Sibsagar .		1		17	18	
Jorhat .		39	6,911	210	7,160	
Tura		13		20	33	•
- 41. #		•••	0.007	28	28 2,870	
	1	112	2,605	153 64	2,070	
Nazira ·	Earle Hospital	31	5,732	55	5,818	
Nowgong .	TOTAL .	688	47,713	1,302	49,703	

Baluchistan.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund, CLASS B.

		PATIE	NTS TREATE			
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Ont,		Total,	Renaure
		In.	Treated in bospital.	Treated at	1	,
Quotta	Ledy Sandeman Zenana Hospital	97	5,853	62	6,012	
Quetta	Patel Ward in the Civil Hospital	185	·		165	
яы	McIvor Women's Dispen- sary.	95	3,002	25	3,132	
Fort Sandeman .	Lady Dofferin Zenava Hospital.	160	9,249	140	9,610	
	TOTAL .	517	18,204	237	- 18,958	

Bengal

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS A.

		PATIE	NIS TERATE				
STATION.	STATION. NAME OF HOPPITAL.		ATION. NAME OF HOSPITAL.		0	2£	TOTAL BIRARE
	<	Ir.	Treated in hospital	Trested at home.			
Calentia .	Lady Dufferin Victoria Espiral	1,776	6,553		10		
	Laty Deller Tomer's	54	\$,600	111	17= ' 		
	-	1,519	12,5/2	12	24.8-4		

Bengal—contd.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund. CLASS B.

		PATIE	INTS TREATE	ED IN 1916.		
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Ou	t.	TOTAL.	Remarks.
STATION,	NABE OF HOSPITAM	`In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.		
Nirbhum	Lady Curzon Zonana Hospital	59	4,604	60	4,723	
Cossipere (21-Pargaustis).	Kaminimoyee Dasi's Wo- men's Ward attached to the North Suburban Hospital.	179	4,235	186	4.600	
Bankura	Lady Dufferin Zonana Hospital.	73	4,862	27	4,962	
Berhampore (Murshidabad).	Victoria Zenana Hospital	517	12,277	253	13,073	
Khulna	Women's Ward attached to the Woodburn Hospital.	77	2,749	31	2,857	
Nadia .	Bani Tara Sundari Womon's Ward attached to the Navadwip Garrett Hospital.	15	1,362	126	1,503	
l	Women's Ward attached to the Mehorpur Hospital.		·	17	17	
	Women's Ward attached to the Perojpur Dispen- sary.	. 47	3,282	24	3,353	
	Women's Ward attached to the Bhola Disponsary.	3	15	46	61	
Bakarganj ·	Women's Ward attached to the Patuakhali Dis- pensary.	36	4,503	46	4,585	
	Women's Ward attached to the Barical Hospital.	238	1,560	60	1,858	
ſ	Women's Ward attached to the General Hospital.	307	11,142	223	11,672	
Chittagong . {	Cox's Bazar Dispensary .	28	4,701	53	4,782	

Bengal -concld.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dutterin Fund. CLASS B-concld.

	1	PATIE	nts treat	ed in 1916.		
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL		00	ıt.	TOTAL.	Benaues.
STATION,	RATE OF HOSPIFAL.	Ιp	Treated in hospital.	Treated at	1	
	Women's Ward attached to the Charitable Dis- pensary.	44	4,723	75	4,841	
Faridpur	Women's Ward attached to the Madasipur Dis- pensary.	26	1,477	29	11,532	
Mymensing	Bidyamoyee Women's Hospital.	227	3,738	395	4,350	}
	Bireudra Kishore Manikys Women's Hospital at- tached to the Sadr Hos- pital	1	4,382	182	4,667	
Noakhali	Women's Ward attached to the Feni Dispensary.	23	211	\$2	266	
	Women's Ward attached to the Hurrispur Dis- pensary	-	-			The post remained vacant
Pabna	Hemangivi Debi Women's Hospital attached to the Sadz Hospital		2,425	69	2,564	throughout the year.
	Shahandpur Dispensary .			69	89	}
	Kundi Dispensary	-	-	20	20	}
Bangpur	Ulipur Dispensary			24	24	{
•	Kaklas Dispensary	-	-	12	12	1
Tipperah	Fairunessa Zenana Hos- pital, Comilla.	27	7,800	96	7,989	
	Chandpur Dispensary	-	-	23	23	
	TOTAL	2,125	80,114	2,187	81,426	

Berar.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

			PATIENTS TI	REATED IN 19	16.	
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		0	ut.		
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	Тотац.	
Amraoti	Women's Hospital .	174	4,396	11	4,581	
Akola	Women's Hospital	167	9,455	100	9,722	
Shegnon	Sai Bai Moti Women's Hospital.	53	7,296	557	7,906	
Yeotmal	Women's Hospital	50	3,887	72	4,009	
Ellichpur City	Women's Ward, City Disponsary.	***	•••	19	19	
Yeotmal]			1	1	
Akola	Main Hospital	52	130	533	715	
Buldana	Main Hospital	*:7:1		35	36	
Chandur Bazar	٦	1	42	13	56	
Daryapur .				47	47	
Anjangaon	Branch Dispensary			36	36	
Morsi .			6	59	65	
Chandar Railway		6		46	52	
Basim	J	}		57	57	
Khamgaon .	· · ·			2	2	
Nohekar	Branch Dispensary			24	24	
Darwha .				227	227	
				25	25	
		2		65	67	
Jalgaon	Branch Dispensary .	1		26	27	
Akote		20		28	48	
Karanja .		-,,,		13	13	
Deulgaon Raja				15	15	
Manghur Pir	١					
	Total .	527	25,212	2,011	27,750	

Bihar and Orissa.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and alded by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS A.

	(PATIENTS TREATED IN 1916.					
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Out.				
		In.	Treated in hospital	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	Remares,	
Gaya	Lady Elgin Zenana Hos- pital.	485	5,654	682	6,821		
Bhagalpur	Rani Shibatarini Hospi-	405	5,585	626	6,616		
Monghyr	Sadr Hospital	455	9,017	85	9,516		
Bankspore (Patna)	General Hospital, Women's Ward.	426	7,840	240	8,506		
	TOTAL .	1,760	28,096	1,633	31,489		

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS R.

		PATIENTS TREATED IN 1916.					
Statiop.	Name of Hospital. In.	_	Out.			J	
		In.	Treated in hospital.	l'reated at	TOTAL.	Remarks	
Sambalpur	Sadr Dispensary, Women's Department,	167	11,331	169	11,667		
Deoghur (Santal Pargana).	Women's Hospital .	8	165		173		
Puri	Pilgrim Hospital, Women's Ward.	262	2,553		2,815		
Jomui (Mosghyr District).	Charitable Dispensary .	18	2,460	30	2,508		
	TOTAL .	455	16,509	199	17,103	Î	

Bombay.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS A.

4,		I	ATIENTS TR	eated in 19	16.
STATION. NAME OF HOBILITAL.			Ont.		
		In. Treated in treated at hospital.		TOTAL.	
Ahmedabad	Victoria Jubilee Hospital	1,931	9,076	91	11,098
Hyderabad (Sind) .	Women's Hospital	631	10,872		11,553
Belgnum	Civil Hospital	253		51	304
Satara	Civil Hospital	4		56	60
-{	Тотац .	2,869	19,948	158	23,015

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

		PATIENTS TREATED IN 1916.				
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Ot	ıt.		
STATION.	HAME OF HOUSTRAIN	In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	Тотаг.	
Karachi	Lady Dufferin Hospital .	1,037	14,413	242	15,692	
Dhulia · · ·	Bapat Dispensary		3,884	25	3,909	
(Khan Bahadur Pestonji Sorabji Dispensary.	62		44	106	
Poons City .	King Edward Memorial Hospital for Women and Children.	81	2,512		2,593	
Godhra · · ·	Panch Mahals and Rewa- kantha Branch.		32	283	315	
Sholapur .	Lady Reay Dufferin Hospi-	202	9,231	•••	2,433	
Shikarpar · ·	tal. Viotoria Jubilee Lady Dufferin Hospital.	478	6,634	105	7,217	
	TOTAL .	1,860	36,705	699	39,265	

Burma.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund. CLASS B.,

		P	TIENTS TRE	ATED IN 19	6.
STATION.	Name of Hospital.		Out.		
-		In. Treated in bospital. Treated at home.	TOTAL,		
Rangoon	Lady Dufferin Maternity	1,199	11,698		12,697
	TOTAL .	1,199	11,698		12,897

Central Provinces.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and alded by the Dufterin Fund.

CLASS A.

1	1		PATIENTS TREATED IN 1916.				
Station, Name of Ho	AME OF HOSPITAL.		Or	ıt.			
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.		
Bapu	erin Hospital Rao Gangabai Dis-	520 7	6,948 5,242	763	8,230 5,249		
Jabbalpore Elgir	Hospital	443	6,248		6,691		
	TOTAL .	970	18,438	762	20,170		

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Bufferin Fund. CLASS R.

	- Oznob				
	NAME OF HOSFITAL.	Patients theated in 1916.			
STATION.			0		
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at	TOTAL.
Saugor	Women's ward of the Main Dispensary,	202	3,051	146	3,997
•	TOTAL .	202	3,051	1144	597

Madras.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

	NAME OF HOSPITAL,	PATIENTS TREATED IN 1916.			
Station,		In.	Out.		
			Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	Total.
Madras	Victoria Hospital for Caste and Gosha women.	2,486	12,790	***	15,276
	TOTAL .	2,486	12,790		15,276

North-West Frontier Province.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferia Fund.

	GL	ASS B.			
		PATIENTS TREATE	BEATED IN	N 1916.	
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.	In.	Out.		
			Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	Total.
Dora Ismail Khan	Municipal Zenana Hospital	239	5,375	•••	5,613
	Total .	238	5,375		5,613

Punjab. Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund. CLASS B.

				PATIENTS TREATED IN 1916.			
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.	In.	Out.				
			Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.		
 Amritsar		_	Women's Municipal Hos-	1,100	27,675	1,032	29,807
	•		pital and Ward. King Edward Memorial	365	5,791	149	6,305
Karnal Jhang Lahoro Simla	•		Hospital. Women's Civil Hospital Lady Aitchison Hospital Unfferin Block, Ripon Hospital.	310 930 464	14,081 7,082 6,395	95	14,486 8,012 6,859
	•		TOTAL .	3,169	61,024	1,276	65,469

United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Return of Patients treated in Women's flospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS A.

	C)	DADA A.				
	Name or Hospital.	PATIENTS TREATED IN 1916.				
STATION.		<u> </u>	Ont.			
		In-	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	
	Lady Lyall Hospital .	1,512			1,512	
Agra .	Maternity Hospital	971			971	
(Lady Lyall Dispensary		12,877	[12,877	
Aligarh	Dufferin Hospital ,	921	6,717	97	7,735	
Allahabad .	Dafferin Hospital	1,079	12,101	296	13,476	
Bahraich , .	Dufferia Hospital	261	7,035	27	7,323	
Bara Banki	Grigg Women's Hospital	809	7,468	87	7,864	
Barcilly ,	Dufferin Hospital	661	10,288	231	11,180	
Benares .	Ishwari Memorial Hos-	736	11,029	250	12,015	
Binor .	pital Mrs. Markham's Women's	136	5,691	72	5.899	
Bijnor (Nagina)	Hospital	94	4,000	150	4,244	
Campore.	Dufferin Hospital	491	9,813	363	10,697	
Farrukbabad	Dufferin Hospital .	223	4,441	310	4,973	
Pyzabad .	Dufferin Hospital	405	7,891	82	8,378	
Ghazipur .	Women's Hospital	583	6,797	83	7,462	
Gouda .	Dufferin Hospital	187	7,228	40	7,455	
Gorakhpur	Dufferin Hospital	231	6,545	108	6.834	
101	Dufferin Hospital .	283	4,002	54	4,030	
Lucknow .	Dufferin Hospital	1,042	9,118		10,160	
Mecrat .	Dufferin Hospital .	500	16,213	189	16,902	
Mirzapur	Dufferin Hospital	202	6,050	99	6,842	
Partabgarh	Dufferin Hospital .	215	4,210	51	4,476	
Pilibhit .	Dufferin Hospital	219	7,048	75	7,342	
Rae Bareli	Dufferin Hospital	233	5,171	184	5,588	
Saharanpur	. Dufferin Hospital	311	7,483	156	7,950	
Shahjehanpur	Dafferin Hospital	331	10,397	366	11,091	
Sitapur .	Dafferin Hospital	823	8,089	17	8,429	
Singhari (Hath	- Women's Hospital	277	7,495	189	7,911	
	TOTAL .	12,734	205,227	3,517	221,478	

United Provinces of Agra and Oudh-concld.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.
CLASS B.

		PATIENTS TREATED IN 1916.			
Station.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Out.		
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.
	Pipalmandi Dispensary .	111	7,928	120	8,048
	Tajganj Women's Dispen-		6,609	76	6,685
Agra · · }	sary. Firozabad Women's Dis-	•••	7,185	35	7,220
lammel.	pensary. Women's Dispensary	272	7,960	43	8,275
Azamgarlı .	Bhelupur Women's Hos-	•••	9,264	22	9,286
Benares • •	pital. Women's Hospital	206	10,211	22	10,439
Badaun.	Salaswan Women's Hos-	***	5,277	30	5,307
\ \	pital. Ujhani Women's Hospital Vomen's Hospital	1 38	4,626 2,278	19	4,631 2,330
Ballia Banda	attached to Sadr { Hospital. Lady Porter's Hospital	181 320	6,025 2,426	10	6,216 2,746
Julandshahr .	for Women.	104	5,989	97	6,190
Dehra Dun	Women's Hospital . { Shamshabad Women's	106 97	5,962 5,138	76 33	6,144 5,268
Farrakhabad .	Hospital. Mrs. Rustamji's Dufferin	139	2,918	*	3,057
Fatehpur .	Hospital. Anson Women's Hospital	212	8,675	15	8,902
Jonda (Calram- pur).		93	4,993	46	5,132
Hardoi • • • Hardoi (Sandila)	Women's Dispensary . Women's Dispensary .	83 72	6,316 3,335	81 72	6,480 3,479
Hamirpur.	Women's Dispensary	292	5,924	96	6,312
Mainpuri .	Victoria Women's Hospi-	725	12,507	80	13,312
Moradabad .	tal.	90	8,713	76	8,879
Moradabad (Am- roha).	ł l	74	4,359	15	4,448
Moradabad (Chandausi).	Combined Hospital	68	4,599	51	4,718
Muttra .	Women's Hospital .	277	5,700	123	6,100
Muzaffarnagar .	, c	167	6,198	462	6,827
Naini Tal	Crosthwaite Women's Dis- pensary. Women's Hospital	62	2,677	85	2,824
Orai (Jalaun) .			3,352	41	3,504
Sultanpur .	Amethi Women's Hospital	3,790	167,139	1,830	172,759
€.		Not available	-		

Native States (which now include the statistics returned by the Mysore Branch).

CLASS C.

STATION.		_	Patients treated in 1916.							
		Name of Hospital.		Ou	i.		Remarks.			
			In.	Treated in hospital,	Treated at home.	TOTAL.				
Indore .		Maharani Women's Hos-	239	11,029	83	11,401				
Alwar .		pital. Lady Dufferin Hospital	278	17,208	623	18,104				
Kotah .		Victoria Jubilee Hospital .	282	7,445	143	7,819	1			
Charatpur .		Sri Dadiji Sahiba Daryal Kaur's Hospital for	295	4,180	-	4,475				
Bikaner .		Women. Zenana Hospital	225	11,249	1,535	13,009	ļ			
Jodhpur .		Jaswant Hospital for	81	3,677	400	4,158				
Jaipur .		Women Zenana Wards, Mayo	987	14,843	150	15,980	1			
Tonk .		Hospital, Walter Zenava Hospital .	201	7,311	350	7,803	(
Beawar		Women's Hospital	94	10,954	163	11,211	ĺ			
Gwalior .	.[Jaya-Arogya Hospital for Women and Children, Lashkar.	1,032	14,415	-	15,147				
	(Civil Hospital, Upain .	323	9,218	40	9,586	}			
Rewah .		Zenana Rospital	10	6,975		6,985	ļ			
	(Jamnahai Dispensary		34,443		31,413	Į			
Barods	{	Jubilee Ward of the Lady Dafferin Hospital.	505			505				
Nahan		Shamsher Zenana Hospital	42	3,938	110	4,090	}			
Kapurthala		Victoria Jubilee Hospital	419	24,708		25,157	}			
	•	Lady Dufferin Hospital	483	6,798		7,281	ļ			
Patiala ,	. (Hendley Women's Dispen-		6,535	-	6,555				
Sangrar		Victoria Women's Hospital.	\$9	6,794	2	6,835				
Bahawalpur		Jubilee Women's Hospital	299	11,896	1,203	12,898	1			
Faridkot		Lady Dane Rani Saroj Kaur Zenana Hospital.	33	11,994		12,027				
Bhopal .		Hospital, Shoral.	498	1	975	C 601	}			
		Asha Shafakhan Dispensary		1,000	1 :	1,000				
		Birlisia Dispensary		112		112	Library's			

Native States (which now include the statistics returned by the Mysore Branch)—contd.

CLASS C-contd.

	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		PATIENTS TREATED IN 1916.						
STATION.			, 0	at.					
			Treated in hospital.	ted in Treated at pital. home.		REMARKS.			
2 200	Victoria Zenana Hospital,	2.175	12,574		14,749				
	Hyderabad. Hamamkonda Dispensary	35		•••	3,173				
1	Zenana Branch of Civil Dispensary, Aurangabad.	27	3,701		3,731				
Hyderabad	Rani Cheelam Janka Bai Zenana Hospital, Guibargali.	32	2,032	***	2,064				
	Raichar Dispensary	16	2,235	***	2,251				
	Civil Rospital, Bidne .		1,013	***	1,013				
(Dudbaoli Dispensary .		2,793	***	2,798				
Trivandram .	Combined Maternity and Women and Children's	1,775	21,810		23,585				
Quilon	Hospital. Victoria Jubileo Hospital .	1,161	14,831	91	16,083				
Alleppey	Women's side, District Hos- pital.	235	17,765	49	18,019				
Nazervoil	Women's side, District Hos- pital.	90	14,313		14,403				
Kottayam	Womon's side, District Hos- pital.	137	10,454	53 !	16,641				
Mattanchery .	Women's and Children's Hospital	868	18,021	600	19,487				
(Civil Hospital		21,245	120	21,365				
Trichur · }	Edward Memorial Maternity Hospital.	351	866	176	1,423				
Ernakalam	Women's side, General Hos-		3,605	10 ,	3,615	•			
Rajkot	pital. Rasulkhanji Hospital for Women (Kathiawar).	241	1,693	***	1,937				
Jaora .	Victoria Zenana Hospital .	259	11,977	1,978	14,214				
Srimgar, Kashmir	Diamond Jubileo Zenana Hospital.	១១৪	7,005	67	7,470				
Bottialı	Raj Dusserin Hospital .	1,117	15,133		16,250				
Darbhanga	Raj Dasteriu Hospital	772	35,211	40°	36,023	From Aug. to Decr. 1916.			

Native States (which now include the statistics returned by the Mysore Branch)—coneld.

CLASS C-concld.

		Patients treated in 1916.							
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL		0:	at.					
-		In.	Treated in hospital	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	Remarks			
Rampur	Women's Hospital	229	7,473	100	7,802	From Maj			
Bangaloro . §	Victoria Hospital, Women's Department.	989	13,517		14,606	1916			
neukatore .	Maternity Hospital	973 1,735	13,503 12,887	6,413	14,494 21,065				
MAsons .	Vani Valss Hospital	332 430	9,968 14,197	165	10,665 14,627	I			
	Gold Fields Maternity Hos-	613	87,017	64	37,691				
Kolar .	Gold Fields Women's Dis-	* 72	17,433		17,504				
,	Women's Dispensary	43	13,532		13,580				
Chickballspar Tumkur Hassan Shimoga Sagar Chickmaglur Chitaldroog	Women's Dispensary .	35 34 34 38 38 2	7,254 9,951 10,898 10,181 5,709 8,470 9,882	23 20 72 100 160 54 25	7,293 10,008 10,994 10,281 5,872 8,362 9,908				
Bogra , , .	Tsbernnnessa Women's Hospital.		4,878	180	5,039				
	Total .	21,902	665,711	16,337	703,910				

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	ber of women and children treation during 1915, extracted from 100W during 1915, extracted from 100
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APPENDIX V.

Rules for the Women's Medical Service for India, passed by the Central Committee on the 8th September 1913.

This Service shall be called "The Women's Medical Service for India." It shall be included in the National Association for Supplying Foundle Medical Aid to the Women of India, hereinafter called the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, and shall, subject to the or main, normancer cannot the Journeys of Philotelia and control of the Contral provisions of the following rules, be under the direction and control of the Contral

Committee of that Association, heroinafter called the Contral Committee. 2. The Service shall, in the first instance, consist of twenty-five first class medical women* or such number not exceeding twenty-five as the Central Committee may appoint. One-fifth of the number appointed shall form a leave reserve. Constitution.

- (a) in India by a medical sub-committee of the Contral Committee which shall 3. Recruitment for the Service shall be made
 - include the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, the Honorary Secretary
 - (b) in England by a sub-committee consisting of a modical man and two modical women conversant with conditions in India, to be nominated by the Home

Such sub-committees shall perform the duties of a medical board, examine candidates for physical fitness, and give permission to return to duty after periods of invaliding: for physical neness, and give permission to result to duty after periods of invaniong; provided that in India the sub-committee may, by general or by special order, delegate provided that in them the box committee may, by general or by special order, delegate their powers to temporary boards of local medical officers, medical women being included

4. The Central Committee shall decide what proportion of the members of the Service in cases of recruitment, invaliding and return to duty after sick leave. shall be recruited in England and in India, respectively. the Sorvice duly qualified medical women who are in the service of, or who have approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appoint approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appoint approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appoint approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appoint approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appoint approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appoint approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appoint approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appoint approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appoint approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appoint approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appoint approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appoint approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to the Countess of Dufferin' improved survice to, one Countries of Danciers Faire, Shall he paid to the claims of candidates who ment, and thereafter special consideration shall be paid to the claims of candidates who have qualified in local institutions and of those who are natives of India.

(a) is not a British Subject resident in the United Kingdom or in a British Colony or in British India or who is not a person resident in any territory of any 5. No one shall be a member of this Service who or in Drings Linus or who is not a person resident in any territory of any Native Prince or Chief under the suzerainty of His Majesty exercised through the Governor-General of India or through any Governor or other officer

(b) is loss than 24 or more than 30 years of age: provided that this condition shall not be enforced in the case of qualified medical women who are in the sorvice of, or who have rendered approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's

(e) is not a first class medical woman, i.e., does not possess a medical qualification registrable in the United Kingdom under the Medical Act or an Indian

or Colonial qualification registrable in the United Kingdom under that Act; (d) cannot produce a certificate of health and character.

. Vide rule 5 (c) infra.

Provided that the Central Committee shall, at any time, have power to promote to the

service ladies not possessing the above qualifications, but who have shown marked capacity. -

6. Members of the Service chall be appointed by the Central Committee to serve in Conditions of the several provinces.

service.

7. Members of the Service on appointment shall engage for general service anywhere in India and Burma and shall serve a period of probation in one of the larger hospitals of the province to which they are posted, extending, in the case of those recruited in England, to six months and, in the case of those recruited in India, to three mouths.

At the end of such period of probation their appointment shall be confirmed or tarminated as the ages may be by neder of the floor t de the report of the called the Provinnancially concerned.

(vide rule 8 infra.)

After confirmation, service shall, at any time, be terminable on three months' notice on either side, and the Central Committee shall have power to dispense with the services of any member of the Service on the payment of three months' salary in lieu of notice.

8. Members of the Service shall receive their non and alla-Þт fo (

tha

aut ... or successives anabelatily concerned,

9. Members of the Service shall receive a salary of R350 during their period of probation, and thereafter a salary of fi400 from the 1st to the 4th year inclusive. H450 from the 5th to the 7th year, R500 from the 8th to the 10th year and R550 after the 10th year: Provided that no member of the Service shall be confirmed in the H400 grade unless she has passed an examination in such vernicular as the Provincial Committee shall prescribe within one year of her appointment : Provided also that in the case of service other than under the Fund such service should not, as a matter of course, count for service as contemplated in this rule.

In addition suitable quarters shall be provided free of rent; or, a house-rent allowance to be determined by the Provincial Committee after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 8 supra) shall be granted in lieu of it.

10. Members of the Service shall be entitled to travelling allowance on the scale and subject to the conditions set out in Appendix I to these rules.

11. Members of the Service shall be entitled to leave according to the regulations set out in Appendix II to these rules.

12. Members of the Service shall join a Provident Fund on 11 the conditions are in

that . - maure of their official duties.

A Liverman Committee shall have power to decide in any case, after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (eide rule 8 espra), whether private practice does in fact interfere with the performance of official dation.

14. Members of the Service shall retire on attaining the age of 55 fears makes the Central Committee, on the recommendation of the Provincial Committee, after orn-Central communes, on the controller francially excessed (rife mil 8 rayes, cultation with the authority or authorities francially excessed (rife mil 8 rayes, desire to retain their services for a further period to be described by flow.

Position in respect of Central, Provincial and Local Committees, etc.

- 15. When appointed to a province, members of the Service shall forthwith become subordinate to the Provincial Committee in all matters, and they shall not correspond with the Central Committee except through the Provincial Committee.
- 16. The Provincial Committee shall have powers of disciplinary control over members of the Service including suspension, but powers of removal or dismissal for inefficiency, misconduct or other valid cause, shall be vested in the Central Committee only.
- 17. A member of the Service, who has been recruited in England, shall, in the event of notice under rule 7 or removal or dismissal under rule 16 supra, receive a sum sufficient to cover her return journey to England.
- 18. Every hospital shall be in charge of a Local Committee and a member of the Service in independent charge of such hospital shall be entitled to attend all meetings of the Local Committee: provided that if her own action or conduct is called in question she shall retire from the meeting after stating her case.
- 19. Members of the Service in independent charge of a hospital or other institution shall have full professional control of the hospital or other institution and such powers of administrative control as the Local Committee, with the provious sanction of the Provincial Committee and the Local Government after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 8 supra), may determine.
- 20. Members of the Service and the hospitals or other institutions under their charge shall be subject to such inspection as the Local Government, after consultation with the Provincial Committee and the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 8 supra), may determine, due regard being paid to purdah. The Provincial Committee shall have power to depute a member of the Service to inspect hospitals or other institutions within their jurisdiction, reporting to the Provincial Committee.
- 21. The Central Committee shall have power, in communication with the Provincial Committee, to depute any qualified person or persons to inspect members of the Service and the hospitals or other institutions under their charge.
- 22. Local Governments shall be requested to frame rules for the appointment, suspension, removal or dismissal of assistant or sub-assistant surgeous, matrons, nurses, subordinate and menial staff, in hospitals, or other institutions in independent charge of members of the Service with due regard to the position of such members on the one hand and of the Provincial Committee and the authority or authorities financially concorned (vide rule S supra) on the other.
- 23. Local Governments shall be requested to frame rules, after consultation with the Provincial Committee and the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 8 supra), for the inspection by members of the Service of branch dispensaries or other medical institutions in charge of women.
 - 24. The decision of the Central Committee shall be final in all cases.
- 25. The Central Committee reserve power to alter these rules from time to time after consultation, where necessary, with Local Governments and Provincial Committees.

Rule 14 was amended as above at a meeting of the Central Committee of the Association held at Viceregal Lodge, Simla, on the 9th May 1916.

Rule 9 was amended as above at a meeting of the Gentral Committee of the Association held at Viceregal Lodge, Delhi, on the 12th February 1917.

Note.—Rules 5 (c) and 16 were amended as above at a meeting of the Cent-al Committee of the Association held at Viceregal Lodge, Delhi, on the 3rd February 1914.

Appendices to the Rules for the Women's Medical Service for India.

NOTE.

The following Travelling Allowance, Leave, and Provident Fund rules have been framed for the members of the Women's Medical Service for India, and shall be binding on the Provincial or Local Committees, who will have no power to ereced them without the sanctine of the Central Committee. That tody, while reserving to fiself the right to alter the rules from time to time, as experience may from the arisability, or to to alter the rules and in cases of individual hardship, desires it to be understood that the rules shall in general be adhered to and that applications for exceptional treatment will only be entertained for very precided reasors.

APPENDIX I.

Travelling Allowance Rules.

- I. A member of the Women's Medical Service appointed in England shall receive a sum of £70 to corer her passage and incidental expresse; and shall receive travelling allowance from the port of disembarkation to the station to which she is first appointed under the rules below at the rates for transfers. A member appointed in India shall receive travelling allowance under the rules below at the rates for transfers from her place of residence to the statue to which she is first appointed.
 - 2. Travelling allowance is divided into two classes-
 - (a) on transfer from one station to another; and
 - (6) on ordinary or inspection duty when the member's headquarters are not changed.
 - Travelling is also divided into two classes-
 - (i) journeys by rail or eteamer; and
 - (ii) journeys by road. This includes all positions of a journey, however short, performed by road between the member's place of residence and the railway station, between the railway station and the new place of residence, between railway stations, road journeys proper, etc. Each portion of a journey performed by road which is followed by a journey by rail shall be considered separately.
 - 3. The travelling allowance for ordinary journeys by rail shall be 1] first class fares and one third class tooket for a servant, if taken. In the cast of transfers the member shall be allowed in addition another third class fare, shall two serrants be taken, and the cost of conveyance of the excess luggage setually taken up too I limit of ten munufa, in support of which she must attach a critificate. The raics shall be the same for journey by steamer where board is not included in the fare. Where it is included, only one first class fare shall be allowed.
 - 4. For travelling by road, should the distance travelled exceed 6 miles, the member shall be given an inclusive rate of 8 annua per mile in the case of ordinary journeys; in the case of transfer the rate shall be RI per mile. For portions of a journey of less

than 5 miles performed by road the member shall receive on ordinary journeys the actual expense of conveying herself, her servant, and luggage up to a limit of R2-8, on production of a certificate from her of the amount actually spent. On transfer the limit shall be R5.

5. The cost of travelling allowances shall be defrayed as follows:-

In the case of transfer from one Province to another, by the Central Committee. In the case of journeys within the Province, by the Provincial Committee.

Example.—A member travels on ordinary duty from A to B. She travels 3 miles by read from her residence to the railway station at A and by rail from A to X: from X she travels by read 4 miles to railway station Y and from Y by rail to station Z: from Z she travels 20 miles by read to B. She shall be entitled to actual expenses, subject to a limit of H2-8 in each case, for the read journeys from her residence to railway station A, and from railway station X to railway station Y. She shall be entitled to H10 for the journey from railway station Z to B, whether the actual expenses are more or less than this sum. For the railway journeys from A to X and Y to Z she shall receive 1½ first class fares and a third class fare for a servant, if one is taken.

APPENDIX II.

Leave Rules.

All members of the Women's Medical Service shall be subject to the same leave rules.

The following are the varieties of leave admissible: -

- (a) Casual Leave.
- (b) Privilege Leave.
- (c) Furlough.
- (d) Sick Leave.
- (e) Extraordinary Leave.
- 2. Casual leave is occasional leave for a few days, and may be granted at the discretion of the Provincial or Local Committee. Such leave cannot be combined with any other kind of leave.
- 3. Privilege leave is earned at the rate of one month for each calendar year of service, but may be granted during the year in which it is being earned, e.g., A, who joins the service on the 1st April 1915, is eligible for one month's privilege leave during the summer of 1915 and for a second month's privilege leave on or after the 2nd April 1916. This leave is meant to provide a month's holiday during the year and not to be accumulated. In the event, however, of its being found impossible to grant any member privilege leave during the year, she may carry the month's privilege leave refused her to her credit. But in no case can privilege leave be accumulated beyond a limit of 3 months. In the event of privilege leave being so refused, an entry should be made by the Provincial Committee so as to enable the leave to be taken to credit, and in the case of transfer, the fact should be notified to the Committee concerned Privilege leave, taken by itself, can be granted by the Provincial or Local Committee.
- 1. Furlough is carned at the rate of two months for each year's presence on duty—in which is included privilege and casual leave—and furlough earned and not taken remains at credit throughout a member's service. More than eight months' furlough shall not, however, be granted at one time, and first furlough shall not be granted until

after four years' schive service from the date of poining. Furlough, moreover, shall not be granted until after three years' active service from the date of the last return from farlough, sick leave, or extraordinary leave exceeding one month. Any privilege leave which is due duling the year or which has accumulated in accordance with Rule 3 may be profixed to furlough.

Study leave shall be added to furlough and shall not exceed three months, at any time, and shall not be less than one month, and shall not exceed nine months in the members total service. Certificates providing study leave claims must be submitted to the Central Committee.

Any member on study leave shall receive two-thirds of her average monthly pay during such period instead of one-half (see Rule 8).

5 Sick leave can be granted at any time on production of a medical certificate from the Giril Surgeon Such leave cannot, however, be taken in excess of one year at any time, and in all to a total extent exceeding two years. Any periods of sick leave taken in excess of those maxima must be taken as extraordinary leave Privilege leave may be pracfixed to sick leave in the same says at on turbough.

Extraordinary leave may be granted at any time at the discretion of the Central Committee. Any privilege leave due may be prefixed to extraordinary leave, but extraordinary leave (i) may not be taken without all the privilege leave due being prefixed to it, and (ii) may not be taken when furlough is due or sick leave can be granted. An exception to the latter provise (ii) is that Provincial or Local Committees may grant extraordinary leave up to a limit of one month where special circumstances crust and where the member can be spranted without inconvenience. Any period of extraordinary leave so taken shall not count as active service for the purpose of Rule 4, though, as explained in that rule, it will not operate so as to prevent the member taking furlough until after these parar from her return from the

7. Enriough or sick leave may be extended by the grant of extraordinary leave; and furlough may be extended by the grant of sick leave, on production of a medical certificate to the estisfaction of the Central Committee, but in the latter case the total leave shall not exceed one year and shall be subject to the provise that the period of extension shall not cause the limit of two years admissible as with leave to be exceeded.

8. The allowances during leave shall be as follows :-

Casuaband privilege leave, the full pay that is being drawn at the time the leave is taken.

Farlough and sick leave, half the average monthly pay of the six months' presence on duty immediately preceding the taking of the leave (see size Rule 4). When such leave is combined with modellone leave. " months shall be calculated from the date

must make their own arrangements to draw their allowances in India.

O. Except in the case of casual leave, privilege leave, or extraordinary leave not exceeding one month, leave shall be granted by the Central Committee, to whom applications should be submitted through the Provincial or Local Committee.

Example.—A joined the service on the 1st April 1915. She takes one month's privilege leave in the summer of 1915, 1916, and 1917. In 1918 she cannot be spared and in 1919 only two weeks "privilege can be granted. On 16th April 1920 the takes 22 months' privilege leave combined with 8 months' furlough, returning to duty on the 194

March 1921. In the summer of 1921 she takes one month's privilege leave combined with one month's extraordinary leave and does the same in the summer of 1922. In 1923 she cannot be granted privilege leave, and she desires to go on combined leave in 1924. She will have completed three years' active service from her last return from furlough on the 1st May 1924, as the two months' extraordinary leave does not count as active service, and the total amount of furlough earned by her will be 'ath of the period—1st April 1915 to 1st July 1920—the date of completion of her privilege leave—(5\frac{1}{2}\text{ years}) plus of the three years completed on the 1st May 1924, i.e., \frac{1}{6}\text{th} of 8\frac{1}{2}\text{ years}, or one year 4\frac{1}{2}\text{ months}. She has, therefore, 16\frac{1}{2}-8\text{ months} = 8\frac{1}{2}\text{ months' furlough to her credit and can take 8\text{ months' furlough from the 1st May 1924, and as she is entitled to 2\text{ months' privilege leave which counts as active service, she can actually depart on combined leave on the 1st March 1924.

APPENDIX III.

Provident Fund Rules.

Every member of the Service is required to contribute monthly to the Provident Fund a sum equivalent to 5 per cent. of her salary. Subscription on leave of any kind shall be optional. The amount of subscription shall be 5 per cent. of the leave allowances admissible during the leave. The contribution shall be deducted from each month's salary or leave allowances and credited to the member's account in the Provident Fund.

- 2. The Association shall contribute to each subscriber's account on the 1st April and the 1st October of each year a sum equivalent to the amount of the contributions of the subscriber during six months immediately preceding.
- 3. Each subscriber's account shall be credited with interest on the amount standing at its credit at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum or at such rate as the Central Committee can invest without risk to the fund of the Association.
 - 4. The sum which accumulates to the credit of a subscriber shall be payable to her-
 - (1) on retirement after approved service;
- (2) on resignation on account of ill-health, provided that no subscriber shall be paid the amount of the contribution made to her account by the Association with the interest thereon unless she has rendered not less than 5 years' approved service or unless she is incapacitated by disease contracted in and by the service.
- 5. The dismissal from the service, by the Central Committee, of any subscriber shall involve forfeiture of the contributions by the Association and the interest thereon.
- 6. In the event of the death of a subscriber before retirement or after retirement, but before the money has been handed over, it shall be paid to the legal representative of the estate.
- 7. Absolutely necessary advances against the sum to the subscriber's credit, and ordinarily not exceeding three months' pay, may be made to meet emergent expenditure, at the discretion of the Central Committee. Such advances shall be repayable by instalments to be fixed by the Central Committee in each case.
 - 8. Each subscriber shall be furnished once a year with a statement of her account.
 - 9. The Central Committee may revise these rules as it considers necessary.

APPENDIX VI.

Members of the Women's Medical Service for India.

- 1. RALYOUR, DR. MARGARET I., L R.C.P. & S., L.F.P. & S., M.B., C.M., M.D.
- 2. BARNES, DR. FLORENCE DISSENT, L.R.C.P. & S., L.P.P. & S., M.D.
- 3. BATHO, DE MARION, I., M. Ch., L.M., L.B.F.P. & S., L.A.H.
- 4. COMMISSABIAT, DR. SHERIN H., L.M., P.R.C.S.
- 5. CURIEL, DR DAGMAR F., M.B., ch B, M.D.
- 6. FIRLD, DR. VIOLET E, LRC.P. & s.
- 7. GEORGE, DR. JESSTE E., L.M., L.B.C.P. & S., L.F.P. & S.
- 8. GHOSE, Dr. L. M., L.M., L.A.H., F.R.C.S.
- 9. HOULTON, DR. CHARLOTTE L., M.B., B S.
- 10. JERVIS, DR. MILLICENT, L.M.S.
- II. KAMALAKAB, DR. DWARRABAI, L M., L R.C.P. & S., L.P.P & S.
- 12. Leach, Dr. Florence B., L.M., LE C.P. & S., M.D.
- 13. MACLAREN, DR. HARRIET J. C., M.A., M.E., Ch.B., M.D.
- 14. Ma Saw Sa, Dr., L.M., F.R.C.S., D.P.H.
- 15 McKenzie, Dr. Alice M. C. L., L.R.C.P. & S., L.F.P. & S., M D.
- 16. MICHAEL, DB. DAIST K. F., M.B., C.M.
- 17. MURPHY, DR. MARGARET C., M.R., M.R.C.S., L.B.C.P.
- 18. NAOROSI, DR. MEHER A. D., M.B., Ch.B.
- 19. O'BRIEN, DR. MARY, L.S.A., M.B., B 6.
- 20. O'NEILE, DR. KATHEBINE M., M.B., C.M.
- 21. PLATT, DR. KATE A., M.D., B.S.
- 22 Scott, Dr. AGRES C., M.B.
- 23. SCOTT, DR FLORENCE A., L.M., L.R.C.P. & s., L.V.P. & s.
- 24. Watts, Dr. Adeline M., L.B.C.P. & S., L.P.P. & S., L.M.R.C.T.
- 25. WREE, DR. MILLICYNT V., LEC.P. & S., LEF.P. & S.
- 26. Wilson, Dr. Ruth, B. sc., M B., ch.B.
- 27. Yamini Ben, Dr. L.M., F.B.F.P. & s.

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APPENDIX VII.

Summaries of Reports of certain Branches and Native States.

Baluchistan Branch.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. L. Duke, I.M.S., Residency Surgeon and Chief Medical Officer in Baluchistan, in submitting the usual very interesting annual reports on the Hospitals in Baluchistan for 1916, remarks that the new buildings at Quetta, to which allusion is made, are now nearly completed and will be ready for use in a couple of months or less.

Quetta .- Miss E. M. Cardozo, L.R.C.P. & S., in charge of the Dufferin hospital, states as follows :-- " During the year under report (11 months) the hospital has fully maintained its popularity amongst the respectable classes for whom it is reserved. The new hospital is under construction. The donation of Rs. 10,000 towards the building fund given by a generous and philanthropic Parsce gentleman, K. B. Ardeshar Marker, mentioned in the last year's report, was raised to Rs. 15,000 and other gentlemen also have made donations of varying amounts. Mrs. Tupper, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, who was ongaged on the 1st January 1916, resigned her appointment on the 29th October 1916. The head nurse, Rebecca Ishaq, and compounder, Mary Pascal, did good work. The President, Lady Ramsay, often visited the hospital during the working hours and showed a keen regard for the patients, and Mrs. Pierse, the Vice-President, helped in many ways. The Honorary Secretary, Colonel Duke, also gave invaluable assistance. The total number of out-patients was 20,486 compared with 26,386 last year, of which, 5853 were new cases compared with 6,501 in 1915. The in-patients numbered 97 against 104. The above decrease is accounted for by the fact that these statistics are for eleven months while those of the last report were for thirteen months. The daily average was 72.78 against 89. The major and minor operations were 105 against 87. The number of patients treated in their own homes was 62."

Lioutenant-Colonel A. L. Duke, I.M.S. reports that in the Patel ward of the Civil hospital 165 in-patients were treated. The more common diseases were malaria, diseases of the digestive system, and diseases of the eye. Of the 165 patients, 98 were Muhammadans, 52 Hindus and 15 belonged to other castes. Three obstetric cases were admitted.

Sibi.—Miss A. Alfred, L. M. & S., in charge of the McIvor women's hospital, Sibi, reports—

"The number of new patients treated in 1916 was 3,132, including 95 in-door, against 3,910, including 74 in-door. The numbers in 1915 were for thirteen months. Thirty-five patients were treated in their homes against 81 in 1915. Out of these, 11 were free of charge, against 23 last year. Seven midwifery cases against 22, 59 operations against 65 and 197 cases of disease peculiar to women against 183 were treated. The new hospital sanctioned by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General for Sibi, last year, was in course of construction during the year and is almost completed. It will be a great boon to the public. It consists of 5 family wards, out-door administrative block, an operating theatre, quarters for the hospital staff and medical

Baluchistan.] APPENDIX VII -RIPORTS OF CERTAIN BHANCHES AND 123 NATIVE STATES—confd.

women's quarters. A 5-bed indoor ward is yet to be built. Furniture for the hospital is deficient as yet

hospital, has very kindly I donation :-- An operating

stand. Major MacCounghey, the Political Agent, Sibi, has done much to improve the financial condition of this hespital. Lady Rawsay, the President of the Balachistan Branch, and Mrs. MacCounghey continue to be interested in this hospital, by their visits and advice. Mrs. Arrher, who had taken a keen interest in the hospital here and at Ziarat ever since 1903 and had shown great sympathy with the poor local and other slok women, has gone to England for good The Fund also loses a subscriber la her."

Fort Sandeman.—Major C. E. Bruce, I.A., Political Agent in Zhob, in furnishing the following interesting report by the Civil Surgeon, remarks:—

"The Civil Surgeon's report hows that the year has been one of steady progress and the increased attendance is a clear indication that the Datierin hospital at Fort Sandeman continues to maintain its popularity. With a view to further increase the usefulness of the institution, the necessity of augmenting the monthly contingent grout of the hospital has been represented to me by the Civil Surgeon, Fort Sandeman, and the question is being dealt with separately If the institution is to maintain its popularity some means of increasing its resources will have to be found. Defore the next annual sport is submitted, it is, however, hoped some solution may have been found which will establish the work of providing feamle medical relief to women to be carried on with increased sencess. In conclusion, I would add that the greatest credit for the satisfactory progress of the institution is due to Major A. Spitte'er, I.M.S., who has taken the keenest inderest in the Dulksran hospital times this approximent as tivil Surgeon of Fort Sandeman."

Mains & Cartellan T.M.R. Civil Connects Brown Condenses and and

Major A. Spitteler, I.M.S. Civil Eurgeon, Fort Sandeman, reports -"The hospital is under the administrative control of the Civil Surgeon, Fort Sandeman, and the staff consists of the following :- Miss Roberts, Lady Superintendent in charge, Meriam Bai, midwife and compounder, a female ward servant and a female aweeper. Miss Roberts held charge of the hospital from the 1st January to the 23rd November, when she proceeded on leave. During her absence, as no qualified female was available, the charge of the hospital devolved on Mariam Bai, the midwife and compounder, who worked under the direct supervision of the Civil Surgeon. Under this scheme, the patients attending the hospital were only seen by their own sex, unless the patients expressed a desire to see the Civil Surgeon, a privilege which was largely made use of, as shown by the increased attendance. There were 5,352 new patients treated in the Jear against 3,640 in 1915, and 9,649 old and new cases were treated against 7,648 in 1915. The number of operations performed was 369 against 426. The average daily attendance was 16 59 as against 13 52. The popularity of the hospital is increasing every year, and it is largely made use of not only by the local people, but by trans-border Pathan women. Owing to the limited accommodation, only a certain number of patients can be admitted into the hospital, and for want of funds even the number of beds in the hospital cannot be fully utilised. The amount of contingent allowance sanctioned for the hospital for dieting, warming, washing, and local purchase of drugs, etc., is very small, and an increased grant will be necessary to maintain the ropularity of the hospital. I suggest that the amount of Re. 35 a month for contingencies be increased to at least Rs. 50 a mouth. Miss Roberts worked hard during the year under report and owing to ill-health she was compelled to take leave. On account of her mill and sympathetic treatment, the attendance had largely increased. the midwite and compounder, deserves credit for the successful way in which.

NATIVE STATES.

Rajputana.

Rajputana.—The Chief Medical Officer in Rajputana forwards interesting summaries of the following hospitals for 1916:—

The Jaswant hospital for women, Jodhpur.

The Victoria Jubilee hospital, Kotah,

The Mayo hospital, Jaipur.

The Zenana hospital, Bikaner.

The Walter Zenana hospital, Tonk

The Lady Dufferin hospital, Alwar. The Female hospital, Bharstpur.

The Walter Zenana hospital, Udaipur

The Women's dispensary, Beawar

Johnpur,—Mrs. Stirling, M.E., B.C.H., B.A.O., returned from leave and
resumed charge of the Jauwant hospital for Women at Johnpur on the 20th January 1916,
from founds sub-assustant surgeon Miss H Paul. There were 81 in and 3,677 outpatents/tracked against 62 in and 3,280 out-patients in the previous year and 400 patients
were treated at their homes by the Medical Woman. Twenty-one major and 40 minor
oversitions were serfounde against 87 minor operations in 1915.

Kotah.—Miss J, Newion, L.R.C.P. & S., L.P.P.S., has been in charge of the Victoria Jubilee hospital, Kotah, throughout the year. There was an innease of 737 out-patients as compared with the figures of 1915, which is attributable to malaria after the heavy rainfall. There were 223 in-patients treated against 225 in 1916. The number of operations performed was 312 against 235 in the previous year.

Twenty-one midwifery cases were treated in the hospital Fifteen midwifery patients were treated at their homes by the Ludy Superntendent, 8 by the famale sub-assistant surgeon and 6t by both the midwires attached to the hospital. No day, classe was hold at Kotah in 1916 There dais were sent to the Aiguser dei traiting class in August 1916. Of these, two only were admitted, and one was sent back on account of old age and loss of vision Of the two admitted, and one was sent back on account of old age and loss of vision Of the two admitted, and one was sent back on account of the account.

F. P. S., has been in charge aghout the year. There was a

decrease in the number of both in and out-door attendance as compared with 1016. Nangi Esi continues her study at the Agra Medical school in the sub-assistant surgeon class as a Jaipur State student. The building of the new block for families in memory of Lady Hardinge is in progress. No dai class was held at Jaipur during the year. Three dairs were sent to the Ajmere dai class for training in July 1916, of these, two only were admitted. Of the two admitted, on owes discharged on the 4th October 1016.

Hikaner.—Miss J. Marsh, LR CP. & S. LF.P.S. and M.H., has been in charge of the Zenana hopital, Bikaner, throughout the year. There were 235 in and 12,724 out-patients treated against 199 in and 7,084 out-door patients in the previous year. The number of operations performed was 118 major and 493 minor against major and 499 minor operations in 1915. There is no female hornital.

on the hospital work during Miss Roberts' absence. Through her hard work and tactful dealing with the patients the popularity of the hospital was maintained, and extra work was thrown on her shoulders during the days I attended the hospital, as she had to propare patients for operations and administer chloroform in addition to attending the out-patients. The hospital is largely made use of by patients for diseases peculiar to women, and has done a good deal in mitigating the suffering of a class who do not attend a civil hospital for such complaints, and I consider every endeavour should be made to maintain the popularity of the hospital."

Mysore Branch.

The following report on the working of this Branch has been kindly forwarded by Rao Bahadur Rajakaryapravina, T. V. Armugam Mudaliar, Esq., M.B., C.M., Honorary Secretary. The number of patients treated during the period under report was 207,153. Four pupils, riz., Miss Domingo, Michelamma, Arokiamary and Mrs. E. Rozario, who, as stated in the previous report, were still under training, completed their course during 1916 and passed the necessary qualifying examination. Four pupils were admitted during the period under report and were under training on the 31st December 1916. The midwifery classes were conducted at the Maternity hospital, Bangalore, by Dr. Miss R. Govindrajalu, M.D., at the Maternity hospital, Robertsonpet, by 1st class lady apothecary Mrs. L. H. Rozario and at the Vani Vilas hospital, Mysore, by Miss Ayacheammaul, L.M.S.

North-West Frontier Province Branch.

Dehra Ismail Khan,—Lieutenant-Colonel T. W. Irvine, I.M.S., Chief Medical Officer, North-West Frontier Province and Honorary Secretary, forwards the following report by Dr. Alice M. Headwards, L. R. F. P. & S., L. M., in charge of the Municipal Zonana hospital:—

"The hospital was closed during the time I was away on leave. Work done during the year has been satisfactory, the numbers showing an increase all round. New out-door patients treated numbered 5,375 against 4,325 last year; new in-door patients 238 against 221; and maternity cases (normal and abnormal) 98 against 77. The increase in the number of maternity cases coming into the hospital is very satisfactory, particularly as the number necludes 7 or more Muhammadan patients who came in of their own accord for normal confinements. They have all along been opposed to coming into hospital and we hope for an increase in their number this year. The Muhammadan purdah woman training as a dai passed the examination for dais held in Lahore early in the year. An attempt is being made to teach indigenous dais who work in the city. They are given lectures weekly, and receive a small amount of money to induce them to attend regularly. The scheme has only lately been started and is at present in an experimental stage. If successful, it is hoped to expand it, so that the majority of patients attended by the dais in the city will benefit considerably."

NATIVE STATES.

Rajputaua.

Rajputana. The Chief Medical Office in Fagrician ferrolls increasing summaries of the following Loggitals for 1916 -

The Jaswart Lospital for women, Johnson.

The Victoria Jubiles Longital, Estab.

The Mayo bospital, Jairur.

The Zerana bospital, Eiterer.

The Walter Zenama Lorning! Tomb The Lady Dufferin Logital, Siver-

The Female torpital, Elemetrer.

The Walter Zenana horning, Teatren.

The Women's dispensiry, Earni.

Jodhpur.-Mr. Stiffing M.E. EC.H. 140, remed from sure and resumed charge of the Jacoust Longital for Western at Softime on the Sale Sentent as I. from founds exhausistant surgeon Lies H. Pont. There were El in and Island national instead agrainst 62 in and 3,200 orthogrammic in the propriets year and 41, presents were treated at their homes by the Kelini Wenner. Wenny me water and all more operations were performed against in minor operations in 2122.

Kotab.-Nies J. Nester, LECP. & E. LIEF. im leer it darp of the Victoria Jubiles hapital, Krish, sinoughout the year. There was an increase of 787 out-patients as compared with the figures of 1217, which is announced the malaria after the heavy minfull. There were that in our immediations have the lift. The number of open on performed was 110 anime 12 in the perform you

Twenty-one midwifery cases were treated in the known I. Fitness milivifers parleme were treated at their tomes by the Lady Superimenters. I by the female end-services. surgeon and all by both the milwine stinded to the invital. To and where was held at Kolah in 1916 Thros drie were sent to the figure for marine time in Anger. _ 1916. Of these, two cale were admitted and one was sen land an arrows it all are and לביים דשו יים לה ביל לוב מותונים בו לבשורים מות לבונולות בשו בל בלו לO andir fo and

Jaipar,-Mis L.E. Sels, R.D., L.R.C.R. Et . I.E.S. Em Ser is deep of the female work of the Mary hopfiel Jaipon immorphism the year. There was a decrease in the number of both in and mu-floor attendance to support with ISLL Nangi Bal continues her study at the Agen Medical school at the ethosole are engreen class as a Jaipur State statent. The building of the new 2 wit the families in reserve of lady Hardings is in progress. No des there we half at Judge the rate was Three dais were sent to the Africa dai alies for maining in July 2727 of Lose too only were admitted. Of the two educated, one was the harper on the Sil function Little

Bikaner,-Nie I. Nent, LECP. & S. LEFS. mi XII. Im ber & charge of the Zenana hospital, Ettamer, throughout the year. There were 21% in and 18,784 out-patients treated against 190 in said \$1,64 our-loos paniers in the previous year. The number of operations performed was 115 major self five mixer against 1.17. major and 439 minor operations in 1915. There is no female stimmental surger in the Tonk.—The work of the Walter Zenana hospital, Tonk, was carried on by female sub-assistant surgeon Imaman during the year under the supervision of the State Surgeon, Tonk State. There was a decrease in the number of both in and out-door ratients treated, as compared with 1915, which is probably due to the want of a Lady Superintendent. Thirty-one major and 316 minor operations were performed against 25 major and 358 minor operations in the previous year.

Alwar.—Female sub-assistant surgeon Bala Bai has been in sole charge of the Dufferin hospital at Alwar. There were 273 in and 17,831 out-door patients treated against 830 in and 19,590 out-door patients in 1915. The number of operations performed was 67 major and 1,051 minor against 102 and 1,292 respectively of last year. Miss B. K. Choudhri, L.M.S., remained in charge of the hospital from the 1st October to the 20th November, 1916.

Bharatpur.—Female sub-assistant surgeon Mrs. Patwardhan was in charge of the Women's hospital at Bharatpur up to the 27th August 1916, when she resigned her appointment. Since then male sub-assistant surgeon Ram Sahai of the Victoria hospital there has been working in her place in addition to his own duties. There were 295 in and 4,180 out-door patients treated, as compared with 308 in and 4,261 out-door patients in 1915.

Udaipur. The Walter Zenana hospital, Udaipur, remained closed during the year 1916.

Beawar.—Female sub-assistant surgeon Miss Q. Houlton has been in charge of the Women's ward of the Charitable dispensary at Beawar throughout the year. There was an increase of 998 out-patients, as compared with 1915, due to malaria after the heavy rainfall and the popularity of Miss Houlton. The operations performed were 836 as compared with 621 of the previous year. Of these, 68 were important major operations. The female sub-assistant surgeon is zealous and popular and doing good work which is appreciated.

Hyderabad (Deccan).

The Director of His Highness the Nizam's Medical Department has kindly furnished the following interesting summary of work done in the Women's medical institutions of the State during 1916:—

Victoria Zenana Hospital, Hyderabad.—During-the year under report 12,574 out-door and 2,175 in-door patients, making a total of 14,749, were treated in this lospital. Of the in-patients, 1,036 cases were obstetrical. There were 1,139 patients admitted to the general wards. The number of operations performed was 656, 204 of these being obstetrical. Miss N. Evans, L. R. C. P. & S. (Edinburgh), held charge as Senior Visiting Surgeon throughout the year. Miss A. D'Costa and Mrs. P. Partridge held the post of Senior and Junior out-patient surgeon, respectively. Mrs. O. Watts performed the duties of Senior Resident Surgeon and Miss I. Horsley and Miss F. Ross, that of Assistant Resident Surgeons, assisting the Senior Surgeon in all the major operations. The training of dais is making progress. A large number after passing have been appointed to district dispensaries.

Dudbaoli Dispensary, Hyderabad.—There were 2,798 new and 4,776 old patients treated in this dispensary, the minor operations performed being 57. This report deals with a period of 223 days only, as the Zenana department was closed for the remaining part of the year.

Gulbargah Women's Hospital.—The number of out-patients treated was 2,032, and in-patients 32, making a total of 2,064.

Aurangabad Dispensary .- The number of out-patients treated was \$,701, against 3,677 last year. The number of in-patients was 27. There were 31 labour cases, 27 of which were natural labour conducted by the dai and 4 instrumental cases conducted by the medical woman. The number of surgical operations performed was 50. Hanamkonda Dispensary.-The number of out-patients treated was

3,13S and in-patients admitted 35, making a total of 3,173.

Raichur Disponsary .- A medical woman was appointed to this dispensary in February 1916. The number of out-patients was 2,235 and in-patients 16; of the latter. 3 were obstetrical cases. Forty-four midwifery cases were conducted by the midwife, Mrs. Meek, at the homes of the patients. The operations numbered b7. A class for the training of dais has been opened at this dispensary since October 1916, and one student is at present under training.

Bidar Dispensary.—The number of out-patients treated by the female selassistant surgeon at the dispensary was 1,013. There are at present 5 female students in the local medical school.

Travancore and Cochin.

The work done in the State hospitals set apart for the treatment of writer 1916 is given in the summary below, which has been received from A. E. Cramina 3the Resident of Travancore and Cochin :-

Trivandrum -Combined Maternity and Women and Hospital,-The hospital was moved to the new buildings in Torani an and an arms 1916. Mrs C. dustin, Medical Woman in charge, resigned the service and land 1916, and Miss M. C. Poonen was appointed instead. The included treated in the out-patient department shows an increase of 425 in-patient department a decrease of 1,164. The manhe of the same shows a decrease of 91 over last year. The number comments was a decrease of 91 over last year. minor, 441.

Quilon.-Jubilee Victoria hospital.-Tithe year was 1,161 in the in-patient department and 12 the of whom 91 were treated in their own homes, Itanian in and out-patient departments. There were 25 139 were obstetric cases. During the latter part of long leave, resigned, and Dr. K. Raman Tarne, which a summer to s now in charge of this inctifution also completed last year are now being compared in

Alleppey. District hospital _____ in this hospital during the year min and a second a second 17,818 out-patients and 235 in-patients The number of minor operations

Nagercoll-District harmy transferred and hospital ascrine I- Iservices of the latter were discount of the latter were discountered.

Rottayam, District Laging to this hospital. There were in the of 95-53 per day; and 22 come the whole was very stilliance. We start the start the start that t

Cochin.-Mattanchery, Ernakulam and Trichur.-The Women and Children's hospital, Mattanchery, the King Edward Maternity hospital, Trichur, and the female side, Trichur Civil hospital, continued to carry on the work of female medical aid throughout the year. In the General hospital, Ernakulam, the female patients were separately treated in the out-patient department by posting a female sub-assistant surgeon in charge from the 5th of November 1916. The results of the work in the above four institutions for the year were as follows:-Total women and children treated in 1916, 45,890; daily average attendance, 443.70; number of operations 1,411; and midwifery cases normal 409, abnormal 102. A medical woman, 6 female sub-assistant surgeons, 3 matrons, 4 nurses, 5 female compounders and worked in the cause of female medical aid in the State during 17 midwives Stipends are offered to indigenous midwives (untrained) practising in the State to undergo training in the King Edward Maternity hospital for a period of 6 months on Rs. 10 each. Four of these were trained and sent out to practise among the people and four others admitted to undergo training during the year. medical scholarships are provided by the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, and a third by the State Medical department; the institution of three more scholarships is under consideration. Of the three stipendiary female medical pupils who were prosecuting their studies -one in the Madras Medical college and two in the Rayapuram Medical school-one passed out from the latter institution and was taken on into the State medical service during the year. The remaining two-one on a stipend of R50 and the other on R30 per mensem—are still under training.

Central India.

Bhopal.—The Agency Surgeon in Bhopal furnishes the following report by Dr. Hilla Banarjee Batliboi, L.R.C.P. & S., L.M., Superintendent of the Lady Lausdowne hospital:—

"The number of patients treated during 1916 was 6,601 made up as follows:-New inpatients 498; daily average 20.2, against 352 and 17.09 respectively in 1915. New out-patients 5,128; daily average 55.3, against 5,093 and 72 11. Patients treated in their own homes 975 against 907. The number of visits paid was 1,118 against 1,689 in 1915. One hundred and ten major and 103 minor operations were performed; of the Thirty-four maternity cases were attended to in hospital, of former, 77 were obstetric. which 13 required operations. Fourteen cases were attended to in their own homes, of which 10 required operations. Five girls are being trained in compounding and nursing in the Lady Minto school for nurses and are already of some use in the hospital. The Lady Hardinge Infant Home had to be closed for nearly four months, as 3 infants died within a fortnight and Mrs. Karan, the matron in charge of it, had to go away. It was re-opened in December 1916, and has 8 infants, all of whom are thriving very well. It is in charge of Mrs. Murphy, the present matron of the Lady Lansdowne hospital. The dais employed in connection with the State dispensaries conducted the following cases in the districts named :- Ashta 24, in addition to 181 under Mrs. Deen's supervision; Raesen 19; Barasia 15; Rehti 57; Goharganj 15; Deori 17; and Shahjahanabad 33 under Dr. Fateh Mohammad."

Gwalior. The Chief Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner to the Gwalior State reports:

"Medical aid is given to females on an extensive scale at the Jaya Arogya hospital for women, Lashkar, and in the women's section of the Ujjain Civil hospital. Both these institutions remained in charge of qualified medical women assisted by an able staff. The total number of patients treated at these nospitals was 25,033, of which 1,860

3

were in and 23,673 out-patients. The number of labour cases conducted was 192. Inches the year under report, Mrs. Grace Stephens held charge of the Jaya Arogya bornish ail the 6th October 1916, and Miss Bolton, Assistant Lady Superintendent, officialat curing the remaining part of the year. Mrs. Stephens was, in recognition of her lang man meritorious services, promoted and transferred during the year to His Firms the Maharaja Scindia's household staff. Sub-assistant surgeon Miss E. E. T. Tra Arogra hospital, resigned her post on the 1st September 1916, and Mrs. S. X. Jant: was appointed in her place on the 5th September 1916.

" Mrs. M. Mascarenhas L.M. & S. (Bom.), held charge of the women's section of it

Ujiain hospital throughout the year."

Indore. - Lieutenant Colonel F. A. Smith, M.D., D.P.H , I.M.S., Reiler Indore, very hindly furnishes the following particulars :- "The Mahami Carrier hospital for women is attached to the Maharaja Tukojirao horain. It a manintended for the treatment of lying-in cases and for special diseases of vene -are 12 lying in beds and 12 beds for gynmcological cases. There are type ----in charge of the hospitals, Miss M. F Thanawalls, L. M. & S. . The Same (cortified). Strict purdanashin ladies suffering from general complaints at a first admitted in this hospital, but most of the surgical and general was an arrange of wards of the Maharaja Tukojirao hospital. The out-patients are made at patient department of the Tukojirao hospital. There were IT in the maternity ward during the year."

Jaora.-Mrs. Chhoti Bai Kamle was in charge of the Taming men. throughout the year. There were 517 operations performed a --and out patients has increased.

Rewalt.-Major S. Hunt, L.M.S., Agency Surgeon Tarinimia. on the Rewah Zenana hospital, states that there were III during the year.

Miscellaneous

Baroda,-Miss E. Smith, L. M. & S., in comment reports that the attendance has always been got as malaria has been severe; that quining he distinct the outsiders at less than cost price; that the and that the obstetric ward is progressing is remaining to 80 during the year The number of inquient and in the same Dufferin hospital was 505, and 31,413 minutes are dai class is however not working ray street and but untrained women go in for mile and a second

Kapurthala, The Chief Section 25 following interesting note on the year's war and

G. M. Friend-Pereirs, M.D.:-

"There has been a decreme it the more than the transfer during the year. This is party to the first the same and partly to the absence of the Section ... to be away on special duty for several marks of more and out-door patients tracket was an year. Eight hborr and & some me to all bad cases. The ready have been a second

out of their prejudice against leaving their homes at such times; till this is accomplished, arrangements should be made to bring the indigenous dais under the control of the Zenana hospital. I have made many suggestions from time to time to have this done. Perhaps now that a Chief Medical Officer has been appointed the matter will be taken in hand. The hospital buildings are in good repair and the staff continues the same."

Srinagar.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. Manners Smith, V.C., C.V.O., C.I.E., Resident in Kashmir, forwards a carefully prepared report by Dr. Janet Vaughan, M.B., Superintendent of the Diamond Jubilee Zenana hospital:—

"The number of patients treated during the year was 398 in-patients and 7,005 outpatients, against 810 in-patients and 11,196 out-patients in the previous year. Sixty purdah ladies were treated as in-patients, and 916 in the out-patient department. Fortyfive maternity cases were treated in the hospital and 67 in their own homes by the hospital staff, against 51 and 39, respectively, last year. There were 84 major and 432 minor operations performed.

I was appointed as Superintendent of this hospital in place of Dr. Helen Lauder, and have taken over charge from the afternoon of the 22nd December 1916. Miss J. Perry, L.M. & S., the House Surgeon, who was efficiating during the absence of the Superintendent, resigned her post after handing over charge of the hospital to me, and paid into this office the sum of Rs. 200 in lieu of one month's notice. Miss H. Paul, the matron, is on six months' combined leave from the 15th November 1916. The new out-door dispensary in the hospital compound has been completed but has not yet been opened for work."

Rajkot.—Miss C. M. Wickham, L.R.C.P. & S., the Medical Woman in charge of the Rasulkhanji hospital, states that the number of out-patients treated during the year was 1,693, as against 1,977 of the previous year, and the number of in-patients 244, as compared with 235 in 1915. No changes occurred this year in the working of the hospital.

Patiala.—Miss Freany Cama, M.D., Superintendent of the Lady Dufferin hospital, again furnishes useful particulars of the year's work:—

"In the year now ended 483 in-patients and 6,798 out-patients have been treated in the Lady Dufferin hospital, against 508 in-patients and 6,576 out-patients in 1915. In the Hendley women's out-door dispensary 6,555 out-patients were treated against 5,883 of last year. The work has gone on steadily and the popularity of the hospital is increasing, as is seen from the number of patients that come in from the surrounding districts. During summer I had several calls from His Highness' family at the hills which of course kept me away from the hospital for some time, and besides I had no proper assistant. This accounts for the slight decrease in the number of in-patients. Our new house surgeon was appointed only in September last.

"Mrs. Komchand is still matron of the Lady Dufferin hospital, and looks carefully after the patients' comforts and cleanliness of the hospital, which draws the attention of visitors. The staff dais still continue their good work. The total number of operations performed in the Lady Dufferin hospital during the year was 723, out of which 198 were major and 525 minor, against a total of 475 in 1915. The total number of maternity cases attended to in the Lady Dufferin hospital was 30 against 31 last year, out of which 15 were normal, 13 abnormal, and 3 instrumental. Thirteen cases were attended to the control of which 15 were normal, 13 abnormal, and 3 instrumental.

at home.

"Under the new house surgeon, Miss R. D'Souza, the compounders' classes are making

"Under the new house surgeon, Miss R. D'Souza, the compounders' classes are making

the usual progress, but unfortunately these classes were stopped for a time as my assistant

that to take over charge of the Hendley women's dispensary in addition to her own work.

The reading classes, under Mrs. Bala Singh, continue as before and are also making steady progress. My best thanks are due to Dr. Pandit, Ganga Buhen, officiating Medical Advisor of the Patiala State, for his ready help and generous support.

The Lady Curron School.—The classes in the Lady Curron school have been making a very steady progress under Miss Jackson, the matron of the school, and there is still a greater demand for admittance than can be allowed. In October last 7 dais were sent up for their mulwifery examination and 5 passed obtaining certificates. This very 8 new dais have been admitted for the taining course in midwifery."

Bahawalpur,—Miss Z E. Da'Costa, L. R. C. P. & S., in a short report on the working of the Jubileo women's hospital, for the year 1918, states ——"List June the members of Council were good enough to engage the services of Miss Brown as my Personal Assistant and I am grateful to them for the additional help. One of the pupil dair was promoted to staff dair in place of dai Bassai who was pensioned. Otherwise the staff, who have worked well, continues the same as last year. There were 11,390 new cut-door patients and 30,113 new and old, and the daily average was 8229. The number of new in-door patients was 290, and new and old, 4,573, and the daily average, 1249. The patients tratted at home were 1,203. There were 135 major and 405 minor operations performed. There were 31 maternity cases. There was an increase in the number of patients, both out-door and in-door, as compared with last year's figures but the operations were less."

Nahan,-The Superintendent, Medical and Sanitary Department, Sirmoor State, Nahan, reports as follows -

"During the year, the total number of patients treated at the Shamsher Zenana heepital, Nahan, was 3933, out of which 42 were treated as in-door potients. The total number of operations performed was 99, out of which 3 were major operations. There is scope for training women for compounding and unuring at the heepital, but unfortunately the local people do not take advantage of the opportunities offered to them by the Darbar. One fact worthy of notice is that the bill people have now begun to appreciate the value of Western medical treatment and they induce their women folks to seek proper medical advice when necessary."

Jind (Sangrur).—The Chief Medical Officer in the Jind State reports a very satisfactory increases in the number of out-patients treated in the Victoria women's hospital during 1916, due to the increased popularity of the hospital among the women of Sangrur.

Darbhanga.—The Honorary Secretary, Countess of Dufferin's Fund, Bihar and Orissa, forwards the following report from the Civil Surgeon of Darbhanga.—

"Mr. B. K. Choudhri, L.M.S., was in charge of the Lady Duffetin hospital from the 1st January to the 23rd July 1916, when he was succeeded by Mrs. L. Fox Cornabe, L.R.Q.P. & S. L.F.P.S. I. M. The number of out-deer patients treated during the year was 53,211, against 39,563 in the previous year. There would have been a much larger stendance in 1916, but owing to the heavy floods during a Aguest and September 1916, a great number of patients were prevented from sticoding. The number of firstleints was 773 against 400 in the previous year. The number of operations performed was 233, of which 89 were important, against 401 and 107 respectively of the previous no changes in the subordinate staff of the hospital buildings of furniture, and no changes in the subordinate staff of the hospital buildings of furniture, and

Rampur.-Sahebzada Abdussamad Khan, C.I.E., Chief Secretary, Rempus State,

has very kindly furnished an interesting report on the women's hospital at Rampur City, by Dr. F. Mervyn-Smith, B.A., M.B., Ch. B., etc. the Medical Woman in charge :--

"Early in the year 1916, the hospitals-men's and women's -were removed from their insalubrious surroundings in the heart of the city of Rampur to a spacious mansion about a mile away. With some alterations and additions this is now the General hospital which was opened by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, Sir James Meston, in February 1916. The major portion of this building is devoted to the male patients. A small annex separated from it by a dividing wall is the women's hospital. For in-patients there are wards for twenty beds. There is also an out-patient consulting room with dispensary attached. Bathing rooms and an operation theatre are badly needed, but I am told that this part of the hospital is not yet completed and the necessary buildings The staff consists of a Lady Superintendent, a native matron. are to be erected later. one dai and four ward coolies. There is no compounder nor sub-assistant surgeon. so that when a large operation has to be performed a Surgeon must be called in from the men's department. To this purdah women object and this militates against the usefulness of the hospital. A clerk to do the routine clerical work is also For a population of nearly a hundred thousand, wards for twenty beds are quite I have had to refuse a number of patients for want of accommodation. If the women's hospital were strictly purdah, it would be far more largely resorted to. doubt when His Highness the Nawab is satisfied that the hospital is doing good work, the needed additions to buildings and staff will be forthcoming. In the early part of the year there was no medical woman on the staff. I joined on the 22nd May 1916. From May to December 1916, inclusive, there were 229 in-patients admitted and 7,473 outpatients treated. Also 100 patients were seen at their homes. A dispensary in the City where out-patients could be treated would result in a vast increase in numbers, as the poorer classes cannot afford to pay from four to eight annas for a dhoolie to bring and take them from the hospital. This City dispensary could be easily worked by a female assistant surgeon if one were provided, and she could also attend at the hospital when her Thirty-four minor operations were performed during the services were required. period under review."

Bettiah .- Dr. M. L. Batho, W. M. S., reports as follows :- "The total number of in-patients treated was 1,117 and out-door patients, 15,133. The number of strictly purda patients was 627. Of these 187 were in-door and 440 out-door. maternity cases was 36, of these, 23 were normal, which is the largest number of normal cases dealt with in one year. The number of operations performed during the

year was 467, 142 being selected."

The Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

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United Provinces-Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.

The Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

Rules and Regulations.

- 1. The sums raised in furtherance of the above object shall constitute the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, shall be kept separate from the present investment of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund proper, and interest accruing therefrom shall be exclusively used for the object for which Lady Curzon instituted the said Fund.
- 2. An Executive Committee shall be appointed by the Central Committee and charged with its direct management, and this Committee shall consist of—
 - (1) the Lady President;
 - (2) the Director-General, Indian Medical Service;
 - (3) a Member nominated by the Central Committee;
 - (4) the Honorary Secretary, Central Committee, Countess of Dufferin's Fund.
- 3. For the local administration of the Fund there shall be formed a Local Committee in each centre of operations, consisting of—
 - (a) the Civil Surgeon of the district,
 - (b) the wife of a senior Civilian, and
 - (c) a Secretary selected by the other two members.

The Local Committee shall in each instance be in direct communication with, and immediately responsible to, the local Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals or Administrative Medical Officer, who shall be guided by such instructions as the Executive Committee may think fit to issue.

- 4. The Executive Committee shall issue the necessary formal instructions to the Provincial and Local Branches, it being distinctly understood—
 - (a) that the interest of the subscriptions shall be, as far as possible, expended in the districts whence they have been received, and
 - (i) that in all cases the dais shall be instructed in hospitals, training schools and dispensaries lying nearest to the localities in which they will ultimately be engaged.
- 5. The said Fund may be utilized not only for the provision of scholarships, but also for the payment of teachers, provision of models, books and such incidental expenses as the Executive Committee may consider to fall within the objects of the Fund.
- 6. The Executive Committee may call for special reports from the Local Branches regarding their administration of the said Fund, and the results shall be shown in a separate section of the ordinary annual report issued by the National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India.

The Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

HE main objects of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, initiated by the late Lady Curzon, in 1901-02, with the object of keeping in perpetual remembrance the sympathetic interest taken by the late Queen Empress in the domestic troubles of the women of India, have already been duly explained in previous reports; and before giving a summary of the work accomplished in 1915, and in ord er that there may be as little misconception as possible about the scheme, the Committee thinks it advisable to again repeat what has already appeared in previous reports regarding the definite nature of the Fund.

The general object of improving the treatment of childbirth in India can be approached on two lines, which admit of being followed concurrently and which react on each other—

- (1) to train up midwives of a superior class;
- (2) to endeavour to impart a certain amount of practical knowledge to the indigenous midwives (dais).

The former course, which is that followed in the main by the Dufferin Fund, presupposes a certain standard of education among the women who are, trained. They must be able to read and write, and be capable of understanding lectures and studying simple text-books. It is, therefore, out of the question, until the number of educated women in India has very greatly increased, that the number of highly trained midwives should be anything but infinitesimally small in relation to the demand for their services. midwives, moreover, receive relatively large salaries and charge high fees. most of them belong to classes more or less out of touch with the customs and traditions of the people, and their sphere of action is limited by these considerations. Lady Curzon therefore decided that the proceeds of her appeal should be devoted to carrying out as far as possible the second of the two courses mentioned above. This she believed to be an entirely new departure. It proceeds on the principle of making the best of actual facts and existing agencies, thus endeavouring gradually to improve them. The general idea is to get hold of as many as possible of the indigenous hereditary midwires and induce them to attend at Dufferin hospitals, or at the female divisions of ordinary hospitals or dispensaries, for the purpose of acquiring such empirical knowledge as it is possible to impart to them. In comparison with the training of the regular midwife class, the amount of such knowledge will be very small; but the women themselves, or some of

them, would start with a certain practical acquaintance with the subject and will probably learn quickly. Even if at first only negative results are obtained, and the trained women merely abandon or discourage insanitary practices, the gain will be great. In time they will learn more, and whatever they learn will spread over a far wider area than can be reached by means of the superior class of midwives. The teaching will at first be oral, and will be conveyed in the colloquial language familiar to the pupils. And in order that this should be carried into effect, short and simple primers of midwifery practice in the various vernaculars have been prepared for the use of dais. In many of the classes reading and writing are being taught to enable the pupils to refer to these books. Most of the teaching will be committed to memory, and will tend to popularise the improved methods which will be taught to the dais.

In order to give effect to these principles, the objects of the Fund have now been defined to be-

- (1) To train midwives in the female wards of hospitals and female training schools in such a manner as will enable them to carry on their hereditary calling in harmony with the religious feelings of the people, and gradually to improve their traditional methods in the light of modern sanitation and medical knowledge.
- (2) Scholarships to midwives will vary according to circumstances and locality.
- (3) When desirable qualified female teachers, who understand the vernacular, will be sent to outlying districts, and fees will be paid to midwives who attend a course of elementary instruction.
- (4) Funds for the above purpose will be granted, as far as possible, according to the interest received on the sums raised in each locality.

As long ago as the fourth century, A.D., India possessed in the Susruta Samhita, a treatise on midwifery which a well-known specialist describes as a "thoroughly rational system of medico-surgical teaching based upon accurate observation of nature". The same writer refers to the barbarous character of the modern treatment of childbirth in India, and observes:—
"The degradation of the art of midwifery among the Indians to so low a stage must be ascribed in part to the caste prejudices of the people." The proposals sketched above are, in effect, a revival of the most ancient tradition and practice in India, and as such have received enthusiastic support from all patriotic Indians. Although the Fund was only started fifteen years

ago, the Committee is glad to report that its aims and objects are evidently warmly appreciated throughout the country by Indians of all classes.

As has been stated in reports for previous years, considering the comparatively short time that efforts have been made for the better training of the indigenous dais, the Committee has no reason to be discouraged at the limited success which has attended its efforts in certain parts of the country. The difficulties with which it has to contend continue practically unchanged from year to year, and peculiar superstitions, caste prejudices, and ignorance have all to be overcome in carrying out the objects of the scheme

The reports for the past years have indeed all borne testimony to the extraordinary difficulties which exist with regard to the training of the hereditary dai, as well as that of the ordinary midwife.

The extracts from the district reports which are set forth below are published in the hope that the suggestions and difficulties which are alluded to therein may prove of value and assistance to some of those who are engaged in furthering the objects of the Fund.

It has to be remembered that only a very small percentage of Indian women are to-day able to read or write, and all the reports state that the general ignorance of the women who attend the classes in various parts of the country is the main stumbling-block which has to be overcome.

In a Quinquennial Report on Education in India recently issued by the Horbite Mr. H. Sharp, C.I.E., the following remarks appear:—"All efforts to promote female education have hitherto encountered peculiar difficulties. These difficulties arise chiefly from the customs of the people themselves."

"In Bombay", the Report continues, "the great mass of Indian womanhood remains almost untouched, and apparently almost inaccessible."

In view of these facts, the Central Committee feel that any advance in teaching a particularly illiterate and projudiced class is a matter of considerable congratulation.

In some parts of India ladies of the highest family still prefer the methods of the hereditary doi to those of the qualified Medical Woman, and the fear of losing their practice still prevents many of the ignorant dais from accepting scholarships, and from attending classes where they have opportunities of learning modern ideas. Some dais indeed considered themselves as more than proficient and regard any offer of teaching in the nature of an insult, while others oppose all European principles and obstruct the Medical Women who would improve their knowledge in every possible way. Moreover, there is no doubt that cases do occur in which dais after having

been paid to attend regular courses of instruction have subsequently reverted to their old practices, as they have found that their patients have disapproved of improved methods. One recent report stated that the trained dais were unpopular because they washed their hands in soap and water instead of mud and water!

The actual period during which women should be retained in classes for study varies largely throughout the country. The Executive Committee for various reasons have not deemed it wise to prescribe any uniform period of instruction, and provincial and local centres use their own discretion in issuing rules on this subject. While some classes are held for six months only, others continue for as long as three years.

The value of scholarships offered to women as inducements to attend classes also varies in a somewhat remarkable manner, and this question is also left to the discretion of local Committees.

In certain cases, moreover, where it is found impossible to attract the indigenous dai the Executive Committee have consented to funds being expended on the training of a better class of women in the hope that her more ignorant sister may be tempted by the educated women's success to avail herself later on of the benefits which are held out to her. But wherever the indigenous dai can be induced to undergo a course of training, the funds are invariably spent for her benefit.

The special elementary "Manual of Midwifery" for the use of midwives in receipt of scholarships from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, which was compiled at Lady Curzon's desire by Lieutenant-Colonel C. P. Lukis, M.B., I.M.S. (now Sir C. P. Lukis, K.C.S.I., K.H.S., M.D., and Director-General of the Indian Medical Service), continues to be found of considerable service. The book, which contains an introduction by Surgeon-General Sir B. Franklin, K.C.I.E., is published by Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co. Many hundreds of copies have been distributed to a large number of centres and schools of instruction, and arrangements have been made for its translation into the vernacular of the various districts engaged in the teaching of midwives. It has already been translated and published in Urdu, Hindi, Gujarati, Marathi and Bengali, while its translation into Tamil, Telegu, Malayalam and Burmese has been arranged by the provincial centres concerned. An illustrated edition in Kanarese at the expense of the Mysore Government, and another in Roman Urdu by the Patiala State, have recently been issued. Applications for copies of this manual in English, Urdu, Hindi, Marathi, Bengali or Gujarati should be made to the Secretary, Viceroy's Camp.

The financial statement appended to this report shows the income and expenditure of the Fund for the year under review. The year opened with a credit balance of Rs. 18,252-2-4 and closed with a credit balance of Rs. 13,119-13-9.

The interest on investments during the year amounted to Rs 34,257-8-0.

During the year a sum of Rs 10,000 was given as a loan at 6 per cent per annum to the Khan Bahadur Court of Wards Estate.

The expenditure on grants-in-aid towards the objects of the Fund was Rs. 26,885 and the working expenses Rs. 2,502-12-7.

The reports of local centres contain fairly full accounts of the work done, and while there are several allusions to difficulties there are also encouraging allusions to successful efforts.

The grant sanctioned by the Central Committee in 1915 has enabled the Assam Centre to maintain three classes during 1916.

In Bengal classes have been continued in seven centres and all are progressing.

In Baluchistan, the Quetta and Sibi classes are doing well, and energetic efforts are being made to supersede the untrained dats in Sibi.

In Berar keen interest is taken in dealing with infant mortality.

Twelve classes were again working during the year in Bihar and Orissa Hallwa and Cuttack are reported to have maintained a bigh standard of efficiency, and Bankipore, 'Gaya and Arrah are also doing good work. Colonel Bell, Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, writes:—"It is satisfactory to note that the advantages of training received in the dai classes which were so far generally confined to Christian pupils only are now little by little being appreciated by those of other communities."

The Central Provinces Branch report that at Nagpur the training of dats on the system introduced by Dr. Agnes E. Henderson, M.D., was continued with success.

The Punjab Centre again submits a satisfactory and interesting account of the dai classes at Ferozepore, Ludhiana and Lahore.

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In Bhopal the keen interest taken by Her Highness the Begum Sahiba has again met with success and the training of midwives in the mufassal has been most satisfactory.

Gondal reports that the dais are doing good work for the public and some are engaged in Zenana hospitals elsewhere and working well.

The classes in the Gwalior State have again shown favourable results and some of the dais received awards for their good work.

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The following brief extracts from the reports which have been received from the various Districts and Native States, where branches of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund have been established, indicate some of the difficulties with which the local Committees are faced, as well as the progress, which has been made during the period under review:—

The Hen'ble Colonel H. E. Banatvala, I.M.S., Honorary Secretary, Assam Centre, forwards the following report:—

"In the dai class at Dibrugarh the pupil shown as being under training in the last year's report, was examined and granted a certificate of efficiency in August 1916. She is now working at Sadiya. Four bazar dais who were shown under training in the last report qualified during the year. There were two Garo girls and one local bazar dai under training at the end of the year. During the year under report, 5 bazar dais were trained by the Medical Woman of Gauhati, of whom 3 qualified and were granted certificates. A class was opened in June 1916 at Dhubri with 5 local bazar dais. They attended 12 lectures, but owing to a misunderstanding none of them appeared at the examination. It is hoped that all these three classes will continue for some years to come."

Lieutenant-Colonel A. L. Duke, Residency Surgeon, and Chief Medical Officer in Baluchistan, forwards reports on the classes at Quetta and Sibi.

Ouetta.-Miss Cardozo, L.R.C.P. and S., writes :-

"Since the formation of the dai class in February 1906, 11 dais have been trained who have held the Victoria Memorial scholarship and 1 is under training. The latter joined the hospital on the 1st July 1916 and is a hard working woman and above the indigenous dais in intelligence, and would be of great use in teaching the indigenous dais to conduct normal labour in the bazar. Two women (native Christians) completed their two years' course on the 1st December 1916, and arrangements are being made for them to be examined. The indigenous dais' class continues to be a great success. Nine dais passed this year. Lady Ramsay gave a garden party to the leading purdah ladies of the station, and in their presence gave these dais their certificates and a Sanad to each of the 3 best dais. The class consisted of 17 dais at the close of the year. The number of confinements conducted by these women was 596."

Sibi.-Miss A. Alfred, L.M.S., states-

"The dais' class in this hospital was started in 1907. Fourteen dais joined the class at various times, ten passed out successfully, one failed, one died, the third was sent away as incompetent and the fourth had to discontinue after a year's training owing to family troubles. Out of these 14 only two were indigenous dais and were sent to be trained by the

head men of their villages and after training were doing good work in their villages. Unfortunately one died of pneumonia. The passed dais and one untrained dais are working in various places and are doing good work. Three of the passed dais underwent training at their own expense, and the rest received scholarships from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund. Two other dais have joined the class since last year and both belong to the indigenous dai class. The course of training is two years. Great difficulty is experienced in getting enough cases for the practical part of the training, as this is a small station. Besides, this year again people preferred to engage ignorant dais and hence the greater mortality. The dais are taught the theoretical part of their duties for an hour every day during hospital hours. They are also taught to attend common gyme-cological cases, when posted in outlying districts."

The Hon'ble Surgeon-General W. R. Edwards, C.B., C.M.G., Surgeon-Bengal. General with the Government of Bengal, furnishes notes on the classes held under this centre:—

Seven da: classes were in operation during the past year, riz., at Bibhum, Bankura, Hughli, Berhampre, Darjeeling, Dacca and the Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta. The class at Birhhum was reopened last year. Fifteen pupils passed out successfully from these classes and 26 were under training on the last day of the year. A short account of the working of each of these classes is given below.

Birbhum.—One pupil who had been attending the class rines in reopening last year, left after having passed the prescribed exercises. None were admitted before the close of the year. A sum of R. 15.5. Two collected from local sources for the maintenance of the class, on a while Rs. 16.9.0 were spent for the training of the dai pupil.

Bankura. This class trained one dai. There we will furnishing. Its expenses were entirely met from miner. Rs. 122-14-0, collected locally.

Hughli.—One pupil passed out of this class and the certificate prescribed by the Executive Commission of the Line 1918, this dat class was discontinued, because the part of the fact pupils would come forward. A sum of Re 12 was allotted to this class the V. M. S. Fund grant at my disposal. The results of the class for other sources amounted to Rs. 64.

Berhampore.—None of the 7 populs of this class passed dring the

Darjecting.—There were 5 pupils in this class during the year. One of them resigned without completing her course of training and the remaining 4 are still under training. A sum of Rs. 116 was allotted from the V. M. S. Fund for a reward to a dai who had successfully passed during the previous year. The receipts from other sources amounted to Rs. 7-1-1.

Dacea.—Seven pupils passed and S are still under training. They receive a stipend of Rs. 7 cach per month while they are under training. The course of instruction consists of :— (i) Elements of midwifery, (ii) attendance in the local Dufferin Hospital and in the women's ward, and in the out-patient department of the Mitford Hospital, in the morning and in the evening, (iii) attendance in cases of labour and gynæcological cases in the hospital and (iv) a practical course of nursing in the women's ward of the hospital. The expenditure was met from local contributions, viz., Rs. 120 each from the local Municipality and District Boards and Rs. 452-12-3 from the Magistrate of Dacea.

Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.—Five pupils passed out of this class, and 5 are being trained. A sum of Rs. 900 was allotted from the V. M. S. Fund towards the maintenance of this class.

The allotment received from the Executive Committee for the Bengal Branch of the V. M. S. Fund amounted to Rs. 1,242 during the year, out of which a sum of Rs. 988 was allotted to the dai classes.

The Honorary Secretary of the Berar Branch Committee furnishes the following report:-" Difficulty of securing suitable candidates also on account of plague and the change of Medical Women in charge of the Amraoti class, prevented the assembly of a full class during the year. Only three instead of the usual six girls were trained. It is found very difficult to look after these girls properly in the Amraoti hospital which is situated in the middle of the city, and it would be wise to transfer the class to Akola after the main hospital there is occupied. The Berar Branch Committee addressed Municipal Committees during the year, making Several Municipal certain suggestions for dealing with infant mortality. Committees have accepted some or all of the suggestions, of which the principal are as follows:—(i) classification of infant death, by quarters of the town and the main classes of the population, e.g., Mohammadan-pardanashins, Hindu-parda-nashins, Well-to-do Hindus not observing parda, Low castes, such as Mangs, Mahars, Chammars, etc., other Hindus, other Mohammadans; (ii) submission daily to the Medical Woman of a statement of births and infant deaths showing name of dai (if any employed); (iii) payment of 4 annas per attendance to town dais to induce them to

meet the Medical Woman at regular intervals: the latter would then discuss their cases with them in the light of the daily return referred to above and talk to them also regarding epidemic disease and domestic hygiene generally; (iv) lectures by the Medical Woman to the Indian ladies on first aid, home nursing and hygiene; and (v) appointment of municipal dats to visit births, see whether dats follow instructions and report to the Medical Woman.

The report of the Hon'hie Colonel G. J. H. Bell, C.I.E., M.R., I.M.S.,. Bitar & Orissa. Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bihar and Orissa, is as follows:—

"In the previous report 12 das classes were stated to have been in operation for the training of indigenous midwives, viz., at Bankipore, Gaya, Arrah, Hathwa, Chapra, Bettiah (two classes : one attached to the Bettiah hospital and another to the Bettiah Raj Dufferin Hospital), Cuttack, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh, Daltonganj and Purulia. During the year all these classes, except the class attached to the Bettiah Raj Dufferin Hospital, which could not be started for want of pupils, were at work. The classes at Parula and Daltongani were opened during the year, but they could not be continued for any length of time. It is understood that the class at Daltongani will be re-opened soon. The classes at Darbhauga and Purulia are also expected to be re-opened during the current year. As observed in my last report, the difficulties in the way of establishing dai classes and keeping them up still exist. The apathy of the classes of women from which pupils are usually recruited has not yet been overcome. It is, however, satisfactory to note that the advantages of the training received in the dai classes, which were so far generally confined to Christian pupils only, are now little by little being appreciated by those of other communities. The services of the trained dais are to some extent utilised by the educated people, although the influence of the ignorant dais brought up under the indigenous method still prevails among the masses. The dai classes in this province which uniformly maintained a high standard of efficiency, are those at Hathwa and Cuttack. The classes at Bankipure, Arrah, and Gaya are also doing good work. The services of the following assistant surgeons and medical women are specially mentioned for the interest they took in the recruitment and training of pupils :- Rai Baixan Tripura Charan Guha in charge of the Bettiah King Edward Memorial Hospital, Champaran; Dr. Upendra Mohan Gupta in charge of the Victoria Hospital, Hathwa; Mrs. E. J. Connolly, licensed medical party tioner in charge of the female ward attached to the Barkings Grant Hospital and Mrs. Pravabati Sinha in charge of the Lady Woodbarr attached to the Cuttack General Hospital. On the special recommendation

of the Civil Surgeon of Cuttack, Mrs. Pravabati Sinha, on whom the success of the local class largely depends, was given a reward of Rs. 50 in January 1917. The total receipts during the year under report amounted to Rs. 3,789-10-1 against Rs. 4,043-11-9 in 1915. Of this amount, the sum of Rs. 1,173-2-0 was allotted from the funds placed at my disposal by the V. M. S. Fund. The annual grant of Rs. 1,300 from the V. M. S. Fund was up till now found sufficient to meet the cost of stipends of pupils, etc. The number of pupils in certain districts has, however, increased from the current year, involving additional expenditure. The present monthly rate of stipends of dai pupils in some of the districts is also low. To make the dai classes more attractive, the rate requires a little enhancement. Under the circumstances, I would suggest that, if possible, the annual grant of Rs. 1,300 may be raised to Rs. 1,500 in future."

The Manager of Raj Hathwa gives a few particulars of the work proceeding at this Centre, district of Saran. He says:—"The institution was started here on the 13th May 1902 and since then has been regularly working. Up to the 31st December 1916, 74 dais have been trained who are practising in the rural areas. During the year there were 12 pupils on the roll. Of these, 9 passed the annual examination held in October 1916 and 3 failed. Of the failures, one was discharged as unfit and the others were allowed another chance for 6 months. A new class with 12 pupils is at present working. The total expenditure was Rs. 1,324, against Rs. 1,475-3-2 in the previous year."

The Honorary Secretary of the Burma Centre reports :-

"Eleven Victoria Medical scholarships at Ks. 10 per month, for women who cannot find other means of support during the period of their training in sick-nursing and midwifery, were granted to Burmese or Karen pupil midwives. They are undergoing the same training as those of the Dufferin scholarship holders, i.e., two years in sick-nursing at the Rangoon General Hospital to be followed by one year's training in midwifery at the Dufferin Maternity Hospital, Rangoon. After the completion of their training, they are awarded with the same diploma which is granted to the Dufferin scholarship holders."

G. Sherlock-Hubbard, Esq., Honorary Secretary, Central Provinces, furnishes the following useful and interesting report:—"During the year under report Jubbulpore was the only centre where a regular class for the training of indigenous dais was held. The class consisted of three pupils.

"At Nagpur the training of dais through the agency of Missionary medical ladies on the system introduced by Dr. Agnes E. Henderson, M.D.,

was continued with success. A course of instruction attended by over 80 dais was held during the mouths of January and February. The dais came throughout the year twice a week to report their cases and receive payment; on other days they received advice and instruction from a trained midwife. The outbreak of plague in the rains, however, interfered with the work to some extent and made the inspecting of cases extremely difficult, as both the dais and their patients had often left their homes and were living in fields outside the city. Seventeen maternal deaths were reported from this cause, and it doubtless also accounts for the large number of premature labours during these months and the consequent increase in infantile mortality and still births.

"It is satisfactory to find that although some of the dais are still averse to calling in skilled assistance when it is required, they now come for such assistance more frequently and also bring their patients to bostital

"The school which was started for the children of deir was continued during the year. Owing to plague it had to be discontinued for a few months, but it re-opened after the close of the year and has a good attendance."

The annual report of the Madras Branch of the Dafferin Franch contains Matrice the following reference to the training of midwires in that Province:-"Ten midwifery pupils are now undergoing training at the Victima Cook and Gosha Hospital, Madras. The training of midwives was commenced in 1887, and since then, 192 have parsed out Of time, 12% reemployed by local bodies after completing their training. No reliable information concerning the remainder is areable, be so form some of them are doing useful work in remote villages of the President No difficulty has been experienced in obtaining parts for the fines, and in addition to those stipended by the Fund, a remained with a second going training at many of the hospitals in the numberal by the Fund receive Rs. 8 per mensent. Dering the rate from passed out successfully, and of these a harra found engineers Boards, the others engaging in private practice at raction

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"Classes have been carried on during the year of Ferrogen includes." and Lahore.

In Ferozepore Dr. Allen's classes, which after many years of labour were made a success in 1915, have continued during the year under report. Fifty-eight indigenous dais from the city have been in attendance; of these, two died, some moved away, some dropped out on account of age and sickness, and eventually 28 dais appeared for the proficiency examination and 23 passed. Arrangements for their supervision are under contemplation. In the Cantonment, a woman keeps the trained dais' register, visits their cases and reports to Dr. Allen all cases of fever, hamorrhage, ophthalmia, etc. This is a very good arrangement and an effective way of checking the general tendency to lapse into old ways and methods which is so likely to happen when there is no one to supervise their work. The cost of the maintenance of Dr. Allen's classes was met by the local Municipal Committee.

Dr. Brown from Ludheana reports that there are 18 indigenous and 59 non-indigenous dais under training at the Memorial Hospital, of whom 8 have learned nursing as well as midwifery and 2 compounding. Sixteen dais and 5 midwives passed the Lahore examination in March. A sum of Rs. 460 only from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund was allotted towards the cost of Dr. Brown's classes during the year, the balance having been met from the funds made available by the local Municipal Committee and the Punjab Government for the purpose and also from the general funds of the hospital.

At the Lady Aitchison Hospital, Lahore, dais' classes, consisting of women actually practising in the city, have been carried on under the joint auspices of the V. M. S. Fund and the Municipal Committee, Lahore. Out of the 6 dais under training, 4 passed the proficiency examination and 2 failed. The passed dais were each granted a reward of Rs. 10 from the V. M. S. Fund, in addition to the stipends which they received while under training and the outfit of the necessaries for proper practice of their calling supplied to them by the Municipal Committee.

No classes were held at Ambala this year, but Dr. Carlton reports that the dais already trained have gone on successfully with their work in their new methods so far as their patients would allow to practise what they have learned."

The Hon'ble Colonel C. Mactaggart, C.I.E., M.A., M.B., I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, United Provinces, in forwarding interesting statements from the following local centres, remarks:—"In view of the-definite and imperative orders of Government to reduce expenditure as much as possible during the financial year 1917-18 on account

of the financial stringency due to the war it has been decided to withdraw the grant of Ra. 5,000 made by Government to the Provincial Committee for training of indigenous dats. The Provincial grant of Rs. 1,000 will also most probably be withdrawn, so no expenditure on this account will be incurred during 1917-18."

hucknow—Report by Dr. M. O'Brien, M.B., a Member of the Women's Medical Service for India, Medical Officer in charge of the Dufferin Hospital at Lucknow:—"At the beginning of the year there were 3 Victoria Memorial scholarship dais under training, these were Jafri, Fahiman and Rahiman. Fahiman was dismissed and in her place Radha Bai was appointed on the 11th February 1916. She worked up to the 9th March 1916 and was replaced by Munnee on the 7th June 1916 who worked up to the 31st July 1916 On the 1st August 1916, Umri was appointed in place of Munnee. The dais at present under training are all Munammadan women They are fairly intelligent and work very satisfactorily."

The Inspector General remarks:—" Of those trained at Lucknow five are entertained by the Fyzabad District Board, one is employed in the King George's Hospital and two are in private practice."

Allahabad .- Report by Dr. S. H. Commissariat, F.R.C.S., a Member of the Women's Medical Service for India, in charge of the Dufferin Hospital at Allahabad :- "In the beginning of the year there were 2 dais in the class, viz., Buchan and Zahuran. Of these Buchan passed out in February 1916, and has been employed in the Azamgarh hospital. In her place, Dukhia Balla has been taken on. Zahuran passed out about the end of the year and has gone back to her home in the Jubbulpore District to set up private practice. Her place was filled up by Lachmin, so that at the end of the year there were 2 Hindu dais reading in the class. It is interesting to note that the last named dai is the daughter of a former Dufferin das who passed out from this hospital 25 years ago and has been employed in Burma on Rs. 50 per month. This daughter of hers is an intelligent girl and promises to turn out a good das Besides this class, this hospital has continued to give instructions to the indigenous dais. The problem of the indigenous dats is hardly solved. The intelligent indigenous dats take advantage of the teaching and practise cleaner methods. They try to send to the hospital difficult labour cases which neither they nor the Municipal dois can manage. But most of the indigenous dats remain as ignorant and unclean as ever. I wish the serious attention of the public, especially of the women, could be drawn to the danger of employing unclean indigenous dass. They should be given instructions in home nursing and

care and cleanliness of maternity cases. If more funds are available, some of the younger generation of indigenous dais who are willing to undergo a course of training for a year or two, should be trained on the same lines as the Victoria Memorial and Dufferin Fund dais."

The Inspector-General remarks:—"So far about sixteen Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund dais have passed out of the Allahabad hospital. The Municipality entertains five of these dais on Rs. 15 and Rs. 20 a month. Their professional services are available to the public free of charge. Each dai is in charge of a Municipal ward and has a sign board set up by the Municipality indicating her name and profession. They have to keep a register of their work and the Health Officer checks the registers and watches the progress of the work with the returns of the birth register in his office. Each dai must conduct at least 15 cases per month."

Agra.—Report by Major E. J. O'Meara, I.M.S., Principal of the Medical School and Civil Surgeon, Agra:—"At the beginning of the year there were 11 dais in the class continuing from the previous year. There were 14 new admissions. During the year 3 passed, 5 left and 4 were dismissed, the remaining 13 are still on the register. These dais conducted 921 cases against 1,469 shown in the last annual report for 13 months. Miss Wood's work has been quite satisfactory. The expenditure incurred during the year was Rs. 2,197-5-3 and the fund has a balance of Rs. 107-8-0.

Cannpore.—Report by Dr. F. B. Leach, L.R.C.P. and S., M.D., a Member of the Women's Medical Service for India, and in charge of the Dufferin Hospital at Camppore:—"Two Victoria Memorial dais, namely, Ghasiti and Kausilla, have completed their course of training and have passed satisfactorily. Two new dais, Debi and Rahiman, have been admitted to the class. They appear to have taken to the work, and it is hoped they will continue and complete their course of training."

The Inspector-General remarks:—"Of the dais trained at Cawnpore, four are engaged on Rs. 10 each at the hospital. They work in the hospital when not otherwise engaged in the city. The Municipality have not entertained any, but two are in practice at Cawnpore, one at Agra and one at Benares."

Benares.—Report by Dr. A. M. Watts, L.R.C.P. and S., L.F.P. and S., L.M.R.C.P., a Member of the Women's Medical Service for India, and in charge of the Ishwari Memorial Hospital at Benares:—
"In the beginning of the year there were two Victoria Memorial Scholarship dais under training. These were Rachel and Bessie. Rachel has completed her training and passed her examination in December 1916.

Bessie is still continuing her training and another dai will shortly be admitted. Alice, who was admitted as a compounder, and Lachhmi, as an indigenous dai, have also passed the Victoria Memorial Scholarship dai examination."

The Chief Medical Officer, Baroda State, summarises the work for the Baroda. past year in the following statement:---

"The classes were continued throughout the year. Nurse Gajrabai Mane delivered lectures, gave practical demonstrations to dai pupils, and also took them to cases During the year there were in all 7 candidates. The medical woman in charge, Miss Emma Smith, examined the class 5 times during the period under report. Out of the 7 candidates, 2, being senior, appeared for their examination which was held on the 12th October 1916. One candidate passed successfully. The contribution received during the period under review was Rs. 700 and there was a balance of Rs. 1,488-12-6 in the Baroda Government Treasury on the 1st November 1915. Out of the total funds amounting to Rs. 2,188-12-6, Rs. 771-5-6 were spent towards the maintenance of the das class, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,417-7-0 in the Government Treasury. The average monthly cost incurred on account of each pupil under training was Rs. 9-2-11 against Rs. 19-0-2 in the previous year."

The Agency Surgeon in Bhopal forwards the following report from Dr. Hilla, Banarjee Batilioi, L.R.C.P and S., L.M., Superintendent of the Latr Landowne Hospital:—

"Six indigenous dass, holding Victoria Memorial scholarships of Es. a cach per month, and 18 indigenous dass, getting a scholarship of Es. I sach per month from H. H. the Ruler of Bhopal, are under training at the Lady Lansdowne Hospital, Bhopal, and will be ready for examination March 1917. The City dais holding certificates have attended the case of confinement. These were visited by either the matron, the Louise surgeon or the medical woman of the Lady Lansdowne Hospital. The training of midwives in the mafassal has been most estificatory.

"Ashta — Mrs. Deen, sub-assistant surgeon, surveyled Mrs. Joseph at Ashta and began work on the 20th February 1216, as a midwifer instruction. Her Highness the Begum Sahiba gives a scholarity of 24.5 per month to each day, and the class is formed of 6 revit ties. And from has worked successfully. One case of different isleng, and four cases on normal labour were conducted by Mrs. Deen breekt and fifth cases of on the 5th January 1917 by the Agency Syrgeon, and anywaif, what the whole class of 6 dats passed most creditably.

"Ahmedpur.—Mrs. Hunter succeeded Mrs. Keith Rose at Ahmedpur (Devipur) and began work as midwifery instructor in March 1916. She, too, has worked hard and has a good result to show. Her Highness the Begum Sahiba gives a scholarship of Rs. 5 each per month to 6 dais who form the class. Others not getting scholarships also attended voluntarily. Mrs. Hunter herself conducted 2 cases of difficult labour. The midwives conducted 105 cases of normal labour. An examination was held on the 22nd January by the Agency Surgeon and myself, when 6 scholarship holders and 2 dais not receiving scholarships passed the full course very creditably. Besides these, 8 other dais passed a more elementary examination in midwifery, being too old to be taught the full course."

The Chief Medical Officer of the Gondal State reports that at the beginning of December 1915 there was one dai under instruction. She passed her final examination in the month of January 1916. Three female pupils were admitted during the year. Of these, one was dismissed owing to inattention and inability to follow the course of study; 2 are still under training. The progress of these 2 pupils is fairly good. They attended 52 cases under the supervision of the head dai of the Gondal hospital. The dais sent out from this centre are doing good work for the public and some of them are also engaged in Zenana hospitals elsewhere where they are working satisfactorily.

The following report is submitted by the Chief Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner, Gwalior State:-"Classes were held for the training of dais at Jaya-Arogya hospital, Lashkar, and Ujjain Charitable Hospital. The class at the Jaya-Arogya hospital was conducted during the year by Mrs. Stephens, the Lady Superintendent of the hospital, and her successor Miss Bolton assisted by their staff. At the commencement of the year there were 15 pupils under training. Of these, 3 were successful in their final examination, while only one was admitted during the year, leaving 13 on the roll at the close of the year. At the dais' class at the Ujjain Charitable Hospital there were 3 pupils under training at the end of 1915. Three were admitted during the year under report, while one was discharged for misconduct. None of the pupils was examined during the year. The number of pupils receiving instructions at the close of 1916 was therefore 5. The class was conducted by the Superintendent of Dispensaries, Southern Circle, assisted by Mrs. M. Mascarenhas, L.M. & S., and the hospital staff. Since the year 1915, the dais at the above two classes are undergoing a course of 8 years, and are given instructions in hospital work of a general nature, in addition to midwifery, to prepare them to take up the duties of nurses after passing their examination. Efforts are being made to canvas pupils from better classes but they have not been so far successful. Of the 82 dais who have passed their examination from the Lashkar and

Uijain classes up to the end of 1916, 3 have been serving as nurses at the Jaya-Arogya Hospital, Lashkar, while the rest are either attached to various dispensaries or have been practising privately. Nineteen dais attached to district dispensaries attended to 795 labour and 216 gynmcological cases during the year under report. Dais at Goons, Mongaoli, Marena and Bhind were handsomely rewarded for their good work."

The Officiating Residency Surgeon, Hyderabad, submits the following Hyderabad report of Miss N. Evans, L.R.C.P. and S., the Senior Visiting Surgeon to

the Victoria Zenana Hospital :--

" At the beginning of January 1916 there were 13 dais under training and 16 were admitted during the year. Four dass were dismissed, one developed pulmonary tubercle and left and 13 others were dismissed for constantly absenting themselves or for not being able to cope with the work and studies. There are 11 dais under training now. Owing to the outbreak of plague, no dais were sent up for examination. The number of maternity cases conducted during the year was 742; out of these, 415 were natural labour conducted mostly by the dais. There were 52 deaths in all. Some of these cases were brought in a collapsed state and during the last two months some deaths were due to plague."

A short report from Lieutenant-Colonel F. A Smith, M.D., D.P.H., indore. I.M.S., Superintendent of King Edward Hospital, Indore, mentions that out of the students under training 18 were examined and 14 passed. The Sethani Anup Bai silver medal was awarded to Gava Bai Puranik who passed first.

The Resident in Kashmir forwards the following report by the Kashmir. Officiating Superintending Surgeon, Jammu and Kashmir hospitals, for the year 1916 :- "There are 6 dats on the scholarship staff under training in midwifery and sick nursing; each receives a salary of Rs. 7 per mensem whilst under training. Two dass have passed their examination successfully after receiving the necessary training in the Diamond Jubilee Zenana Hospital, Srinagar. Forty-five maternity cases were treated in the hospital and 67 in their own houses by the hospital staff during the year under report against 51 cases in hospital and 89 in their own houses of last year"

The following brief particulars from the Medical Officer, Kathiawar Kathiawar Political Agency, are furnished by E. Maconochie, Esq., I.C.S., Agent to the Governor, Kathiawar :- "The Dufferin Fund probationer referred to in the last year's report has completed her course of training and a new one is now under training at the West Hospital, Rajkot, and Rasulkhanji hospital for women. As before, the officer in

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Rasulkhanji hospital has kindly undertaken the practical midwifery part of the training thus providing adequate obstetrical teaching. The lady nurse attached to the West Hospital, Rajkot, gives the necessary training in general nursing."

Rao Bahadur Rajakaryapravina T. V. Armagam Mudaliar, Esq., M.B., C.M., Honorary Secretary, Mysore Centre, submits a report which shows that out of 11 pupils, 2 passed out and 9 were under training on the 31st December 1916. The midwifery classes were conducted at the Maternity hospital, Bangalore, by Miss R. Govindarajalu, M.D.; at the Maternity hospital, Robertsonpet, by 1st class apothecary, Mrs. L. H. Rozario and at the Vani Vilas Hospital, Mysore, by Miss Ayacheammual, L.M.S.

B. G. Glancy, Esq., I.C.S., First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana, furnishes the following report by Lieutenant-Colonel R. C. Macwatt, I.M.S., Chief Medical Officer in Rajputana:—

"Ajmer.-Mrs. Kune, Lady Superintendent, has been in charge of the dai training class, Ajmer, throughout the year. The 4 pupils who were mentioned in last year's report as being under instruction continued to work till the end of the session, when they were examined by the Civil Surgeon, Ajmer, on the 29th April 1916. All of them passed and were granted certificates and the usual honorarium. Six pupils were admitted into the current year's class, of whom one came from Jodhpur, one from Jhalawar, one from Jaipur and one from Kotah and 2 were admitted locally. During the year, 21 in-door and 60 out-door maternity cases were treated Besides these 121 persons sought advice and treatment. Since the inauguration of the class 73 pupils have passed. Many are known to be working in various dispensaries in Rajputana, and others are practising midwifery privately and doing well. A sum of Rs. 94 was received as donations from patients during 1916, of which Rs. 45-4-0 were utilised in the renewal of necessaries for the use of the class, and the balance of Rs 48-12-0 was given to the Civil Surgeon, Ajmer, and will be credited to the Victoria Memorial Fund dai class, Ajmer, in 1917. The opening balance on the 1st January 1916 was Rs. 13,244-6-6. A grant-in-aid of Rs. 3,742 was received from the Honorary Treasurer, Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, also interest on the fixed deposits amounting to Rs. 449, from the Alliance Bank of Simla, Limited, Ajmer. These amounts aggregated Rs. 17,485-6-6, of which Rs. 3,202-9-5 have been expended on the Ajmer dai class against Rs. 3,302-13-0 in the previous year. The closing balance in hand on the 31st December 1916 was Rs. 14,232-13-1.

"Jaipur.—Three dais were sent to the Ajmer dai training class in July 1916; of these 2 only were admitted, but one was discharged on the 4th October 1916.

"Kotah.—No da: class was held at Kotah during the year. Three dais were sent to the Ajmer dai class for training in August 1916. Of these 2 only were admitted, one was sent back on account of old age and loss of vision. Of the 2 admitted, one refused to remain, and left of her own accord.

" No das class was held in Alwar, Tonk or Bharatpur during the year."

SIMLA:

E. J. BUCK, Secretary

The 15th April 1917.



VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FUND.

Progress of Various Branches of the Fund.

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Annual Statement regarding the training of Indian Midwives for the period ending list December 1918 messeld.

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THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FUND.

Statement of Accounts for the year 1916.

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Victoria

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RECEIPTS.	Details.	TOTAL.
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Total	***	67,509 10 4

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The 15th April 1917.

Memorial Scholarships Fund during the year 1916-concid.

PATHENTS.	Details.	TOTAL.
Brought forward	# a. p. 24,638 0 0	} -
Objects of Fund-concid.		
Grants-in-aid		
Bihar and Orissa	1,300 0 0	
Assam	947 0 0	
Miscellancous	' "	
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. Expenses of Fund—		
Salaries of Office Establishment	1,686 0 0	
Office Contingencies, moluding Postage, Telegrams, ctc	796 0 9	ļ
Commission on investments, realizing interest, etc.	23 11 10	
		2,504 12 7
Temporary transfer to Women's Medical Service for India		15,000 0 0
· TOTAL .		54,380 12 7
Closing Balance on 31st December 1916	-	13,119 13 9
Total	-	67,509 10 4

Progressive Account of the Victoria Memorial

Receipts.				•	Ledger folio.	Amo		
•						R	a.	p.
ncome of Fund—								
Subscriptions		•		•	3	6,91,06	1 1	11
Interest on Investments	•	•	•	•	121	4,52,06	4 2	
Sundry Receipts	•	•	•	•	10	2,34	3 15	10
						11,45,472	2 4	5
refit and Loss on Investments-								
Net profits	•	•	•	•	91	8,471	. 2	0
,		,	•					
,								
						-		
•	-				ì			
			•		ļ			
						•		
S .								
						*		
		Comi	ied ov	er		11,53,943	6	5

Scholarships Fund up to the 31st December 1916.

- Executiture.	Ledger folio	Amount.
		# 4 9
nvestments-	1	
41 per cent. Rangoon Municipal Debentures of 1904	88	2,85,450 0
6 per cent lean to Kumar Gopika Ramun Roy Estate, Court of Wards.	131	3,17,911 12
3; per cent Covernment securities	143	93,817 1
6 per cent loan to Khan Bahadur Estate, Court of Wards	143	10,000 0
•		7,07,238 18
Objects of Fund-		
Grants-in-aid.	1	
Baluchistan	94	15 536 0
Baroda	68	10,726 0
Bengal	54	34,075 0
Berar ,	62	13,475 8
Bhopal	48	6,510 0
Burma	117	16,121 2
Central Provinces	41	12,622 0 (
Qondal	46	3,725 0 (
Gwaltor	50	52,500 à C
Hathwa	56	22,500 0
Hyderabad	40	25,896 8 (
Indore	` 53	22,050 0 0
Junegadh	60	2,781 0 0
•		
-	1	2,38,524 2 9
Carried over .	- {	7,07,238 13 7

Progressive Account of the Victoria Memorial

Receipts.	Ledger folio.	Amount.
Brought forward		# a. p. 11,53,943 6 5
•		-
		•
•		
TOTAL .		11,53,943 6 5

SIMLA:

The 15th April 1917.

Scholarships Fund up to the 31st December 1916 -coneld.

,		PEND	ITUE	E.						Ledger folio,	Атоп	nt.	
•				В	rough	for	ward		-	{	# 7,07,238 2,38,524	13	
Objects of Fund-concld									l		1		
Grants-in-aid-					,				- 1	,	İ		
Kashmir										69	815	0	0
Mysore	٠,									42	9,500	0	(
Puniab)	74	43,390	8	(
Rapputana .										72	51,914	8	•
' United Provinces										140	35,836	0	(
Bihar and Orissa				. •						124	5,971	9	
Дязаш				۲.	. •					145	1,894	0	(
Miscellaneous .					-					96	8,925	1	1
											3,96,279	12	10
Profit and Loss										63	100	0	0
Expenses of Fund-							-		1				
Permanent advances	٠.									57	100	0	0
Salaries, wages, and	trave	lling	exper	2508 c	of Off	ice F	Istabl	ielim	ent	105	21.731	0	0
Office Contingencies,	icel	udina	Post	aon.	Tales	ra me	ota			110	7,650	2	0
Commission on inves								•	- 1	113	6,223	12	3
Office Building .				,	-			•		100	1,500	0	0
					·	•	•	•			37,304 1	5	3
				•			Тот	A L			11,40,823	8 1	8
Clonny Balance on 3	ld E	econi	ber 13	16			,			128	13,119 13	: :	,
			/				Тот	AL		_	11.52.942 6	2	

Investment Account of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

		Nominal Value.	Cost.	1
4½ per cent. Rangoon Municipal Debentures of 190½	•	B a. p.	B a 2,85,450 0	, a 0
Lonn at 6 per cent, per annum to Kumar Gopika Rama Roy Estate, Court of Wards	•	3,17,941 12 I	3,17,941 12	Ħ
34 per cont. Government Securities	•	1,00,000 0 0	93,847	
Loan at 6 per cent. per annum to Khan Bahadur Estate, Court of Wards	· ·	10,000 0 0	10,000 0	0
	TOTAL .	6,87,441 12 1	7,07,288 13 7	1
Sint'A : The 16th April 1917.	`	B. W. MARI.OW, Colonel, Honorary Trea	LOW, Colonel, Honorary Treasurer.	1

PRINTED BY

SCREEFFIXDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA,

Fund.
Scholarships
Memorial
Victoria
f the
Account. of
Investment

		i Nominal Value.	Gost.
		B a. p.	H a. p.
4½ per cent. Rangoon Municipal Debentures of 1904	•	2,59,500 0 0	2,85,450 0 0
Loan at 6 per cent. per annum to Kumar Gopika Ram? Roy Estate, Court of Wards		3,17,941 12 1	3,17,941 12 1
3½ per cent. Govornment Securities		1,00,000 0 0	93,847
Loan at 6 per cent, per annum to Khan Bahadur Estate, Court of Wards		10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0
	Toral.	6,87,441 12 °1'	7,07,288 13 7
Sibit/A : The 15th April 1917.	,	B. W. MARL	B. W. MARLOW, Golonel, Honorary Treasurer.

PRIVIED BY
SUPERINTENDETT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA,
DELHI

in the matter of Act XXI of 1800 of the Acts of the Viceroy and Governor-General of India in Council, being an Act for the Registration of Literary, Scientific, and Charitable Societies

AND

In the matter of "The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India."

Memorandum of Association.

- 1 The name of the Association is 'The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India."
 - 2. The objects for which the Association is established are-
 - Medical tuition, including the teaching and training in India of women as doctors, hospital assistants, nurses, and midwives.
 - (2) Medical relief, including-
 - (a) the establishment under female superintendence of dispensaries and cottage hospitals for the treatment of women and children;
 - (b) the opening of female wards under female superintendence in existing hospitals and dispensatios;
 - (c) the provision of female medical officers and attendants for existing female wards; and
 - (d) the founding of hospitals for women where special funds or endowments are forthcoming.
 - (3) The supply of trained female nurses and midwayes for women and children
 - in hospitals and private houses.

 (1) The management of the Fund raised for the above objects, and which is known as "The Countes of Duffering Fund."
 - (5) The purchase or acquisition on lease, or in exchange, or on hire or otherwise, of any real or personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Association.
 - (6) The erection, construction, alteration, and maintenance of any buildings necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Association.
 - (7) The sale, improvement, management, and development of all or any part of the property of the Association.
 - (8) The promotion and establishment of Branches and of other Societies or Associations with similar objects, and the affiliation or amalgamaton of such Societies or Associations with the Association.
 - (9) The doing of all such things as are incidental or conducivo to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.
 - 3. The names, addresses, and occupations of the persons who are members of and form the Central Committee or governing body of the said Association are as follows:—
 - 1st—Her Eccellency the Right Honour-ble the Countees of Dufferin and Ava, c.r.,
 Lady President, whose address is—Viceroy's Camp, India.
 - 2nd-The Hon'ble Mr. A. R. Scoble, Q.c., Member of the Viceroy's Council.
 - 3rd-The Hou'ble Sir Charles Aitchison, R.C.S I., Member of the Viceroy's Council.
 - 4th-The Hou'ble Sir Dinshaw Mancekjee Petit, Kt., of Bombay, Additional Member of the Viceroy's Council.

- 5th-A. P. MacDonnell, Esq., c.s., Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department.
- 6th—The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Moore (Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co.), Calcutta, Member of the Council of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
- 7th—The Hon'ble Sir Syed Ahmad Khan, Bahadur, K.C.S.I., of Aligarh, Member of the Council of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces.
- 8th-Surgeon-General Sir Benjamin Simpson, M.D., K.C.I.E., Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.
- 9th-Maharaja Sir Jotendra Mohun Tagore, Bahadur, K.C.B.I., Calcutta.
- 10th-Sir Alexander Wilson, Kt. (Mossrs. Jardine, Skinner & Co.), Calcutta, President, Bank of Bengal.
- 4. A copy of the Rules and Regulations of the said National Association is filed with this Memorandum of Association, and the undersigned, being seven of the members of the governing body of the said National Association, do hereby certify that such, copy of such Rules and Regulations is a correct copy of the Rules and Regulations of the said National Association.

As witness our several and respective hands and signatures this 29th day of February 1888.

WITNESS.

HARRY COOPER, Major,

Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

SIGNATURES.

HARRIOT DUFFERIN.

ANDREW R. SCOBLE.

C. U. AITCHISON.

JOTENDRA MOHUN TAGORE.

B. SIMPSON.

DINSHAW MANECKJEE PETIT.

CHARLES H. MOORE.

Rules and Regulations of the National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India.

The Lady President.

1. The first Lady President of the National Association is Her Excellency the Right Honourable the Countess of Dufferin, c.i. On her vacating this office the power of filling the vacancy shall rest with the Central Committee.

Members.

2. The Members of the National Association shall consist of three classes, namely:—A—Life Councillors; B—Life Members; and C—Ordinary Members.

Life Councillors.

3. Every donor of £500 or R5,000, or of subscriptions which in the aggregate amount to £500 or £5,000, and upwards, to the funds of the National Assoication, shall be a Life Councillor.

Life Members.

4. Every donor of £50 or R500, or of subscriptions which in the aggregate amount to £50 or £500, and upwards, to the funds of the National Association, shall be a Life Member.

Ordinary Members.

as his entranco fee.

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141 ما إسرام سيسما

Rights and Privileges of Members.

Affairs to be managed by Central Committee.

The general management of the affair of the National Association shall rest with the Contral Committee, who, for the purposes of Act XXI of 1800, shall be taken to be, and shall act as, the governing body of the Association.

Constitution of Central Committee.

8. The first members of the Central Committee shall be the Lady President of the National Association, and the following gentlemen, namely .—

The Honble Sir Dinshaw Maneckies Petit, Kt., of Bombay, Additional

. 11

ment.
Surgn.-Genl. Sir BENJAMIN SIMPSON, M.D.,
K.C.LE., Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of India.

The Honble Sir Syed Ahmad Khan, Bahadur, K.c.s I., of Aligarh, The Honble Mr. C. H. Moore (Messrs.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. MODER (Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co).
Sir Alexander Wilson, Kt. (Messrs.

Jardine, Shinner & Co.), President, Bank of Bengal.

9. The Lady President of the National Association for the time betary shall be thy virtue of her office, President of the Central Committee, and shall have the power of filling vacancies in, and making additional appointments to, that Committee.

Powers of Central Committee.

10. The Central Committee shall have power-

(a) to apply "The Counters of Dufferin's Fund" to such purposes as they may consider conducte to the objects of the National Association:

(b) += t=== + r

(c) to make and vary such regulations not inconsistent with the Memorandum of Association and these Rules as may be necessary or expedient for the conference.

of the business of the National Association, and to fix from time to time the quorum necessary for the transaction of lusiness, but until they shall otherwise determine, four members of the Central Committee shall form a

(d) generally to do such things on they may consider necessary or expedient for the purpose of carrying out the objects of the National Association.

Duties of Central Committee.

11. The Central Committee shall directly control local operations for the objects of the National Association in those parts of the country where a Branch Association, such as is beginned association in the country where a Branch Association, such as is beginned as a second to done not arts. beginning referred to, does not oxis. It shall specially ondeavour to again and who decommends referred to, does not outs. It shall specially endearous to assure and who could be desire to organize similar operations within their own territories, and who could be shall mediate executation. It shall mediate executation to a shall mediate executation. Unions who may desire to organize similar operations within their own territories, and who may seek the advice or aid of the National Association. It shall publish periodical sinterments of the accounts and the reports of the work done by the National Association.

Hence Associations of creatides and he Societies emitted to the National Association. ments of the accounts and the reports of the work done by the Antional Association.

Branch Associations aforesaid, and by Societies affiliated to the National Association.

12. The Central Committee shall have power to appoint from time to time an Honomry Secretary and other officers of the National Association, and to delegate to such officers such of their navers as they may consider arredient. The first Henerale Secretary shall be of their powers as they may consider expedient. The first Henorary Secretary shall be Major Harry Cooper, A.-I).-C.

13. All moneys subscribed to the support of the objects of the Association shall constitute croution to the tune at command of the particular branch to the Honorary Sector which the same has been paid, nuless specially designated for the Central Committee.

- 14. Any moneys which, in the opinion of the Central Committee, it shall be from time to time necessary or expedient to invest, shall be invested in the joint names of not less than the of the mambers of such Control Committee as Tractors for the Association, in some or to time necessary or expenses to invest, such of invested in the joint names of notices that two of the members of such Control Committee, as Trustees for the Association, in some or one of the following scentifies, but in no others that is to see the following scentifies.
- (i) In promissory notes, debentures, stock, and other securities of the Government of India, or of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. two of the following securities, but in no others, that is to say:
 - (ii) In bonds, debentures, and annuities charged by the Imperial Parliament on the
 - (iii) In stock or debentures of, or shares in, railway or other companies, the interest whereon shall have been guaranteed by the Secretary of State for India. whereon shall have been guaranteed by the Secretary of State for India.
 - (iv) In dobentures or other securities for money issued by, or on behalf of, any Monicipal hody under the authority of any Act of a Legislature octablished in British India. or in debentures or other scapping issued by or on behalf of British India, or in debentures or other securities issued by, or on behalf of the Commissioners of the Port of Colombia the Touristics of the Port of Romthe Commissioners of the Port of Calcutta, the Trustees of the Port of Box. the Trustees of the Herborn of Madres the Trustees of the Port of the Commissioners of the Port of Calcutta, the Trustees of the Port of Port of Port of the Harbour of Madras, the Trustees of the Harbour of Madras, the Trustees of the Port of the Port of Rangoon, or by, or on behalf. Karachi, or the Commissioners of the Port of Rangoon, or by, or on behalf of any other local authority under the authority of any Act of a Logislature of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority under the authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of any other local authority of of, any other local authority under the authority of any Act of a Logislature established in Reitich India established in British India.

- (e) On mortgage of moveable and immoveable property under the management of the Court of Wards.
- (vi) In any investments not hereinboforo specified, anthorized for the investment of trust funds by the Indian Trusts Act, 1832 (Act II of 1832), or any 1e-enactment or tatutory modification thereof.

Presentation of Annual Reports and Finances.

15. The Central Committee shall each year present a report, showing the proceedings and progress of the Association during the past year and its financial position.

. Special Meetings.

16. The Central Committee may at any time, and shall upon a written requisition by not less than ten Life Councillers or Life Mombors in that behalf, call a Special beginned for which

Notices.

 Any notice required to be or which may be given by advertisement shall be advertised in such newspapers as the Central Committee may from time to time direct in that behalf.

Branch Associations.

18. Each Branch Association will have the independent management of its own the Association and specially sary Secretary of such Branch 1 the Committee for the time unds of such Branch have and

inds of such Branch have and tof moneys as those conferred and Rule 14, respectively, and tee may and shall accordingly any moneys forming part of mmittee it shall be necessary names of not less than two

Banch in some or one of the securities or investments monitoned in Rule 14, but mn or others. The Managing Committee of each Branch will be expected to act as the local agents and representatives of the Central Committee and to contribute from the Branch funds to the Central Committee and the Committee of the Branch concenned.

Affiliated Societies.

19. Any Society established for objects similar to those of the National Association may, with the permission of the Central Committee, affiliate itself to the National Association. An affiliated Society shall, unless if otherwise desired, remain independent in the administration of its funds and the conduct of its operations, but will be requested to furnish to the Central Committee such reports and information as may be mutually agreed on, and to assist by correspondence and conference in the furtherance of their common objects. On the other hand, the Central Committee shall have power to assist affiliated Societies in such manner and to such extent as may be considered by them consistent with the rules and conductive to the special objects of the National Association.

Co-operation with Medical Officers of Government.

20. All persons employed by the Association will ordinarily be expected to act in co-operation with, and where necessary in subordination to, the medical officers of Government.

Bankers.

21. The Bankers of the National Association shall, until it is otherwise arranged by the Central Committee, be the Bank of Bengal in India, and Messrs. Coutts and Co. in England.

22. No alteration shall be made in the above Rules and Regulations, except by the vote of a majority of the members present at a Special Meeting called for that purpose as hereinbefore provided.

WITNESS.

HARRY COOPER, Major,
Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

SIGNATURES.

HARRIOT DUFFERIN ANDREW R. SCOBLE. C. U. AITCHISON. JOTENDRA MOHUN TAGORE. B. SIMPSON. DINSHAW MANECKJEE PETIT. CHARLES H. MOORE.

Note.—Rules 14 and 18 were amended as above at a General Meeting of the Association held at Government House, Calcutta, on the 14th February 1908.

Rule 20 was amended as above at a Special Meeting of the Association held at Government House, Calcutta, on the 6th March 1912.

Rule 15 was amended as above at a Special Meeting of the Association held at Gorton Castle, Simla, on the 23rd September 1915.

Patronesses.

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY QUEEN (HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY OUEEN MARY. ALEXANDRA.

Patron in India.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE TRE BARON HARDINGE OF PENSHURST. PC .. GC.B., GMSI, GC.MG., G.M.I.E., G.C.V.O., ISO, VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL Or INDIA.

Vice-Patrons.

H R. H. Field Marshal the Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, R.G., R.T., R.P., C C B., QCS.I. G.C M.G. GCIE., GCVO., PC.

-- 7 -

O C.I E. H. H the Mahabaja Scrypta of Gwallob, D.C L. The Right Hon Banon Reay, KT., GCSI,

GCIE, PC, LL.D. The Right Hon. East Curzon or Kenleston. etc, K.G., G.CSI, GOIE, PC., DC.L, LL.D,

Sir CHARLES STUART BAYLEY, GCLE, KCSI,

H H, the NIZAM of HYDERABAD, G CS.I H. H. the GAREWAR of BARODA, G C 8 1. H. H. the Mahabaja of Marwar Jodupur. H. H the MAHARANA of UDAIPUR, G.C.S.I. . G.OLE . G 0.8 I .

H. H. the MANABAJA of JAIPUR, G.C.S I., GCIN, GCVO, LLD.
The Maharaja of Vizianagram H H. the MARABAJA of JAMMU and KASHMIR, GOSI, GOIR.

The Hon'ble Manabasa of Darbnanga, G.C.I E. H. H. the Manabaja of Benaues, o c.I B.

Vice-Patronesses

H. R. H THE DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT AND STRATHEARN, C.I.

The Most Hon the Dowagen Marchioness of 1 CI.

DUFFERIN and Ava, v. & a, Q.I.
The Most Hon. the Manculoness of Lans-DOWNE, CI The Lady REAY, CI

Lady BAYLEY. Lady LTALL.

Lady ELLIOTT.

The Most Hon, the MARCHIONESS of RIPON,

The Lady EMMA BARING, C.I. Lady GRANT DUFF, CI Lady ATTCHISON.

. H. the Nawab Shams-1-Jahan Brown Sauiba of Mubshidabad, CI.

The Lady AMPTHILL, CI. The Lady Nobthcore, C.1

H H. the MAHABANI CHINEU RAJA SAUIBA of GWALIOR.

H. H the MARABANI SARRUJA RAJA SAHIBA SCINDIA ALIJA BAHADUR, of GWALIOE, Ct.

II. II. the MANABANI of HUTWA. The Right Hon, the Countries of MINTO, C f.

And such other persons of position and influence, both English and Indian, as may from time to time be specially invited by the Central Committee to become Vice-Patrons and Vice-Patronesees of the Association.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Members.

The Hon'ble Sir S. H. Burles, R.C.S.L., C.L.E., Member of the Viceroy's Council (Acting President).

The Hon'ble Sir R. Chappoon, E.C.s.L. Mem-

ber of the Piceroy's Conneil.
The Hou'ble Sie Am IMAM, K.C.S.L., Member of the Piceroy's Council.

The Hon'ble Surgeon-General Sir C. P. Lukts, K.C.S.J., K.H.S., M.D., Director-General of the Indian Medicul Service.

The Houble Mr. J. B. Wood, Cara, ac.s., Political Secretary to the Government of India, l'oreign Department.

Dr. K. A. Platt, M.D., W.M.S. Dr. A. M. Bencon, M.D. Raja Sir Hannam Singh, K.C.Le., Ahluwalia, of Knjurthala.

The Honble Sir G. R. M. CHITSAVIS, K.G.LE. The Honble Nawab Mumpaz-ud-daula, Sir MUH'D FAIYAZ ALI KHAN, R.C.V.O, R.C.I.E.,

The Hou'hle Maharaja-Dhiraj Bahadur Sir BIJAY CHAND, MARTAB, of Burdwan, E.C.S.I., R.C.I.E., LO.M., etc.

Lt.-Col. Sir J. R. ROBERTS, RT., CA.E., LM.S., Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy.

Honorary Secretary.

Lt.-Col. Sir J. R. Robertz, Kr., c.r.s., 1.21.5., Viceroy's Comp.

Permanent Joint Secretary.

E. J. Buck, Esq., Viceroy's Camp.

Permanent Assistant Secretary.

W. G. A. HANBAHAN, Esq., Viceroy's Camp. Honorary Treasurer.

Colonel B. W. Manlow, c.J.E., Military Accountant-General.

Honorary Auditor.

R. A. GAMBLE, Esq., B.A., LC.S., Comptroller and Auditor-General.

Honorary Solicitors.

Mesirs. Sandenson & Co., Calcutta.

Bankers.

BANK OF BENGAL, Calcutta. Messrs. Courts & Co., 50, Strand, London.

Honorary Secretaries to Branches of the Association. United Kingdom Branch.

THE MOST HONOURABLE THE DOWAGER MARCHIONESS OF DUFFERIN AND AVA, V. & C.I., Claudeboye, Ireland.

For the Scholarship Department .- Secretary, Mrs. Bell, 12, St. Leonard's Road, Ealing, London.

Assam.

The Hon'ble Colonel H. E. BANATVALA, I.M.S., Shillong.

Baluchistan.

Lt.-Col. A. L. Duke, I.M.s., Quetta. Bengal.

Capt. W. L. HARNETT, I.M.S., Govt. House, Calcutta.

Berar.

D. G. STRACEY, Esq., Amraoti. Biliar and Orissa.

C. B. BAYLEY, Esq., c.y.o., Govt. House, Ranchi. Bombay.

Capt. C. W. RIGDY, R.A.M.C., Govt. House, and JEHANGIR DOSABHOY FRAMJEE, Esq., Bar. at-Law, 1.s.o. (Joint Hony. Secretaries).

Burma.

Major A. G. SARGENT, I.M.S., Rangoon, Central Provinces.

G. Sherlock Hubbard, Esq., Nagpur. Madras.

Major F. F. ELWES, I.M.S., Govt. House.

Mysore. Rao Bahadur T. V. ARMUGAM MUDALIAR, Esq.,

Bangalore. .

N.-W. F. Province.

Lt.-Col. T. W. IRVINE, I.M.S., Peshawar. Punjab.

Colonel E. C. BAYLEY, I.A., O.I.E., Govt. House, Simla or Lahore.

U. P. of Agra and Oudh.

J. N. G. Johnson, Esq., i.c.s., Allahabad.

THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND

The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India.

Thirty-first Report of the Central Committee for the year 1915.

IN presenting its Thirty-first Annual Report of the National Association for providing Female Medical Aid to the Women of India the Central Committee is glad to be able to again present a statement indicating steady progress throughout the country.

The objects for which the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund was inaugurated continue to be steadily attained in various centres in India, and a separate account of the work accomplished in this direction is given under a special heading at the end of this volume.

The report contains the statistics and details of the main operations of the Fund during the past year, and it also includes a précis of the work accomplished in Baluchistan, Mysore, North-West Frontier Province, and certain Native States which do not publish separate reports. Those who are interested in the details of relief which has been afforded in Assam, Bengal, Berar, Bihar and Orissa, Bombay, Burma, the Central Provinces, Madras, the Punjab, and the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, can obtain the Provincial reports through the respective Honorary Secretaries of these Branches.

It will be noticed that the official year of the Association now closes on the 31st December instead of on the 30th November as heretofore; but in order to provide for any necessary continuity in accounts or statistics, it was left to the discretion of each branch to include in the Report for 1915 the results of working for the month of December 1914.

Sir Harcourt Butler who was acting as President of the Dufferin I'und of Committee was succeeded by Sir Reginald Graddock in October 1915, and the Committee have also lost the services of Sir Ali Imam. Cordial votes of thanks to both of these members for valuable advice and assistance for several years past have been duly recorded by the Central Committee.

In Annexure I of this report will be found details regarding the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital for Women and the Training School for Nurses at Delhi, and Annexure II contains an account of the opening of the College and Hospital by His Excellency the Viceroy on the 17th February 1916. Although this event does not fall within the period under review, it is considered advisable to include it as a part of this report.

Dr. K. A. Platt, W. M. S., who has been appointed Principal of the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital at Delhi, has been attached to the Central Committee's office of the Association throughout the year and her advice and assistance in many matters have continued to prove of much value to the Committee; and during the past twelve months she has visited a number of important centres, including Bhopal, Lahore, Benares, Cawnpore, Allahabad, and Delhi. Dr. Platt proceeded to England for several months in the summer in connection with the selection of certain ladies for the staff of the Medical College at Delhi.

While in England Dr. Platt also took the M. D., London, and visited various medical schools and hospitals to gain information in connection with starting the Lady Hardinge Medical College.

A scheme was recently proposed by the United Provinces Government for provincializing the Female Medical School at Agra, and transferring its control from the Countess of Dufferin's Fund to the Local Government. The scheme was approved both by the Central Committee and the Government of India, and it will entail a heavy outlay on additional buildings. Plans and estimates are being prepared, and the scheme will be carried into effect when the provincial revenues are in a condition to bear its cost.

The Women's Medical Service for India, which is supported by the grant of R1,50,000 per annum from the Government of India, has now completed its second year, and the Committee is glad to say that it continues to prove of valuable assistance to many important centres.

The General Rules and Regulations of the Service, together with those which have been laid down for the Provident Fund, and for Travelling and Leave are again published in the Appendices of this report for general information.

The Central Committee has recently decided that the age limit of retirement of members of the Women's Medical Service laid down in rule 14 shall be raised from 48 to 55 years.

The names of the ladies who are now in the Service will be found in Appendix VI of this report. The new Service started on the 1st January 1914, and twenty-four out of the full staff of twenty-five appointments were

made during that year. The twenty-fifth appointment was filled up in 1915.

The Central Committee having undertaken to supply the services of three Medical Women to the staff of the new Lady Hardinge Medical College at Delhi, the strength of the Women's Medical Service has been raised to 28 members to admit of this increase, and the extra appointments will be for the present considered as supernumerary to the fixed staff of 25.

The question of adding one or two more appointments to this number, should funds permit, is now being carefully considered by the Committee.

In 1923, the Committee particularly requested all Provincial and Local Branches concerned to see that in all cases where it provided the salary of a Medical Woman that she should be provided with the services of a competent Assistant Surgeon, and the Committee is gratified to be able to announce that in practically every case this has been done.

All medical women who are desirons of joining the Women's Medical Service for India are invited to send in their applications and recommendations to the Honorary Secretary, Viceroy's Camp, in order that their names may be duly registered and their claims may be considered as vacancies in the Service occur.

For the benefit of ladies who may not be enrolled in the Service proper, but who are otherwise engaged in furthering the aims and objects of the National Association for providing Female Medical Aid to the Women of India the Committee would repeat the remarks already contained in earlier reports.

The funds at the command of the Association, as will be seen from the financial statements later on, are strictly limited, and it should be clearly recognised by those who accept posts under the Fund that it is essentially a charitable, and more or less struggling Association, which endeavours to provide as full medical relief as possible to women of all classes in India with a comparatively very small income

The Committee thinks it well to again point out that, owing to the steady annual increase in the number of ladies who possess the higher degreer in medicine, the Association cannot guarantee to provide employment carrying a suitable remuneration immediately it is required, or indeed within any given period. The number of appointments, apart from those which come under the Women's Medical Service, and especially those carrying the recognised pay of the higher grade, are strictly limited, and the most the Central Committee can do is to endeavour to fill such vacancies as arise with the best material at its disposal. In all cases where the Central Committee is asked to recommend a lady for a post in a Native State, or for a particular

hospital, the claims of every registered candidate for employment receive full and impartial consideration. It should also be borne in mind that the final selection and appointment of candidates for a considerable number of posts, as well as the terms during which it is considered expedient they should hold those posts, rests with the local authorities concerned. The fact, moreover, that the Central Committee has assisted students, who have been recommended by the Principals of Medical Colleges in India as likely to prove successful medical women, with scholarships during their college careers, does not in any way render the Committee responsible for providing them with permanent employment under the Association. Nor does it guarantee to provide with first grade posts immediately on their return to India, ladies whom it may have recommended to the United Kingdom Branch as worthy of assistance in order that they may take the higher degrees in medicine.

The Central Committee would also remind Honorary Secretaries of Provincial and Local Committees that a list of candidates for employment is always maintained in its office, and to state that if ladies who wish to proceed on leave would notify their desire as early as possible to their Local or Provincial Committee, it would much facilitate the work of those who have to arrange for filling their posts during their absence.

Now that the Medical Service for Women in India has been successfully launched by the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, the Central Committee has resolved to discontinue as far as possible the system which has hitherto been followed of giving small doles, or grants-in-aid, to various centres under the control of Provincial Branches. The Committee has arrived at this decision in the belief that it can best assist Local Branches by providing the services of a salaried Medical Woman where suitable hospitals exist, and it also hopes that when it relieves a Provincial or District Branch from this charge that the local authorities will be able to provide the rest of the funds required for the maintenance of the hospital.

Amongst the most important changes during the year 1915 may be mentioned the following:—

The services of Dr. D. E. Pratt, W.M.S., were terminated, as she was declared by a Medical Board to be physically unfit for further work in India, and Dr. L. Gumprich, W. M. S., has severed her connection from the Service.

Dr. K. A. Platt, W.M.S., rejoined at Delhi as Principal of the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital and member of the Central Committee, in October 1915; Dr. A. L. McKenzie, W.M.S., returned to Gaya in November; and Dr. F. B. Leach, W.M.S., rejoined her appointment at Campore in December.

Dr. M. I. Balfour, W.M.S., has been sanctioned a further extension of service from 1916 to 1921.

Drs. V. E. Field, L. R. C. P. & S., and D. Kamalakar, L M., L.R C.P. & S., were admitted to the Women's Medical Service during 1915. Dr. Field was appointed to the Lady Hardinge Medical College, Delbi, in December, and has been deputed to England to prepare for the Professorship of Pathology in the College, and also to take a course of Tropical Medicine. Dr. L. M. Ghose, W.M.S., has officiated for several months at Cawnpore in the place of Dr. Leach, W.M.S., and on the return of the latter, the former has been attached to the Dufferin hospital, Allahabad, on recerve duty.

Dr. D. K. F. Michael, W.M.S., was selected by the Government of India for a scholarship and she left for England in August. During her absence she will be seconded from the Women's Medical Service, and Dr Kamalakar, who has been admitted to the Service, has been appointed in her place.

Drs. P. T. Copeland and H. Lauder, members of the Service, are now on leave.

The Central Committee has recorded an expression of its deep regret at the death of Miss E. S. Impey, M.B., Ch.B. This lady who was selected in England on the recommendation of Dr. Platt for the Women's Medical Service, was on her way to India to join her appointment when she was drowned by the sinking of the "Persia" at the end of 1915. The Committee also conveyed its sincere sympathy to her family.

In Appendix III are given details of women and children treated by Patients female agency in zenana hospitals, wards, and dispensaries throughout the the year. country.

It will be seen that in Native States no less than 671,180 patients were treated in hospitals officered by women. This bears eloquent testimony to the generous support given by the Ruling Chiefs to the movement for providing female medical aid for women.

As the majority of these hospitals undoubtedly owe their origin to the efforts of the Dufferin Fund, and as a considerable number are now officered either by Medical Women nominated by the Central Committee, or by ladies who were materially assisted in their medical studies by the Association, the Committee considers that it has every right to take to itself substantial credit for the success attained in this direction.

The actual number of women treated in (a) hospitals mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund was 316,392 and the number treated in (b) hospitals, assisted by the Dufferin Fund was 473,365.

The work accomplished by Missionary Societies is not here reviewed, and the tables contain no details of patients treated by many midwives who have received their training through the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

There are, moreover, a number of private female practitioners in India, many of whom have been at some time or other connected with the Association, and some of whom have received scholarships and direct assistance at its hands; but the Association is not in a position to obtain details of the useful work accomplished by these ladies.

The Committee trusts that Honorary Secretaries and Medical Women will continue to see that returns are submitted on the principle which has been laid down by the Government of India for the State hospitals.

One of the purposes of the returns is the comparison they afford of the work accomplished in institutions of corresponding size and scope, but such comparison is difficult, or impossible, if in one case the figures representing patients treated are the number of the total visits or attendances of new and old patients, while in another they are the number of the individuals or of new patients only. If statistics are to be of any value, they must be compiled on one uniform basis. If, for example, the same person attends for 10 days, she should not be counted 10 times, but if she re-appears as a fresh case she should be counted again. The returns should include both those patients remaining from the previous year and those admitted during the year under report. The Central Committee, having had its attention drawn to the probable inaccuracy of some of the returns, again desires to make the position quite clear.

An additional Appendix (IV) has been included in this report showing the total number of women and children treated during 1914 in all the hospitals and dispensaries in certain Provinces in India. It will be seen that no less than 14,575,131 women and children were treated during the year.

The Committee has received lists from the Provinces giving the numbers of the students at present in the principal medical colleges and schools in India (Appendix I). These show that there are 83 European and Indian ladies studying for the full M.B. course, 33 as assistant surgeons, and 87 as hospital assistants; 413 nurses, dais, and compounders are also being trained.

The Central Committee assists a certain number of students in each Provincial Centre with scholarships to help them in their medical studies, but the demand for these awards continues to far exceed the number at the disposal of the Committee.

Of the 203 who are being trained in medical work, no less than 76 are being supported with scholarships by the Dufferin Fund, 69 are in receipt of Government scholarships, 27 are being trained with university or school scholarships, 6 are being educated at the expense of Native States, and 6 are assisted by local District Boards and Municipalities.

The question of making certain modifications in the rules for the award of United Kingdom scholarships is now under consideration.

The Committee during the past year has decided to award eighteen scholarships of R25 per mensem each to the students at the Lady Hardinge Medical College at Delhi. The award of these scholarships is expected to commence from the end of 1916, and the Delhi College Committee has been requested to draw up rales guiding their bestowal.

All details regarding scholarships granted by the Central Committee can be obtained on application to the Honorary Secretary of the Central Committee, or to the Principals of the Medical Colleges of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, and Delhi, and particulars regarding those given by Provincial Committees on application to the Honorary Secretaries of Provincial Branches.

The Central Committee continued their assistance during the year to Summaries of four local branches in Assam; and the income from grants by Government reports of and local bodies rose from R13,100 to R14,138. A sum of R225 was also Branches raised by private subscriptions, of which R180 represented the usual annual subsidy from the Rani of Bijni. The Local Administration increased the Government contribution to the Fund from R5,000 to R5,240.

The number of patients treated rose from 41,623 to 50,755 as compared with the previous year, i.e., an increase of 22 per cent, which is very satisfactory.

The Bengal Branch reports that although there has been a falling off in Bengal the number of patients in some of the institutions, the majority of the institutions show an increase in numbers. The Committee note with special pleasure a continued increase in the number of purdah patients.

The constitution of the governing body of the Bengal Branch of the Association has recently been somewhat changed. It now consists of the President. the Lady President, Patrons, and Patronesses, and an Executive Committee His Excellency the Governor of Bengal is the President and Her Excellency . Lady Carmichael is the Lady President. The Executive Committee comercies of 25 members, including the Horrory Secretary and the Horrors

Treasurers. The Fund is much indebted to Lord and Lady Carmichael for the keen interest taken by them in furthering the cause of the Association.

In September 1915, at the suggestion of the Surgeon-General, the management of the Lady Elliott hostel was handed over to the Superintendent, Campbell medical school and hospital. The usual contribution of R200 per annum payable by this Branch, towards the maintenance of the hostel, will, however, continue to be paid. The sanctioned yearly grants were given as usual to local institutions, including those transferred to this Province from the districts formerly under the administration of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam. The contribution by the Branch paid to the Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria hospital was on the basis of an annual payment of R10,000. This hospital also received from Government the promised grant of R12,000. The sum of R4,843 was subscribed by the public during 1914, and a grant of an equivalent amount has been received from Government. In consequence of the great rise in the price of drugs, the Government raised the grant for European medicines by 10 per cent, as a special case. In April 1915, the Committee received a sum of R1,830, being the accumulated interest of the Lady Elliott Scholarship Fund, from the Principal, Medical College, Calcutta.

The amount of subscriptions realised during the year was £560, of which £500 was from His Excellency the Viceroy; but this does not include the subscriptions received by the Calcutta Dufferin hospital which amounted to over £5,000. Mr. R. D. Mehta, C.I.E., gave a handsome donation of £10,000 for the endowment of a bed in the Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria hospital in the name of his mother Mrs. D. B. Mehta and himself: a generous gift which the Committee duly acknowledged. Last year the Corporation of Calcutta set a praiseworthy example by endowing a bed, in accordance with the wishes of the late Lady Hardinge, in the hospital, and since then £3 Jyot Kumar Mukerji and £3 Hazarimul Doodwala Bahadur have both endowed beds, making altogether four endowed beds in the hospital.

The report continues :-

This year the financial condition has improved because we have succeeded in re-investing our surplus capital. But as the Surajpura Estate is due to liquidate its debt of R1,19,280 by September 1916, the financial condition needs constant watching. On the other hand, the bulk of the income of this Branch goes to the upkeep of the Calcutta Lady Dufferin Victoria hospital, and the Branch is, therefore, unable to assist many deserving mofussil institutions. The system of endowment of beds

which was inaugurated in 1914 is a real benefit to the Fund, as the income can always be counted upon in each succeeding budget. It is, hoped that the generous puble will follow the examples set by those to whom we owe the endowment of these four beds."

During the period under review the improvements and extensions of Berarbuildings continued in all four hopitals in Berar. The towns of Amraoti,
Akola, and Shegaon were visited by severe plague epidemics and the attendance at the hospitals at these places decreased in consequence A milder
epidemic occurred just at the end of the year at Yeotmal and the attendance
at the hospital was also affected.

In October the new city dispensary at Akola was completed, and with the permission of His Excellency the Viceroy, it bears the name of the late Lady Hardinge. The building cost about \$\frac{12}{7},000.

The application for the site for the most needed buildings of the in-patient department has been approved by the Local Government and awaits the sanction of the Government of India. There are sufficient funds in hand to provide a maternity ward, general ward, and four private wards. Quarters for some of the staff are also being provided.

Dr. George, W. M. S., is in charge of this hospital, and also acts as Inspecting officer on behalf of the Provincial Committee for the other three hospitals.

Dr. W. R. Bhat, I. R. C. P. & S., D. P. H., generously provided funds for paving the Gosha ward in the Women's hospital at Amraoti The buildings of this dispensary have been very considerably improved in the last two years.

The Saibai Mote hospital at Shegaon has continued to do well. The additional works contemplated are the provision of an operation room, some private wards, and an extension of the site. The Central Committee has pleasure in recording the generosity of Mr. Ramkrishna Govind Mote, whose personal gifts to the hospital amount to nearly R25,000. Mr. Pranjiwandas' useful donation of R2,500 for private wards was also much appreciated.

The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner opened the Ycotmal hospital in September 1914, but work began in it in June 1915 only. The hospital has, therefore, hardly yet made a fair start. The buildings are said to be excellent, and the Provincial Committee hope to chronicle a great advance in the work during 1916. Only a few thousand rupces, in addition to the sum in hand, are required to complete all the necessary buildings in connection with this hospital.

The present income of the hospitals enables them to be carried on with economy on their present lines. The Yeotmal hospital, as already mentioned in last year's report, received an endowment of R30,000 from the District Board, Yeotmal; and the Akola Board are contemplating an endowment of one lakh of rupees for the Akola hospital.

The provincial report adds that the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals has again kindly given his advice in the matter of plans, and Mr. Milner's help has been invaluable in securing efficient execution of building work, while Dr. George's inspection of the Amraoti and Yeotmal hospitals are a valuable aid to the Provincial Committee and to the Medical Women in charge.

No Branch Committee has yet been constituted in Bihar and Orissa for administering the Fund. The Bengal Branch made a grant of R1,080 annually for the first three years of the existence of the Province, but this ceased on the 31st March 1915. Since then the only income of the Provincial Branch has consisted of two annual contributions, one of R50 from the Sambalpur Municipal Committee and another of R75 from the Sambalpur District Council. The same small grants were made in 1915 to local institutions as in the previous year.

The Local Government have under consideration the question of forming a Committee and obtaining funds for various institutions. In the meantime, the administration of the small income available is carried on by the Private Secretary to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor as Honorary Secretary.

The Lady Elgin Zenana hospital at Gaya continued to receive support from the Central Committee in the shape of the salary of the Medical Woman in charge. Mrs. Whitty, Member of the Ladies' Visiting Committee, has visited the hospital since her return from England. Dr. A. L. McKenzie, W.M.S., availed herself of six months' leave in May 1915 and Miss Graham acted in her place. New quarters have been built for the female Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

In February, Sir Charles and Lady Bayley visited the Rani Shibatarani hospital at Bhagalpur, and generously granted R300 towards making a septic ward which was badly needed.

Brief accounts of the hospitals at Darbhanga and Bettiah are given in Appendix VII.

The Bombay report states that the training school for nurses at the Cama and Allbless hospital has continued its highly useful work and Miss H. M. Thacker, the Lady Superintendent, deserves credit for its successful

management At a general meeting, Her Excellency Lady Willingdon, the Lady President, nominated Sir Sassoon J. David, Bart., as Vice-President of the Association in place of the Hon'ble Mr Claude Hill, C.S.I., C.I.E., who resigned on joining the Viceroy's Council.

Financial aid was given by the Branch during the year to the Mahikantha Agency and the Haliyal Municipality. The Committee expresses its warm acknowledgments to the Trustees of the Wadia Charitiesfor continuing their annual contribution of R7,000 to the Association, which enables the training school to be run at full strength; and it also conveys its sincere thanks to those gentlemen and ladies who have become life-members or annual subscribers to the Association.

. The King Edward VII training institution for nurses and midwives at the Victoria Jubilee hospital, Ahmedabad, will be opened in July. Thanks are due to the Hon'ble Sirdar Sir Chinubhai Madhavlal Ranchhodlal, Bart , C.I.E., for the pecuniary help given to the hospital for medicines and other purposes, in addition to the endowment given by his grandfather.

All the suggestions that the Principal Medical Officer, Sind Division, made to improve the hospital buildings, etc., at Hyderabad, have been carried out.

An assistant surgeon to help Dr. Naoroji, a member of the Women's Medical Service in charge of the Lady Dufferin hospital, Shikarpur, was appointed on the 1st January 1915, but she resigned after five months. Another assistant surgeon has been appointed and is expected to join soon

Every endeavour is being made to improve the present inadequate finances of the Lady Dufferin hospital at Sholapur

The building of the new proposed lying-in ward for 20 beds at the Women's hospital, Surat, has been taken in hand, and it is hoped that the new building will be ready for work next year.

The Burma report states that Dr. Ma Saw Sa., W.M.S, was in charge of Burma. the hospital throughout the year. Major A. G. Sargent, I M.S., and Mr. J. R. Baird Smith were elected Honorary Secretary and Honorary Treasurer, respectively, in place of Major E. R. Rost, I.M S., who acted as Honorary Secretary and Honorary Treasurer up to the end of February 1915. Mr. Baird Smith has been at home since August 1915 and Mr. G. J. Swann is officiating.

The number of in-door patients was practically the same as last year, but the out-putients increased from 16,102 to 22,541. position was better than in previous years and urgent repairs and certain improvements to the hospital and its subsidiary buildings were carried out,

Marseilles tiles were substituted for the single roofing of the Superintendent's bungalow, and the work of the electric lift at the hospital has been put in hand and its completion is expected during the year.

Lectures and practical instructions in midwifery were given throughout the year. In June, 25 candidates were sent up and all passed an examination which was conducted by Dr. M. Kinsley, M.D. For the examination held in January, conducted by Dr. Murray, M.D., 9 were sent up and again all were successful. sick nursing at the Rangoon General hospital for 12 months prior to their From the 1st July 1916, candidates will be trained in joining the Lady Dufferin hospital for another year's training in midwifery.

Central Provinces.

During the period under report the operations of the Fund in the Central Provinces were, as in the previous years' reports, confined to Nagpur, Jubbulpore, and Saugor. Shrikhande, generously gave a donation of R7,000 for the construction A public-spirited citizen of Saugor, Mr. Ganpat Rao of a dispensary for females at that place, and grants-in-aid were made to the local branches at Nagpur and Jubbulpore. There were decreases in the total number of patients treated at Nagpur partly due to the prevalence of plague and partly to the treatment of very difficult maternity cases at the patients' houses under arrangements made by Miss A. E. Henderson, M.D., Nagpur, and at Jubbulpore, partly to the fact that children hitherto treated in the Elgin hospital, are now sent to the "Crump children's hospital," which has been recently opened. The number treated in the women's ward of the main dispensary at Saugor rose from 1,950 to 3,401. Various additions to existing hospital buildings at Nagpur and Jubbulpore have been taken in hand.

dras.

The Madras report again records progress in the work of the Dufferin The higher medical education of women continues to receive the close attention of the Madras Branch of the Fund, and during the year five stipends were granted for the University degree courses: three for the M.B., B.S., and two for the L.M.& S.; while six students were stipended by the Fund to undergo the Intermediate Arts course preparatory to entering the University classes at the Medical College. With such help, the certainty of an assured professional future and the prospects of appointment to the Women's Medical Service for India, the Provincial Committee hopes that some of the ablest women in the Presidency will in future take up the medical profession, in which their power for good work is unlimited. Everywhere in the Presidency the demand for them is a constant and pressing necessity.

The report of the Victoria Caste and Gosha hospital shows that during the year there was some falling off in the work of the hospital consequent on the many administrative changes. Dr. V. E. M. Bennett remained in charge throughout the year but no assistant superintendent was entertained owing to want of funds. Two beds were permanently—endowed during the year—one by His Excellency Lord Pentland, and the other by the Maharaja of Bobbili, while the "Wadia Charities" very generously made a donation of R3,000. The new quarters for the accommodation of an assistant superintendent and the nursing staff of the hospital were completed and opened early in the year. The nursing staff has been strengthened by the appointment of ten Indian pupil midwives, who, with a qualified European matron superintendent, two fully trained staff nurses, and eight pupil nurses, provides an efficient nursing service. A sanitary installation is an urgent necessity, but its introduction has had to be postponed owing to want of funds.

The Central Committee notes that private subscriptions amount to R120 only, contributed by one European and one Indian gentleman; and in quoting the following remark, by the Provincial Committee, it would be glad to record in future reports an appreciation by the public of the efforts made by the Provincial Branch in furthering the objects of the Association:—"The Committee once again desires to remind the Indian public that it is to them the Association should look in the first instance for support and trusts that this appeal will receive a more generous response in the future than it has done in the past."

A grant-in-aid of R25 per mensem is paid to Chittoor and Cuddapah for the employment of a well-qualified medical woman.

The Committee also sanctioned \$150 per measure each to Trichinopoly, Calicut, and Tinnevelly, when these municipalities employ medical women with higher qualifications.

Three 'hospitals' for women were opened during the year, viz., the women's side of the Municipal hospital, Caddapah, the Edward Memorial Maternity hospital, Trichur, and the women's side of the District hospital, Nagereoil; while the women's dispensary at Pollachi was re-opened and the Victoria dispensary at Vizagapatam was re-opened as a hospital and placed in charge of a member of the Women's Medical Service.

Alluding to the question of scholarships, the Madras Committee again writes:—"It is greatly to be regretted that at present there are no students being stipended by local bodies.

"There has recently, as formerly, been great difficulty in obtaining lady medical practitioners to take charge of dispensaries and hospitals in the Presidency at the salaries offered. The hospitals at Berhampur, Dindigul, and Tiruvannamalai have been closed for one year and seventeen days, two months and seven days, and six months, respectively. The hospitals at Berhampur and Tiruvannamalai still remain closed for want of a lady medical practitioner, while the women's side of the Municipal hospital at Trichinopoly has been worked by a male assistant throughout the year.

"The shortage of lady medical practitioners predicted in previous reports is being felt by district boards and municipalities, and will continue to be unless they stipend students, and thus obtain a claim on their services. The Committee, therefore, once more urges on district boards and municipalities the advisability of training students for service under them after they have qualified. The five years' course costs no more than \$\frac{11}{500}."

The Travancore State scholarship of R30 per mensem is held by Miss Kalyani Ammal and the Bharati Lakshmi scholarship of R15 per mensem by Miss R. Rosario. The Cochin State scholarship of R50 per mensem is held by Miss P. Goari Ammal, third-year apothecary class, and the Hyderabad State scholarship of R50 per mensem is at present vacant.

The Central Committee would again observe that the Provincial Committee rightly consider that the affiliation of Native States and local bodies with the Dufferin Fund, in connection with the institution of scholarships and female medical aid generally, is a matter on which there should not be any doubt regarding the very great advantages to those concerned. From their large and varied experience the Committee can be of material help both in technical and in many other matters to such States and bodies who desire to stipend students at the Medical College or obtain suitable qualified doctors for various posts and work. A register is kept both of appointments vacant and of medical women seeking employment.

The Punjab report shows that its opening balance on the 1st December 1914 was R11,119 and its closing balance on the 31st December 1915, R39,932. The Punjab Government continued its grant of R2,100 and individual donations amounted to R1,326. During the year, the Lady Lyall Home at Lahore for students was sold for R50,000 to the King Edward Memorial Committee, who intend to convert it into an Eye and Ear ward of the Mayo hospital, and it will be re-named the "Lady Lyall Ward". From the money thus realised, grants-in-aid of R6,620 have been made to the Lady Aitchison hospital, Lahore, for an electric light installation, R20,000 have been given for family wards and new quarters for nurses,

and H10,000 for quarters for Dufferin Fund scholars at Ludhiana. The Central Committee gave the Provincial Branch R13,691 during the year towards the salaries of Medical Women of the Women's Medical Service. There were fair increases in the number of patients treated in the general centres of the Punjab, and the report contains the usual returns and statistics of the Branches.

The United Provinces report again records a complete and satisfactory United account of the working of the Provincial Fund, and shows that 28 women's Provinces. hospitals are affiliated to the Provincial Branch and managed by local committees of the Dufferin Fund.

The in-door attendance of patients was 16,758 against 14,444 in 1914, and the out-door attendance was 377,836 against 336,087. The figures for 1915, however, include 13 months' results

The number of visits paid by the Medical Women and female sub-assistant surgeons to patients in their homes during the last two years was 5,036 and 5,997, respectively

The increase under all heads is satisfactory. Naini Tal again heads the list with the largest number of cases treated, then comes Lucknow, Fyzabad, Benares, Allahabad, and Shabjahanpur.

In March 1915, a new dispensary, not affiliated to the Provincial Branch. was opened by the District Board at Ujham in the Budaun district; and female sub-assistant surgeons were appointed during the year to the Sadr hospitals at Banda and Ballia and to the newly opened women's dispensary at Kasganj in the Etah district.

During the year under review, a grant of R1,01.454 was made by Government to the Provincial Committee, out of the balance available from the Oudh Rural Police Fand, for the improvement of certain Dufferin Fund hospitals. Of this sum, H72,400 have been allotted for a new hospital at Fyzabad and R15,000 for a labour ward and quarters for the nursing and subordinate medical staff at the Lucknow hospital. The balance of the grant is being devoted to the construction of a lying-in room at Kheri, an infections ward at Bara Banki, and certain improvements and additions required at Rae Bareli and Partabgarh. The administrative sanction of Government has recently been accorded to preliminary proposals amounting to R74,000 for rebuilding the Dufferin hospital at Gorakhpar.

At Aligarh wire gauze doors have been provided for the hospital and a brick on edge floor has been laid in the courtyards and kitchens of the five old purdah wards. At Allahabad the need of a septic ward for septic maternity cases has been met by the conversion of the children's ward into

a septic ward. It is proposed to build another children's ward at a cost of R7,500, towards which R5,000 have already been promised by the Maharani of Bettiah. Quarters for two compounders at the Allahabad hospital will shortly also be constructed. New quarters for the Medical Women in charge at Gorakhpur are under construction and quarters for the compounder at Saharanpur have been built.

During the year the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals inspected seventeen hospitals affiliated to the Provincial Branch, four non-affiliated institutions, and two other female dispensaries, and, on the whole, found the hospitals clean and neat and the equipment and medicines sufficient.

The centres at Allahabad, Cawnpore, Bara Banki, Etawah, and Sultanpur all require funds for various improvements. The hospital at Agra is in excellent order and it is doing much useful work. Its popularity seems to be yearly increasing. During the year under review, in addition to 549 important surgical operations, 547 obstetric cases were treated.

The total medical staff employed at hospitals under the auspices of the Association is 7 English qualified Medical Women, of whom 6 belong to the Women's Medical Service, 3 licentiates in medicine and surgery, and 13 certificated practitioners. Besides these, 55 female sub-assistant surgeons are employed either in independent charge of smaller hospitals or in subordinate charge of larger hospitals under the Medical Women. At the twelve centres at which female sub-assistant surgeons are eventually to be replaced by female assistant surgeons the orders of the Provincial Committee have been given effect to in four only, namely, Allahabad, Benares, Lucknow, and Gorakhpur, but as soon as the services of additional female assistant surgeons are available they will replace the present sub-assistant surgeons at Budaun, Gonda, Ghazipur, Mirzapur, Shahjehanpur, Dehra Dun, Mainpuri, and Cawnpore.

Of the members of the Women's Medical Service, Dr. H. J. C. MacLaren has been replaced at Benares by Dr. F. D. Barnes. Dr. V. E. Field, who returned to Agra from leave on the 7th August 1915, relinquished charge of her duties on the 14th August and proceeded to Calcutta. On the return from leave of Dr. F. B. Leach to Cawnpore in December 1915 the services of Dr. L. M. Ghose were replaced at the disposal of the Central Committee and she was placed temporarily on reserve duty at Allahabad pending further orders. Miss Z. DeCruz, L. R. C. P. & S., joined at Agra as third Medical Woman in May 1915 vice Dr. Field, but the vacancy at Agra caused by the resignation of Mrs. Huffton, L. R. C. P. & S., has not yet been tilled.

The following remarks are made regarding the educational work of the Association at Agra —Eight students appeared for the final qualifying examination in April 1915 and all of them passed. Six appeared at the third year sessional examination and all were promoted to the fourth year class. Twenty second year pupils appeared at the junior qualifying examination and all passed, and all the ten students who appeared at the first year sessional examination were promoted to the second year class. The standard attained at the examinations during the year under review showed considerable improvement and this is most satisfactory. The female students obtained a very high percentage of marks.

Of the 61 pupils on the rolls during the year ending the 15th May 1915, sixteen (against fifteen in the previous year) were new admissions Of the 61 pupils, 90 were Indian Christians, 10 Hindus, and 3 Muhammadans. Thirty belonged to these Provinces, 16 to the Punjah, and 15 were from other Provinces. Of the 18 who were removed from the rolls during the year, 9 passed the final examination, 6 were removed, 1 died, and 2 left, the number on the rolls at the close of the year being 43. The students' hostel is now under the charge of Miss Canningham, a lady who has had experience in the management of such institutions in England, and her employment is being followed by very good results. Twenty-six candidates appeared for admission in August 1915, of whom 15 were finally selected for admission. One pupil left and one was removed, the number in the first year class being 13. Of theee, 9 are Dufferin scholars, 1 is financed by the Jaipur State, and 3 are private students.

The Senior Medical Woman Dr. Watts, W. M. S., and Dr. Houlton, W. M. S., have done excellent work in the Maternity hospital and in the Medical and Surgical wards, respectively. Miss DeCruz has worked the out-patient department very satisfactorily. The teaching staff suffered a

great loss in Dr. Field's departure

In June 1915 the United Provinces Government submitted to the Government of India a scheme for provincializing the Women's Medical school at Agra and making it a self-contained institution separate from the Men's Medical school. The scheme involved the transfer of the management and control of the Women's Medical school, with its attached hospitals, from the Countess of Dufferin's Fund to the Local Government, and the retention of the names of the hospitals as the Lady Lyall and the Countess of Dufferin Maternity hospitals, respectively. The scheme, which had the approval of the Central Committee, was approved by the Government of India in December 1015 It provides for the appointment of two (and eventually three) medical women in addition to the three now entertained and to a heavy outlay on additional buildings. It has been held'

but in the meantime the plans and estimates of the additional buildings required are under preparation.

The scheme for the training of female compounders at the Lucknow, Cawnpore, Allahabad, Benares, Moradabad, Aligarh, and Barcilly hospitals came into force on the 1st December 1914, on which date the compounder class at Agra was abolished. The expenditure incurred was H978-13-1.

The financial statement appended shows the income and expenditure of the Central Committee for the year 1915. The credit opening balance

was R29,850-12-11 and the closing balance H11,366-13-8.

The ordinary income of the Fund derived from interest on investments during the year amounted to R38,926-7-0, of which a sum of R3,478-8-9 pertains to Trust Funds. The interest on investments of the Women's Medical Service for India amounted to R7,000. A sum of R15,000 was also received from the Bhukailash Court of Wards Estate as a refund of a portion of the loan taken by that Estate.

During the year, the Government of India granted the Fund the usual subsidy of a lakh and a half of rupees towards meeting the cost of the Women's Medical Service for India, of which a sum of #50,000 was invested in Calcutta Municipal Debentures which cost R49,250.

A sum of R30,000 was put into the Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, as a fixed deposit for three months at 3 per cent per annum on account of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

The ordinary expenditure of the Central Committee during the year was The expenditure on grants-in-aid towards the objects of the Association amounted to R12,240, of which the following are the principal items:--

(1) R7,000 to the United Provinces Branch for the Agra hospital and school.

(2) R2,000 to the Baluchistan Branch, towards the salary of a Medical Woman at Quetta, and the expenses of the Lady T) ufferin hospital at Fort Sandeman.

(3) R1,560 to the Assam Branch, towards the salaries of midwives at Dhubri, Gauhati, Goalpara, and Jorhat.

(4) R1,380 on miscellaneous grants, of which R100 was paid to the Central Provinces Branch, R1,200 to the North-West Frontier Branch, and RSO towards the salary of a female compounder for the Ripon hospital, Simla.

The Committee spent R6,478 on various scholarships, R126 on gratuities, books, and medals and R4,000 as part of contribution towards improving the accommodation in the Dufferin ward of the Ripon hospital at Simla.

The total working expenses of the Fund during the year amounted to R6,265.

The ordinary expenditure of the Women's Medical Service for India Women's during the year was R1,16,817. The expenditure on salaries of the Medical Women amounted to R1.04.076, including R5.616 on account of deductions India. for Provident Fund. Leave allowances and travelling expenses of the Medical Women amounted to R9,120 and R2,014, respectively. A sum

of R1,006 was spent on account of house rent. . The share of office expenses for the Women's Medical Service for India amounted to R6.724.

Permanent advances to the extent of R430 were made to Branches towards the pay of the Medical Women during the year.

A sum of R3,214 was paid as gratuity and honorarium to Miss D. E. Pratt and R1,246 were paid as refunds of balance of Provident Fund to Miss Pratt and Mrs. Gumprich.

Statement showing the total income of each Provincial Branch (Subordinate Branches included) for the year 1915, and the sources whence derived, viz. :-

	(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)	(0)	
Branches	Funds invested,	Interest from invested funds	Donations from the public Receipts from en tertainments, etc Contributions to hospital building funds, etc.	(2) and (3)	Grants from the Prov- incual Govern- ment.	Grants from Dis- trict Boards	Grants from Mum- cipal fands	Total of columns (4), (5), and (6)
Central Committee	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Dofferin Fund, in- cluding Wemen's Medical Service for India.	8,67,058	42,418	3,787	46.235			_	
Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund	6.77 442	34,271	51	34 325				
United Kingdom	68,748	1,947	1,019	2,996		i :		i :::
Bengal	10,000	1 206	392	608	1,072	1.041	890	3,003
Madras	92,000	3,220 2,831	1,326	4 546 2,951	2,100 17,009	612		3,712 17,000
Berar	98,202	4,014	26,180	30,200	19,342	40,520	6,540	66,402
Balnehietan .	- 23,800	1,261	1,294	2,655	9,291)	131	9,423
Bombay	1,59,116	5,270	11,737	17,007	4,000	8,698 6,065	9,816 2,833	22,514 14,138
Central Provinces	1,65 650	10.063	2,200	12,367	1,440	3,418	3.505	8,753
United Provinces .	7,31,605	38,528	1,41,450	1.82,978	1.81.812	51.009	16,051	248,872
Myeore .	11,000	- 601	29,861	29,861	10,192	2,309	6,000	19,101
Bihar and Orisan .	61,900	2,188	10,246	12,431	1,450	7,180	1,680	10,310
TOTAL .	20,14,981	1,47,337	2,33,170	3,80,507	2,53,530	1,10,853	47,830	4,22,227

residue of the Estate of the late Jane Tulloch of 27, Dawson Place, Bayswater.

In concluding this report, as the Committee thinks it advisable to furnish the means of estimating the value of the work done, it will be necessary to summarise some facts and figures of operations of the Association.

Branches.—Including the United Kingdom Branch, there are fourteen Provincial Branches working under the Central Committee.

Committees.—Attached in some manner or affiliated to the Provincial Branches, there are about 140 Local and District Associations or Committees engaged in furthering the objects of the Association.

Hospitals.—It will be seen that in Appendix III statistics are given of the work accomplished in about 211 hospitals, wards, and dispensaries of various kinds for the treatment of women, many of which are officered by women or have women attached to them; and a number of these institutions are directly governed by, or affiliated to, the Association: many, however, are quite independent of it; but all are doing the same work—providing female medical relief to the women of the country.

Approximate value of Institutions.—Including the cost of hospitals built by the Fund, a large number of buildings which have been presented to it, and others maintained from independent sources, the total value of institutions engaged in furthering the objects of the Association is now computed at over 58 lakhs.

Patients.—In hospitals more or less controlled and assisted by the Association, or at their homes, and in Native States, about 1,460,937 women and children received medical aid during the year under review.

Medical Women.—Ninety-seven Medical Women of the first grade are employed in the various zenana hospitals and institutions in India.

In addition, 70 second grade surgeons, and 639 hospital assistants, etc., besides a large number of midwives and nurses not inleuded in these statistics, are also employed.

Female Students.—The Branch returns show that 83 Medical Women are at present studying for the University Course, 33 as Assistant Surgeons or medical practitioners, and 87 as Sub-Assistant Surgeons. In addition, 413 midwives, nurses, and compounders are undergoing training of some nature in various classes of the medical colleges, schools, and hospitals in the different Provinces.

Receipts.—The-total receipts of the Central Committee, since the Association was incorporated, including the Women's Medical Service for India, have up to date amounted to R21,21,465. This does not include a sum of nearly seven lakes subscribed towards the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund which was inaugurated by Lady Curzon in 1901-02.

Disbursements.—A sum of R10,20,118 has been re-allotted by the Central Committee to Provincial Branches, or expended in grants-in-aid within their limits for various objects This includes a sum of R2,06,078 on account of the Women's Medical Service for India.

Investments.—The amount now invested by the Central Committee, Provincial and District Branches, is R30,14,981, including R2,50,000 on account of the Women's Medical Service for India.

. United Kingdom Branch.—The Report of the United Kingdom Branch for 1915 shows that the amount received by it in subscriptions and donations was £70. It also has an invested fund of £4,563. This latter sum includes the share bequeathed to the Counters of Dufferin's Fund from the residue of the Estate of the late Miss Jane Tulloch of 27, Dawson Place, Bayswater. The value of this share at present represents an annual income of £165.

Simla: 15th July 1916.} J. R. ROBERTS,

Honorary Secretary.



ANNEXURE I.

A Medical College and Hospital for Women, and a Training School for Nurses at Delhi.

Previous reports have already given the details connected with this scheme which was initiated by the late Lady Hardinge of Penshurst.

Great progress under the energetic supervision of Mr. H. J. Glenn has been made with the construction of the buildings in connection with the scheme for the Women's Medical College and the School for Training Nurses at Delhi. The main college building and the students' hostels have been completed, as also the residences of the Principal and some of the Professors. Dr. K. A. Platt took up her residence at the College in December 1915. Good progress has also been made in the construction of the out-patients' block, towards which the Punjah Lady Hardinge Memorial Fund has made a contribution of a lakh of rupces. His Excellency the Viceroy formally opened the college on the 17th February 1916, and it is expected that tuition will begin in September next. The Elbwing staff has been appointed :-. Dr. K. A. Flatt, K.P., B.S. (London).

Professor of Midwifery and Gynacology . Dr. C. L. Erning M.E. B.S. (London).

D. V. E Fell LECP. sais (England).

Principal and Professor of Medicine .

H. H. the Young of Landing H. H. the Years Tille

Professor of Pathology

Professor of Anatomy

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. P. Y. C. Kurdy, N.S. (Calculus).
                                                  KECS (Frank), & LECP.
                                                  Lunim
                                           . Ym I. Y. Fair, K.A., B.Sc (Aberies.)
       Professor of Chemistry and Physics .
       Professor of Biology and Physiology .
                                           . X X X X X History (23) cha a
                                                      Secol Toros, Centrality).
       Suplt. of Nursing Institute
                                           . In Interior
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. promised :-
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       Jodhpur Durber, therep E. I. - Inches Sie Fre
       H. H. the Kalama of Karl
       II II the Kilwert of Lore
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Annexure II.

Opening of the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital for Women and Training School for Nurses at Delhi.

His Excellency the Viceroy, on the 17th February 1916, opened the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital for Women in the area of the new city. The weather, which was very wet in the early morning, cleared up in the afternoon and the Viceroy arrived in an open carriage with the Hon. Diamond Hardinge, attended by outriders and the full bodyguard. The ceremony took place in a huge shamina erected opposite the college main entrance.

There was a large and distinguished gathering, the distingue being quite full. Among those on the platform were Lord Carmichael, Lady Willingdon, the Commander-in-Chief, the Begum of Blernl, the Maharajus of Gwaltor, Bikaner, Kotah, Patiah, and Jhin!, General Sir Shumshere Jung Rann Bahadur of Nepal, the members of the Imperial Legislative Council, the Committee of the Hogital, and the Vicaror's staff.

Sir Pardey Lukis' Address.

The proceedings opened by Sir Parker Lakis, Chairman & the Hospital Committee, making a speech in which he gave a into er of the hospital and enumerated the Es of Lating Trimes and others who had so generously supported it.

Sir Pardey Lukis said :--

Your Excellency, On television I formation Committee to express the sense of an indicators at you for the large that done us in constituting the indicators at large the Medical College and Hayful in Vanna and in the for Nurses at Deli and in the same time at large time at having less file in the vanish is sell to has been possible in the vanish as formation at having less file in the vanish is sell to be Excellency's degrees.

of the scheme. In 1912 Her Excellency the late Lady Hardinge, when enquiring into the reasons why so few Indian women of the better class had adopted the profession of medicine, was impressed by the fact that no Medical College existed in India exclusively for women, where women could be taught by women and where they could obtain the higher degrees in medicine, and that, consequently, the higher medical education of women was conducted by male professors in mixed classes at men's colleges. Her Excellency very rightly concluded that this was the true reason why women of the right type did not come forward in sufficient numbers. Accordingly she formulated a scheme with a view to remedving this state of affairs by providing in India the necessary machinery for the higher medical education of Indian women, and she proposed to establish at Delhi a college with its attached hospital in which women would be taught by women to attend on women. She also proposed to attach to the college and hospital a separate institution for the training of nurses. After going carefully into the matter, a rough calculation was made which showed that the initial cost necessary for (1) a college of one hundred students, (2) a hospital of 150 beds, and (3) a training school for fifty nurses, would come to about 15 lakhs of rupees, exclusive of the value of the site. was further estimated that the annual maintenance charges would amount approximately to one lakh of rapees a year.

Generous Subscribers.

On these lines Her Excellency made a personal appeal to her friends amongst the Ruling Chiefs, by whom donations were promised to the amount approximately of 15½ lakhs. The names of these donors and the amounts of their donations will be found on a marble tablet in the entrance hall of the college. They are as follows:—

						R
H. H. the Maharaja of Jaipur						3,00,000
H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior				د		2,00,000
H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala						1,25,000
H, H, the Nizam of Hyderabad					•	1,00,000
H. H. the Maharaja of Baroda			•		•	1,00,000
H. H. the Maharaja of Udaipur					•	1,00,000
H. H. the Maharaja of Jodhpur	•	•				3,00,000
H. H. the Maharao of Kotah		. •		•		1,00,000
The Maharani of Hutwa	•			•	•	1,00,000
The Maharaja Bahadur of Darbhang	ga	•	•	•		58,437
H. H. the Maharaja of Indore	•	٠.		•		50,000

	•		\mathbf{R}
H. H. the Begum of Bhopal			\$0,000
T. H. the Dowager Maharani and the Maharani			30,000
H. M. Wadia Trust			25,000
H. H. the Dowager Begum Aga Khan			20,000
Other donors		٠	1,00,000

In addition to this, His Highness the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir agreed to give an annual subscription of R3,500, and the Government of India undertook to make a grant of one lakh of rupees per annum towards the expenses of upkeep, whilst the Central Committee of the Countess of Dufferin Fund promises to defray the cost of the salaries of the three medical women of the Women's Medical Service for India who will fill professorial chairs. They also guarantee to present annually to the students 18 Central Committee scholarships of R25 each. These gifts represent an annual donation of about R20,000. Accordingly a Managing Committee having been constituted, plans and designs were prepared by Mr. Begg and the estimates compiled by Captain Gracme under the supervision of Mr. Keeling; thus rendering it possible for Her Excellency to lay the foundation stone of the new Medical College on the 17th March 1914, a few days before her departure for England. from which country, alas, she never returned. Since then work has been pushed steadily on, and thanks to the labours of Messrs Begg and Glenn and Sardar Narain Singh, we are to-day in a position to ask Your Excellency to open the institution.

ADDITIONAL FUNDS NEEDED.

In addition to the original donations, we have recently received a sum of one lakh of rupees as the Panjab Memorial to Her Evcellency, and this sum has been allotted to the construction of the splendid out-patients' department which, when completed, will be the best of its kind in India. Bihar and Orissa, too, has sont us R30,000 as their share towards the Lady Hardinge Memorial, and this sum will be allocated to the construction of the cottage wards. We fear, however, that, even with this addition, we shall not have enough money to complete the whole scheme, the revised estimate for which now comes to nearly 22 lakhs of rupees. In addition to this, an extra amount of approximately 24 lakhs is required in order to provide furniture, equipment, teaching appliances, etc., so that the total expenditure may be taken roughly to be between 24 and 25 lakhs. It is also doubtful whether the grants of one lakh of rupees per annum by the Government of India and of R20,000 by the Countess of Daffetin's

Fund, as well as the R3,500 promised by His Highness the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir, will suffice to meet the recurring charges. Further subscriptions and endowments are, therefore, urgently required, and I may mention here that, had Lady Hardinge lived, it was her intention to appeal to the general public for the support of this scheme which is intended for the benefit not merely of Delhi and the Delhi Province but of the whole of India. Her Excellency was of opinion that India's most pressing problem at the present day is how to secure a healthy and happy population, and she regarded this college as a pioneer institution which would ultimately lead to the wide diffusion of medical and sanitary knowledge by training Indian women of the proper class as doctors, health officers, and nurses.

WORK TO BE COMMENCED.

The college buildings and hostels are now complete, whilst the outpatients' department and one of the hospital blocks are far advanced. No difficulty is anticipated, therefore, as regards the commencement of tutorial work in September next, by which time we hope to be in a position to commence the training of students for the regular degrees of M.B., M.D., etc. I may mention in this connection that we have already secured affiliation to the Punjab University as follows with effect from the 1st September:—(a) In the Science Faculty for the Intermediate Courses in Biology, Physics, and Chemistry and the additional test in Chemistry, and (b) in the Medical Faculty for the courses for the first Professional Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery. Meanwhile, scholarships are being given to approved candidates to enable them to complete their preliminary educational studies and obtain certificates recognised by the General Medical Council as entitling them to registration as medical students.

Before closing I must mention a few other contributions which have been made to this college. The first is that of Their Highnesses the Maharani Sahiba and the Maji Sahiba of Bharatpur, who have contributed a sum of \$\mathbb{R}7,500\$ for the marble flooring of the entrance hall of the college as a token of the affectionate regard in which they both held Lady Hardinge's memory. A scroll to this effect has been inserted in the middle of the pavement. I must mention also that the Hon'ble Maharaja Ranjit Sinha of Nashipur has presented a sum of \$\mathbb{R}5,150\$ for a scholarship to be called the Maharani Nashipur's Lady Hardinge Memorial Scholarship which will be of the value of \$\mathbb{R}15\$ per mensem and will be awarded annually to a student of the first year whose work, in the opinion of the teaching

staff, shows most promise. I may also mention that Rai Bahadur Sardar Narain Singh has made a gift of R17,000 for the provision of special quarters for Sikh girls in the hostel, and he has also presented a piano of the value of R1,300 for the general use of all students in the common recreation room. Lastly, I have to announce that Diwan Bahadar Dava Kishan Kaul, C.I.E., Finance Minister of Alwar, has presented R4,560 in order to found a gold medal as a memorial to Her Excellency, this medal to be awarded to the student who most distinguishes herself in preliminary scientific subjects in the first year class The very artistic design was drawn by Mr. Foster, Assistant Architect in the office of the Architect to the Government of India, and the die was engraved by Mr. Wyon of London. We trust that Your Excellency will allow us to present to you the first impression that has been struck off this die both as a memento of this occasion and as a slight acknowledgment on our behalf of all that is owed by this institution and by India generally to Her Excellency the late Lady Hardinge's love for the women of this country.

The Vicerov's Speech.

The Viceroy spoke as follows:—Your Excellency, Your Highnesses, Lulies, and gentlemen,—It is with the utmost diffidence that I have acceded to the request of Sir Pardey Lukis and the Managing Committee to open to-day this Medical College and Hespital for Women, for I feel how inadequately I fill the place of her to whose conception, initiative, and energy the realisation of this enterprise is due. The recollection of the ceremony that took place in these grounds exactly 23 months ago remains a vivid memory to many of us, and it has, I know, spurred on all those who have here concerned with the schemo to strain every nerve to assure that the blessings to be derived from this institution should be realised with the least possible delay.

For me this institution will always have tender, but happy associations. I have watched its inception, its beginning, and its growth with much personal interest and affection, and I realise from the efforts successfully made to push it forward that it has been the wish of many that I might have the privilege of opening these buildings before I leave India in a few weeks' time. I shall never forget the more than kind reception given by my friends, the Ruling Princes of India, and many other Indian friends to the suggestion to found a medical college for women at Delhi. As you will have gathered from the long list given by Sir Pardey Lukis of Contributions and gifts made by them and other well-known notables of India, they have been most layish and generous in their donations, and

I can only express my deep sense of gratitude to Their Highnesses and to the other numerous subscribers at whose further suggestion it was decided to embody this institution as a memorial to Lady Hardinge. On behalf of my family and myself I wish to express our sincere and grateful appreciation, for we feel that no more fitting memorial could be raised to one whose love for India and for Indian women and children was the one guiding light directing her endeavours for the advancement of women and for the relief of suffering amongst them. I feel that the work of this college will be a continuation of that endeavour and a constant reminder to you all who were amongst her best and most cherished friends, that in this great labour of love she has left "footprints in the sands of time" that can never be effaced and has helped to bring England and India closer together.

Sir Pardey Lukis has given a short account of the genesis of the scheme, to which I would like to add a few additional details.

As we all know, there has hitherto been no medical college in India for the exclusive training of women. In these circumstances, instruction in medical subjects to female students has had to be given in mixed classes at men's colleges in various parts of India with the result that Indian women of the right type and class would not come forward in sufficient numbers to meet the ever-growing demands for qualified lady medical practitioners, since many Indian parents object to sending their daughters to medical colleges primarily intended for male students, thus rendering it necessary to recruit to some extent from England. It was also found necessary to send Indian medical students to England to complete their studies.

The establishment at Delhi of a college for women, with its attendant hospital in which women will be taught by women to attend on women, will, it is hoped, successfully meet to a certain extent the objections that I have just mentioned. The advantage of Delhi as a site for this college is that in order to have a successful college it is necessary to have in connection with it a large hospital, which is only possible in the midst of a considerable population. The land upon which these buildings now stand was specially selected as lying between the old and new cities of Delhi and near the future railway station, thus making the hospital and dispensary as convenient and accessible as possible to all. Now that affiliation to the University of the Punjab has been sanctioned, there need be no delay in the commencement of educational work next autumn, and we have every reason to hope that before many years have passed there

will issue from these buildings many lady doctors holding the degree of Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery.

To the college and hospital it has been decided to attach under the same general management, but as a separate institution, a training school for nurses. 'As you are well aware, the supply of trained Indian women as nuises and midwives is quite unequal to the demand, and, after proper training, it is proposed to send out from this school nurses to hospitals and dispensaries where they will be able to work amongst Indian women.

This is a rough outline of the scheme which, as Sir Pardey Lukis has told us, is to comprise a college for 100 female students, a hospital for women with 150 beds, and a training school to take in 15 qualified nurses and the same number of probationers.

It should be clearly understood that the college, hospital, and training school are to be conducted on strictly purdah lines, and that every possible attention will be paid to religious and caste rules. The hostels which have been already constructed will have separate blocks for Christian, Hindu. Muhammadan, Sikh, and Parsee students, with special dining rooms and kitchens and all else that may be desirable, and a general recreation room has been built for the use of all.

The college building itself, which I hope you will all visit presently, · contains a central amphitheatre and hall, a library, laboratories for the study of Chemistry, Physics, Physiology, Anatomy, Pathology, Bacteriology, and a lecture room for instruction in general medical subjects.

A dispensary and hospital for the treatment of out-door patients, built from the generous contributions given by subscribers in the Punjab, is almost completed, and the hospital for 150 beds is in the course of erection. Three bungalows for the use of some of the lady professors have already been built.

There is one special feature in connection with the hospital that I wish to bring to your notice as one which received Lady Hardinge's special approval, and accorded with her ideas. It is the division of the hospital into separate units, each complete in itself, containing family wards for separate accommodation, two general wards, two small separate wards, and a central building in each unit for the purposes of administration and Thus each professor will have her separate and complete "clinique," even her own clinical laboratory, demonstration room, and consulting room, and, moreover, the facilities for nursing have not been forgotten. This is a new feature in Indian hospitals which presents many advantages, since it brings the family wards into the unit, facilitating the attendance and nursing and making the whole compact and easily worked.

At present, four units and an isolation block are being built, leaving space for four more in future extensions. In order to economise space, two units are being placed one over the other, making a two-storied building, and I am assured that an upper story is much to be desired in hospitals in this part of India for various and obvious reasons.

Such is the general outline of the scheme of which Sir Pardey Lukis estimates that the total cost may be taken roughly to be between 24 and 25 lakhs, of which sum rather more than 15 lakhs have been either promised or actually given, without counting the lakh so generously given by the province of the Punjab as a memorial to Lady Hardinge. I think we may say that, in order to place this institution on a thoroughly sound basis, and fully equipped in every way so as to make it not only the best of its kind, but a model for all other colleges of the future that may be devoted to the training of women for medical service in all its branches amongst the women of India, a total sum of not less than 25 lakhs will be required, thus necessitating the raising of about 10 additional lakhs. It is the first experiment of its kind in India, and with the practical certainty of success before it surely should be worthy. The-need for it is a crying one, and every day saved in extending and completing the buildings required means the saving of many lives of mothers and children, and what can be more precions? Ever since I have been in India the knowledge of the high mortality amongst mothers and infants has been a veritable nightmare to me, and the development of medical instruction amongst women, which after all is the highest and most altruistic form of female education that any of us can possibly desire, seems to me to be one of the best means of coping with the evil. It was only the other day that I read in the health report of one of our big Indian cities that one out of every four children born in that city is doomed to die before it is 12 months old, and that 10 or 12 years ago half the children born died as infants. This was said to be largely due to the ignorance of young mothers and the need of proper supervision during the first few critical weeks. Surely this is a terrible picture, and think of the attendant grief and suffering. And are we doing enough to help these poor people, our Indian sisters? is with confidence that I put this question to the well-to-do and charitably inclined of British India, and as no appeal has so far been made to them to contribute to this enterprise, I now appeal to the provinces of India to play their part in generously contributing to this

medical college, and hospital for women to assist in what should be a great Indian and national undertaking. I feel sure that my appeal will not be in vain, and that the additional sum required for the completion of this scheme will be found. It is a woman's scheme initiated by a woman, to be carried out by women amongst women, and for the good of women, and therefore in the name of the woman who conceived the scheme I propose to ask the wives of the Governors, Lieutenant-Governors and Chief Commissioners of this country to take the matter in hand, each in their own province, and I wish to appeal in her name to all, both Europeans and Indians, to do all in their power to contribute to an institution intended to give relief to the suffering mothers and children of India. I may add that I have received an assurance from my successor that Lady Chelmsford will take the greatest possible interest in the successful prosecution of this scheme. This undertaking may be small in itself in comparison with the wealth, size and population of India, and many more such colleges and hospitals will be needed to meet the necessities of India, but this is a beginning on new lines which may well be followed elsewhere and improved upon. But let it not be said later that it died of inanition That everything that is possible will be done to insure the complete success of this institution is assured by the appointment as Lady Principal of Dr. Platt, whose medical skill and administrative ability are so well known. The services of some able lady professors have also been secured, and I am confident that their labours will be productive of much future good, and they on their side will in due course receive that sincere gratitude and veneration which Indian students show to their teachers even when they have passed out from the portals of their Alma Mater.

It was the poet Southey who wrote,

- " Love is indestructible, its holy flame for ever burneth.
- " From Heaven it came, to Heaven returneth.
- " It soweth here with toil and care,
- " But the harvest time of love is there."

I shall always think of this place and the work of those who are now, or in the future, in any way connected with it as a labour of love for our Indian sisters and their children, and although the sowing time may be heavy with toil and care, may the holy flame of love for ever burn bright and its harvest time be rich and plentiful.

Before proceeding to open the buildings I wish to thank Sir Pardey Irakis and the Managing Committee for their unccasing case and control of the affairs of this institution; Dr. Platt, the first Lady Principal, for the forethought she has shown in preparing the staff and equipment; Mr. Begg for his excellent architectural designs; Mr. Glenn, who has so ably and rapidly erected these buildings; Rai Bahadur Narain Singh for the efficiency with which he has completed his contracts; and all those others who have been employed in controlling and supervising the works. When it is remembered that the first brick was laid in November 1914, the achievement of these fine buildings in so few months can only be described as a remarkable success.

I should like to make at the same time an expression of my gratitude to Mr. Butler, Mr. Cotton and Mr. Hignell, who have at different times ably filled the office of Secretary to the Managing Committee.

Finally, in conclusion let me quote the closing words of the speech made on 17th March 1914, by the lady whose name is to be borne by this institution. These were her words:—

"We shall expect much from the future students, a high standard both of character and intellect combined with the all-inspiring desire for a life of service to others, for this must be their crown and glory. My desire and wish is to offer the candidates full training under the happiest of conditions, and it is with that hope and the greatest confidence in the fulfilment of these aims that I entrust the management to Dr. Platt as Lady Principal, whose popularity and ability are already so well-known. I wish to her and her future staff all success in their labours, and that God's blessing may be on their work."

To these words I can add nothing.

After bestowing a silver Kaiser-i-Hind medal on Sardar Narain Singh, the contractor, and giving medals and killats to several Indians who had been connected with the building of the college, Lord Hardinge and party proceeded to inspect the hospital and grounds, and shortly after 6 o'clock His Excellency returned to Viceregal Lodge.

THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Statements of Accounts for the year 1915.

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Central Committee

Receives.		Detr	ils.	,	To	TAL	
Cash Balance on 1st January 1918	•	n	a 	. p.	29,85	4	. p.
Income of Fund-							
Subscriptions and Donations, Life Councillors							
Donation by Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Harding	c.						
Subscriptions and Donations, Lafe Members		5	0	0			
Ditto ditto Miscellancous		ຄນ	8	6			
Contributions from Branches		183	8	0			
Interest on Investments (except Trust Accounts) .		35,447	14	3			
Sundry Receipts	٠	20	0	0			
					35,75	5 14	. 9
							* :
Trust Accounts-							
Henry Fawcett Prizes	\cdot	336	4	0			
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjeo Petit	•	336	4	0			`
Sir John Muir		560	7	0			
Gilchrist Scholarships	•	2,245	9	Ó	0.470	0	•
		***************************************			3,478	8	â
,							•
Investments-							
Refund towards principal of loan taken by Bhukailash Cou	rt	15,000	0	0	-		٠,
of Wards Estate.					35.000	Λ	^
	-			\neg	15,000	U	· ·
					•		
•							
~				~	04:005	. ,	
· Carried over	•				84,085	4.	9

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1915.

PATHETTS				-]	Detai	ls.		Тот	LΤ	
					R	a	p.	R	a	p
nvestments—	_			- 1						
Fixed deposit for 3 months with Bink of at 3 per cent per sunum	f E	engal,	Calcu	tta,	30,000	0	0	80,000	ú	c
Objects of Fund-										
Grants-in-sid, United Provinces Branch					7,000	0	0			
Reigh Branch	:	:	:	:	1,000	۰	U			
Baluchistan Branch .					2,300	0	0	Į.		
Central Provinces Branch		"·	. •	•]	100	0	0	ļ		
North-West Frontier Prov Assam Branch	Ville	Bran	CII	•	1,20n 1,560	0	0			
Miscellaneous.	:	:	•	: 1	80	ñ	ŏ			
				·		_	_	12,240	0	(
Scholarships —								}		
Central Committee					5,140	0	0	1		
Gilchrist Trust	:	· :		:	690	0	0	1		
Sir Dinahaw Maneckice Petit .					240	0	0	Į		
Sir John Muir	٠	•	•	•	408	0	0		_	
-							-	6,478	0	(
					126		0	ì		
			:	:	120		v	l		
		•			***					
•				- 1						
			•	•	4,000	U	0	1		
								4,126	4	(
Expenses of Fund-										
Advertisements and Printing				. !						
Telegrams				- 1	66	4	0			
Daniel 1 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1			•	- 1	56 3,803		8			
• •		•				0	ő			
•		•	:	:1	101					
		,		-	361	1	7			
Office building			•	- 1	6 1,595	3	9			
	•	•	•	٠,	2,000	J	"		10	_
•				1				6,263	70	7
				l			į			
									_	_
				- 13				89,109	.,	,

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1915—concld.

Payments.		-				Details.	Toral.
,	В	rought	forv	rard		Я а. р	# a. 59,109 14
Women's Medical Service for India -						1	1
Salaries of Lady Doctors .	3	398,400	4	4			ĺ
Ditto on account of deduction towards Provident Fund .		R5,616	4	0		1,01,078 8 4	1,01,078 8
Leave allowances						9,119 10 7	-
Travelling expenses						2,614 5 11	1
House rent for Lady Doctors						1,006 7 3	12.740 7 9
Provident Fund— Refund to Miss D E Pratt .						710 0 p	15,790 1 -
Ditto Mrs. O. L. Gumprich						536 9 3	1,24G 9 3
Honorarium and Gratuity to Lady Don Miss D. E. Pratt	ctor.	·-				3,214 1 0	3,214 1 0
Office Expenses— Telegrams					.[68 4 0	0,222
Postage and Receipt Stamps .						56 G G	
Commission on realizing interest, et	c				./	465 3 1	
Salaries and Wages and Travelling	ez	penses of	offi	69	- 1	3,802 10 7	•
House rent for Office establishment					1	375 0 0	
Office contingencies					7	364 1 8	
Office Building				•)	2,0	05 0 0 0	9 10
Adrances to-				- 1		- 1	
Bianches		, ,		1	430	0 0 130	40
Investments— Purchase of 4 per cent, Calcutta Munic	ipal	Deleuture		.[19,250	
		Total		·[***	3,30,792	2 0
Cash balance on 31st December 1915 .				-	۰,	11,300	12 11
		TOTAL		1	***	2,415,12,0	() R

Progressive Account of the Central Committee of the Countess

R	KCEI	er e		***************************************		********		Ledger folio.	Amou	ınt.	
				***************************************					R	a	. <i>j</i> .,
Income of Fund-											
Subscriptions and Donations	, Li	fo Cai	ncilla	rs		٠	•	91	3,59,600	Ø	U
Ditto ditto	Life	e Men	ibers		•	•	•	35	1,18,069	2	11
Ditto ditto	Mis	cellan	eous	•	•	•		34	2,54,668	7	G
Contributions from Branche.	š	•	•	•				371	32,341	7	8
Collections in England .			•	•	•	•	•	29	31,787	1	9
Sundry Receipts .		•			٠	•	-	113	1,782	1	6
Interest on Investments (exc	ept !	Prust	Accor	nts)	,			377	8,27,864	6	11
								:	16,25,512	11	9
United Kingdom Branch-											
Passage-money allowances		•	•	•	•	,	•	232	598	12	6
Trust Accounts-											
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjes Pet	it	•	•	•	•	•		200	6,535 1	3	4
Sir John Muir				1		•		120	11,379	3 3	11
Henry Fawcett Prizes .		•	المستاه	•		•		369	9,992	7	ij
Gilchrist Scholarships .			•	•		•	•	319	4,355	12	7
						•			32,263	5	9
				Car	rried o	ver		•••	16,58,374	14	0

of Dullerin's Fund up to the 3ist December 1915.

	Experi	ITURA,	_		-		Ledger folio.	Amount
Investments-					_			R a.
Loan at 6 per	cent. to Bengal	Court of	Ward	s, Sh	akarp	ura	353	1,96,000 0
•	,					. }	358	2,30,000 0
		٠.				- 1	363	51,000 0
						- 1	173	53,194 10
	' • ' '	•				{	391	6,16,252 14
Net charge on	adjustment of for	mer invest	ments			Ì	290	27,982 11
Objects of Fund-						ĺ		{
beholarships				_			354	87,137 2
Grants-in-aid,	Miscellaneous			:		- 1	150	21,327 8
	Bengal Branch						284	43,651 4
	United Provinces	Bianch				1	345	3,06,319 3
	Punjah Branch					1	269	80,469 7
	Assam Branch				•	- 1	348	26,467 4
	Central Provinces Burms Brauch				•		361	64,270 12
	Berar Branch		•	•	•	- 1	216	15,104 11
	Chota Nagpur Br	anch	•	•	•	-1	257 228	11,802 5 1,000 0
	Bombay Brauch		•	•	•	- 1	213	1,000 0 2,790 0
	Madras Branch		:	•	•	• 1	251	11,398 13
	Mysore and Coors	Branch	:	:	•	:	278	610 O
	Baluchistan Bran	rb,		- :	- :	-:1	379	55.028 1
	Karachi Branch					- 31	293	6,000 0
	Sholapur Branch						286	5,100 0
	Shikarpur Branch	1		٠.	•	- 1	273	438 11
-	Panch Mahala and	I Reas E	ntus B	ranch	CS.	· 1	213	547 5
	North-West From	tion D	n	. :	•	- (325	1,800 0
	Troitment Elon	rier Flori	ice Dra	rich	•	•)	287	3,712 14
						- 1		7,44,975 10
				•	•	•	148 366	11,206 7
				•	•	- 1	367	47,388 7 7,024 0
				•	•	•	322	7,024 0
United Krngdom				•	•	.	023	77,118 14 1
Enlarge and	nranca— Tavelling Expenses	of Lady I	Doctors	in In	dia.	1	302	1.945 3
						. 1	302	1,010
Expenses of Fund						- 1		1
m i	ts and Picuting		•			. 1	53	10,674 11
					•	• [208	2,644 0
••	'				٠	- 1	159	4,193 1
					•	٠,١	129 359	1,11,680 6 1 9,378 2 1
					•	•]	360	9,378 2 1 450 0
Permanent A	lyances .				:		298	100 0
Luctographs	for Annual Reports					. (170	9.137 1
Office Building	n realizing luteres	t, cic				1	364	5,063 13
multig	'6 ·	•					356	3,095 0
Sperones to						1		1,56,415 5 1
Sиврепве Асе	omnr	• . •	•	٠	•		199	300 0
			C-	ried e				16,23,990 11
							**	(LULUS SINUL II

Progressive Account of the Central Committee of the Countess

Receipts	J.		-	Ledger folio.	Amou	nt.	`
,	Brought f	o r ward		***	£ 16,58,374		<i>p</i> .∙ 0
Women's Medical Service for India Subsidy from Government			•	383	4,50,000	0	
Investments -							
Interest on investments Provident Fund—	•	<i>:</i>		395	13,090	13	4
Contribution by Lady Doctors . " by Association . Interest for year ending 31st Decem	uber 1915		•	390 '	20,924	7	6
-	,						
				-			
•							
•		•					
		Тотал			21,42,390	2.	 10

SIMLA:

The 30th June 1916.

of Dufferin's Fund up to the 31st December 1915 -concld.

Expenditure.	Ledger folia.	TOTA	L.	
Drought forward . Women's Medical Service for India—		# 16,23,990	a 11	1
uresiments—	1			
	{			
Government scurities 34 per cent. Government Promissory Notes.	894	1,89,574	3	
Calcutta Municipal Debeniure at 41 per cent per annum Fixed Deposit for 3 months in Bank of Bengal	409 408	49,250 30,000	0	
		79,250	0	
bjects of Fund-		2,68,824	3	_
Salaries of Lady Doctors	387	1,82,775	0	
Leave allowances of ditto Travelling Expenses of ditto	385	13,987 4,471	29	1
House ight for ditto	386	1,630	10	4
Honorarium and Gratuity to Lady Doctors	407	3,214	1	(
fice expenses—		2,08,078	8	(
m	399	129	4	3
·	400	127		12
	401 396	7,496		ıi
٠ ، .	397 398	1,376		,0
	410		ő	Ġ
dvances		11,944	5	7
To Branches	380	9,750	0	0
iabslities-		9,750	0	a
Contributions by Association to Women's Medical Scivice Provident Fund.	392	9,080	7	2
Interest payable or ditto	393	755	0	9
Total .		21,31,023	5	2
ash Balance on 31st December 1915		11,866 1	l3	8
TOTAL .	375	21,42,390	2	7

B. W. MAILLOW, Colonel, Honorary Treasurer.

Committee.	
of Central	
Account	
Investment	

		-		
	Nominal value.	alue.	Cost.	. 1
Countess of Dufferin's Fund.	#	a. p.	B a.	\dot{p}
Loan at 6 per cent. per annum to Bengal Court of Wards, Shakarpuna Estate	1,96,000	, 0	1,96,000 0	0
Loan at 6 per cent. per annum to Bhukailash Court of Wards Estate.	2,30,000 0 0	0	2,30,000 0	0
Loan at 6 per cent. per annum to Ghulam Rabbani Court of Wards Estate	54,000	0 0	54,000 0	0
3} per cent. Government Promissory Notes	55,000	0 0	53,194 10	∞
Loan at 6 per cent. per annum to Kumar Gopika Raman Roy Estate Court of Wards N.B.—Certain stocks amounting to £1,535-17-3 and 22 Bank of Madras shares of Rs. 500 each bave been bequeathed to the Dufferin Fund by the late Miss Jane Tullooh and are at present held in the name of Lady Dufferin in England.	82,058	3 11	82,056 3 11	ĬĬ
Women's Medical Service for India.				
4 per cent. Calcutta Municipal Debenture	50,000 0	0 0	49,250 0	0
3½ per cent. Government Promissory Notes	2,00,000	0 0	1,99,574 3	6
. TOTAL	8,67,058	3 11	8,54,077 2	4
		-		1

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel, Honorary Treasurer.

The 30th June 1916.

APPENDIX I.

Students studying in the Provincial Medical Colleges and Schools of Medicine in India.

Medical College, School or Hospital Class.	University Course.	Assistant Surgeon or Medical Prac- titioner Class.	Sub-4 selstant Surgeons	Midwifery, Nursing or Compounding classes, or attending lectures.
Poona		Ī	10	35
Ahmedabad	· ·		,	11
Allahabad				13
Agra			50	13
Camppore				4
Bombay	41	2		
Calcutta	21	2	16	103
Madras	14	21		10
lahore]	8
Patna				
Burma		7	1	29
Hyderabad (Sind)				3
Lucknow	4	1		8
Dacca			3	7
Hyderabad (Deccau)		1	3	7
Cuttack	1		5	2
Benares				12
Barcilly		10		1
Patiala]			13
Nagpur				9
Jubbulpore ,		1		1
Bharatpur				
Kutah		1	1	5
Surat	, ,	1 .		3
Quilon	١.	1		8
Bhopal				7
Karachi				tig
Mysore	l		1	1
Bangalore			-	3
Bhagalpur				3
Amraoti				3
Dibrugarh				2
Indore	ł			18
Quetta				28
Ludhiana	}			4
Sranagar	~.			9
TOTAL .	83	33	87	100

APPENDIX II.

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association.

	ital, dispensary, ward, or		По	W OBTAINED,
the work (whother	nected in any way with of the Association the property of the ecation or not).	Approximate value of same,	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).
بروسيس بها والمسيو		The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second secon		
		Assam.		•
•		R		, n
ARHOANS LABARAAA LABARAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	Medical Woman's { quarters. Women's Ward .	713 1,500 900 3,590		Built by Local Board. Rani of Bijni. Built by Local Board. Built by Government, Local Board and Muni-
TANGO	Medical Woman's	1,000	*****	cipality.
COLAGNAT. DIBRUGARN. SYLHEP SUNAMGARJ. SUNAMGARJ. STLUET	quarters. Midwife's quarters Medical Woman's { quarters. Womeu's Ward King Edward Memorial	300 3,000 1,500 2,000 1,000 3,000		Built by Local Board. King Edward Memorial
	Women's Ward.	18,504		Fund.
	TOTAB .			
		Baluchistan	•	
		R		
QUETTA .	Lady Sandeman Zenana Hospital. MacIvor Women's Dis-	9,620 1,000	By Municipa- lity and Fund.	R. S. Sant Singh, Con-
	ponsary. Medical Woman's quar- ters.	465	Provincial Re-	tractor.
ZIABAT .	Women's Disponsary and Modical Woman's quarters with compound.	2,595	ponsary Fund.	Public Works Depart-
•	Compounder's quarters with compound.	510		ment.
	Indoor patients' ward with compound.	2,507	}	
FORT SANDENAN.	Lady Dufferin Hospital	8,319	Rs. 5,860 value of building creeted at the expense of Fort Sande- man Bazar Fund.	Rs. 2,459 value of building presented by Mauladad Khan Nasir.
-	Total .	25,016	-	,

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in butterance of the objects of the Association—contd.

	. 1		ноп	OBTAINED
	ı	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise)
		Bengal,		-
		R	,	
	Lady Dufferm Victo-	6,84,389	Yes.	
QALCUTTA .	The Surnemeyee Hos-	50,000		Presented by Maba rani Surnomoyee na boarding house for
	Lady Elliott Hestel .	25,000		female students. Built by special subscription.
DACCA	Lady Dufferin Women's Hospital.	18,769	Yсв.	
BEEHAN- POBE. (Murshidabad)	Victoria Zenana Hos- pital.	9,000		Built by subscription and donation. The building was purchase
	Women's Ward attached to the General Hospital (accommodation of 12 beds for in- patients).		Yes.	building was purchase for 1420,000 by Raj Jogendra Narayan Ro Bahadur of Lalgola an presented to the Dis pensary Committee.
CRITTAGONG	One building with	3,309		Presented by the Hon'ble Mr. Upendr Lal Rai, Zamindar an
	Medical Woman's quarters.	1,500	Yes.	Merchant, Chritagong.
	Midwife's quarters	1,700	1)	
	Lady Curzon Zuman Hospital	9,74	Yes.	The site was presente by Government.
Вывним	Mrs. Carstairs' Cottag	2,19	Yes	Purchased at a cost
	Female Compounders quarters.	1,10.	Newly built within the cottage wards	rent
Bogza	Taherunnessa Zenan Hospital.	8,500	Built by late Nawab Abdur Sobban Chou dury of Bogn	
MARRING	Bidyamoyoo Women Hospital,	8,000		Built by late Bidyamoye of Mukiagacha.

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—contd.

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or	!	Цо	W OBTAINED.
building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).		Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).
	Bengal—conc	ld.	
Tipperan Faizumessa Zonana Hospital, Comilla.	13,500	*****	Presented by late Nawab Sakeba Faizunnessa, Chowdhuran of Pas-
PABRA . Hemaugiqi Debi's Women's ward.	5,891	3****	chimgaon, Tipperah. By Babu Jogesh Pra- sanno Bhaduri, Zemin- dar of Purjana.
TOTAL .	8,48,233		
	Berar.		
•	R		
AMEAOTI Women's Hospital .	40,481	***	By funds locally collect-
Suegaon . Sai Bai Moto Women's Hospital.	29,419	******	By the Dobors, through the Local Fund Super-
AKOLA	26,000		visor, Buldana, By funds locally collected and aided by Govern- ment.
YEOTMAL .	48,454	******	By funds locally collected.
TOTAL .	1,44,357		
	Bihar and Oris	ssa,	
GAYA , Lady Elgin Zenana	R 72,000	, 1	By local subscription.
Hospital and Dispensary.		•••••	By local subscription.
Monghyr . Lady Mackenzie Zenana Hospital.	7,860	.,,	Presented by Raja Kama- leswari Prasad Singh.
(Rani Shibatarini Hospital including the Dais' and Com-	17,228	,,.***	The Hospital building was presented by Raja Shib Chandra Bancrjee
BHAGALPUB.			and the Dais' and Con pounders' quarters b the Bunaili Estate.
Victoria Memorial Hospital.	25,000	*****	Erected by subscription from the public of Bhagalpur as a Memorial to the late Queen Victoria.
Total .	1,22,088		

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—contd.

2 1	Angles and a	ł	(Ho	OW OBTAINED.
	Approximate value of same	Bailt by Fand	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).	
		Bombay.		
AHMEDABAD	Victoria Jubilee Hos- pital for women and children, Jetibial and Resabai obstetno wards.			The late Hao Bahadu. Eanchorial Chotalal C1 E., spen R28,000 his son, the late Mr Madhavial spent R25,000 and his grandson Sirder Sar Chaubhai Madhavial Ranchodar Bart, has spent the reel to making large ex- temmons to the build- tieg
Hyderabad (Sind),	Women's Hospital in- cluding Data' quar- ters, dead-house, out- houses, operating room and compound wall.	(0,435	Yes , .	The piece of ground on which the Hospital is built was presented to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund Association here by the Hyderahad Mun-
KABACHI .	Lady Dufferm Hospital Main Building and ont-houses.	1,11,000		Chiefly by the late Eduly Dinshaw, cir
	Lady Dufferm Hospital Materiaty Wing	69,500		Government of Bumbay
	Louis Lawrence Insti- tute (Home for Norses in training for mid- wifery work in Sind)	44,445		Public subscription
	Esardas Asanmal Dis-	21,620	*****	Esardas Asanmal
	Gulbai Khorshedhai Nanabhai Spencer Nursea Home	8,27\$		Chuffy by Dr K. N. Spencer.
SURAT	Shoth Morarbles Vijblublandas Hospital for Women and Chil- drem. The Lady Beay Dufferm Hospital.	Value of build- ing 29,913 Value of land 22,144 Not known .	By a grant of ftl.356 by the Local Branch of the Count- ces of Dufferin Diepen sary Fund, Surat.	A lortion of lagacy by Shotb Mourthan H. Synbhukhandas 11,000 By a grift from Bur Street From Suret Municipality. Additions and by the Municipality. Additions and populity.
		,	•	espainty. Additions and alterations have been done at the expense of the Fund to make the building suitable for hospital purposes. Cost of additions, R2,101.

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furthernace of the objects of, the Association—contd.

Name of hospi	tal, disponsary, ward, or		Ho	w obtained,
building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).		Approximato value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).
		Bombay—cor	icld.	
		R		
SHOLAPUR— concid.	Tho Raja Bahadur Narsinggirji Ward (Operation Theatre).	About 5,000	Yos	Built on Municipal ground just close to the Hospital with the donation of 115,000 by Raja Bahadur Narsinggirji.
	Quarters for the Medi- eni Woman with three out-houses for ser- vants.	3,600	Yes	Built on Government land granted at an nominal rent of H5 per annum.
	House No. 8,000/51, New Sadar Bazar, Camp.	1,500	*** ***	Presented by Messre. Curectji & Sous and A. M. Dalal.
SHIRABPUB.	Victoria Jubilee Lady Dafferia Hospital.	25,000	*****	Presented by Government. The old building having been found insunitary
	Bungalow for the residence of the Medical Woman.	9,972	Yos	was exchanged with school No. 11 outside the town proper. The school building is now being properly fitted for hospital purposes from the donations of the Shikarpar Municipality, District Local Board, Sukkur, and the people of Shikarpur.
ry y veringelaan	Torat .	5,22,042	1	
		Burma.		
		R	77. Landa,	
Rangoon .	Lady Dufforin Matornity Hospital. Quarters for Nurses	1,19,538	Voluntary con- tributions and dona tions, grants from Local Govern- ment, Cautral Committee, and Rangoon and other Mu- nicipalities.	Sitos given by the Gov- ornment of India.
	Nurses' new quarters (for Results-System- Midwives).	8,403	Built by the Government of Burma.	-:
	TOTAL .	1,59,909		

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—contd.

1		W OBTAINED.
 Approximate value of same.	Built by Fand.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).

Central Provinces.

•			
	R	-	
n Hospital for	50,041	R14 S23 from Provincial Branch, R5,000 from Central Com- mittee, and R6,852 from	Kastur Chand Daga, K.C.I.E., R4,500 from the Nagpur Municipality, R2,000 from the late Rao Bahadur Appaji Buti towards Hospital
a Ward	4,000	Bailt by Fand	
Medical Officer,	14,030	Built by Fund.	
stant Surgeon's	20,000		The late Raja Gokul Dass.
TOTAL .	88,071		1
	a Ward a Ward a Ward ar for the Beer-Middeal Officer, etc. gen, etc. gen, etc. and the Sabata Surgeon's quarters	a Ward . 4,000 a Ward . 4,000 ore for the Ress. 14,000 ore for the Ress. 12,000 and the Sub- stant Surgeon's quarters	a Ward

Madras.

		magras.		
		æ		
Madras .	Victoria Hospital for Caste and Gosha Women.	1,00,000		Presented by the Rajah of Venkatagari, E.C.I.E.
Mangalore.	Women and Children's	6,500		Belongs to the Munici-
Coddalone.	Dispensary for Women and Children.	19,000	****	Built by Rajah Sir S. Ramaswamy Muda- har, KT., C.I.E.
MATTAN- CHEBY (Cocnin).	Women and Children's Hospital.	20,000	erries.	Built by the Cochin
YELLORE .	Civil Respital Jubilee Hospital	4,000 23,000	Built by public subscriptions,	Presented by the Jubilee
MATLEADARIY	Victoria Hospital for Women and Children.	10,000	enoscriptions,	Presented by Sra Maha- raja Gajapata Rao,
BOBBILI .	Rajah of Bobbili's Hos- pital for Women.	5,000		Presented by the late Hon'ble the Rajah of
Salen .	Queen Alexandra - Hos- pital for Women and Children.	22,000		Bobbili, R.C.I.E. Public subscriptions and Government grant.
	4			1

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—could.

Name of Les	pital, dispensary, ward, or		; 116	OW OBTAIRED.
builting contacted in any way with the mirk of the Association (whether they reporty of the Association or too).		Approximate value of ranc.	Ballt by Fand.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).
,	•	Madras — ເບາ ນ	reld.	
Kirthiduryi	e H. H. the Maharaja Kumarika of Rowa'a Caste and Gosla Hua- pital.			Presented by II. II. the Maharaja Kumarika of Rowa.
lineaut .	Victoris Memorial Women's Hospital,	19,000	V. M. Pand and public subscriptions.	
Tinnerally	Duderin Women's Dis- pensary, Vannarpot.	25,661	District Board of Tinnevelly.	R10,000 contributed by Rajah Sir S, Ramaswamy Mudaliar, Kr., c.t.e.
Abott	Municipal Hospital for summers.	11,000	V. M. Fund and public subscriptions.	
Companye.	Women and Children's Dispensary.	12,500		Rajah Sir S. Kamuswamy Mudaliar, Kr., c.i.e.
CALICUT .	Women and Children's Hospital.	34,079		Partly by subscriptions, chief donor being Sir S. Rumaswamy Mudaliar, Kr., c.i.e., and partly by the Municipality and District Board.
Рипикогта	Maharaja's Dispensary for Women and Child- ron.	5,000		Stato buildings. Pro- sented by H. H. the Maharaja of Pudukottai,
Combatone	Women's Ho∗pital .	1,000 }	Purchased by the Municipa- lity.	v
COCANADA .	Lady Havelock Hospital	15,000	By District Board, Goda- vori.	R5,000 contributed by Mrs. Venkatarataum.
Dindigut	Women and Children's Hospital.	13,668	Municipality.	
	Total .	4,10,047	. \	and the party and the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—contil.

Name of hospi	tal, dispensary, ward, or	_	Hov	W OBTAINED.
the work (whether	nected in any way with of the Association the property of the cintion or not)	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund	Presented and by whom (or otherwise)
		Mysore.		
Mysore .	Her Highness the Maha-	22,622		By Mysore Governmen
Bangalobe	Maternity Hospital .	33,034		and by contribution.
Kolar .	1	5,500		h
CHIEMAGA-	Women's Hospital and Dispensory.	5,500		[] ·
HABBAN	J Diepenaty.	4,060	<i></i>	
. anoar IZ	Women's Dispensary attached to General	1,500	,	Not stated.
BANGALORE	Hospital Women's Dispensary attached to Victoria Hospital	1,500		. •
Shimoga	Women's Hospital and	6,000		
Tomede	Dispensary	5,248		
BANGALORE	Lady Curzon Hospital for Women and Chil- dron	1,10,000		By Government of Indi
	Torat .	1,94,964		gentlemen in the car tenment.
	N.	-W. F. Provi	nce.	
Dera Ismail Khan.	Zenana Hospital .	40,000	J	From subscriptions, ar District and Municip
	TOTAL	40,000		Funds.
		Punjab.		
AMBITBAR .	Women's Hospital Civil Hospital, Women's Ward.	15,000 6,000		Municipality. District Board and Municipality
LARORE	Ludy Antebison Hos- pital.	1,25,061		Punjab Branch of Du ferin Fund with gran
LYALLPUR LUDHIANA	Women's Hospital Women's Ward of Civil Hospital	40,000 10,000		from Government. Municipality Municipal Committee
	Women's Dispensary and Wards.	12,117		h
	Quarters for Female	2,297	****	Built by the Municipa
RAWAL	New quarters for			Committee.

932

2,15,363

Fimale

Assistant Surgeon. Quarters for Com-'pounders.

TOTAL

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—contd.

Name of heap	ital, dispensary, ward, or mocted in any way with	Approximate	Но	W OBFAINED.
the work (whother	of the Association rethe property of the principal or not).	value of same.	Built by Fund	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).
	. United Pro	ovinces of Agi	ra and Oudh.	•
Aora	Lady Lyall Hospital Maternity Hospital Nurses' Quarters Medical Woman's quar-	1,27,003 35,700 29,095 35,299	Yes. Yes.	
	ters. Hostel for Female Students. Firozabad Women's	18,000 6,051	Yes	Firozabad Municipality.
	Dispensary. Pipalmandi Women's Dispensary. Tajganj Women's Dis-	}		On rent paid by the Agra
ALIGARH .	pensary. Dufferin Hospital with quarters, out-houses, oto.	55,072	Yes	Municipality. Rupees 36,704 contributed by Rani Khushal Kuar Sahiba of Barauli, District Aligarh.
Чирипавар .	Dufferin Hospital Medical Woman's quar- tors.	72,533 19,000	*****	All paid by Provincial Government.
BAHRAICH . BAHA BANKI .	Dufferin Hospital .	32,379 3,000	Yes.	Presented by Poor House Committee and District Board.
	Medical Woman's quar- ters.	3,000	*****	Presented by late Rai Narain Bali Bahadur, Taluqdar of Dariabad.
	Maila Raiganj Ward .	1,900	*****	Presented by late Shaikh Naushad Ali Khan, Taluqdar of Maila
	Operating Room . Sherring Ward	1,345 1,437	Yes	Raiganj.
Bauerlly .	Pardabnashin Wards and Chaukidar's quartors . Dufferin Hospital	4,168 56,354	 Yes	Built by private sub- scription. Built from funds pro- vided by Government.
Bunares .	Ishwari Memorial Hos- pital.	1,58,974	Yes	Rupces 13,000 were con- tributed by the Dis- trict Board.
Bisdon	Women's Hospital .	18,397	Yes	Also received grant-in- nid from Government for this purpose.
NA.HNA CAWNPORE .	Dufferin Hospital	5,644 41,856	Yes · · · Yes.	Rupecs 1,872 were con- tributed by District Board.
	Maternity Ward	7,584	Yes	Also by subscription especially collected for the purpose.
•	A new maternity ward for European patients. Nurses' quartors	4,788 4,410		Built by Government. Presented by the Hon'ble
42.	Dais' quarters Fomalo Sub-Assistant	1,077 1,864	Yea.	Lala Bishambar Nath. By Victoria Memorial Fund.
	Surgeon's quarters. Female Compounder's	1,578		Built from a grant given by Government.
	Two servants' quarters !	1,044	Yos.	

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—contd.

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or		Но	W OBTAINED.
building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).	Approximate value of same.	Bailt by Fand.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).

United Provinces of Agra and Oudh -contd.

	Opinia i Torride	R	. 0.444 . 1,074410	
FARRUKBABAD	Dafferin Hospital	22,499	Yes	The Compounders' quar- ters were formerly part of the Sadr Dispensary, but were made over to the Fund on the estab- lishment of a branch at Farrukhabad.
	Operation room for the above.	3,000		Built from a donation by Babu Bharat Indu.
FIZABAD ,	Dafferin Hospital	5,000	Yes	
GRAZIPUB .	Women's Hospital	11,960		Built from Municipal contribution and local
GONDA	Dufferin Hospital May Barrow Hospital	3,751 3,540	Yes.	subscriptions. Presented by Mrs. Paunel of Isle of Wight.
	Quarters for female Compounder, laheren and sweeper.	1,031		By grant-in-aid from Government.
GORACHPUR.	Zenana Hospital . :	27,965		Presented by Govern-
	Dufferin Hospital .	21,880	Hospital build- ing built by fund for H13.546.	Six wards presented by private persons, Ser- vants' quarters built at a cost of RE.334 by
•	Dufferin Hospital . Quinton Memorial Wing		Уся	private subscription. Presented by the Quinton Memorial Fund Committee.
	Defferin Hospital, with quarters for the Medi- cal Woman, Com- pounders, and ser- vants, etc.	75,500		Built from grants from Government and Dis- trict Board and also from subscriptions.
MIRZAPUE .	Jubilee Hospital .	15,826		Jubilee Hospital Fund, Mirzapur.
	Eye Ward, Sub-Assis- tant Surgeons' and Compounders' quarters	9,591	Yes , .	Chiefly from a contribu- tion made by the Provincial Committee.
Partangarh	Dufferin Hospital .	25,269	,	Presented by Raus Raghuraj Koer of Partabgarh.
	Enclosure wall to the	5,712		Built from a grant made by Government.
Pilibnit .	Dufferin Hospital ,	14,225	Yes	by Governmens.
RAR BARRLI .	Dafferin Hospital .	8,962	Yes	A contribution was also made by the late Rana Sir Shankar Bakbah Singh, KC.LE., of Kbajurgaon.
	New quarters for com- pounders and servants	1,945	Yes	A contribution was made by Government.
•				

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—contil.

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or		IIo	W OBTAINED.
building connected in any way with the work of the Anticiation (whether the property of the Anticiation or not).	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund,	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).

United Provinces of Agra and Oudh -concld.

Sananangun Dasferin Hospital	• 1	R 33,262 Y	Yes	A part of the building valued at R3,500 was presented by Govern- ment which also gave
вианамам» (Dafferin Hospital Puu.	or trains to a second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s	13,558		a grant of \$1,595. Built from Municipal and District Board contributions and local subscriptions. Contributions were also received from the Provincial Committee.
Harmas . Singhari Women's pital.	Hot-	10,000 Y	iea	Presented by Lala Parmanand.
Stravun 🔠 Dufferin Hospital		18,601	,	Built from subscriptions.
Fotal	. 11	1,83,199		

Native States.

(These institutions are built and maintained at the cost of their respective 1 States.)

		.5011000.7		•
Inpour .	Maharani Women's Hospital.	80,000	*****	Built by the Indore State.
Веттіли .	Raj Dufferin Hospital .	86,071		By the Bettiah Estate.
Danbhanga	Raj Dufferia Hospital .	33,00)	*****	By the Darbhauga Estate.
SANGBUR, JIND.	Victoria Women's Hos-	25,000	******	Jhind Durbar.
Внорац .	Lady Lansdowne Hos- pital and Lady Minto Training School and Hostol for Girls.	60,392	*****	By the past and present Begums of Bhopat.
	Lady Hardingo Found- ling Hom?.	5,419	*****	By Present Begum.
KAPURTHALA	Victoria Jubileo Hospital for Women.	16,362	•••••	By H. H. the Mahamja of Kapurthala.
Kotan .	Victoria Jubilee Hospi- tal and Women's Dis- pensary.	65,410	******	By H. H. the Maharao of Kotah.

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association -contd.

-			
`	1		Y OBTAINED.
	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fond.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise)

Native States-contel.

		2		•
UDAIROR .	Walter Zenana Hospital	27,003		By H H, the Maharana of Udanpur.
ALWAR .	Lady Dufferin Hospital Lady Elgin Wards for Purdahnashins,	27,000 11,191	:	By H H the Maharaja Salub Bahadur of Alwar,
GWALIOR .	Jaya-Arogya Hospital for Women and chil- dren at Lashkar.	2,56,000		
Srinagab, Kashmir.	Diamond Jubiles Zenana Hospital.	41,671	*** **	By the State
REWAH .	Zenana Hospital and Quarters for Hospital Staff.	4,500	-	}
PATIALA .	Lady Dufferin Hospital	50,000		His Highness the late Maharaja of Patiala.
	Hendley Women's Dis- pensary.	5,241		By Council of Regency
	Lady Curzon School for the training of nurses, etc	24,280)
Rampur .	Zenana, section of the Rampur State Hospi- tal including Dispens- ary, wards, etc	36,000		By the State
Tonk .	Walter Women's Hos- pital.	10,000		By H. H the Nawab Sahib Bahadur of Tonk State
BAHAWALPUR	Jubilee Women's Hos-	50,000		By H H the Nawab of Bahawalpur
BIKANIB .	Zenana Hospital .	50,414	***	By the Durbar.
Јорнетв .	Jaswant Hospital for Women	50,000		By H. H. the Maharaja Jaswant Singh of Jodh- per.
BHARATPUR	Maji Sahiba Daryab Kuar's Hospital for Women.	37,524		By the Bharatpur Durbar.
Rajkot . (Kathiawar)	Busulkann Hospital and outboates and Zenana Medical Officer's Bun- galow.	80,000	***	By H. H the Nawah Sabeb of Junagudh.

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—concld.

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or		l	W OBTAINED.
building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fand.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).

Native States-concld.

•		. #	1	Í "e
Trivandrum	Women's Ward and out-patient dispensary, women's side, General Hospital.	24,000		
-	Nursing Sister's quar- ters, General and Wo- men and Children's Hospital.	22,374	*****	
	Combined Maternity and Women and Children's Hospital	47,277	*****	
	Victoria Jubilee Hospi- tal, Quilon-	10,753	*****	
,	Women's Ward, Allep- pey Hospital.	3,590	4****	
	Women's Wards, Nager- coll Hospital.	77	******	_
JAORA .	Victoria Zenana Hos- pital.	20,000	*****	By the State.
BEAWAB .	Women's Ward, Cha- ritable Dispensary.	3,700	*****	District Board with funds supplied by the Municipality.
BARODA	Victoria Jubilee Ward	28,527	****	H. H. the Maharaja
•	Jumnabai Dispensary	1,56,922	,44	Gaekwar's Government.
Nahan .	Sumsher Zenana Hos- pital.	13,643		By His Highness the late Sir Surandra Bickeum Parkach, K.Cs.I., Ruler of Sirmoor.
Hydreabad (Decem).	Victoria Zenana Hos- pital, Hyderadad.	3,70,504	193 ***	By the State.
•	Rani Cheelam Janka Bai Zenana Hospital, Gulburgah.	9,000		Rupecs 6,000 from the Rani Janka Bai of Sirnapally; R3,000 from Local Fund.
	Zenāna Ward, Baichur	7,000	*****	By Local Fund.
·	Тотав	18,49,875		

Abstract.

-								 ٠.			R
	Assam		٠.								18,504
	Balnehists	n									25,016
	Bengal							,			8,48,233
	Berar										1,44 357
	Bihar and	Oris	180								1,22,088
	Bombay										5,22,042
	Burma										1,59,909
	Control ?	ronn.	aco.								\$8,811
	Madras										4,10,017
	Mysore			٠.							1,01,961
	N.W F.	Prov	ince								40,000
	Punjab					•		,			2,15,363
-	United P	rovir	COS	of Agr	a an	d Ond	h.				11,86,199
	Native St							١.			18,49,875
			•		-		-				

Total value of buildings . 53,24,668

APPENDIX .III.

Return of Patients treated in Hospitals for Women in India

The following returns of patients treated are divided into three classes, viz.:—

Class A.—Patients treated in Hospitals which are mainly controlled and
by the Dufferin Fund.

- " B .- In Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.
- ,, C.—Native States (which now include the statistics returned by the M Branch).

Assam.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fun

CLASS B.

		PATII	ENTS TREAT	ed in 1915.		
Station.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		On	it.	TOTAL.	REMA
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.		-
Silchar)	113	11,468	60	11,641	
Sylhet		116	3,961	45	4,122	
Sunamganj		23	2,488	145	2,656	
Karimganj			***	982	982	
Dhubri .		85	1,803	28	1,916	
Goalpara .	1	20	5,982		5,902	
Bilashipara .			<i></i>	21	21	
Gauhati .		87	4,345	98	4,530	
Barpeta	Charitable Dispensary	1,1		14	14	
Tezpur .		54	1,118	58	1,230	
Mangaldai		14	2,238	8	2,260	
_			•••	23	23	
Sibsagar		57	9,048	232	9,337	
•	,	12	• • • •	17	29	
Tura				32	32	
Aijal . · ·	}}		4**	56	56	
Shillong · ·			***	46	46	
Nazira · · · · Nowgong · · ·	Earle Hospital	50	5,843	65	5,958	
MOMEONS .	TOTAL .	631	48,194	1,930	50,755	

) Baluchistan.

Return of Patients treated in Women's thespitals assisted by the Outferin Fund, CLASS B.

		PATIE	NTS TREATE	D IN 1915.]		
STATION.		Name of Hospital.		01	ıt,	TOTAL.	Remares.
		`	In.	Treated in hospital	Treated at		
Quetta .		Lidy Sandemin Zenaus Hospital	104	6,501	560	7,185	
Quitta .	•	Patel Ward in the Caral Hospital	214		-	214	
5 միս		Mclyor Women's Dispen-	74	3,755	81	3,910	
Fort Sandeman		Lady Dufferin Zenson Hospital	48	7,553	47	7,648	
		TOTAL .	440	17,509	708	18,957	

Bengal.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS A.

	-	PATI	ENTS TERATED IN 1915.	
STATION.	Name of Hospital,		-0==	TOTAL BEN SER
		In.	Tradel in Treated at beginning	10125, 552_512
Calcutta .	Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital.	Los	, 3782	ج <u>ن</u> ج
Dacca	Lody Duffers Women's	≈	دند رصد	انشة
	Tera: .	شالبة	فنة ' شاؤنة	212

Bengal—contd.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund

		- wated	in Women.		•
		•	S. Dans	Hospitals as-	isted by the Duff
	1		$_$ CLA	SS R	isted by the Dare
•	- 1			D.	o the Duff
		•			
	STATION.			TIENTS TREATT	The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s
		NAME OF HOS	1	TIENTS TREATI	IN 1915.
	1	108	PITAL.	,	
	[I_{n}	Out	.
		•	/ All.	m	Total.
			- 1	Treated in T	reated at
$Birbh_{U}$	ım /			hospital.	home.
	Lad	y Curzon Ze			
Cossino	101	Pital.	nana 86	1	——
ganah	s) War Kon	•	1 - 1	<i>5,850</i> /	
	mon	inimoyee Dasi's B Ward attack	Wolan	1	85 / 6,021 /
	to t	nimoyee Dasi's 's Ward attach he North Subpri	wo- 169	4,052	-,,,,,,
Bankura	20.	icul.	pan	3,004	263 / 4,484 /
	Lady	Drage .	1 1	- 1	4,484
Borhampor			1a / 77 /	- 1	
(Murshid	abad) Victoria	7	1 "1	5,690	00
Khulna		Zenana Hospital	648	, ,	^E 0 / 5,797 /
	· · / Woman	_	048	17,242	
	to the	Ward attached	1 1	29.	¹ 18,181
	Hospital	Woodburn	67	2,915	
	[Rani -	1	1	25	3,007
	Women's	ward attached	- 0.	1 -	9,007 .
Nadia .	to the	Nard attached	21 / 1.	796 gpg	
	Garrett H	Navadwip ospital	- /	228	2,045
			- 1	1 1	-70 20
	Women's W. to the Meher	ard see	1	- 1 - 1	1
	Meher	ard attached pur Hospital.	/		1
	Cor	Patral	/ "	21	a. /
	Women's War to the Perojp	d attack	-	1 1	21
	to the Perojp	ur Dispen- 4	2 2,917		1
1			2,017	23 2	.982
D 1	Women's Tr	. 1	1		
Bakarganj .	Women's Ward to the Bhola Di	attached	l i	1 1	1
• •	-	Pensary.	25	a. /	
	Women's Ward to the Patnakh		- 1	37 /	62
- 11	to the Patuakh: pensary.	ttached 44	- 1	1	
i /	pensary.	in Dis-	. 3,932	50 / 100	
11,	•		1	50 / 4,020	; /
i/ n	Yomen's Ward at to the Barisal Hos	to 2 2	• /		1
. '	o the Barisal Hos	pital 196	1,234	1	1
· r/w	Name - 4		1,202	74 1,504	1
Chittagong to	omen's Ward atta the General Hoss	school -	- 1	1,00%	
· · //	the General Hosp	oital. 234 ·	10,705		
Cox	p Da	1 1	1	86 11,025	
	s Bazar Dispensar	T . e .	1	3,520	
	<u></u>	y · 35	2,638	10.	
•				106 2,779	
•				, , , ,	• •

Bengal -concld.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dutlerin Fund. CLASS B-concid.

		PATIS	ENTS TREAT	ED IN 1915.		
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Ou	it.	Тотаь.	REMARES
-			Treated in hospital.	Treated at	1	WEARES.
	Women's Ward attached to the Charitable Dis- pensary.	45.	4,294	114	4,453	
Faridput {	Women's Ward attached to the Madaripur Dis- lensary.	30	1,357		1,087	
Mymonents	Bidyamoyee Women's	208	4,202	205	4,745	
(Direndra Kuboro Hanikya Women's Hospital at- tsched to the Sadr Hos- pitai	102	4,372	107	4,671	
Noakhali	Women's Ward attached to the Feni Dispensary.	15	51	16	62	
- [Women's Ward attached to the Hurrishpur Dis- pensary.	~	6	5	11	
Pabna	Hemargini Debi Women's Hospital attached to the Sadr Hospital.	100	3,434	77	3,620	
- {	Shahazadpur Dispensary,			98	28	1
ſ	Kundi Dispensary	-		38	23	,
Eungpur	Ulipur Dispensary	-		33	33	
Į	Kakina Dispensory .		-	5	5	
Topperah	Fairnnessa Zenana Hos- pital, Comilla.	16	5,092	50	5,158	
, ,	Chandpur Dispensary			33	33	
	TOTAL .	2,174	102,18	2,200	86,268	

Berar.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund

CLASS B.

		Patients treated in 1915.				
STATION.	Name of Hospital.		Out.			
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	
Amraoti Shogaen Akola Yeotmal Ellichpur City Yeotmal Akola Buldana Chandur Bazar Daryapur Anjangaon	Women's Hospital The Sai Bai Moti Women's Hospital. Women's Hospital. Women's Ward, City Dispensary. Main Hospital. Main Hospital.	106 64 68 1 4 62	4,430 7,108 7,239 640 11 	42 . 668 119 20 59 25 17 22 35 42 49	4,578 7,840 7,426 661 40 25 32 84 48 42 49 60	
Morsi Chandur Railway Basim	Branch Dispersary Branch Dispensary	 13 		59 284 74 43 52 25 43 35	59 264 74 56 52 25 43 35	
Dewalgaon Raja Mangoul Pir	TOTAL .	338	19,440	13 19 1,838	13	

Bihar and Orissa.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS A.

STATION.	Name of Hospital.	PATIENTS TREATED IN 1915.					
		In.	Out.				
			Treated in bospital	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.	
Gaya	Lady Elgin Zenana Hos- pital.	425	5,781	632	6,848		
Bhagalpur	Rani Shibatarini Hospital.	492	6,479	639	7,610	1	
Monghyr .	Charitable Hospital.	433	8,305	79	8,817	1	
Bankipur .	General Hospital, Women's Ward.	494	8,225	125	8,841		
_	TOTAL .	1,854	28,790	1,475	32,119		

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund. CLASS B.

	,	}	PATIENTS TREATED IN 1915.					
STATION.		NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Out.				
				Treated in hospital.	Treated at bome.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.	
Sambalpur .		Main Dispensary, Women's Department.	210	12,462	21	12,693		
Deoghuz	,	Women's Charitable Hos- pital.	72	2,956	40	3,068		
Puri	•	Pilgrim Hospital, Women's Ward,	189	1,867	75	2,131		
Jamei .	٠.	Charitable Dispensary .	23	2,683	15	2,721		
		Total .	494	19,968	151	20,613		

Bombay.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS A.

		1	ATIENTS TR	EATED IN 19	15.	
Station,	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Out.			
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Troated at home.	TOTAL.	
Abmedabad	Victoria Jubilee Hospital .	1,777	9,731	67	11,575	
Hydorabad (Sind) .	Women's Hospital	613	9,990	***	10,603	
	Тотаг.	2,390	19,721	67	22,178	

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

			PATIENTS TREATED IN 1915.				
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		! Or				
STATION.	Nanz or Homitia	Jn.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL		
Belgaum .	. Civil Hospital	979	***	. 14	993		
Dhulia	. Municipal Bapat Dispensary	***	4,560	24	4,581		
Karachi .	. Lady Dufferin Hospital .	831	12,928	53	13,812		
	Khan Bahadur Pestanji Sorabji Dispensary.	57		72	155		
Poons City	King Edward Memorial Hospital for Women and Children.	65	2,682	***	2,747		
Godhra	Panch Mahals and Rowa- kantha Branch.	•••	10	312	352		
Sholapur .	Lady Reay Dufferin Hospital.	203	9,838	60	10,101		
Satara . 1.	. Civil Hospital	6	···	44	50		
	TOTAL .	2,141	30,018	609	82,768		

Burma.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

·			P.	ATIENTS TRE	ATED IN 191	15.
Station. ~		Name of Hospital		Out.		
			In. Treated in hospital.		Treated at home	TOTAL.
Rangoon .		Laly Dufferin Maternity	1,065	22,541		23,606
		TOTAL .	1,065	22,511		23,606

Central Provinces.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS A.

		F	ATIENTS TE	EATED IN 1	915
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		0		
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Troated at home.	TOTAL.
Nagpur	Dufferin Hospital Bupu Rao Gangabai Dis-	570	6,802 5,906	786	8,158 5,906
Jubbulpore	Eigin Hospital	338	5,285		5,623
	TOTAL .	908	17,993	786	19,687

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferla Pund, CLASS B.

1		- P.	TIENTS TRE	ATED IN 191	5.
Втатіон,	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Ont.		
		, In	Treated in hospital.	Treated at lome.	TOTAL.
Bangor	Women's ward of the Main Dispensiry.	119	3,202	80	3,401
	Total .	119	3,902	80	3.462

Madras.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

			PATIENTS T	REATED IN	1915.
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Out.		
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	Тотак.
Madras	Victoria Hospital for Caste and Gosha women.	2,159	12,761	***	14,920
	Total .	2,159	12,761	··· -	14,920

North-West Frontier Province.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.
. CLASS B.

		Patients theated in 1915.				
`	TION. NAME OF HOSPITAL.		· Oat.			
Station.		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	
Dera Ismail Khan	Municipal Zenana Hospital	221	4,325	•••	4,546	
	Total .	221	4,325	•••	4,516	

Punjab,

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

					PATIENTS T	REATED IN 1	915.
					Oı	ıt.	
Sta	PION.		NAME OF HOSPITAL.	In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.
Gujrat	•	-	Women's Out-door De- partment of Civil Hos-		16,435	40	16,475
Lahore Simla	:	:	pital. Lady Aitchison Hospital Dufferin Ward, Ripon Hospital.	816 837	6,014 4,106		6,830 4,443
•			Total .	1,153	26,555	40	27,748

United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS A.

		P	ATIENTS TE	ATED IN 19	15.	
STATION	NAME OF HOSPITAL	AME OF HOSPITAL		Out.		
`		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at	TOTAL.	
	Lady Lyall Hospital .	1,717			1,717	
Agra . {	Materiaty Hospital	943	1	١	913	
l	Lady Lyall Dispensary .		14,677	<u> </u>	14,677	
Aligarh	Dafferin Hospital	742	6,998	103	7,841	
Allahabad .	Dufferin Hospital	1,065	12,613	300	14,008	
Eabraich	Dufferin Hospital	291	7,455	35	7,781	
Bara Bankı .	Grigg Women's Hospital	248	6.249	49	6,546	
Bareilly	Dufferin Hospital	702	11,325	186	12,213	
Benares	Ishwari Memorial Hos-	870	11,997	411	13,378	
Biluor	pital. Mrs. Markbam's Women's		5,679		5,919	
Bimor (Nagana)	Hotpital.	81	.,	102	-,	
		1	3,688	20	3,789	
Cawnpore	Dufferm Hospital	488	10,306	9	10,603	
Farrukhabad .	Dufferm Hospital	223	5,109	260	5,591	
Fyrabad Ghazipur	Dufferin Hospital	386	7,871	216	8,473	
Gonda	0-7 1 24 1	656 195	8,660 8,602	74 50	9,590 8,907	
Gorakhpur .	Duffeels Wester	426	7,205		1	
Kheri		217	8,187	56 52	7,697	
Lucknow	Dufferin Hospital	1,074	9,143	-	10,223	
Meerat	Dufferin Hospital	517	15,921	100	16,538	
Mirzapur	Daffern Hospital	201	6,556	113	6,670	
Partabgarh .	Dufferm Hospital	179	3,650	42	3,671	
Publit	Dufferin Hospital	277	6,849	155	7,281	
Rae Bareli ,	Dufferin Hospital . ,	236	5,072	145	5,153	
Saharanpur ,	Dufferin Hospital	306	8,054	101	8,461	
Shahjekanpur	Dufferin Hospital	803	10,5€2	297	11,222	
Sitapur	Dufferin Hospital	275	4,998	67	5,310	
Singharı (Hath- ras).	Women's Hospital	281	7,556	102	7,939	
	TOTAL .	13,100	210,278	2,013	226,427	

United Provinces of Agra and Oudh-concld.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

***************************************		CHASS	D.		•
			PATIENTS	TREATED	ın 1915.
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.	- 1		Out.	
-		In,	Treated hospite	in Treated	
	Pipalmandi Dispensory		8,199) 11:	8,311
Agra	Tajganj Women's Dispen		6,295	1	0,011
	Firozabad Women's Dis		7,675	42	1
Asamgarh	Ponsary. Women's Dispensary	. 228	5,986	28	1
Bonaros .	Bhelupur Women's Hos-		8,607	26	8,633
	pital. Women's Hospital	253	13,435	116	13,804
Budaun	Sahaswan Women's Hospital.		5,919	30	5,919
	Ujhani Women's Hospital	14	6,119		6,133
Bulandshahr	Lady Porter's Hospital	468	2,780	20	3,268
Dohra Dan	Women's Hospital . {	104	7,009	106	7,219
Etawah	Momen a Hospital . !	142	6,618	97	6,857
Farrukhabad	. Shamshabad Women's	57	5,291	24	5,372
Fatebpur .	Hospital. Mrs. Rustamji's Dufferin	191	2,999	71	3,261
Gonda (Balram pur).	Hospital. Anson Women's Hospital	193	9,574		9,767
Hardoi .	· Nomer's Dimensor	157	5,222	- 158	5,537
Hardoi (Sandila	Women's Dispensary . {	75	7,467	93	7,635
Hamirpur.	Women's Dispensary .	66	3,161	50	3,280
Mainpuri	Women's Dispensary .	249	5,499	83	5,831
Moradabad .	Victoria Women's Hospital.	639	12,082	116	12,837
Moradabad (Am-	- Women's Dispensary .	92	9,622	64	9,778
Muttra	Women's Hospital . {	69	4,933	31	5,033
Muzasfarnagar .	A comen a month .	313	6,268	60	6,641
Naini Tal	Crosthwaite Women's Dis-	167	6,470	480	7,117
Orai (Jalaun) .	Women's Hospital	66	2,152	55	2,273
Sultanpur .	Ametlii Women's Hospital	109	3,180	33	3,322
	_			-	. 13.6
	TOTAL .	3,652	162,565	1,950	168,167

Native States (which now include the statistics returned by the Mysore Branch).

CLASS C.

	((PATIE	its treat	ED 1N 19	15.
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.	-	Ou	Ont.		
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at	TOTAL.	Remares.
Indore .	Maharani Women's Hos- pital.	319	3,305	43	3,666	
Alwar .	Lady Dufferin Hospital .	230	18,774	816	19,920	{
Kotsh .	Victoria Jubilee Hospital	235	6,708	76	7,019	Ì
Bharatpur .	Maji Sahiba Darya Kaur's Hospitel for women.	308	4,171	90	4,569	
Bikanir .	Zenana Huspitel	199	6,805	203	7,303	{
Jodhpur .	Jaqwant Hospital for women	62	3,230		3,013	[
Jaipur .	Zenana Wards, Mayo Rospital.	1,017	15,104	135	16,256	
Tonk ,	. Walter Women's Hospital .	217	7,628	830	8,673	
Boawar .	Women's Hospital	96	9,879	240	10,215	
ivalior	Jaya-Arogya Hospital for women and children Lash- kar.	1,373	13,590		14,963	
	Civil Hospital, Upain .	145	7,918		8,063	
Rowah .	Zenana Hospital	57	8,928	G0	9,045	
	(Jampahai Dispinsary .	۱	82,902		32,903	
Bareda .	Jubilee Ward of the Lady Dafferin Hospital.	183			488	
Nahan .	Shumshor Zenana Hospital	83	4,458	125	4,665	i
Kapurthala .	Victoria Jubiles Hospital .	492	28,951		29,413	
	Lady Dufferm . Hospital	508	6,596		7,104	
Catiala	Hendley Women's Dispen-		5,833		5,833	
Jhind (Sangrur)	V letoria Women's Hospital.	45	5,994	169	6,208	
Bahawalpur	Jubilee Women's Hospital.	287	11,749	937	2,973	•
Bhopal .	Lady Iansdowne Zenana Hospital.	370	5,496	972	6838	

Native States (which now include the statistics returned by the

	Transfer — contd.
	LASS C-contd.
	contd.
STATION. NAME	PATIENTS TREATED IN 1915.
NAME OF HOSPITAL	
	Out.
	In.
	Treated in Treated at TOTAL. BEMARKS
r viet	hospital. Treated at home.
Victoria Zenaua Hospital	
II Mulda Di	2,110
Hyderabad Zenana Branch of Civil	1 20 1 1 110 1 10 1
$Hy derabad$ $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} Dispensary, Aurangabad. \\ Rani Cheeler \end{array} ight.$	40 0
Rani Cheelam Janka Bai Zenana Hospital, Gulbargah,	3,677
Jalan Hospital, Gulbargah	62 2,632 3,717
	2.691
Judbaoli Dian	14 810 5
· Combin	3,694 824 For three
Women and area	3 cor months
Trivand Lospital Children's 2,3	939 15,671 9,094 only.
Women's side	18,610
Quilon Pital. General Hos- 1,19	99 13,218
Alleppey Victoria Jubilee Hospital 977	48 14 465
pital District Tr	12,849
Nagercoil Pital. District Hos 356	19,127 111 13,937
Women's side, District Hos-	14 19,497
Women and Children's Hos-	15,151
Trichur (Civil Hone) 728	50 15,213
Civil Hospital	21,754 400 22,882
Edward Memorial Maternity 51	25,533
Rajkot Tospital. Sil	250 25,783
· / Ragnii,	30
Jaora . Rasulkhanji Hospital for Viotori . Viotori .	Octr. Join
Sringge T	1,977 2216 Deer 31at
	4,412
Bettiah Hospital, Sublect Zenana 810 11	480 262 7,885
Darbbon Dufferin Ho.	157 47 12,014
Raj Dufferin Hospital 1,216 17,9	. ,02.2
. 815 40,22	1 19900
10,62	91 41,128

-Native States (which now include the statistics returned by the Mysore Branch)—concld.

CLASS C-concld.

			PATIE	nt telat	RD IN 19	15,
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL		Or	ıt.		
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at bome	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
Rampue	Zenaus Hospital	61	4,059	300	4,420	
4	Victoria Hospital, Women's Department.	1,017	12,483		13,500	1
Bangalore	Maternity Hospital . Lady Curson Hospital	1,023 1,804	17,760 19,062	. 10	18,793 20,866	
Mysore .	Vani Valas Hospital General Hospital, Women's Department.	59 6	13,018 11,225	210 3	13,834 11,228	-
	Gold Fields Maternly Hos- pital, Robertsonpet,	405	14,678	30	15,113	
Kolar .	Gold Fields Women's Dis- pensary. Women's Dispensary.	25 37	11,250 16,973	105	11,279	
Chickballapur Tumkur Hassau Snemoga Sagar Chickmaglur Chitaldroog	Women's Dispensary .	18 26 12	7,242 9,752 10,399 11,340 8,996 24,613 7,578	40 20 265 50	7,260 9,818 10,431 11,605 9,046 24,689 7,608	
Bogra .	Taheruvessa Women's Hospital.		5,249	193	5,442	!
	TOTAL	23,473	G40,316	7,331	671,160	

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			u					8				25]
	649,333	44,781	694,914			896,020	;	296,353		1,576,982	868,53	1,633,850	839,106,8
	639,748	43,008	116,280	·		621,669		609,150		1,636,800	44,555	1,603,416	6,279,421
	161,803	9,586	170,389			144,726		144,726		280,046	928'6	172,008	1,461,196
Burma.	197,326	7,579	204,805		Assam.	267,952		267,962	Bengal.	562,755	2,093	680,749	1,139,171
_	411,082	27,634	199,708		•	105,115		211,001	14	625,159	27,236	682,395	2,649,117
-	750,9	1,083	11,070			2,297	,	1,297		18,123	2,743	20,455	82,234
	876	1	32			228		228		1,639	22	1,862	6,381
	1,272		1,272		_	936	,	369		2,163	111	2,346	10,285
	. 7,567	1,083	8,850			1,710		1,710		14,526	1,933	16,257	65,508
	Provincial Tetal Class A (General Rospitals and Dispensation).	Provincial Total Class B (Women's Hospitals and Dispussifes),	Cemblacd Provincial Total			Provincial Total Class A (General Hospitals and Dispensaries).	Provincial Total Ciasa B (Women's Hospitals and Mayensarios).	Combined Provincial Total		Frorincial Total Class & (General Rospitals and Dispensarios).	Provincial Total Class B (Women's Hospitals and Dispensaries).	Combined Prortacial Total	Curried orer .

70	THE COUNTES	SS OF DURW	Dh tasa	
India Old.			ERIN'S FUND	
			8	
Vinces Vinces Grand total In and total	9ationts.	102'888	6,400	88 33
the Proting Total Control on the Prov			1,00	3,308,537
of the		690,560	5,503	3,008,081
Returns in Door Pattern Cultures.	1,401,136	232,031	234,180	01,072
ispensaries in and Returns of tour-door parteurs.	2,239,171 nd Original	386,354		
mold. s and di. ceports a	a		Madras.	64,820 1,009,875
tals a	.	871,275	374,049 IN 1,328,740	146,642
hospita Annual Annual Lindal Independent	82,234	8,231	26,052	12,870 87,823 1,
APPENDIX IV—concid. ted in all hospitals and the official Annual Reports oor Patients. Children. Grild Patients. Grild Patients. Female. Potal Indoor Women.	6,381	65 684		
noted below during 1914, extracted from the official Annual Reports and dispensaries in the Provinces Nomen	10,285	83 <u>82</u> 8311		2,308
If the part of the		1,303	2,599	2,050
children racted i	66,663	374	20,619	32,506
and (4, ext	pitals	oftalg.		
luring 1914,	A (General Hospitals	n's Hos <u>r</u> elal Total	lospitals . Tospitals o	l Total
of v duri		B (Wome ed Provín	(General I	Combined Provincial Total
numbe I belov	al Class saries).	l Class] arfes). Combin	Nass A	Combined .
Total number of women and noted below during 1914, ex	/ Provincial Total Class and Dispensaries).	Provincial Total Class B (Women's Hospitals and Dispensaties). Combined Provincial Total	Provincial Total Glass A (General Hospitals and Provincial Total Glass B (Women's Hospitals and Disponsaries).	. · · · · ·
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77

		Cen	Central Provinces and Berar.	vincesa	nd Bera				PPE
688	273	3,371	267,559	83,248	225,711	715,618	811,918		NDI
8	201	1,243	20,583	10,124	33,868	42,603	43,841		x ív
785	875	6,613	278 130	345,373	237,597	801,149	865,762	88	7
									VOM
			P4	Punjab.					EN
909	1,834	27,304	161,737	121,131	596,300	2,334,215	2,361,482	-	AND
233	1,038	8,720	118,518	50,415	50,520	217,464	226,174		СНІ
18	2,873	\$6,681	1,018,258	877,636	645,880	2,551,672	2,577,668	113	LDI
		Nort	North-West Frontier Province.	Frontie	r Provín	ree.			fri cld.
627	311	3,177	131,131	123,045	56,743	320,976	324,133		ATE
112	31	1,526	26,243	7,189	8,716	41,146	42,673		D I
20	683	4,703	140,424	130,233	85,464	362,121	366,824	ę.	N A
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			Balu	Baluchistan,	,				HO
233	8	628	30,379	91,063	10,245	11,087	18,810		Pl

				Cen	tral Pro	Central Provinces and Berar.	nd Ber	ır.		
Prorfacial Total Class A (General Rospitals and	2,416	683	273	3,371	257,559	837,788	225,731	619,547	821,918	
Profinitel Total Class B (Women's Borplinis and Dischards).	1,043	88	ā	1,28	20,593	10,124	33,856	42,603	13,811	!
Combined Provincial Total	8,458	780	875	4,613	278,130	3,15,373	237,597	801,149	865,762	
-										L
	_				*	Punjab.				
Prorfneisi Total Class & (General Hospitals and Dispensaries).	20,434	\$55°+	1,834	27,304	901,737	637,131	505,300	2,334,215	2,361,483	
Provincial Total Class B (Women's Kospitals and Dispense eles).	6,849	633	1,038	8,720	116,518	50,415	50,520	217,464	226,174	
Combined Prosincial Total .	27,343	5,760	2,873	26,083	1,018,238	877,636	645,880	2,531,673	2,577,668	_
`				Nort	h-West	North-West Frontier Province.	r Proví	ice.		_
Prorfacial Total Class A (General Hospitals and Dispensaries).	2,230	627	118	774,8	181,181	123,045	76,743	320,975	324,133	
Frorincial Total Class B (Women's Hospitale and	1,272	112	142	1,526	26,243	7,189	8,716	41,146	42,873	
Combined Provincial Total .	3,511	739	463	4,703	140,424	130,233	85,465	362,131	366,824	J _ I
					Balı	Baluchistan,	د			
Frorincial Total Chass A [General Hospitals and Pispersaries).	288	22	8	626	30,379	31,063	10,245	77,087	18,810	
incial Total Class B (Women's Bospitals and Diegenaries).	21	8	25	183	8,716	2,562	2,417	10,695	10,879	
Combined Provincial Total	723	286	123	1,112	38,005	33,625	18,602	88,383	89,484	1
ORENE TOTAL	139,568	22,191	13,221	175,300	5,678,412	5,023,143	3,408,277	14,890,531	16,676,131	

APPENDIX V.

Rules for the Women's Medical Service for India, passed by the Central Committee on the 8th September 1913.

This Service shall be called "The Women's Medical Service for India." It shall be included in the National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India, hereinafter called the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, and shall, subject to the provisions of the following rules, be under the direction and control of the Central Committee of that Association, hereinafter called the Central Committee.

Constitution.

- 2. The Service shall, in the first instance, consist of twenty-five first class medical women* or such number not exceeding twenty-five as the Central Committee may appoint. One-fifth of the number appointed shall form a leave reserve.
 - 3. Recruitment for the Service shall be made -
 - (a) in India by a medical sub-committee of the Central Committee which shall include the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, the Honorary Secretary to the Central Committee and a first class medical woman:
 - (b) in England by a sub-committee consisting of a medical man and two medical women conversant with condition; in India, to be nominated by the Home Committee of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

Such sub-committees shall perform the duties of a medical board, examine candidates for physical fitness, and give permission to return to duty after periods of invaliding: provided that in India the sub-committee may, by general or by special order, delegate their powers to temporary boards of local medical officers, medical women being included in cases of recruitment, invaliding and return to duty after sick leave.

4. The Central Committee shall decide what proportion of the members of the Service shall be recruited in England and in India, respectively. In the original constitution of the Service duly qualified medical women who are in the service of, or who have rendered approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appointment, and thereafter special consideration shall be paid to the claims of candidates who have qualified in local institutions and of those who are natives of India.

Qualifications.

- 5. No one shall be a member of this Service who-
 - (a) is not a British Subject resident in the United Kingdom or in a British Colony or in British India or who is not a person resident in any territory of any Native Prince or Chief under the suzerainty of His Majesty exercised through the Governor-General of India or through any Governor or other officer subordinate to the Governor-General of India;
 - (b) is less than 24 or more than 30 years of age: provided that this condition shall not be enforced in the case of qualified medical women who are in the survice of, or who have rendered approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund;
 - (c) is not a first class medical woman, i.e., does not possess a medical qualification registrable in the United Kingdom under the Medical Act or an Indian or Colonial qualification registrable in the United Kingdom under that Act;
 - (d) cannot produce a certificate of health and character.

Provided that the Central Committee shall, at any time, have power to promote to the service ladies not possessing the above qualifications, but who have shown marked capacity.

6. Members of the Service shall be appointed by the Central Committee to serve in Condi the several provinces.

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- 7. Members of the Service on appointment shall engage for general service anywhere in India and Burma and shall serve a period of probation in one of the larger hospitals of the province to which they are posted, extending, in the case of those recruited in England, to six months and, in the case of those recruited in India, to three months.
 - At the end of such period of probation their appointment shall be confirmed or terminated, as the case may be, by order of the Central Committee on the report of the Provincial Committee of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, hereinafter called the Provincial Committee, after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned. (Vide rule 8 spfra.)

After confirmation, service shall, at any time, be terminable on three months' notice on either side, and the Central Committee shall have power to dispense with the services of any member of the Service on the payment of three months' salary in lieu of notice.

- 8. Mombers of the Service shall receive their pay and allowances from the Central or Provincial Committees of the Counters of Dufferin's Fund, unless their services are lent to Government, or to local or Municipal bodies, or to special institutions on the condition that the whole or part of their pay be met by such employers, hereinafter called the authority or authorities financially concerned,
- 9. Members of the Service shall receive a salary of H350 during their period of probation, and thereafter a salary of R100 from the 1st to the 4th year inclusive, R150 from the 5th to the 7th year, H599 from the 8th to the 10th year and R550 after the 10th year: Provided that no member of the Service shall be confirmed in the R400 grade unless she has passed an examination in such vernacular as the Provincial Committee shall prescribe within one year of her appointment.

In addition suitable quarters shall be provided free of rent, or, a house-rent, allowance to be determined by the Provincial Committee after convultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (wide rule 8 supra) shall be granted in hea of it

10. Mombers of the Service shall be entitled to travelling allowance on the scale and subject to the conditions set out in Appendix I to these rules.

- 11. Members of the Service shall be entitled to leave according to the regulations set out in Appendix II to these rules.
- 12. Members of the Service shall jun a Provident Fund on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in Appendix III to these rules.
- 13. Members of the Service shall be permitted to engage in private practice provided that such private practice does not interfere with the performance of their official duties.
- The Provincial Committee shall have power to decide in any case, after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 8 supra), whother private practice does in fact interfere with the performance of official duties.
- 14. Members of the Service shall retire on attaining the age of 55 years unless the Central Committee, on the recommondation of the Provincial Committee, after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concorned (ride rule 8 supra). do to to retain their services for a further period to be determined by them.

Position in respect of Central, Provincial and Local Committees, etc.

- 15. When appointed to a province, members of the Service shall forthwith beco subordinate to the Provincial Committee in all matters, and they shall not correspond with the Contral Committee except through the Provincial Committee.
- 16. The Provincial Committee shall have powers of disciplinary control over memb of the Service including suspension, but powers of removal or dismissal for inefficient misconduct or other valid cause, shall be vested in the Central Committee only.
- 17. A member of the Service, who has been recruited in England, shall, in the event notice under rule 7 or removal or dismissal under rule 16 supra, receive a sum sufficie to cover her return journey to England.
- 18. Every hospital shall be in charge of a Local Committee and a member of t Service in independent charge of such hospital shall be entitled to attend all meetings the Local Committee: provided that if her own action or conduct is called in question all shall retire from the meeting after stating her case.
- 19. Members of the Service in independent charge of a hospital or other institution shall have full professional control of the hospital or other institution and such powers and administrative control as the Lecal Committee, with the previous sanction of the Provincial Committee and the Lecal Government after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 8 supra), may determine.
- 20. Members of the Service and the hospitals or other institutions under their charge shall be subject to such inspection as the Local Government, after consultation with the Provincial Committee and the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule & supra), may determine, due regard being paid to purdah. The Provincial Committee shall have power to depute a member of the Service to inspect hospitals or other institutions within their jurisdiction, reporting to the Provincial Committee.
- 21. The Central Committee shall have power, in communication with the Provincial Committee, to depute any qualified person or persons to inspect members of the Service and the hospitals or other institutions under their charge.
- 22. Local Governments shall be requested to frame rules for the appointment, suspension, removal or dismissal of assistant or sub-assistant surgeons, matrons, nurses, subordinate and menial staff, in hospitals, or other institutions in independent charge of members of the Service with due regard to the position of such members on the one hand and of the Provincial Com mittee and the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 8 supra) on the other.
- 23. Local Governments shall be requested to frame rules, after consultation with the Provincial Committee and the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 8 supra), for the inspection by members of the Service of branch dispensaries or other medical institutions in charge of women.
 - 24. The decision of the Central Committee shall be final in all cases.
- 25. The Central Committee reserve power to alter these rules from time to time after consultation, where necessary, with Local Governments and Provincial Committees.

Note.—Rules 5 (c) and 16 were emended as above at a meeting of the Central Committee of the Association held at Viceregal Lodge, Delhi, on the 3rd February 1914.

Rule 14 was emended as above at a meeting of the Central Committee of the Association held at Viceregal Lodge, Simla, on the 9th May 1916.

Appendices to the Rules for the Women's Medical Service for India.

NOTE.

The following Travelling Allowaboe, Leave, and Provident Fund rules have been framed for the members of the Women's Medical Service for India, and shall be binding on the Provinceal or Local Committees, who will have no power to exceed them without the sanction of the Central Committees. That body, while reserving to itself the right to alter the rules from time to time, as experience may show the advisability, or to vary them in cases of individual hardship, desires it to be understood that the rules shall in general he addiced to each that applications for exceptional treatment will only be calculated for very pecial reasons.

Appendix I.

Travelling Allowance Rules.

- -1. A nember of the Wamen's Medical Savies appointed in England shall receive a sum of £70 to cover her passage and incidental expenses; and shall receive travelling allowance from the port of disembarkation to the station to which she is first appointed under the rules below at the rates for transfers. A member appointed in India shall receive travelling allowance under the rules below at the rates for transfers from her place of residence to the station to which she is first appointed.
 - 2. Travelling allowance is divided into two classes -
 - (a) on transfer from one station to another; and
 - (b) on ordinary or inspection duty when the member's headquarters are not changed.

Travelling is also divided into two classes-

- (i) journeys by rail or steamer; and
- (ii) journers by road. This includes all portions of a journey, however short, performed by road between the member's place of residence and the railway station, between the railway sistion and the may have of residence, between railway stations, road journeys proper, etc. Each portion of a journey performed by road which is followed by a journey by rail shall be considered separately.
- 3. The fravelling allowance for ordinary journeys by rail shall be 1½ first class fares and one third class ticket for a servact, if taken. In the case of transfers the member shall be allowed in addition another third class into, should have servants be taken, and the cost of convarance of the excess luggage actually taken up to a lumit of ten manufal, in support of which she must attach a certificate. The rates shall be the same for journeys by steamer where board is not included in the fare. Where it is included, only one first clars fare shall be allowed.

4. For travelling by road, should the distance travelled exceed 5 miles, the member shall be given an inclusive rate of 8 ages per mile in the case of ordinary journeys in the case of transfer the rate shall be 81 per mile. For portions of a journey

than 5 miles performed by road the member shall receive on ordinary journeys actual expense of convoying herself, her servant, and luggage up to a limit of H2-8, production of a certificate from her of the amount actually spent. On transfer. limit shall be H5.

5. The cost of travelling allowances shall be defrayed as follows:—
In the case of transfer from one Province to another, by the Central Committee.
In the case of journeys within the Province, by the Provincial Committee.

Example.—A momber travels on ordinary duty from A to B. She travels 3 m by road from her residence to the railway station at A and by rail from A to X: fr X she travels by road 4 miles to railway station Y and from Y by rail to station Z: fr Z she travels 20 miles by road to B. She shall be entitled to actual expenses, subj to a limit of R2-S in each case, for the road journeys from her residence to railway station A, and from railway station X to railway station Y. She shall be entitled R10 for the journey from railway station Z to B, whether the actual expenses are me or less than this sum. For the railway journeys from A to X and Y to Z she sl receive 14 first class fares and a third class fare for a servant, if one is taken.

APPENDIX II.

Leave Rules.

All members of the Women's Medical Service shall be subject to the same learnies.

The following are the varieties of leave admissible:-

- (a) Casual Louvo.
- (b) Privilogo Leave.
- (c) Furlough.
- (d) Sick Leave.
- (c) Extraordinary Leave.
- 2. Casual leave is occasional leave for a few days, and may be granted at the discretion of the Provincial or Local Committee. Such leave cannot be combined with an other kind of leave.
- 3. Privilege leave is earned at the rate of one month for each calendar year of service but may be granted during the year in which it is being earned, e.g., A, who joins the service on the 1st April 1915, is eligible for one month's privilege leave during the summer of 1915 and for a second month's privilege leave on or after the 2nd April 1916. This leave is meant to provide a month's holiday during the year and not to be accumulated. In the event, however, of its being found impossible to grant any member privilege leave during the year, she may carry the month's privilege leave refused her ther credit. But in no case can privilege leave be accumulated beyond a limit of 3 month. In the event of privilege leave being so refused, an entry should be made by the Provincial Committee so as to enable the leave to be taken to credit, and in the case of transfer, the fact should be notified to the Committee concerned. Privilege leave, take by itself, can be granted by the Provincial or Local Committee.
- d. Furlough is carned at the rate of two months for each year's presence on dutyin which is included privilege and casual leave—and furlough carned and not take remains at credit throughout a member's service. More than eight months' furlough shall not, however, be granted at one time, and first furlough shall not be granted unt

APPENDIX V.-RULES FOR THE WOMEN'S MEDICAL SERVICE FOR INDIA-confd. 83

APPENDICES I, II, AND III TO THE RULES-confd

after four years' active service from the date of joining. Furlough, moreover, shall not be granted until after three years' active service from the date of the last return from fratough, sick loave, or extraordinary leave acceeding one month. Amy privilege leave which is due during the year or which has accommisted in accordance with Thile 3 may be pessed to fullough.

Study leave shall be added to furlough and shall not exceed three months, at any time, and shall not be less than one month, and shall not exceed nine months in the member's total service. Cortificates proving study have claims must be submitted to the Central Committee.

Any member on study leave shall sective two-thirds of her average monthly pay during such period instead of one-half (see Rule 8)

- 5. Suck leave can be granted at any time on production of a moducal certificate from the Civil Surgeon. Such leave cannot, however, be taken in excess of one year at any time, and in all to a total extent exceeding two years. Any periods of suck leave taken in excess of these maxima must be taken as extraordinary leave. Privilege leave may be prefered to sick leave in the same way as to furlough.
- 6. Extraordinary leave may be granted at any time at the discretion of the Central Committee. Any privilege leave due may be prefixed to extraordinary leave (1) may not be taken without all the privilege leave due being prefixed to it, and (ii) may not be taken when furlough is due or sick leave can be granted. An exception to the latter provise (ii) is that Provincial or Local Committees may grant extraordinary leave up to a limit of one month where special circumstances exist and where the member can be spared without inconvenience. Any period of extraordinary leave so taken shall not count as active service for the purpose of Rule 4, though, as explained in that rule, it will not operate so as to prevent the member taking furlough until after three years from her return from the
- 7. Furlough or suck leave may be extended by the grant of extraordinary leave, and furlough may be extended by the grant of sick leave, on production of a medical centificate to the satisfaction of the Central Committee, but in the latter case the total leave shall not exceed one year and shall be subject to the provisor that the period of extension shall not exceed the limit of two years admissible as sick leave to be exceeded.
 - S. The allowances during leave shall be as follows --
- Casual and privilege leave, the full pay that is being drawn at the time the leave is taken.

Furlough and sick leave, half the average monthly pay of the six months' presence on duty immediately proceding the taking of the leave (see also Rule 4). When such leave is combined with privilege leave, the six months shall be calculated from the date of departure on combined leave,

Extraordinary leave, no allowances,

All leave allowances shall be paid in India, and members proceeding out of India must make their own arrangements to draw their allowances in India.

9. Except in the case of exsual leave, privilege leave, or extraordinary leave not exceeding one month, leave shall be granted by the Central Committee, to whom applications should be submitted through the Projuncial or Local Committee.

Example: -A joined the service on the 1st April 1915. She takes one monthly privilege leave in the summers of 1915, 1916, and 1917. In 1918 she cannot be spared and in 1919 only two weeks privilege can be granted. On 18th April 1920 she takes 2]

months' privilege leave combined with 8 months' furlough, returning to duty on the 1st March 1921. In the summer of 1921 she takes one month's privilege leave combined with one month's extraordinary leave and does the same in the summer of 1922. In 1923 she cannot be granted privilege leave, and she desires to go on combined leave in 1924. She will have completed three years' active service from her last return from furlough on the 1st May 1924, as the two months' extraordinary leave does not count as active service, and the total amount of furlough carned by her will be 1th of the period—1st April 1915 to 1st July 1920—the date of completion of her privilege leave—(5½ years) plus 1th of the three years completed on the 1st May 1924, i.e., 1th of 8½ years, or one year 4½ months. She has, therefore, 16½—8 months = 8½ months' furlough to her credit and can take 8 months' furlough from the 1st May 1924, and as she is entitled to 2 months' privilege leave which counts as active service, she can actually depart on combined leave on the 1st March 1924.

APPENDIX III.

Provident Fund Rules.

Every member of the Service is required to contribute monthly to the Provident Fund a sum equivalent to 5 per cent of her salary. Subscription on leave of any kind shall be optional. The amount of subscription shall be 5 per cent of the leave allowances admissible during the leave. The contribution shall be deducted from each month's salary or leave allowances and credited to the member's account in the Provident Fund.

- 2. The Association shall contribute to each subscriber's account on the 1st April and the 1st October of each year a sum equivalent to the amount of the contributions of the subscriber during six wonths immediately preceding.
- 3. Each subscriber's account shall be credited with interest on the amount standing at its credit at the rate of 4 per cent per annum or at such rate as the Central-Committee can invest without risk to the funds of the Association.
 - 4. The sum which accumulates to the credit of a subscriber shall be repayable to her -
 - (1) on retirement after approved service; and
 - (2) on resignation on account of ill-health,

provided that no subscriber shall be paid the amount of the contribution made to her account by the Association with the interest thereon unless she has rendered not less than 5 years' approved service or unless she is incapacitated by disease contracted in and by the service.

- 5. The dismissal from the service, by the Central Committee, of any subscriber shall involve forfeiture of the contributions by the Association and the interest thereon.
- 6. In the event of the death of a subscriber before retirement or after retirement, but before the money has been handed over, it shall be paid to the legal representative of the estate.
- 7. Absolutely necessary advances against the sum to the subscriber's credit, an ordinarily not exceeding three months' pay, may be made to meet emergent expenditure at the discretion of the Central Committee. Such advances shall be repayable by instal ments to be fixed by the Central Committee in each case.
 - 8. Each subscriber shall be furnished once a year with a statement of her account.
 - 9. The Central Committee may revise these rules as it considers necessary.

APPENDIX VI.

Members of the Women's Medical Service for India.

- 1. BALVOUR, MISS M. I. L R.C.P. & S., L F P. & S., M.B., C.M., M.D.
 - 2. Barnes, Mrs. F.D., L.R.C.P. & s , L P.P. & s , M.D.
 - 3. Batho, Miss M. L. M. Ch., L.M., L.E F.P & S., L.A.H.
 - 4. COMMISSABIAT, MISS S. H., L.M., P.R C.S.
- 5. COPBLAND, MISS P. T. M.B. (h.D., M.D.
- 6. Curjet, Miss D. F., M.B., ch B , M D.
- 7. FIELD, MISS V. E., L.B.C.P. & S.
- S. GEORGE, MIRS J. E., L.M., L.R C.F. & S.
- 9. GHOSE, MISS L. M., L M., L.A.H., P.B.C.S.
- 10. Houlton, Miss C. I., M B. E.S.
- 11. Јевуга, Маза М., г. м.я
- 12. KAMALAKAB, MBS D., L M., LB.C P & S., L.F P. & S.
- 13. LAUDER, MISS H., L.B.C.P. & S., M.D.
 - Leach, Miss F. B., L.M., L.R.C.P. & S., M.D.
- 15. MACLABEN, MIES H. J. C., M.A., M.B., Ch.B., M.D.
- 16. Ma Saw Sa, Mifs, L.M., T.E.C.F., D.P.H.
- 17. McKeazie, Miss A. L., Le.c.p. & s., l.p p. & s., m d.
- 18. MICHAEL, MIES D. K. F., M.B., C.M
- 19. Миврит, Мізя М. С., м.н., м.н с в., г в с.р.
- 20. Naoroji, M188 M. A. D., M.B., ch B.
- 21. O'BRIEN, MISS M., L S.A., M.B., B.S.
- 22. O'NEILL, MISS K. M., M.B., C.M.
- 23. PLATT, MISS K. A., M.D., D.S.
- 21. Scott, Miss F. A., L.M., L.R CF. & s., L.F.P. & s.
- 25. Watts, Miss A. M., L.E.C.P. & S., L.F.P. & S., L.W.B.C.P.
- 26. Webe, Mice M. V., Le.C.F. & S., L.E.F.P. & S. 27. Yamini Sen, Mice, L.M., L.E.F.P. & S.

APPENDIX VII.

Summaries of Reports of certain Branches and Native States.

THE UNITED KINGDOM BRANCH.

Patron.

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY QUEEN ALEXANDRA.

President.

THE DOWAGER MARCHIONESS OF DUFFERIN AND AVA, V. & A., C.I.

Executive Committee.

THE MARCHIONERS OF LANSHOWNE, C.I.
THE LADY HELES MUNRO-FERGUSON.
LADY BAYLEY.
LADY LYALL,
LADY ELLIOT.
SIR PHILIP HUTCHINS, E.C.S.I.

SIE COURTENAY ÎLBERT, G.C.B., K.C.S.I.
THE LADY WENLOCK, C.I.
SIR T. W. HOLDERNESS, K.C.B.I.
SURGEON-GENERAL SIR BENJAMIN
FEANKLIN, K.C.I.E.
SIR WALTER LAWRENCE, BART., G.C.I.E.

Selection Committee.

SURGEON-GENERAL SIR R. HAVBLOCK CHARLES, O.C.V.O.

MRS. SCHARLIRB, M.D., M.S. MISS GRACE MACKINNON, M.D.

General Committee.

The LADY EDWARD CAVENDISH ALICE, COUNTESS OF STEAFFORD.
SUSAN, COUNTESS OF MALMASBURY.
The LADY WANTAON, R.R.C.
The LADY EMMA CRICHTON, C.I.
The EARL BRASSRY, G.C.B.
VINCOUNT HYTHE.
The Hon. Dubley Ryder.
LADY BERNARD.
GENERAL SIR EDWARD CHAPMAN, R.C.B.

SIE THOMAS SUTHEBLAND, G.C. M.G., M.P. MRS. ROWAN HAMILTON.
LADY ILBERT.
SIR H. C. BURDETT, K.C.B., K.C.V.O.
LIEUT.-COLONEL HARRY COOPER, C.M.G.
MB. J. J. J. KESWICK.
SURGEON-GENERAL A. PAYNE.
MB. W. T. PRITCHARD.
MR. DANIEL WATNEY.

Honorary Secretary.*

The Downorn Marchioness of Dufferin and Ava. Claudeboye, Co. Down, Ireland.

Treasurer.

CHARLES MOORE, Esq. Rankers.

Mossrs. Courts & Co., 59, Strand, London, W.C.

It is desired that all ordinary correspondence be addressed to the Dowlger Lady Duffering.

Scholars coming to England to address their letters to Mrs. Bell, 12, St. Leonard's Road, Ealing, London.

Subscriptions to be paid either to the Dowager Lady Dufferin, or to Messis. Courts & Co.

Annual Report of United Kingdom Branch.

At a meeting of the United Kingdom Committee in London, attended by Mrs. Scharlieb, M.D., M.S., Miss Grace Mackimon, M.D., Miss Platt, M.D., and Surgeon-General Sir R Havelock Charles, many interesting questions with regard to our work in India were discussed; and later Dr. Mackimon drew up a programme which, if followed, would ensure the students from India making the best possible use of their time in England. The has been sent to the Central Committee.

Our students now in England have done well, and those who have qualified are getting good work here which will be of immense advantage to them. Miss Menores is House Surgeon in the Borough Hospital, Butkends and Miss Alion is House Surgeon in the Great Northern Hospital in London. She is the first woman who has held this position. Three others have passed their final arxammations. Of those who have returned to Indu, several have been appointed to important posts in the new Moderal Service for Women.

It is evident, therefore, that the United Kingdom Branch is doing an excellent and nocessary work, but we are now faced with financial difficulties

Many old sabscribers have died, and in the absence of public moetings or appeals new once have not been added to our list. I should greatly like to receive more subscriptions, however small they night be, and if all who now are, or have been interested in this effort to supply medical and to the women of India, would give even a few shillings to this object, we should be able to keep utfact our small capital, which, otherwise, will have to be sacrified in order to supply present needs.

As will be seen by our accounts, the larger sams which pass through our hands are transmitted to India. The Gilbrist Trust gives 2150 for scholarships there, and the interest on a legacy left to the Central Committee has also to be paid into the Bank of Benezal.

I am any gradeful to numerous subscribers who for m my mean have continued their subscriptions, and who have thus enabled this Branch to do its work here. A very large number of semen now working in India have passed through our hands, and have become thoroughly qualified Medical Women. I have no doubt of the value of the work we are done, and I trust we may be able to continue it.

H. DUFFERIN & AVA.

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Colonel H. Cooper							100
Mrs. Corry	Ċ						100
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of diseases peculiar to women, the same as in the previous year, and 23 midwitery against

19, 2 being abnormal cases; 31 patients were treated in their homes, 23 free of charge, and
65 operations were performed against 40.

or operations were personant against so.

"Through the kind representation of Major McConaghey, Political Agent, Sibi, and
Dr. Holland, Civil Surgeon, Sir John Ramsay, the Agent to the Governor-General,
sauctioned the credition of a new hospital. The in-door ward and operating theatre
will be about to the women patients His Excellency the Viceroy very kindly again
gave admation of R600 for the Zairat hospital. Out of last year's donation of R500,
an operating table, an irrigation stand, an asspite dressing table, operatior stool, 5 more
iron beds, some linen, etc. were bought, all of which were study needed.

"As mentioned in my previous reports, Lady Ramsay, President, Educhastan Branch, Mrs Archer, Mrs. McConaghey, and Colonel Duke have shown much interest by vasting the hospital from time to time. Colonel Duke and Mrs. Archer have very kindly given their time in suggesting and getting the most needed things with His Excellency's donation. Mrs. Archer has very kindly given to the team.

Fort Sandeman,-The Political Agent in Zhob reports -

"From the lat January to the 17th Åpril 1915, the hospital was in the additional charge of a male Sub-Assistant Surgeon of the 31st Punjahs. Miss Roberts took up the appendment of Lady Superintendent on the 18th April 1915, and held charge of the institution till the close of the year. Three thousand six hundred and forty new patients were jurated in 1915 against 1,893 in 1914 and a total of 7,645 pations were therefore the part of the properties were present of the part "The average daily attendance was 13 52 (2 03 in-door and 11 49 out-door patients)

against 9 57 in 1914.

"Mrs Yunia, a trained dai, resigned her appointment in September 1915, and Mariam Bai was appointed madwife on the 17th October 1915. The latter also performs the duties of compounder.

"The present staff of the hospital is as follows .- 1 Lady Superintendent, 1 midwife

and compounder, I ward servant, I chowkidar, and I female sweeper

"Since Miss Roborts' appointment there has been a standy increase in the number of patients seeking medical rules of at the hospital. The number of maternity cases conducted during the year was satisfactory. Certain descences in respect of equipment and was accommendation brought to notice by the Lady Superintendent will be remedied as soon as funda permit. The employment of cone lady of the Sub-Assidant Surgeon class in place of the two ladies formerly employed has resuited in very desurable economy, and the fermor grant-mail from the Central Committee of H200 per menson, has been reduced to the moderate sum of RO2 per mensone. The Lady Superintendent, Miss Roberts, and Marana Bai, midwife and compounder, have taken a keen interest in their work."

Mysore Branch.

A report on the working of this Branch for 13 months ending the 31st December 1016 has been kindly forwarded by Rao Bahadur T. V. Arnaugam Mudallar, Esq., M B., C.M., Honorary Secretary:—

Honorary Secretary:—
"The number of patients treated during the period under report was 202,175. Of the pupils under training fast year, res., E. Bhaggamma, Mrs. E. Colters, and Bevarathnam,

the first completed her course and passed the necessary qualifying examination;

the second resigned after a course of 4 months, and the third died on the 7th June 1915. whon she had put in a course of 3 months. Six pupils were admitted for training whon she may put in a course of a months. Six pupils were naminged for training under this Fund during the period under report:—Mrs. Johnson, who had been first under this Fund during the period under report. unuer ting rung during ting person under reports.—Inthe goundon, who may been night taken on a Victoria Memorial scholarship, after a course of 6 months, was allowed to taken on a Victoria Memorial scholarship, after a course of 5 months, was allowed to taken on a Victoria Memorial scholarship, after a course of 5 months, was allowed to taken on a Victoria Memorial scholarship, after a course of 6 months, was allowed to taken on a Victoria Memorial scholarship, after a course of 6 months, was allowed to taken on a Victoria Memorial scholarship, after a course of 6 months, was allowed to taken on a Victoria Memorial scholarship, after a course of 6 months, was allowed to taken on a Victoria Memorial scholarship, after a course of 6 months, was allowed to taken on a Victoria Memorial scholarship, after a course of 6 months, was allowed to taken on a Victoria Memorial scholarship, after a course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months and course of 6 months a join as a Dufferin Fund scholar and was Join as a Dunorin E una semant and was granted a Dunorin Fund semantania, one completed the required course and passed the qualifying examination in midwifery; Miss Domingo, after completing 12 months' course, was examined and found to be not sufficiently qualified Sho will undergo further training for a month without stipend; Chinnanina was reported to be intellectually unfit to be trained as a midwife and her Chimamina was reported to be intensectantly different to be trumed as a midwife and ner scholarship was cancelled; Michelamma was in the 12th month of her course and schonrship will canculate; altionomium will in the 12th month of her course and Arokinmary in the 9th month; Mrs. E. Rozario was admitted for training as an in the 9th month; and the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the s Arokamary in the oth mouth; also E. Rozario was admitted for training as an unstipended pupil and after 4 months' training, granted a Dufferin Fund scholarship Insurponeou papa and accorse months training, Brancou a Duniera report a new class for the remaining period of her course. training pupil midwives was opened at the Maternity hospital at Robertsonpet on the The midwifery classes were conducted at the Vani Vilas hospital, ore, the Maternity hospital, Bangalore, and the Robertsonpet Maternity hospital. ore, the Materity hospital at Mysore has been changed from Her Highness Tolar Gold Fields. Maharaneo's hospital to the Vani Vilas hospital

North-West Frontier Province Branch.

Dera Ismail Khan.—Lieutenant-Colonel T. W. Irvine, I.M.S., Chief Medical Officer, North-West Frontier Province, and Honorary Secretary, forwards the following

"I was in charge of the hospital during the year Tallete the OALL Contents of the property of the party of th report by Miss A. M Headwards, L.F.P. & S.

for 2 months whilst I was away on leave from the 24th July to the 24th Soptember. The work done during the year has been satisfactory, the numbers showing an increase a work down during the year has been such such that the stream of the such that the stream of the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such that the such round. Now our-door partients treated numbered 4,020 against 3,044 hast year; new in-door patients, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 77 against 49; major operations, 120 maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 182; maternity cases, 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against 221 against patients, 221 against 102; maternity cases, 77 against 49; major operations, 30 and minor, 146. These figures are for work done during the 10 months the liospital was open. They would be considerably increased if there was a proper staff.

They would be considerably increased if there was a proper staff. quite mone with the norportal compounder.

And trained nurses is very urgent.

The need of an assistant modical woman and trained nurses is very urgent. quite alone with the help of a compounder. We have no nurses an assistant mouncar woman and trained nurses is very urgent. Oness the nospital is properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as a large district like Dera properly staffed the work will not advance as a large district like Dera properly staffed the large district like Dera properly staffed the large district like Dera properly staffed the large district like Dera properly staffed the large district like Dera properly st property stated the work will not advance as it ought to do in a large district like Deragonal Khan. Our compounder was trained in maternity work, and she passed, the Talana in March 1018 your and table. Isman Anan. Our compounder was trained in maternity work, and she passed, the examination for dais hold in Lahore in March 1915 very creditably. In the city is the city in the hospital for work in the city is the city in the hospital for work in the city is the city in the hospital for work in the city is the city in the hospital for work in the city is the city in the hospital for work in the city is the city in the hospital for work in the city is the city in the hospital for work in the city is the city in the hospital for work in the city is the city in the city in the city is the city in the city in the city is the city in the city in the city is the city in the city in the city is the city in the city in the city is the city in the city in the city in the city is the city in the city in the city is the city in the city in the city is the city in the city in the city in the city is the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city is the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the city in the ci examination for wars more in march 1910 very createably. There is anoth Muhammadan purdah woman at present training in the hospital for work in the city."

NATIVE STATES.

Raiputana.

Rajputana,-The Chief Medical Officer in Rajputana forwards interesting summaries of the following hospitals for 1915, including figures for December 1914 -

- I. The Jaswant hospital for Women, Jedhpur.
- II. The Victoria Jubileo hospital, Kotah.
- III. The Walter Women's hospital, Toul.
- IV. The Mayo hospital, Jaipur.
 - V. The Zenana hospital, Bikaner.
- VI. The Lady Dufferin hospital, Alwar,
- VII. The Women's bospital, Bharatpur,
- VIII. The Walter Zenana hospital, Udaipui.
 - The Women's dispensary, Beawar.

Jodhpur.-Mrs Stirling, M B . B C H . B A O (Dublin), was in charge of the Jaswant hospital for Women at Jodhpur up to the 24th March 1915, when she went on leave to Europe Since then female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss H Paul has been in sole charge Sixty-two in-patients and 3,230 out-patients were treated against 75 in and 3,855 out-patients during the previous year. No patients were treated at home. Thirty-seven minor operations were performed against 4 major and 31 minor in 1914 Compounders Bagesri Bai and Nurse Baya Bai have held their appointments for the full period under report

Kotah .- Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss Helen Buldeo Singh was in charge of the Victoria Jubilee hospital, Kotah, up to the 24th January 1915, when she was relieved by Miss J. Newton, L R.C P. & S (Edinburgh), and L F P S (Glasgow), who returned from combined leave. There was a decrease of 1,190 out-patients as compared with 1914, which is probably due to the absence on leave of the Lady Superintendent. There were 235 in-door patients treated against 191 in the previous year. The number of operations performed was 343 against 273 in 1914. The five das pupils montioned in the last year's report as being under instruction continued to work for 42 months. They were examined on the 1st April 1915. Two of them showed a fair knowledge of what they were taught and passed, receiving a bonus of H2 per month for a year The rewaining three were instructed to attend again during the winter, but as they failed to do so, no class was held. It is very difficult to train dais, as very few midwifery cases come to the hospital.

Tonk .- Miss K. Rood, LR.CP. & S (Edinburgh), LFP.S (Glasgow), and L. M. R. C. P. & S (Iteland), resigned her post on the 10th November 1914, and the work of the Walter Women's hospital at Tonk was carried on by female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Imaman under the supervision of the mule Assistant Surgeon there There was an is crease of 657 in the number of out-door attendance as compared with 1914 The number of operations performed in 1915 was 383 against 405 in the previous year, of which 25 were major. Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss Blanche Karimullah left Tonk at the end of 1914.

Jaipur.-Miss L. E Sykos, MD, LRCP. & S (Edinburgh), has been in charge of the women's wards of the Mayo hospital, Jupur, throughout the year. The number of in-deer and out-door patients treated was 1,017 and 15,239, respectively,

The increase was against 908 in door and 14,476 out-patients in the provious year. Govindi Bai, who was attributance to the non-appearance of passing and the Agra Medical school in attributable to the non-uppearance of plague in the Jaipur city. July 1914, died in Juipur of phthisis. Nangi Bai loft the compounder class as a July 1919, and in Julyar or parents. Names Day lost the compounder class as a Jaipur State student. A sum of 1825,000 has been sanctioned by the Jaipur Durbar. for building a now block for families in momory of the late Lady Hardings. The work for building a non block for tamines in momory of the mee may frareinge. The works has been taken in hand.

The compounding, dressing, and nursing in the women's wards

Bikanor. - Miss C. M. Ponke, M.D., B. Sc. (London), held charge of the Zonana hospital, Bikaner, up to the 14th April 1915 when she left for England. The work of the hospital was then carried on by Miss B. Karimullah, who was appointed female aro dono as usual by formales. Sub-Assistant Surgeon from the 30th March 1915, but she resigned on the 18th Soptem bor 1915. On the 15th November 1915, Miss J. March, M.D. (Brux.), was appointed per 1910. On the 1911 Accounts 1910, Miss of Marcu, M.D. (prax.), was appointed and is still in charge. There was an increase in both the in an lady Superintendent and is still in charge. out-door patients treated as compared with the previous year, which indicates the out-door pactures defined as compared with the previous year, which indicates to popularity of the hospital. The number of operations performed was 105 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at 100 major at

Alwar.—Fomalo Sub-Assistant Surgeon Bala Bai has been in sole charge of 139 minor against 128 major and 404 minor in 1914. Dufforin hospital at Alwar throughout the year. No Lady Superintendent has t Dunorin auspital at Alwar Laroughout the year. No Lady Superintendent has to appointed since April 1911. There were 330 in and 19,590 out-door patients tree appointed since April 1511. There were see in the previous year. The number of major against 242 in and 18,030 out-rationts in the previous year. major and 1,232, respectively, against 75 major and 952 mino.

Bharatpur.—Femalo Sub-Assistant Surgeon Patwardhan has been in charge of the

Women's hospital at Bharatpur throughout the year. The number of in-patients treated women's nospital at Dimerchal throughout the year. The number of in patients 4,261, as compared with 334 in and 4,959 in the hospital was 308 and out-patients 4,261, as compared with 334 in and 4,959

The Walter Zenana hospital at Udaipur remained closed during the year, as noither a Medical Woman nor a female sub-assistant surgeon has yet been your, as noting a source from the Lansdowne hospital looks after the surgical instruout-door putients in the provious year.

Beawar. Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss Q. Houlton has been in charge of the ments, appliances, and furniture of the hospital. women's wird of the Charitable dispensary at Boxwar throughout the year. a docrease in the number of both in and out door attendances as compared with the provious year. This was attributable to the fact that the year 1915 being a year of scarcity

many of the inhabitants of the surrounding villages migrated to other parts of India. many or the minimurants of the surrounding vinages interacted to owner parts of last year, viz.,

The number of patients treated at their homes was the same as that of last year, viz., 240. The number of operations performed was 621 against 703 in 1914. The female

Ajmer.—No female sub-assistant surgeon has yet been appointed to the women's sub-assistant surgeon is zealous and popular and doing good work.

wards of the Victoria hospital at Ajmer for want of funds.

The Director of His Highness the Nizam's Medical Department has kindly furnished the following interesting summary of work done in the women's medical institutions of

Victoria Zenana hospital, Hyderabad.—During the year under repr 11,188 out-door and 2,110 in-door (now) patients were treated at this hospital. the State during the period under review :-2,110 in-patients 1,029 cases were obstetrical. There were 754 operations perform

323 of these being obstetical. Miss Evans, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edinburgh), held charge as senior Visiting Surgeon throughout the year, Miss A. D'Costa and Miss Partridge held the posts of senior and junor out-patient surgeons, and Miss. Cornéhus and Miss Watts performed the ardaous duties of resident surgeons and ably assisted the senior Visiting Surgeon in all the major operations. The training of dats is making stoady progress A assisfactory feature is the fact that indigenous dats are sending their daughters, for training, and one dat has loft her barar practice and is being trained. One of the best dats is the daughter of an indigenous dat and her mother coessionally brings difficult cases to the hospital. The scheme for enlarging the number of dats under training referred to last year has been sanctioned and it is hoped will result in great benefit to the women in the districts.

Gulbargah Women's hospital.—The number of in-patients admitted into this institution was 62 and the out-patients treated, 2,632.

Dudbaoli dispensary, Hyderabad City.—The number of new out-patients treated was 3,694 and of old cases, 5,744. The operations performed numbered 68

Aurangabad dispensary.—The number of in-patients treated was 40 and out-patients, 3,077. The number of operations performed was 50. The midwifery cases — numbered 31

Jain dispensary.—The number of in-patients treated was 11 and out-patients s10, and 1 case of midwifery, those are figures for 3 months only. There was no female modical officer at this dispensary for the greater portion of the year.

Hamamkonda dispensary.—The number of rationts treated at this depensary was 2,563, of which 32 were in-patients and 2,531 out-patients. The number of major operations performed was 12. The midwifery cases were few.

Travancore and Cochin.

The work done in the State hospitals set apart for the treatment of women during the period from the 1st December 1911 to the 31st December 1915 is given in the summary below, which has been received from R. A. Graham, Esq., I.C.S., the Rosident in Thanancre and Cochin.—

Trivandrum.—Combined Maternity and Women's and Children's hospital.,—The total number of patients treated increased by 3,313 in the out-patient department and by 350 in the in-patient department. The average daily attendance of in-patients also showed an increase of 87 over last year and an increase of 13°8 in the out-patients. The number of midwifery cases treated in the hospital increased by 45 over last year. The number of major operations performed was 395 and minor, 443.

Quilon.—Victorin Jubileo hospital.—The number of patients treated during the year, was 977 in and 12,000 out-patients, of which 111 were treated in their homes. There were 252 major operations performed of which 129 were obstotened. At the beginning of the year, Mrs. Smith, the Medical Woman in charge of the hospital, went on long loate. In September 1915, Hospital Assistant Miss Annah Joseph was posted to this institution. The operation room which was in the course of construction last year has been completed and work is being carried on with greater facility. The new maternity wards have also been completed and will shortly be fitted up with the mecessary furniture. Out of the 12 papil midwives who were under tunning, 6 passed, 6 failed, and 1 tind. These who failed are to reappear after another course of training for sax months.

Trivandrum.—Women's side, General hospital.—The women's section of this hospital was represented by a staff consisting of a female apothecary and two midwives for the first six months of the year. Mrs. V. S. Alweyn, the female apothecary, was transferred from this hospital on the 5th June 1915, a male medical officer taking her place. The total number of patients given in the return includes only women, while children though treated have been excluded. The total number of operations performed during the year was 849, of which 89 were major and 760 minor. Of the major operations, 40 were performed among the in-patients by the medical officer in charge. The number of labour cases attended by the female medical practitioner and the two midwives was 48. Of these, 14 cases were attended by the female medical practitioner, with midwives, and the remaining 34 by the midwives alone.

Alleppey.—District hospital.—Hospital Assistant Miss A. Thompson was on duty in this hospital for 14 days only. The number of out and in-patients treated by her were, respectively, 1,680 and 33, giving a daily average of 42.76. The number of minor operations performed by her was 7, and one case of forceps extraction was also attended to. Assistant Apothecary Mrs. Catherine Jacob joined this hospital after the transfer of Miss A. Thompson. She was on duty for 10 months and 18 days. There were 17,447 out-patients and 323 in-patients treated by her, giving a daily average of 124.34; and 375 minor operations were also performed by her.

Nagercoil.—District hospital.—Hospital Assistant Miss A. Thompson opened the women's department on the 22nd February 1915. The attendance has since increased by about 50 per cent.

Cochin .- Mattanchery, Ernakulam, and Trichur, .- The women and children's hospital at Mattanchery and the Civil hospital at Trichur (women's side) continued to carry on the work of female medical aid. The Edward Memorial Maternity hospital at Trichur was opened on the 17th October 1915 and has a staff of 2 female sub-assistant surgeons, 2 nurses, 1 female compounder (who is also a trained midwife), and 4 menials. The results of the year's work in these three institutions are as follows:-Total women and children treated, 48,036; daily average attendance, 268.05; number of operations, 1,256; and midwifery cases, normal 236, abnormal 59. A medical woman, 6 female sub-assistant surgeons, 3 matrons, 5 female compounders, 2 nurses, and 17 midwives were working in the cause of female medical aid in the several medical institutions of the State during the year. Of the five State stipendiary female medical pupils who were studying in Madras, two passed out from the Rayapuram Medical school during the year and were given employment in the State service, the remaining three-one in the Medical college on a stipend of R50 per mensem and the other two in the Rayapuram Medical school on H30 each per mensem-are still prosecuting their studies.

Central India.

Bhopal.—Dr. M. C. Murphy, W.M.S., Superintendent of the Lady Lansdowne hospital, in a brief report, received through the Agency Surgeon, shows that the patients treated during the year numbered 6,351 made up as follows:—

"New in-patients 352, daily average 1709. New out-patients in hospital 5,092, daily average, 7211. In their own houses, 907. There were 18 in-patients and 469 out-patients treated during December 1914. The number of visits paid during 1915 was 1,689 and during December 1914, 95. The attendance of patients during 1915 has been more satisfactory than that of 1914. Sixty-two major operations were performed,

of which 21 were obstetric, and 123, minor. Twenty-seven confinement cases were attended to in the hospital, and 46, in their own homes, 4 of which required operative hierofrence. Seven girls are being tained in compounding and nursing in the Minto Training school, and are stready of some use in the hospital. The Hardinge Foundling Home was opened on the 25th November with accommodation for six infants. Throe have been admitted and are doing well."

Gwallor.—The Chief Medical Officer and Santiary Commissioner to the Gwalner State reports:—" The total number of patients treated at the Jaya Arogya hespital for women at Lashkar, and un the women's section of the Ujain Civil hespital was 23,023, of which 1,618 were in and 21,028 out-patients. The number of maternity cases conducted during the year in these institutions was 155. The operations performed numbered 770, of which 225 were major and 345, minor. Throughout the year, the Jaya Arogya hespital commined in charge of Mrs. Gunco Stephens, Miss Chiastif, Assistant Supremendent, as wall as Miss Jervis, Assistant Surgeon, attached to the hespital resigned on the 10th June 1915 and 28th February 1915, respectively. Miss Bolton was appointed as assistant surgeon on the 4th June 1915, and, after the resignation of Miss Chialett, officiated as assistant surgeruntendent and was confirmed on the 1st December 1915. Miss M. Bede was appointed as sub-assistant surgeon on the 20th May 1915 Mts M. Mascarelius, L. M. & S., was appointed as mediral woman in charge of the Ujjain Civil hospital on the 18th September 1915."

Indore.—Major F. A. Smuth, M.D., I.M.S., Residency Surgeon, Indore, very kindly furnules the following particulars:—The Maharam Chandravalt hospital for women is attached to the Maharam Tulojirso hospital. It is mainly intended for the treatment of lying-in cases and for special disease of women. There are 12 lying-in beds and 12 beds for graceological cases. Theirs are two medical women in charge of the hospitals, Miss M. F. Thanawala, L. M. & S., and Mrs. Siddons (entitled). Stite purdanskin ladies suffering from general complants are at times admitted in this hospital, but most of the surgical and general cases are treated in the wards of the Maharam Tulojirae hospital. The out-patients are treated in the out-patient department of the Tulojirae hospital. About 132 lying-in cases were treated in the materinty ward during the vear."

Juora.—Miss R. Mievan was in charge of the Victoria Zenana hospital up to the lat March 1916, when her services were dispensed with, and Miss Chhott Bai Cambay, sub-assistant surgeon, was appented from the 16th April 1916. These were 314 operations performed; and the number of mand out-patients is increasing day by day

Rowah.—Major S. Hunt, I.M.S., Surgeon to the Baghellhand Agency, in a brief report on the Rewah Zenana hespital, states that there were 25 minor operations in December 1914 and in the year 1915, 433.

Miscellaneous.

Baroda.—An account of the year's work at the Jamnabai dispensary is summarised by Miss E. Smith, L.M.S., as follows:—

"The number of patients at obstetric wards is slowly increasing, the chief difference being that nearly 30 normal cases were coming in at the end of the year, whereas at the beginning they were only those, requiring rangical and—these were 18 in number, making a total of 38. Trivandrum.—Women's side, General hospital.—The women's section of this hospital was represented by a staff consisting of a female apothecary and two midwives for the first six months of the year. Mrs. V. S. Alweyn, the female apothecary, was transferred from this hospital on the 5th June 1915, a male medical officer taking her place. The total number of patients given in the return includes only women, while children though treated have been excluded. The total number of operations performed during the year was \$49, of which \$9 were major and 750 minor. Of the major operations, 40 were performed among the in-patients by the medical officer in charge. The number of labour cases attended by the female medical practitioner and the two midwives was 48. Of these, 14 cases were attended by the female medical practitioner, with midwives, and the remaining 34 by the midwives alone.

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Indore.—Major F. A. Smith, M.D., I.M.S., Residency Surgeon, Indore, very kindly formshos the following particulars: —"The Makarani Chandravati hospital for women is attached to the Makaraja Tulcujac hospital. It is mainly intended for the treatment of lyung-in cases and for special disasses of women. There are 12 lying-in beds and 12 beds for gynacological cases. There are two medical women in charge of the hospitals, Miss M. F. Thanawals, L. M. & S., and Mrs. Siddons (ortified). Strict purdanarkia ladies suffering from general complaints are at tunes admitted in this hospital, but must of the surgical and general cases are treated in the wards of the Maharaja Tukojirao hospital. The out-patients are treated in the out-patient department of the Tukojirao hospital. About 132 lying-in cases were treated in the maternity ward during the vera."

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Baroda.—An account of the year's work at the Jamnabal dispensary is summarised by Miss E. Smith, L.M.S., as follows:—

"The number of patients at obstetrie wards is slowly increasing, the third difference being that nearly 20 normal caces were coming in at the end of the year, whereas at the beginning they were only those requiring surgical aid—these were 18 in number, makin a total of 38. "It is proposed to open a maternity home at the dispensary which is in the heart of the City and will be more convenient for the people.

"The attendance has always been good, with a great deal of minor surgery, as the village people generally come in with neglected cases. The two City midwives continue to do good work.

"The number of in-patients treated in the Jubilee ward of the Dufferin hospital was 488, and 32,202 out-patients in the Jamnabai dispensary."

Kapurthala.—The Chief Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja forwards the following interesting note on the year's work- in the Victoria Jubileo hospital by Miss G. M. Friend-Pereira, M.D.:—

"There is nothing special to report this year, the work having been carried on as in previous years. The hospital was inspected by Dr. Balfour, Assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, in the spring and again in October. She made some valuable suggestions which I hope will be carried out on His Highness' return from Europe. A new ward has been built. This accommodates 12 beds and allows ample space for the treatment of in-patients and will, I hope, attract more maternity cases to the hospital. The Superintendent was on sick leave for nearly 4 months. The work was carried on by the sub-assistant surgeon. The staff remains the same."

Srinagar.—The Hon'ble Mr. S. M. Fraser, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., forwards a carefully prepared report by Miss J. Perry, I.M.S., officiating Superintendent of the Diamond Jubilee Zenana hospital:—

"The number of patients treated during the period from the 1st December 1914 to the 31st December 1915 was \$10 in and 11,196 out-patients against 740 and 10,583, respectively, in the previous year. There were 47 patients treated in their own homes by the hospital staff, and 222 purdah ladies as in-patients and 2,587 as out-patients. Fifty-one maternity cases were also treated in the hospital and 39 in their homes against 31 in hospital and 73 in their homes last year. There were 166 major and 2,915 minor operations performed during the year.

"Miss D'Sonza, L.M. & S., vacated the house surgeonship on the 24th July 1915, and has been replaced by Miss J. Perry, L. M. & S., from the 13th October 1915. Miss Ethel Paul, trained staff nurse, was engaged from the 25th March 1915. Dr. Lauder, W.M.S., the Lady Physician in charge, went on a year's combined leave from the 21st October 1915, and Miss J. Perry, House Surgeon, is officiating for her. The new dispensary in the hospital compound, for which Rs. 10,946 were sanctioned in the last year's budget, is being built, and when completed and opened for work will be a great and useful addition and improvement to the hospital, as the present out-patient department is not a very convenient arrangement for comfortably seeing the patients. The new river entrance to the hospital is now completed and is a great improvement."

Rajkot.—Miss C. M. Wickham, L.R.C.P. & S., the Medical Woman in charge of the Rasulkhanji hospital, states that the number of out-patients treated during the year was 1,977, as against 1,795 of the previous year, and the number of in-patients 235, as compared with 175 in 1914.

Miss Wickham was on leave from the 4th March to the 6th July 1915, during which time Miss M. M. C. Iles, M.D., hold charge.

Miss Mary Macedo, the house surgeon, resigned, and Miss M. K. Anderson was appointed in her place in March 1915. Mrs. Shaw was appointed nurse matron in March 1915.

No other changes have been made in the working of the hospital.

Patinia.—Miss F. Cama, M.D., Superintendent of the Lady Dufferm hospital, again furnishes useful perticulars of the year's work.—

"In the year now ended, 508 m and 6,508 out-patients were treated in the Lady Dufferim hospital, against 477 in and 5,874 out-patients in 1914. In the Hendley Women's dispensary, 5,833 out-patients were treated against 6,560 in 1914. The work has gone on steadily-and the popularity of the hospital has increased, a number of patients having come for testiment from the surrounding districts. In the hot weather, I was obliged to be with His Highness' family in the hills, during which period the work was carried on by Miss Wilson, house surgeon, with great tradit. The total number of operations performed in the Lady Dufferin hospital during the year was 475, out of which 192 were major, against 363 total operations in 101s. The total number of maternity cases attended to in the Lady Dufferim hospital was 31 against 26 in 1914. Fourteen cases were attended to at home. Thanks are due to Pundit Gangs Bishan, officiating Modella Advisor, Patinal State, for his very ready help and support."

The Lady Curzon School.—The classes in this school have made a very steady progress under Miss Jackson, the matron. There was always a greater demand for admittance than could be met In October, 8 dais were sent up for examination and all passed, obtaining certificates. The compounders' class, under Miss Wilson, 18 making steady progress. The reading classes, under Miss Dail Singh, continues as before.

Bahawalpur.—Miss Z. E. Da'Costa, L.R.C.P. & S., in a short report on the working of the Jubiles Women's hospital, for the year ending 31st December 1915, including December 1914, states that—

"The staff consisting of 1 senior and 1 junior compounder, 1 staff das and 3 pupil dais have all worked well.

"There were 11,749 new out-door patients and 32,227 new and old, and the daily average was \$1.33. The number of new in-door patients was \$27, and new and old, 3,800, and the daily average, \$75.4 The rationist treated at home were \$29.7 One hundred.

major and 503 minor operations were performed. There were 26 maternity cases."

Nahan.-The Superintendent, Medical and Sanitary Department, Sirmoor State,
Nahan, reports as follows:

"The annual report of the Zenana hospital speaks well of the work done during the year. This is due to the keen interest taken in the institution by His Highness the Maharaja and to the popularity of the Medical Woman in charge, Miss A. Singha, L. R. C. P. & S. (Edinburgh), who has shown herself to be sympathetic and conscientions in her work."

dhind (Sangrary).—The Chief Med cal Officer to the Jhand State reports that the work in the Victoria Women's ho it all during 1915, including December 1914, shows a decrease in the number of out-patier, a cultirely due to there being very little undariated during the period under report. There has been a slight increase in the number of inpatients.

Darbhanga.-Miss B. K. Choudry, L. M.S., in charge of the Raj Lady Dufferin hospital, sends in a very encouraging report as follows:-

"Miss S. Malhorjio, C. M. S., was in charge up to the 30th June and Miss B. K. Chondry, from the 1st July. A great many purdanatin ladies (such as larriterer and Pleaders wives) admitted themselves for treatment. It marks a new ers in the latery of the Lady Dufferin hospital, Dathbaney, since its foundation. It was the express desire of His Honour Sir Charles Start Balley, GOLE, KC v⁻¹ the late Governor of Bihar and Orsess, during his this to the hosp be made to attract real purdanation laters, and he exerte '20' person."

in this direction with the above referred to result. As there are no paying cottage wards, a request was made to His Highness the Hon'ble Maharaja Bahadar of Darbhanga, G.C.I.E., to construct a new paying cottage ward, and His Highness has very kindly consented to erect one shortly to accommodate such patients. The number of in-patients was \$15, the largest since the opening of the institution. The number of operations both in door and out-door, viz., 461 (of which 107 were important) has also increased considerably. The flood which took place in August-September 1915, and lasted 15 days, caused a great fall in the number of out-door patients, as it prevented women and children from attending.

Rampur.—Quamar Shah Khan, the Judicial Sceretary and Legal Remembrancer to His Highness the Nawab of Rampur, Rampur State, has very kindly furnished statistics of the work done in the Zenana hospital during 1915. This hospital was opened in commemoration of the Jubilee of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria, and although, like most of the hospitals in Native States, it is independent of the Dufferin Fund, its progress as an institution exclusively for females, continues of as much interest to the Association as it is to the general public. The returns show that in 1915 there were 74 successful operations performed: 53 minor and 21 major. The labour cases numbered 20, of which 18 were difficult. The in-patients numbered 61, while the out-patients treated in hospital were 4.059, and 300 were treated in their homes.

Bettinh.—Dr. M. L. Batho, W. M. S., reports as follows:—"The total number of in-patients treated was 1,216 and out-door patients, 17,990. The number of purdah patients both in and out-door has greatly increased, being 278 in and 499 out-door, against a total of 468 in the previous year. The number of operations performed during the year was 470; out of these, 150 were selected ones. The 7 dais who were trained under the Victoria Memorial Scholarship Fund, were sent up for the necessary-examination. All passed with great credit. The hospital was visited this year on two occasions by the officiating Civil Surgeons, and once by the late Col. Drury, whose lamentable death is felt by one and all of us as a personal loss. His kindness and consideration, and the keen interest he always took in all our work, will be sadly missed. The ground has been cleared for the new hospital. It is urgently needed.

The Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Members:

The Houble Sie S. H. Butler, E.C.E., c.l.e., los (Acting President).
The Houble Sudgeon-General Siz C. P. Luris, k.c.e i, k.u.e., u.d., l.m.s.
Lt.-Colonel Sir J. B. Rodents, Kr., c.l.e., l.m.s., Surgeon to His Excellency
the Victory.

Honorary Treasurer:

COLONEL B. W. MABLOW, C.I.E.

Secretary:

E. J. Buck, Esq.

Assistant Secretary: W. G. A. Hanbahan, Esq.

CENTRES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

Honorary Secretaries.

Assam-Honorary Secretary, Dufferin Fund, Shillong Baluchistan-Agency Surgeon and A. M. O. Baroda-Chief Medical Officer. Bongal-Surgeon-Gonoral with the Government of Bengal, Calcutta Berar-Honorary Secretary, Dufferin Fund, Amraoti. Bhonal-Agency Surgeon. Bihar and Orissa-Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Ranchi Burma-Honorary Secretary, Dufferin Fund, Rangoon. Central India-Agency Surgeon, Indore-Contral Provinces-Honorary Secretary, Dufferin Fund, Nagpur. Gondal-Chief Medical Officer. Gwahor-Medical Officer to H. H. the Maharata, Hathwa-Managor, Hathwa Raj. Hyderabad (Deccan)-Residency Surgeon. Junagadh (Rajkot)-Political Agent, Kathiawar. Kashmir-Superintendent, Zenana Hospital, Srinagar. Mysore-Residency Surgeon.

Punjab—Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Rajputana—Residency Surgeon and C. M. O. United Provinces—Inspector-General of Civil He

The Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

Rules and Regulations.

- 1. The sums raised in furtherance of the above object shall constitute the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, shall be kept separate from the present investment of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund proper, and interest accruing therefrom shall be exclusively used for the object for which Lady Curzon instituted the said Fund.
- 2. An Executive Committee shall be appointed by the Central Committee and charged with its direct management, and this Committee shall consist of—
 - (1) the Lady President;
 - (2) the Director-General, Indian Medical Service;
 - (3) a Member nominated by the Central Committee;
 - (4) the Honorary Secretary, Central Committee, Countess of Dufferin's Fund.
- 3. For the local administration of the Fund there shall be formed a Local Committee in each centre of operations, consisting of—
 - (a) the Civil Surgeon of the district,
 - (b) the wife of a senior Civilian, and
 - (c) a Secretary selected by the other two members.

The Local Committee shall in each instance be in direct communication with, and immediately responsible to, the local Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals or Administrative Medical Officer, who shall be guided by such instructions as the Executive Committee may think fit to issue.

- 4. The Executive Committee shall issue the necessary formal instructions to the Provincial and Local Branches, it being distinctly understood—
 - (a) that the interest of the subscriptions shall be, as far as possible, expended in the districts whonce they have been received, and
 - (i) that in all cases the dais shall be instructed in hospitals, training schools and dispensaries lying nearest to the localities in which they will ultimately be engaged.
- 5. The said Fund may be utilized not only for the provision of scholarships, but also for the payment of teachers, provision of models, books and such incidental expenses as the Executive Committee may consider to fall within the objects of the Fund.
- 6. The Executive Committee may call for special reports from the Local Branches regarding their administration of the said Fund, and the results shall be shown in a separate section of the ordinary annual report issued by the National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India.

The Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

THE main objects of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, initiated by the late Lady Curzon in 1001-02, with the object of keeping in perpetual remembrance the sympathetic interest, taken by the late Queen-Empress in the domestic troubles of the women of India, have already been duly explained in previous reports; and before giving a summary of the work accomplished in 1015, and in order that there may be as little misson-ception as possible about the scheme, the Committee thinks it advisable to again repeat what has already appeared in previous reports regarding the definite nature of the Fund.

The general object of improving the treatment of childbirth in India can be approached on two lines, which admit of being followed concurrently and which react on each other—

- (1) to train up midwives of a superior class;
- (2) to endeavour to impart a certain amount of pratical knowledge to the indiscensus midwives (dass).

The former course, which is that followed in the main by the Dufferin Fund, presupposes a certain standard of education among the women who are trained. They must be able to read and write, and be capable of understanding lectures and studying simple text-books. It is, therefore, out of the question, until the number of educated women in India has very greatly increased, that the number of highly trained midwives should be anything but infinitesimally small in relation to the demand for their services. midwives, moreover, receive relatively large salaries and charge high fees; most of them belong to classes more or less out of touch with the customs and traditions of the people, and their sphere of action is limited by these considerations. Lady Curzon therefore decided that the proceeds of her appeal should be devoted to carrying out as far as possible the second of the two courses mentioned above. This she believed to be an entirely stew departure. It proceeds on the principle of making the best of actual facts and existing agencies, thus endeavouring gradually to improve them. general idea is to get hold of as many as possible of the endigenous heredilary midwives and induce them to attend at Dufferin hospitals, or at the female divisions of ordinary hospitals or dispensaries, for the purpose of requiring such empirical knowledge as it is possible to impart to them. In comparison with the training of the regular midwife class, the amount such knowledge will be very small; but the women 41

them, would start with a certain practical acquaintance with the subject and will probably learn quickly. Even if at first only negative results are obtained, and the trained women merely abandon or discourage insanitary practices, the gain will be great. In time they will learn more, and whatever they learn will spread over a far wider area than can be reached by means of the superior class of midwives. The teaching will at first be oral, and will be conveyed in the colloquial language familiar to the pupils. And in order that this should be carried into effect, short and simple primers of midwifery practice in the various vernaculars have been prepared for the use of dais. In many of the classes reading and writing are being taught to enable the pupils to refer to these books. Most of the teaching will be committed to memory, and will tend to popularise the improved methods which will be taught to the dais.

In order to give effect to these principles, the objects of the Fund have now been defined to be-

- (1) To train midwives in the female wards of hospitals and female training schools in such a manner as will enable them to carry on their hereditary calling in harmony with the religious feelings of the people, and gradually to improve their traditional methods in the light of modern sanitation and medical knowledge.
- (2) Scholarships to midwives will vary according to circumstances and locality.
- (3) When desirable qualified female teachers, who understand the vernacular, will be sent to outlying districts, and fees will be paid to midwives who attend a course of elementary instruction.
- (4) Funds for the above purpose will be granted, as far as possible, according to the interest received on the sums raised in each locality.

As long ago as the fourth century, A.D., India possessed in the Susruta Samhita, a treatise on midwifery which a well-known specialist describes as a "thoroughly rational system of medico-surgical teaching based upon accurate observation of nature." The same writer refers to the barbarous character of the modern treatment of childbirth in India, and observes:—
"The degradation of the art of midwifery among the Indians to so low a stage must be ascribed in part to the caste prejudices of the people." The proposals sketched above are, in effect, a revival of the most ancient tradition and practice in India, and as such have received enthusiastic support from

all patriotic Indians Although the Fund was only started fourteen years ago, the Committee is glad to report that its aims and objects are evidently warmly uppreciated throughout the country by Indians of all classes.

As has been stated in reports for previous years, considering the comparatively short time that efforts have been made for the better training of the indigenous dais, the Committee has no reason to be discouraged at the limited success which has attended its efforts in certain parts of the country. The difficulties with which it has to contend continue practically unchanged from year to year, and peculiar superstitions, easte projudices, and ignorance have all to be overcome in carrying out the objects of the scheme.

The reports for the past twelve or thirteen years have indeed all before testimony to the extraordinary difficulties which exist with regard to the taining of the hereditary dai, as well as that of the ordinary midwife.

The extracts from the district reports which are set forth below are published in the hope that the suggestions and difficulties which are alluded to therein may prove of value and assistance to some of those who are engaged in furthering the objects of the Fund.

It has to be remembered that only a very small percentage of Indian women are to-day able to read or write, and all the reports state that the general ignorance of the women who attend the classes in various parts of the country is the main stumbling-block which has to be overcome.

In a Quinquennial Report on Education in India recently issued by the Hon'ble Mr. H. Sharp, C.I.E., the following remarks appear;—"All efforts to promote female education have hitherto encountered peculiar difficulties. These difficulties arise chiefly from the customs of the people themselves."

"In Bombay," the Report continues, "the great mass of Indian woman-hood remains almost untouched, and apparently almost inaccessible."

In view of these facts, the Central Committee feel that any advance in teaching a particularly illiterate and prejudiced class is a matter of considerable congratulation.

In some parts of India ladies of the highest family still prefer the methods of the herolitary dai to those of the qualified Medical Woman, and the fear of losing their practice still prevents many of the ignorant data free accepting scholarships, and from attending classes where they have offer the soft learning modern ideas. Some data indeed considered themselves a small than proficient and regard any offer of teaching in the nature of accepting the others offers and improve their knowledge in every possible way. I have it is no doubt that cases do occur in which daily had to attend regalar courses of instruction have:

to their old practices, as they have found that their patients have disapproved of improved methods. One recent report stated that the trained dais were unpopular because they washed their hands in soap and water instead of much and water!

The actual period during which women should be retained in classes for study varies largely throughout the country. The Executive Committee for various reasons have not deemed it wise to prescribe any uniform period of instruction, and provincial and local centres use their own discretion in issuing rules on this subject. While some classes are held for six months only, others continue for as long as three years.

The value of scholarships offered to women as inducements to attend classes also varies in a somewhat remarkable manner, and this question is also left to the discretion of local Committees.

In certain cases, moreover, where it is found impossible to attract the indigenous dai the Executive Committee have consented to funds being expended on the training of a better class of women in the hope that her more ignorant sister may be tempted by the educated women's success to avail herself later on of the benefits which are held out to her. But wherever the indigenous dai can be induced to undergo a course of training, the funds are invariably spent for her benefit.

The special elementary "Manual of Midwifery" for the use of midwives in receipt of scholarships from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, which was compiled at Lady Curzon's desire by Lieutenant-Colonel C. P. Lukis, M.B., I.M.S. (now Sir C. P. Lukis, K.C.S.I., K.H.S., M.D., and Director-General of the Indian Medical Service), continues to be found of considerable service. The book, which contains an introduction by Surgeon-General Sir B. Franklin, K.C.I.E., is published by Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co. Many hundreds of copies have been distributed to a large number of centres and schools of instruction; and arrangements have been made for its translation into the vernacular of the various districts engaged in the teaching of midwives. It has already been translated and published in Urdu, Hindi, Gujarati, Marathi and Bengali, while its translation into Tamil, Telegu, Malayalam and Burmese has been arranged by the provincial centres concerned. An illustrated edition in Kanarese at the expense of the Mysore Government, and another in Roman Urdu by the Patiala State, have recently been issued. Applications for copies of this manual in English, Urdu, Hindi, Marathi, Bengali or Gujarati should be made to the Secretary, Viceroy's Camp.

The financial statements appended to this report shows the income and expenditure of the Fund for the year under review. The year opened with

a credit balance of H37,758-7-0 and closed with a credit balance of H16,252-2-4.

The interest on investments during the year amounted to R34,270-13-10.

During the year a sum of R23,600-10-0 was spent in purchasing Government 34 per cent. securities.

The expenditure on grants-in-aid towards the objects of the Fund was R27,419 and the working expenses R2,806-8-6.

The reports of local centres contain fairly full accounts of the work done, ' and while there are several allusions to difficulties there are also encouraging allusions to successful efforts.

The Executive Committee recently sanctioned an annual grant of R947 for the Assam Branch, and the Honorary Secretary of that Branch considers that this help will enable classes being started in various centres in the Province.

In Bengal, classes are maintained in six centres.

In Baluchistan, the Quetta class is described as a great success, and at Sibi, the report says, that the people are realising the fact that they run less risks by engaging trained days.

Classes were at work in twelve centres in Bihar and Orissa during the period under review, and the total number of trained dats in the Province up to the end of 1915 was 260. Hathwa and Cuttack are reported to have been most successful.

The Central Provinces Branch gave a further grant of R750 towards the useful system introduced by Miss A. E. Hendelson, M.D., at Nagpur and referred to in last year's report, of trying to get into touch with indigenous data and induce them to report all cases they attend. The Provincial Honorary Secretary reports that her system deserves every encouragement.

In Madras, since operations commenced, 184 midwives have been trained, and 116 of these have been employed by local bodies.

In the Panjab, several hundreds of women have been trained and a specially interesting account is submitted of the work accomplished at Perozepore.

The United Provinces report says that in Allahabad the municipal-trained dais are a boon to the educated public, and advocates registration of all practising days.

In Bhopal, where Her Highness the Begum has always taken a keen interest in furthering the education of indigenous dats, there is now a class of 22 women, of whom many are the daughters and daughters-in-law of old dail; and no less than 1,470 cases were attended in the city the

In Gwalior State, 79 dais have passed out of the classes at Lashkar and Ujjain, and at Hyderabad, special efforts are being made. Since the Ajmer class started, 69 pupils have passed out, and many are known to be working in various dispensaries in Rajputana and the Punjab and others are practising midwifery and doing well.

The following brief extracts from the reports which have been received from the various Districts and Native States, where branches of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund have been established, indicate some of the difficulties with which the local Committees are faced, as well as the progress which has been made during the period under review.

Assam.

The Hon'ble Colonel H. E. Banatvala, I.M.S., Honorary Secretary, Assam Branch, Dufferin Fund, forwards the following report:-

"In the dai class opened in December 1913 at the Berry-White Medical school, Dibrugarh, one Naga girl, shown under training in the previous year's report, was examined and granted a certificate in January 1915. Two coolie women were sent for training as dais by the manager of the Jamirah Tea Estate in January 1915; they were under training for about 8 months and were granted certificates of efficiency in September 1915. These women have returned to their garden and are reported to be doing good work there. A scholarship (called the "Taramani" scholarship) of the value of Rs. 12 per month was granted to Miss Sarojini Adhicarry, a native of Sylhet. She joined the class on the 23rd August 1915 and is still under training. Four local bazar dais were under training on the 31st December 1915. The Executive Committee of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund has very kindly sanctioned an annual grant-in-aid of Rs. 947, with effect from the 1st of June 1915, towards the maintenance This generous help will enable us to of dai classes in the Province. start dai classes in various centres in the Province."

Baluchistan.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. L. Duke, I.M.S., the Residency Surgeon and Chief Medical Officer in Baluchistan, forwards reports on the classes at Quetta and Sibi.

Quetta.-Miss E. M. Cardozo, L.R.C.P. & S., writes: -

" Since the formation of the dai class in February 1907, nine dais have been trained who have held the Victoria Memorial Scholarships, and two are training. One woman, a Hindu of the middle class, completed her two years' course on 1st January 1916. Two Muhammadan women of . the lower class, who joined much later, are still under training. They are on a par with the indigenous dais in intelligence and receive their lectures in midwifery with them. The indigenous dais' class has been a greatsuccess, far exceeding the expectations of all interested in the scheme.

The number of dais that attended the class was '30; of these, one died last month and one has given up the work on account of age and illness. The confinements attended by them numbered 505 with two deaths—one from heart failure due to chronic Bright's disease, and one from embolism of the brain. Gulkutum, a Baluchi woman, received a prize from the wife of the Bevenue Commissioner, Mis. Archer, for being the most obedient and best dai in the class. It is hoped this will be an encouragement to the others to strive to do their utmost to be obedient and painstaking at all times.

Sibi .- Miss A. Alfred, L.M.S., states .-

"Since the opening of the class eight dais have passed out Two of these were trained at their own expense Three others had joined; two out of these were sent away as they were incompetent for the work and one left after a year's training, owing to family troubles. The latter lives in the city and owing to her having adopted the better methods of treatment is more employed by the people than the untrained dats. Last winter, unfortunately, two of the passed days died : one of pneumonia, and the other of tuberculosis. These, being local women of the indigenous class, were of great benefit to the poor people in the villages where they were working. Five passed data are employed in various places and are working well : one is married. At present 3 are under training, 2 have completed their course and are about to be examined, and the third, an indigenous das, has just joined; she seems to be promising. Besides the practical and theoretical midwifery training, the dais are taught to dress cases, douche, syringe out ears, put medicines into the eyes, help in compounding and prepare instruments and dressings for gynacological examinations and operations. In spite of all prejudice and drawbacks, we have had more midwifery cases this year than formerly, which must be due to people realising that they run less risk by engaging trained date."

The Hon'ble Colonel W. R. Edwards, C.B., C.M.G., M.D., I.M.S., Be Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal, furnishes notes on the classes held under this centre:—

During the year under review, which embraces the period from the 1st December 1914 to the 31st December 1915, two dai classes were reopened, etr., those at Berhampore and Kandi. The Kandi class did not continue, as the pupils were found to be absolutely useless and they left the class after a month's training. There were, therefore, practically six classes in operation during the year under report, riz, those at Bankurn, Hughli, Berhampore, Darjeeling, Dacca and the Dufferin Hospital, Caleutta. A short account of the working of each of these classes is given below.

Bankura.—During the year under report, the tuition of the pupils was as usual entrusted to the Medical Woman attached to the Lady Dufferin Zenana hospital and the class was regularly attended by 2 pupils. Pupils from the indigenous dai class are not available in this district. One pupil left the class after having passed the examination successfully and two are still under training. No money was allotted from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund towards the cost of the maintenance of the class, which was met from receipts from other sources amounting to Rs. 122-1-9.

Hughli.—No pupil passed during the year under report. The four pupils who are now attending the class are reported to be unintelligent. Orders have been issued to the effect that if these dais are incapable of passing they must be discharged by the end of March. A sum of Rs. 360 was allotted to this class from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund grant at my disposal. The local Municipality and the District Board contributed Rs. 104 each towards the maintenance of the class.

Berhampore.—Seven pupils passed during the year under report and 7 are now under training. The result is very hopeful. This class received a grant of Ks. 325 during the past year from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

Darjeeling.—Two pupils passed during the year under review and two are still under training. The allotment to this class from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund amounted to Rs. 313-5-4, of which Rs. 265-5-4 was spent in paying stipends to the pupils and Rs. 48 for reward to 3 successful dais.

Dacca.—Eight pupils passed out of this class and 7 more are under training. Dacca is the largest centre for the training of dais, and has turned out the largest number of trained dais. The class has been maintained entirely from funds received from other sources than the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.—Four pupils passed out of this class and five are being trained. A sum of Rs. 990 was allotted by me towards the maintenance of this class.

The allotment received from the Executive Committee for the Bengal Branch of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund amounted to Rs. 1,863 during the period under report, or Rs. 621 more than the usual allotment. This is due to the extension of the report period till the end of December, in which month the 3rd instalment (practically the 1st instalment of the current year) was received. The total allotment during the year under report to the working classes amounted to Rs. 1,988-5-4. The excess was met from the accumulated balance of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund grant at my disposal.

The Honorary Secretary of the Berar Committee furnishes the follow- Berar, ing report by Miss H. Hunt, L.M. & S., in charge of the Women's Hospital, Amraoti :---

"We sent up two dais for the final midwifery examination held at Amraoti on the 30th April 1914 after one year's tuition. The Inspecting Medical Officer, Dr. J., George, L.R.C.P. & S., gave them a difficult test examination. One das passed with honours, and the other failed. The former was appointed midwife at our hospital. We have five pupil data belonging to the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund now in training in the midwifery class. They have lectures in midwifery for one hour daily and are taught and allowed to conduct normal labour cases They are taught how to examine such cases and recognize the presence of fortal heart beats. All out-door maternity cases that come for treatment are shown to the days and they are taught external palpation and diagnosing of such cases by the Medical Woman, Difficult and instrumental maternity cases are done by the Medical Woman-in-charge, but all the dats have to be present. They are taught how to assist in such cases and the Medical Woman gives full explanations of all that is done so that practical illustrations will help them to understand their theoretical work. The data are given practical instructions on nursing, medical, surgical and children's cases, so that they can take charge of private cases and keep temperature charts and other details of such cases. Instructions are given in compounding and dispensing medicines, and if dair wish to do so they can take up this course on completion of their midwifery course"

Encouraging results are again reported from this Centre. The report of Bihar Lientenant-Colonel G. J. H. Bell, C.I E., M.B., I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bihar and Orissa, is as follows :- " In the report for 1914, 13 das classes were shown to have been at work, our, at Bankipore, Gaya, Arrah, Hathwa, Chapra, Bettiah, Darbhanga, Cuttack, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh, Ranchi, Daltongani and Purulia. Of these, the classes at Darbhanga and Ranchi did not continue during the year under review for want of pupils; the other classes were in operation. A new class has been started at Bettiah in addition to the class aheady in existence there. Thus altogether 12 classes were at work for the training of indigenous midwives during the year. The Civil Surgeon of Ranchi is making his best efforts to secure pupils to join the class. The cause which mainly contributes to the failure in starting a dar class is the apathy of the classes of people from which students are recruited to join the das class. This may be attributed to the fact that the services of the passed dais are not much sought after by

the uneducated people who prefer to call in the indigenous midwives, and in cases where they are called in that they are not sufficiently remunerated. The total number of dais who were successful at the examinations held during the period under review was 27 against 23 in 1914. The total number of trained dais in this Province up to the end of 1915 was 260. The dai classes at Hathwa and Cuttack were most successful. The total receipts for furthering the cause of dai training in Bihar and Orissa during the period under report amounted to R4,043-11-9 against R3,724-6-1 in 1914. Of this, the sum of R1,370-11-0 was allotted by me from the funds placed at my disposal during the period by the Executive Committee of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund."

Mr. M. Hutchins, the Manager of Raj Hathwa, gives a few particulars of the work proceeding at this Centre, district of Saran. He says:—
"The institution was started here on the 13th May 1902 and has been regularly working since then. Up to the 31st December 1915, 65 dais have been trained from this centre. During the year under report, there were 12 pupils on the roll, of whom one left the class a month before the final examination. The remaining 11 pupils were all successful at their final examination held in October 1915. A new class with 12 pupils is at present working.

"The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 1,475-3-2, against Rs. 1,139-12-9 in the previous year."

The Honorary Secretary of the Burma Centre reports that eleven candidates are trained yearly under the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund. The course of training hitherto adopted, viz., 12 months in midwifery followed by another 12 months in sick-nursing, will, from the 1st July 1916, be changed to a year's sick-nursing and another year's midwifery. Lectures and practical instructions are given in both subjects and certificates granted on completion of the second year's training. The 11 pupils under training are 4 Burmese and 7 Karens.

G. Sherlock-Hubbard, Esq., Honorary Secretary in the Central Provinces, furnishes the following useful and interesting report:—

"As mentioned in previous reports, Jubbulpore was the only centre where a regular class for the training of indigenous dais was maintained in these provinces. Of the three pupils who were under training at the end of the preceding year, one died, one failed, and the third one passed her examination. Four more were admitted and they remained under training till the close of the period under report.

"The attempt to extend the operations of the Fund through the agency of Missionary Medical Ladies was continued. A further grant of Rs. 750 was

given to Miss A. E. Henderson, M.D., of Nagpur, towards her useful system of trying to get into touch with indigenous days and getting them to report all cases they attend. These cases are then visited by one of Miss Henderson's trained women. The valuable statistical information obtained in this way by Miss Henderson regarding the maternal and infant mortality within the first 15 days will shortly be published. The figures show that by Miss Henderson's system of inducing dais to interfere as little as possible with nature, the maternal mortality amounts to about '85 per cent, which is not as heavy as is generally supposed. The report received is very interesting, and her system deserves every encouragement. The following is an extract from her report :-

"There are now between 70 and 80 dais who report their cases regularly, and from 25 to 40 children come to school. It would be a step in advance if measures could be devised to decrease the number of dass practising, and encourage only the more cleanly and more efficient among them. One suggestion is that the Municipality might perhaps post up a list of trained Dufferin midwives and the more skilful data in octrois, police pakas, etc., and at the Executive Officer's request I supplied him with the names of the best among the Mang dais.'

"Miss M. G. Lungley (now Mrs. A. Fleming) in charge of the Mission Hospital at Panagar, in the Jubbulpore District, who had in her possession half the amount of the grant previously made to her, was not given any further aid during the period under report. It appears from her report that she has not been successful, as she has only one woman under training and finds it impossible to induce more to come forward for any sort of instruction."

The annual report of the Madias Branch of the Dufferin Fund contains Madra the following reference to the training of midwives in that Province :-"Ten midwifery pupils are now undergoing training, one at the Government Maternity hospital and nine at the Victoria Caste and Gosha hospital, Madras. In order to increase the nursing staff at the Victoria Caste and Gosha hospital, the Committee early in the year decided to transfer the training of these midwives from the Government Maternity and Raja Sir Ramaswami hospitals to the Victoria Caste and Gosha hospital. The training of midwives was commenced in 1887, and since then, 181 have passed out. Of .these, 116 were employed by local bodies after completing their training. No reliable information concerning the remainder is available, but, no doubt, some of them are doing useful work in remote villages of the Presidency. No difficulty has been experienced in obtaining pupils for these classes, and in addition to those stipended by the Fund, a number of pupils are under-

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going training at many of the hospitals in the mufassal. Those stipended by the Fund receive R8 per mensem. During the year 10 pupils have passed out successfully, and of these 4 have found employment under Local Boards, the others engaging in private practice at various centres."

The following report received from the Hon'ble Colonel H. Hendley, M.D., K.H.S., I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, shows steady progress in the Province where several hundred dais have been dealt with in the past 11 years:—

"Classes have been carried on during the year at Ambala, Ferozepore, Ludhiana, and Lahore.

"In Ambala 3 dais were under training. As it was felt that a more practical course would give better results, larger stipends were offered, and the dais were expected to attend hospital for the greater part of the day. They were specially trained in cleanliness and antiseptics. Dr. Carleton remarks that this new system is far better than the old, although for several reasons she has been obliged to discontinue it at present.

"The class at Simla was closed in the early part of the year, owing to the small number of cases available for clinical instruction.

"No new additions have been made to the last year's class at Lahore, and when the present dais pass out, this class of non-indigenous dais will be closed. A new class has, however, been started consisting of women actually practising in the city. An arrangement has been made with the Municipal Committee by which the Committee offer stipends to their dais during a six months' course of training at the Lady Aitchison hospital. After passing they give them an outfit of the necessaries for proper practice, place their names on a municipal dais' register, and require them to notify their cases to the municipal midwife. The municipal midwife visits the case within a day or two and if the treatment has been satisfactory the dai is given a notifying fee of R1. The Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund undertake to add to the stipend, to give substantial rewards to both the teacher of the class and to the pupils, to hold an examination and to give a certificate. The class first started has not yet completed its course.

"Dr. Allen sends an interesting report from Ferozepore. She has been trying for years to get the indigenous dais to come forward for training but without much success. Last year an energetic Cantonment. Magistrate summoned the dais in Ferozepore Cantonment, addressed them himself, and required them to attend Dr. Allen's class. They did so. Dr. Allen arranged that they should report their cases to her, and that she should visit them. The dais told the patients 'The order had been given for Dr. Allen to visit them'; no opposition was made to this; in fact, the people

welcomed the visits. Hearing of the success of the Cantonment class, the Deputy Commissioner asked Dr. Allen to undertake the date of Ferozepore City. The same arrangements were made and successfully carried out. The Deputy Commissioner is also trying to get dass to come in from the district. So far 5 dais have come in, and altogether there are now 80 dats under training. Dr. Allen has expressed her gratitude to the two officials. who by a few words brought about this great change

"Dr. Brown from Ludhiana reports that classes have been held regularly during the year both for indigenous and non-indigenous dats. Il of the former and 23 of the latter having been under training; 9 of these last named passed the Lahore examination in March. Dr. Brown says her chief difficulty is still the want of power to insist on supervision of the work of dats in the city. These two instances are quoted mainly in that they suggest the direction in which we should labour to obtain better results than we have hitherto attained, 212, beneficent coercion, where ignorance is the basis of resistance, and continued instruction combined with continued supervision.

"Without supervision there is a very strong tendency to lapse even when the teaching has been carried on for long periods-the supervision required must be of a really efficient kind-and a qualified Medical Woman is, we have good reason for knowing, infinitely superior to the ordinary trained midwife, who when brought up against a wall of ignorance, is only too ready to relapse herself." .

The Hon'ble Colonel C. Muctaggart, C.I.E., M.A., M.B., I.M.S., Unite Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, United Provinces, forwards interesting statements from the following local centres .-

Lucknow .- Report by Dr. M. O'Brien, M.B., a member of the Women's Medical Service for India, Medical Officer in charge of the Dufferin hospital, Lucknow :-

"On the 1st December 1914, there were 3 Victoria Memorial Scholarships dais under training, but all of these struck work suddenly during that month. In their places days previously trained here were taken on temporarily. The services of these trained dass were dispensed with in September 1915, and in their places three other women were appointed.

"The dais at present under training are all Muhammadan women. They

are fairly intelligent and work very satisfactorily."

Allahabad .- Report by Dr. S. H. Commissariat, F.R.C.S., a member of the Women's Medical Service for India, in charge of the Dufferin hospital, Allahahad :--

"In the beginning of the year there were two Indian duis-Niranals and Buchan, Hindus by caste. Nirmala passed out very ere itakir a

April 1915. In her place a Muhammadan dai, Zahuran by name, has b taken on. The second dai, Buchan, is still continuing her course of traini and study. Both promise to turn out very good dais. The Victor Memorial dais who have passed out from year to year are readily employ by the Municipality and District Boards. The Municipality employed the in different localities in the city in certain cases free of charge and supervise the work of bazar dais. They are a boon to the educated publication who appreciate their work, and employ them in preference to the indigence or bazar dais. If there were a few more of this class and the condition their employment were better known, it would surely bring in a new ex The bazar dais are still hopelessly ignorant, and continue their uncle practices and endanger the lives of the women and infants, but it is a hopef sign that a large number of the bazar dais are attending the hospital, whe they are taught their first lessons in cleanliness. This is something, b they need to learn more before they are allowed to practise. If there was registration of all the practising dais, and gradually all who registere were required to produce a certificate of having worked at the hospital for a least three months, it would be a move in the right direction and woul reduce the high infant mortality. The object of the Fund would be sti better realised if the younger generation of these bazar dais was educate and subsequently trained."

Agra.—Report by Major E. J. O'Meara, I.M.S., Principal of the Medica School and Civil Surgeon, Agra:—

"At the beginning of the year there were 17 dais in the class continuin from the previous year. There were 8 new admissions. During the year passed, 6 were dismissed, and one died; the remaining 11 are still on the register. These dais conducted 1,469 cases against 1,123 shown in the last annual report. Miss Wood's work has been quite satisfactory. The expenditure incurred during the year was R2,352-5-10 and the Fund has balance of R955-6-8."

Campore.—Report by Dr. F. B. Leach, L.R.C.P. & S., M.D., a membe of the Women's Medical Service for India, and in charge of the Dufferin hospital at Cawnpore:—"The class for the Victoria Memorial dais comprised 2 women, Ghasiti and Kansilla. They have both made progress and gave satisfaction in the discharge of their duties."

Benares.—Report by Dr. F. D. Barnes, L. R. C. P. & S., L. F. P. & S. M.D., a member of the Women's Medical Service for India, and in charge of the Ishwari hospital at Benares:—"One Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund dai, Mussu Victoria, passed her examination on the 28th September 1915. The class at present consists of 3 women, 1 trained and 2 under training."

The Chief Medical Officer, Baroda State, summarises the work for the Eard past year in the following statement:—

"The classes were continued throughout the period from the 1st December 1914 to the 31st December 1915. Nurse Gajrabai Mane delivered lectures, gave practical demonstrations to dai pupils, and also took them to cases. There were 5 candidates remaining from those of last year, ont of which 2 left and 4 were newly selected, making a total of 7 candidates The Medical Woman in charge examined the class five times during the period under report. No examination was held this year as no candidate was ready to appear. The contribution received during the period under review was R700 and there was a balance of R1,587-10-9 in - the Baroda Government Treasury on the 1st November 1914. A sum of R42 was recovered from the dai pupils named Kamlabai Rabhunath and Kamlabai Dashrathe, as they left without completing their course. Out of the total funds amounting to R2,329-10-9, R840-14-3 were spent towards the maintenance of the dai class, leaving a balance of \$1,488-12-6 in the Government Treasury. The average monthly cost incurred on account of each pupil under training was R10-0-2 against R8-5-6 in the previous year. The present pupils are of the literate class and are given three months' training in rotation at the hospital,"

The Agency Surgeon, Major C B. McConaghy, M.B., I.M.S., forwards the following report from Dr. M. C. Murphy, M.B., M.R.C.S, L.R.C.P., a member of the Women's Medical Service for India, and Superintendent of the Lady Lansdowne hospital:—

" Eighteen indigenous dais were examined by Major C. B. McConaghy in July 1915 and 15 passed. Thirteen are now working in the city, 1 in Lahore, and I in the district. New days were enrolled from the 1st September, and we now have a class of 22. Many of these are the daughters and daughters-in-law of old dais, and some are promising young women. Three of them are receiving an elementary education in reading and writing in the hope that they will join the hospital later as nurses. The city dais have attended 1,470 confinement cases during the year as against 1,329 cases during 1914. Sixty-one cases were attended during December 1914. The work in the hospital has not proved very successful so far, owing to the difficulty of getting reliable people for the posts. Mrs. Joseph, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, succeeded Mrs. Yates in March at Ashta, where 8 dais are receiving instruction; but none of these are yet ready for examination. She has delivered a few lectures to 25 other dais in the surrounding district. Six difficult and 172 normal cases were attended at Ashta. Miss Keith Rose, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, was appointed in June, with headquarters at Beresia. She instructed 10 dais there and gave some teaching to 10 others in the district; but resigned in October. Ninety-three normal and 3 difficult cases were attended during that time."

The Chief Medical Officer to the Gondal State reports that at the beginning of December 1914 there were three dais under instruction. Of these two were discharged in May 1915, as they failed to pass the final examination; one is still under training. Her progress is described as fairly good. She conducted 47 confinement cases under the supervision of the head dai of the Gondal hospital during the year. He adds that the dais trained and sent out from this centre are doing good work to the public in general.

The following report is submitted by the Chief Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner, Gwalior State:—

"Classes for the training of dais were held at Lashkar and Ujjain as before. The class at the Jaya Arogya hospital at the close of last year consisted of 14 pupils and was conducted by Mrs. Stephens, the Lady Superintendent, assisted by her staff. Of the 14 pupils, 5 came out successful in the examination. Six new admissions were made during the year. By the end of the year under report, there were therefore 15 candidates under training in the class. At the Ujjain Civil hospital 4 pupils were being trained at the close of last year under the Superintendent of Dispensaries, Malwa, assisted by his staff. Two of these passed the examination and one was admitted during the year, leaving 3 pupils on the roll. A female -Assistant Surgeon has been lately appointed on the staff and it is hoped that more candidates will be coming in to avail of the training imparted in the class. The dais in these classes are given a 3 years' course and are taught the elements of sick-nursing, hygiene, and minor surgery, besides midwifery. The more intelligent women are also taught a little Hindi and English, enough to keep a simple bed-head report. Efforts are being made to secure pupils from better classes, but so far have not proved very successful. Of the 79 dais passed from the two classes at the Lashkar and Ujjain hospitals, 3 are working at the Jaya Arogya hospital as midwives and nurses, 17 are attached to district dispensaries, and 59 are practising privately and help the different medical institutions in the State by bringing in labour and gynecological cases. The dais attached to district dispensaries have attended 775 labour and 206 gynæcological cases during the year under report."

The Officiating Residency Surgeon, Hyderabad, submits the annual report of Miss N. Evans, L.R.C.P. & S., the senior Visiting Surgeon to the Victoria Zenana hospital:—

"At the beginning of December 1914 there were 7 dais under training and 17 were admitted during 1915, making a total of 24. Of these, 8 went

up for examination and 7 passed satisfactorily. Four dais left, two without any reason, and the others found the work too exacting and were not capable to study. Thirteen dats are still under training, one is a bazar dat who is anxious to improve her knowledge, and is very keen about her work. A number of passed dais are working at other hospitals and in the districts and some are practising on their own account; these frequently bring difficult cases to the hospital. The dats receive five lectures during the week, except on festival days. They are generally sent up for examination after nearly a year's training, and after having conducted 25 cases. Certificates are granted after they have conducted 40 cases. The number of cases conducted during the year were 790. Of these, 356 were natural labour and were conducted chiefly by dais. Of the 61 deaths which occurred amongst the cases, the women were, with very few exceptions, brought in a dving state, or serious complications had been induced by the interference of unskilful women outside. His Highness the Nizam's Government sanctioned in the month of December 1914, for the purpose of training dais. R2,600 annually, including the pay of lecturer, clerk, contingent expenses, and pay of two nurses in charge of dais; out of which, R1,075-2-0 have been spent in the last 13 months under report." A short report from Lieutenant-Colonel F. A. Smith, M.D., DP H., Indore

I M.S., Superintendent of King Edward's hospital, Indore, mentions that out of the students under training, nineteen were examined, of whom eighteen passed. The Sethani Anup Bai Silver Medal was awarded to Venu Bai Pawale, who passed first.

The Hon'ble Mr. S. M. Fraser, C.S I., C.I.E., I.C.S., the Resident in Kashn Kashmir, forwards the following report by Miss J. Perry, L M S., Officiating Superintendent of the Zenana hospital, Srinagar, for the period from the 1st December 1914 to the 31st December 1915 :-

"There are nine dais on the scholarship staff under training in midwifery and general sick-nursing; each receives a salary of R7 per mensem from the State whilst under training, and are under tuition for a period of two years. At the end of this period, if they pass successfully, to the satisfaction of the Superintending Surgeon, Jamma and Kashmir State hospitals, the final examination, they receive a certificate of qualification in midwifery duly signed by him, and are then allowed to conduct cases of normal labour in the city. There were 51 maternity cases treated in the hospital and 39 in their homes by the hospital staff against 34 in hospital and 73 in their homes last year." The following brief particulars from the Medical Officer, Kathiawar Kathia

Political Agency, are furnished by Major F. deB. Hanc Agent to the Governor, Kathiawar :-" The services of "

probationer referred to in last year's report were dispensed with as she did not prove to be satisfactory, and a new one is now under training at the West hospital, Rajkot, and Rasulkhanji hospital for women.

"As before, the officer in charge of the Rasulkhanji hospital has kindly undertaken the practical midwifery part of the training, thus providing adequate obstetrical teaching. The lady nurse attached to the West hospital, Rajkot, gives the necessary training in general nursing."

Rao Bahadur T. V. Armugam Mudaliar, M.B., C.M., Honorary Secretary, Mysore Centre, submits a report for 13 months ending the 31st December 1915, which shows that 4 pupils are still under training. Another pupil, who was shown in last year's return as a Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund candidate under training, was allowed, after a course of six months, to change from this Fund to the Dufferin Fund. During the period under report, arrangements for training pupil midwives were made in the Maternity hospital at Robertsonpet, Kolar Gold Fields, which was opened in October 1914. The name of the Maternity hospital at Mysore has been changed from 'H. H. the Maharani's hospital' to the 'Vani Vilas hospital.' The midwifery classes were conducted at the Vani Vilas hospital, Mysore, at the Maternity hospital, Bangalore, and at the Robertsonpet Maternity hospital.

B. J. Glancy, Esq., I.C.S., First Assistant Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana, in furnishing an interesting summary by Lieutenant-Colonel R. C. Macwatt, I.M.S., Chief Medical Officer in Rajputana, observes that the question of building a separate maternity hospital and school at Ajmer has been postponed for the present, owing to the failure to procure a suitable site, though there is reason to hope that one may become available before long. The report which embraces the period from the 1st December 1914 to the 31st December 1915, states:—

"Ajmer.—Mrs. Kane, Lady Superintendent, has been in charge of the dai training class, Ajmer, throughout the year. The seven pupils who were mentioned in last year's report as being under instruction continued to work till the end of the session, when they were examined by the Civil Surgeon, Ajmer, on the 30th April 1915. All of them passed and obtained their certificates, and the usual honorarium was given to successful candidates. Only 4 pupils were admitted into the current year's class, all of whom are residents of Ajmer. No candidates have been received from the Native States of Rajputana. During the year, 17 in-door and 71 out-door cases were treated, and 123 persons sought advice and treatment. Since the inauguration of the class, 69 pupils have passed. Many are known to be

working in various dispensaries in Rajputana and the Punjab and others are practising midwifery and doing well.

"As regards the finances of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, the opening credit balance on the 30th November 1914 was R12,717-11-0 and a grant-in-aid of R3,742 was received from the Fund making a total of R16,459-11-6. Of this sum, R5,000 were placed on fixed deposit for 12 months at 4½ per cent, R5,000 for six months at 3½ per cent per annum, and the remainder on current account with the Alliance Bank of Simla, Limited, Ajmer Branch, or the 13th January 1915. A sum of R87-3-0 interest has been received on the fixed deposits and credited to account, making a grand total of R16,547-3-6, of which R3,302-13-0 have been expended on the Ajmer dai class from the fist December 1914 to the 31st December 1915, against R3,148-9-9 in the previous year. The closing balance in hand on the 31st December 1915 was R18,344-C-5."

Jappur.—Govindi Bai, who was admitted into the female sub-assistant surgeon class at the Agra Medical school in July 19I4, died in Jaipur of phthisis. Nangi Bai left the compounder class at Jaipur, and joined the sub-assistant surgeon class at the Agra Medical school as a Jaipur State student.

Kotak.—The five pupils who were mentioned in last year's report as being under training in the Victoria Jubilee hospital at Kotah continued to work for 44 mouths. They were examined on the 1st April 1915. Two of them passed, receiving a bonus of ft2 per month for a year. The other 3 were instructed to appear at the next winter dar class, but they fulled to do so and no class was held.

The Lady Superintendent in charge of the Victoria hospital, Kotah, reports that it is difficult to train dats in Kotah, as very few midwifery cases come to the hospital. The few that do come are invariably either unfortunate women or those who require skilled assistance on account of difficult or abnormal labour. The material, therefore, is scanty for the practical instruction of the papils, who are almost without exception illiterate, and the women of Kotah City consider it derogatory to come to the hospital for their confinements. Under the circumstances no progress has been madin Kotah in connection with the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund

Simila: E. J. Buck,

The 15th July 1916.



VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FUND.

Progress of Various Branches of the Fund.



VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FUND.

Progress of Various Branches of the Fund.

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Annual		Date of formation of branch.		63			1st Jaly 1907.	0th June 1904,	24th April 1908.	13th May 1902,	10th Nov. 1012.	18t Fob.	1st Jan. 1013.	18t Aug. 1013.	25th Oct 1903.
		Stations where classes for are held.		,			Bankipore .	(faya .	Arrah	Baran (Huth-	Saran (Chapra).	Champaran (Motihari).	Champaran (Bottlah).	Champaran Dufferin hos- pital, Bettiah Raj.	Muzasfarpur. 26th Oct.

· ·	No class formed	,			No class formed	daring the year.			No class formed during the year,		,	No class formed during the year,	Exclusive of His-il-u on account of money order combission, etc., for duttibuling grants to different districts.
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7 16 8		829 12 6	18 3 0	2 6 4			8 Of 12	20 0 2	384 15 8	26 15 9	9,	73 9 0	6,625 14 10
1,064 3 9	0 0 969	966 3 6	336 11 8	395 6 7 3,483 14 1	639 3 10	878 6 0	3 150 6 3	2 7,007 4 0	9 0 09	249 4 0	963 12 0	188 7 0	0 1 257 0 0 1275 0 0 10,000 11 0 0 11,000 0 0 0 0,000 0 0 0,000 10 0 0 0,000 10 0 0 0,000 10 0 0 0,000 10 0 0
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19th Feb 1903.	1st Nov. 1903.	1st Dec.	1st Mar.	15th May 1906	5th May 1903	. 1st Jan.	1st Jafy 2924.	9th Jane 1906.	, 1st April 1903.	1st Aug. 1903.	. sah Jaiy	171b Ayrti 1906.	I de la
Darbtanga . 19th Feb.	Noughtr .	Bhagalpur .	Parnes .	Cattack	Balasore .		Sambalpur . 1st Jaly	Hararibegb . 9th June 1906.	Ranchi .	Daltonganj . 1st Aug.	Paralis .	S.sephban (Challers).	

		Remarks.	-	13			*This includes Rs.		own expense.		, -	TRecovered from	***************************************	
5—contd		montbly digitaly digitaly	deráge cost of eac daring tra	12		-	R 4. P.	9 14 2	:			10 0 2		0 0
ember 191	TTURE,	hand on	Balance in 31st D 1915.	ıı			R 4. P. 87 2 6	185 14 1	273 0 7	İ		1,488 12 6	·	787 14 9
ng 31st Dec	Expenditure	lists of	Prom form fonerd Decembe	22			R A. P.	1,922 2 8	14,634 0 2	Ì		8,570 3 6		5,2\$2 7 3
regarding the training of Indian Midwives for the period ending 31st December 1915—contd.		gnibno 11 19dmeood	Darlog ye: 31et I 1916,	8		_	H 4. P.	169 3 3	654 11 3			840 14 3		440 10 3
for the p		nation of 1st Decem- 1915.	(b) From other sources.	8			;	64 0 9	64 0 8			0 0, 25‡		: ,
Midwiyes	REOEIPTS.	Since formation of branch to 31st Decem- ber 1915.	(a) From E Committee.			Baluchistan.	H.A.F.	2,054 0 0	14,853 0 0	-	Baroda.	10,026 0 0	paf.	0 0 0200
f Indian	REO	ending 91st er 1016.	(6) From other sources.		!	Bafuci	83 : 4	:	;		Bar	;	Bhopal.	:
training o		During year ending 91st December 1916.	(a) From E Committee.	7			11 'r.	222 0 0	738 0 0			0 002		C 0 095
ng the		dorration contract.	o toro to	9			2 years	2 years	÷			S years		1 year
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State		Todanoood	Daring ye 31st 1915.	3			7	63	တ			:		322
Annual Statement		Date of ormation of branch,		63			16th Feb. 1607.	1st Jan. 1907.	TOTAL .	-	;	1ct Nov. 1502,		and July John
		Stations Date of ers classes formation of the beid.	·	-			etta .					roda .		. leçon

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	-	Average cabulated on 19. By 1,023-1-9 the	average number of pupils, 21 in each month, daring the year,				
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	TTORE.	no bund redunces	Balanco in Slat D 1915,	וו		R A. P.		1,333 11 1		6 13,244 6 6		45,203 10 9	-
	Expenditure.	lo noila tals of	From form branch December	10		R 4. P		7,564 1 9		0 35,190 15 6		34,133 14 33,45,762 143 45,203 10 9	
9		Znibnə xa rədmdəsi	Daring de 1918, 1918,	G		R A. P. 178 12 1		452 3 9	•	3,372 13		34,133 14 3	
The second		ntion of st Decem-	(b) From other sources.	8		H A. P.		:		262 14 0		69,950 10 2	
	IPIS.	Since formation of branch to 31st Decem- ber 1915.	(a) From E Committee.		Kathiawar.	R A. F.	Mysore.	8,900 12 10	Rajputana.	48,172 8 0		4 3,20,676 14 10 69,959 10	
	RECEIPTS.	Buring year ending 31st December 1916.	(b) From other sources.	7	Kath	R 4. P.	Ms		Raj	0 8 48.		н	
		During year Decemb	(a). From E Committee.			H. A. P.		698 8 0		3,742 0 0	·	28,342 0 6,11,742	
		doitainb ;	1	0		1 year		2 years.		10 , months.		. ;	
	BAINED.	-buloni 30 8 anmulo 30bnu llii	o nt bo a (d ban a (d ban gainists	9		FH		4		;		320	
	Pupils TR		necom	4		- খ		જ્		S		1,685	
1		December	1 1816.	8		:		ہئے		4		103	
		Date of formation of branch.		2		16t June 1902.		} 1st July 1902.		1st April 1903.		TOTAL .	
		Stations Where classes formation of are held.		1		Rajkot		Mysore Bangalore . Robertsonpet	•	Afraer .		GRAND TOTAL	

THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FUND.

Statements of Accounts for the year 1915.

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Victoria

	·		
RECEIPTS.		Details.	TOTAL.
		# a p.	R a. p.
Opening balance on 1st January 1915			37,753 7 0
-		;	
Incoms of Fund-			
Subscriptions			-
Interest on Investments		34,270 13 10	
Sundry Receipts		54 0.0	34,324 13 10
			,
•			**
•			• •
	,		
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	•		-
		-	
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	Carried over .		72,078 - 4 10

Memorial Scholarships Fund during the year 1915, '

-	•	₽▲	TMEN	TE					}	De	tails.	To	rag.
Intestments— Purchase of 3	per	ent.	Gove	nmer	at se	curit	nes		-	12	a. p.	, # 23,0	a. p.
Objects of Fund									.				
Grants in-aid-									Ì		1		
Baluchistan										1,3	c8 0 υ		
Baroda .										7	00 0 0		
Bengal .						٠.			-	1,2	42 0 0		
Berar .										9:	25 0 O		
Bhopal .										4	60 0 O		
Burma .										1,3	20 0 0		
Central Provin	nce.s									7	81 0 0		
Gondal .										2	7ā 0 0		
Gralior .										3,5	00 0 0		
Hathwa .										1.5	00 00		
Hyderabad .				,							17 0 0		
Indore .			٠.							1.4	50 0 0		
Janagad .								:			02 0 0		
Mysore .			٠,							1	60 0 0		
Panjab .				`.							07 0 0		
Bajputana .	٠.										12 0 0		
United Prov	inces	٠.									75 0 0		
					,	Can	ried o	rez			24 0 0	26	3 24 . 2

HE VICTORIA	IEMORIAN SO	sipts and Payments	of the Victoria
··	Account of Rece	eipts and Paymon	

•	THE VICTORIA M	EMORIAL	1 Doyments of the Victoria
136		Account of Receipts	, and Payments of the Victoria
			Details. TOTAL.
	Receipts.		R a. P. R a. P. 72,078 4 10
		Brought forward	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	-		
		•	_ \
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		,	
	•		72,078 4 10
	,		TOTAL

Memorial Scholarships Fund during the year 1915-concld.

Payments	Details.	TOFAL
Brought forward .	H a p. 25,021 0 0	11 a p. 23,600 10 0
Objects of Fund-concld.		
Grants-m-aid—	1,418 0 0	
Assam	937 0 0	
		27,419 0 0
Expenses of Fund		
Salaries of Office Establishment	1,747 0 0	
Office Contingencies, moluding Postage, Telegrams, etc	1,010 1 9	
Communication on myestments, realizing interest, etc.	43 6 9	2,806 8 6
TOTAL		53 826 2 6
Closing Balancs on 31st December 1915 .		18,252 2 4
lotal		72,078 4 10

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel, Honorary Tremuser.

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Victoria

Receipts.	Details.	Total.
	# a. p.	# a, p.
Brought forward .	···	72,078 4 10
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TOTAL .		72,078 4 10

Memorial Scholarships Fund during the year 1915-concld.

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PAYMENTS	Details	TOTAL.
Brongut forward	H a p 25,024 0 0	# a p 23,690 10 0
Objects of Fund-conold.		
Grants-ın aid-		
Bibar and Oriosa ,	1,118 0 0 947 0 0	
, ,		27,419 0 0
Espenses of Fund-	l l	
Salaries of Office Establishment	1,747 0 0	
Office Contingencies, molading Postage, Telegrams, etc .	1,010 1 9	
Commission on investments, realizing interest, etc.	40 6 9	
		2,806 8 G
. Total .	.,	53 520 3 6
Cloning Balance on 31st December 1915		18,252 2 4
loran .	} }	72,078 4 10

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel, Honorary Tree

Progressive Account of the Victoria Memorial

Receirts.	Ledger folio.	Amount.	
Company of the first of the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se	and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second seco		H a. p.
Income of Fund-			
Subscriptions		3	6,91,061 1 11
Interest on Investments		131	4,17,806 10 8
Sundry Receipts		10	2,316 15 10
			11,11,214 12 5
Profit and Loss on Investments—			,
Net profits	. ,	91	8,471 2 0
		{	
	•		
		-	
			•
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			-
	Carried over		11,19,685 14 5

Scholarships Fund up to the 31st December 1915.

Expanditure.	Ledger folio	Amount
Investments		B 49.
4} percent, Rangoon Municipal Debentures of 1904	\$8	
6 per cent Loan to Kumar Gopika Baman Roy Estate, Court of Wards	224	en e
31 percent Government securities	:#: '	£~.
- 1	-	

b	gects of Fu	ud-								
	irante-in-aic									
	Baluchista	n.								
	Baroda						·	•	-	•
	Bergal	٠.					-	•	-	٠
	Burar .					٠.	•	Ť	-	•
	Bliepal					i	Ĭ	-		
	Barma								_	
	Central P	1011	ncos		Ĭ					
	Gundai					Ξ.				
	Gwalior						-			
	Hathwa									
	Hyderabad	٠,								٠.
	Indore			 						٠
	Jonegadh			 						

Progressive Account of the Victoria Memorial

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Unerteta.	Ladger folio.	Amount.
Brought forward	•	R a. p
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TOTAL .		11,19,685 14 5

SINLA:

The 30th June 1916.

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Scholarships Fund up to the 31st December 1915 -coneld.

Extenditus	E,			,			Ledger folio.	Amer	£
-	Bro	wglit	for	rard		-	:	571,000 E	2 2
bjects of Fund-concld.							_	1	
Grants-in-aid						- 1	æ	1 - 22	e e
Kashwir			•	•	٠	- 1		}	
Иувоте			•			i	42	4 579	
Punjab			•		•	٠,	71	•	
Rajoutana .						•	72	EII :	
United Provinces	•	•		•	•		149	24775	
Bihar and Orissa	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	-1	124		S =
Assau		٠	•	•	•		146	200	, ,
Miscellaneous	•		,	٠	•	-	90	:25 2	=
1								25.22.2	يد.
Profit and Loss .					-	-	2	Ist r	
Expenses of Fund-									
Permanent advances				٠.	-	-	3	٠ وت	
Salaries, wages, and travelling ex	penses :	of Off	ice E	statio	លំង៖	22	£	25	,
Office Contingencies, including P	ostage,	Telegr	12.0	, etc.	-	-	=_1	٠ - المساد	=
Commission on investments, real	zing mi	urest,	ele.				===	<u> </u>	=
Office Building					-	-	5.44	ing b	£
							-	ت اميد	_
-	-			TGTA	E				_
Closing Balancs on 31st December	1915						 	===:	_
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Investment Account of the Victoria Memorial Scholarahips Fund.

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	and the second second second	Nomical Value.	ર્ જ
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4½ per cent. Rangoon Municipal Deboutures of 1904		0 0 000000	n 0 025/54/2
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Sinta : } The 30th June 1916. }		B. W. MARLOW, Colonel, Honorary Trea	I.OW, Colonel, Honorary Treasurer.

PRINTED OF TRESINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, DELBI

In the matter of Act XXI of 1860 of the Acts of the Viceroy and Governor-General of India in Council, being an Act for the Registration of Laterary, Scientific and Charatale Societies

AND

In the matter of "The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India."

Memorandum of Association.

- 1 The name of the Association is "The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India."
 - 2. The objects for which the Association is established are-
 - Medical tustion, including the teaching and training in India of women as doctors, hospital assistants, nurses and midwives.
 - (2) Medical relief, including-
 - (a) the establishment under female superintendence of dispensaries and cottage hospitals for the treatment of women and children;
 - (b) the opening of female wards under female superintendence in existing hospitals and dispensaries;
 (c) the provision of female medical officers and attendants for existing
 - female wards,

 (d) the founding of hospitals for women where special funds or endowments
 - are forthcoming.

 (3) The supp of trained female murses and midwives for women and children
 - in hospitals and private houses.

 (4) The management of the Fund raised for the above objects, and which is known
 - as "The Countess of Dufferin's Fund."
 (5) The purchase or acquisition on lesses, or in exchange, or on hire or otherwise, of any real or properly, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Association.
 - (6) The erection, construction, alteration, and maintenance of any buildings necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Association.
 - (7) The sale, improvement, management and development of all or any part of the property of the Association.
 - (8) The promotion and establishment of Branches and of other Sometics or Associations with similar objects, and the affiliation or amalgamation of such Societies or Associations with this Association.
 - (9) The doing of all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.
- 3 The names, addresses and occupations of the persons who are members of and form the Central Committee or governing body of the said Association are as follows.—
 - 1st-Her Excellency the Right Honourable the Counters of Dufferin and Ava, c.t., Lady President, whose address is—Viceroy's Camp, India.
 - 2nd-The Hon'ble Mr. A. R. Scoble, Q.c., Member of the Viceroy's Council
 - 3rd-The Hon'ble Sir Chailes Aitchison, R.C. 81., Member of the Viceroy's Council.
 4th-The Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw Manecijes Petit, Kt, of Bombay, Additional
 Member of the Viceroy's Council.

- 3th-A. P. MacDonnell, Esq., C.s., Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department.
- 6th-The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Moore (Messes, Gillanders, Arouthnet & Co.), Calcutta. Member of the Council of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bong d.
- 7th-The Hon'ble Sir Syel Ahmad Khan, Bahadur, R.c.s.t., of Aligarh, Member of the Council of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces.
- 5th-Surgeon-General Sir Benjamin Simpson, M.D., M.C.I.E., Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.
- 9th-Maharaja Sir Jotondra Mohun Tagore, Bahadur, K.c.s.t., Calcutta.
- 10th-Sir Alexander Wilson, Kt. (Messes, Jardine, Skinner & Co.), Calcutta. President, Bank of Bengal.
- 4. A copy of the Rules and Regulations of the said National Association is filed with this Momorandam of Association, and the undersigned, being seven of the members of the governing body of the said National Association, do hereby certify that such copy of such Rules and Regulations is a correct copy of the Rules and Regulations of the said National

As witness our several and respective hands and signatures this 20th day of February 1558.

WITNESS.

HARRY COOPER, Major,

Loyal North Lancashire Regiment. ANDREW R. SCOBLE.

SIGNATURES.

HARRIOT DUFFERIN.

C. F. AITCHISON. JOTENDRA MOHUN TAGORE.

D. SIMPSON.

DINSHAW MANECKJEE PETIL.

CHARLES H. MOORE.

Rules and Regulations of the National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India.

The Lady President.

1. The first Lady President of the National Americation is the Excellency the Right Homograble the Country of Duffern, ca. On her eacting this often the power of tilling the vacance shall rest with the Central Committee.

Members.

2. The Members of the National Association shall exceed of three closes, nationly .--A-Rife Councillary B-late Members; and C - Os livary Members.

Life Conscillars.

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Life Members.

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Ordinary Members.

5. Every subscriber of not less than 10r. or R5 annually to the funds of the National Association shall, during the curiency of his subscription, be an Ordinary Member of the Association. An Ordinary Member shall pay an entrance fee of £1 or R10. If he does not pay his entrance fee separately, the first £1 or R10 subscribed by him shall be treated as his entrance fee.

Rights and Privileges of Members.

Affairs to be managed by Central Committee,

Constitution of the Central Committee.

S. The first members of the Central Committee shall be the Lady President of the National Association, and the following gentlemen, namely .-

The Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw Manecuser Petit, Rt., of Bombay, Additional Member of the Viceroy's Council. Maharaja Sir Joteadra Mohun Tagoer,

Bahadur, K.C.S.I.
The Hon'ble Sir Syrp Ahmad Khak,
Bahadur, of-Aligarh, K.C.S.I.

The Hon'ble Mr C. H. Moore (Messre. Gillanders, Arbuthrot & Co.).

Gillanders, Arbuthrot & Co.).
Sir Alexander Wilson, Kt. (Messra
Jardine, Skinner & Co.), President,
Bank of Bengal.

Powers of Central Committee,

10. The Central Committee shall have I ower-

A. P. MACDONNELL, Esq. Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department. Surge. Genl. Sir Benjamin Singson, M.D.,

Government of India.

K.C I.R., Sanitary Commissioner with the

- (a) to apply "The Countess of Dufferin's Fund" to such purposes as they may consider conductive to the objects of the National Association;
- (b) to invest from time to time, in or upon the securities lereinsiter mentioned, such money credited to "The Counters of Dufferin's Fund "as may not be required for the purposes of the National Association, and to very and realize investments;
- (e) to make and vary such regulations not inconsistent with the Memorandam of Association and these Rules as may be necessary or ested out for the wouldn't

of the business of the National Association, and to fix from time to time the quorum necessary for the transaction of business, but until they shall otherwise determine, four members of the Central Committee shall form a quorum; and

(d) generally to do such things as they may consider necessary or expedient for the purpose of carrying out the objects of the National Association.

Duties of Central Committee.

11. The Contral Committee shall directly control local operations for the objects of the National Association in those parts of the country where a Branch Association, such as is hereinafter referred to, does not exist. It shall specially endeavour to assist any Ruling Chiefs who may desire to organize similar operations within their own territories, and who may seek the advice or aid of the National Association. It shall publish periodical statements of the accounts and the reports of the work done by the National Association, by the Branch Associations aforesaid, and by Societies affiliated to the National Association.

Officers.

12. The Central Committee shall have power to appoint from time to time an Honorary Secretary and other officers of the National Association, and to delegate to such officers such of their powers as they may consider expedient. The first Honorary Secretary shall be Major Harry Cooper, A.-D.-C.

Funds.

13. All moneys subscribed to the support of the objects of the Association shall constitute "The Countess of Dufferin's Fund." The funds under the control of the Executive Committees of the several Branches shall be designated "[..........] Branch of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund." All moneys paid to the Honorary Secretaries of Branches will be credited to the fund at command of the particular Branch to the Honorary Secretary of which the same has been paid, unless specially designated for the Central Committee.

Investments.

- 14. Any moneys which, in the opinion of the Central Committee, it shall be from time to time necessary or expedient to invest, shall be invested in the joint names of not less than two of the members of such Central Committee, as Trustees for the Association, in some or one of the following securities, but in no others, that is to say:—
 - (i) In promissory notes, debentures, stock and other securities of the Government of India, or of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.
 - (ii) In bonds, debentures and annuities charged by the Imperial Parliament on the revenues of India.
 - (iii) In stock or debentures of, or shares in, railway or other companies, the interest whereon shall have been guaranteed by the Secretary of State for India.
 - (iv) In debentures or other securities for money issued by, or on behalf of, any Municipal body under the authority of any Act of a Legislature established in British India, or in debentures or other securities issued by, or on behalf of, the Commissioners of the Port of Calcutta, the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, the Trustees of the Harbour of Madras, the Trustees of the Port of Karachi, or the Commissioners of the Port of Rangoon, or by, or on behalf of, any other local authority under the authority of any Act of a Legislature established in British India.

- (v) On mortgage of moveable and immoveable property under the management of the Court of Wards.
- (rr) In any investments not bereinbefore specified, authorized for the investment of trust funds by the Indian Trusts Act, 1883 (Act II of 1832), or any re-enactment or statutory modification thereof.

General Meetings.

15. A General Meeting of the National Association shall be held once in every year at Calentia channey the cold season at such time and place as the Central Committee may appoint, provided that at least seven days' notice of the time and place so appointed be given by advertigance as hereinafter provided. At this meeting the Central Committee shall present a report, showing the proceedings and progress of the Association during the part year and its financial position.

Special Meetings.

16. The Central Committee may, at any time, and shall upon a written requisition by not less than ten Life Concailors or Life Members in that behalf, call a Special Meeting of the Association. Motics of such meeting shall be given as provided in Rule 16, and such notice shall state the purpose for which such Special Meeting is to be called.

Natices.

17. Any notice required to be or which may be given by advertisement shall be advertised in such newspapers as the Contral Committee may from time to time direct in that behalf.

Branch Associations, '

management of its own Association and specially Secretary of such Branch Committee for the time of such Branch have and moneys as those conferred Rule 14, respectively, and any and shall accordingly moneys formung part of tice it shall see necessary mass of rot less than two h in some or one of the see, The Managing Commiss and representatives of mass and representatives of

the Central Committee and to contribute from the Branch tunds to the Central Committee such amount as may from time to time be arranged between the Central Committee and the Committee of the Branch concerned.

Affiliated Societies.

to those of the National Association affiliate theilf to the National Assonce desired, remain independent in the

administration of its funds and the condect of its operation. Due to be requised to funds to the Central Committee such reports and information that the contract communities can report and information of the communities of the communities of the communities of the communities of the communities of the communities. On this other hand, the Central Committee shall have over the sadiated Societies in such names and to make extent as may be considered by them consistent with the raise and conducte to the special object of the National Association.

Co-operation with Medical Officers of Government.

20. All persons employed by the Association will ordinarily be expected to act in co-operation with, and where necessary, in subordination to the medical officers of Government.

Bankers.

- 21. The Bankers of the National Association shall, until it is otherwise arranged by the Contral Committee, be the Bank of Bengal in India, and Messrs. Coutts and Co. in England.
- 22. No alteration shall be made in the above Rules and Regulations, except by the vote of a majority of the members present at a Special Meeting called for that purpose as hereinbefore provided.

WITNESS.

HARRY COOPER, Major, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment. SIGNATURES.

HARRIOT DUFFERIN.
ANDREW R. SCOBLE.
C. U. AITCHISON.
JOTENDRA MOHUN TAGORE.
B. SIMPSON.
DINSHAW MANECKJEE PETIT.
CHARLES H. MOORE.

Note.—Rules 14 and 18 were amended as above at a General Meeting of the Association held at Government House, Calcutta, on the 14th February 1908.

Rule 20 was amended as above at a Special Meeting of the Association held at Government House, Calcutta, on the 6th March 1912.

Patrons.

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY QUEEN | HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY QUEEN | MARY.

Patron in India.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HOW'BLE THE BARON HARDINGE OF PENSHURST, P.C., OCB., G.M.S., G.C.M.G., G.M.IE, G.C.V.O., ISO., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Vice-Patrons.

H. R. H. Field Marshal the Duke of Consught and Strathgars, & G, & T, K.P, G.CB, GCSG, GCSG, GCSG, GCSG, F.C.

The Right Hon. the Marquess of Linsdowne, KO, GOSI, GOMG, GOIR, DOL The Right Hon. the Fire of Elgin and Kin-Cibbine, KG, GOSI, GOIR, PC, LLD,

DCL
The Right Hon. Banox REAY, MT, GCSI,
GGIE, FG, LLD

The Right Hon Exel Curron of Kedleston, etc. rc. gcsi. gcir, dcl, ll.p. etc.

H. H the MANARAMA of UDAIPUR, GCSI,

The Right Hon, the Marquess of Linsdowne, | H. H. the Manabasa Scindia of Gwalion,

GCSI, GCNO, LLD, A-D-C The Right Hon. Lord HARRIS, GCIE The Right Hon. Lord WEXLOCK, GCIE

Sir James Lyall, K C S L. H H, the Manibaja of Travancobe, G C S I,

H. H. the Managar of Jaipue, GCS.I., GCIE, GCV.O, LLD

The Hon the Marabaja of Vizianagram, KCIB.

H H the Managara of James and Kashuis, GCSI, GCIE.

H. H. the Mahabaja of Dabbhanga, k c 1 k H H. the Hon. Mahabaja of Benabes, G.C.I k

Vice-Patronesses.

H R. H. THE DUCHES OF CONNAUGHT AND STRATHRABY, CI

The Most Hon the Dowagen Marchioless of Durrents and Asa, v. & a, ci.
The Most Hon the Marchioles of Land

The Most Hou, the Marchiosess of Lansnowse, ci. The Lady Rear, ci.

The Right Hoa, the Countries of Lyiton, CI The Lady Randolph Churchill, CI H. H. the Mahabanic Jodhpur The Lady Wanlock, CI.

Lady BAYLEY.

Lady Elliott. H. H. the Nawab Broum of Bhopal, Cl. H. H. Maharasi Kenpasanjanhani Avaec

VANITILAS SANNIDHANNA OF MINORE, CI II II the NAWAB KUTBUN-DISA BEGUM OF the CARNATIO.

The Most Hon the Marchiovess of Rirov,

CI The Lady Enna Baring, CI Lady Grant Duff, CI Lady Atichieon

H. H. the Nawar Shams-1-Jahan Broum Sariba of Morshiddrig, c.i. The Lady Amphilla, c.i. The Lady Northeorie, c.i.

H H. the MAHABANI CHINEU RAJA SAHIBA of GWALIOR.

H. H. the Manabani Sarhuja Raja Sahiba Scindhia Alija Bahadub, of Gwaliob, of.

II. II. the Manaham of Hutwa The Right Hon the Countess of Miato, ct.

And such other persons of position and influence, both English and Indian, as may from time to ture be specially untiled by the Central Committee to become Vice-Patrons and Vice-Patroneses of the Association.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Members.

The Hon'ble Sir S. H. BUTLER, K.C.S.L. C.LE., Member of the Viceron's Council (Acting President).

The Hon'ble Sir R. Chadbook, K.c.s.t., Mem-

ber of the Viceroy's Council.

The Hon'ble Sir All Dray, K.C.s.i., Member

of the Victroy's Council. The Hou'ble Surgeon-General Sir C. P. LUKIS. R.C.S.L., K.H.S., M.D., Director-General of the

Indian Medical Service.

The Houble Mr. J. B. Wood, C.I.E., I.C.S., Political Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

Dr. K. A. Platt, M.B., B.S., W.M.S. Dr. A. M. Benson, M.D.

Raja Sir Hannan Singu, R.C.t.E., Abluvalia, of Kapurthala.

The Hon'ble Sir G. R. M. CHITNAVIS, R.C.LE.

The Hon'ble Nawab MUMTAZ-UD-DAULA, Sir MUR'D FATYAZ ALI KHAN, R.C.V.O, R.C.I.E.,

The Hon'ble Maharaja-Dhiraj Bahadur Sir BIJAY CHAND, MARITAD, of Burdwan, K.C.S.L., K.C.I.E., I.O.M., etc.

Lt.-Col. Sir J. R. Roberts, Kt., C.I.E., I.M.S., Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceray.

Honorary Secretary.

Lt. Col. Sir J. R. ROBERTS, KT., C.I.E., 1, M.S., Viceroy's Camp.

Permanent Joint Secretary.

E. J. BUCK, Esq., Viceroy's Camp.

Permanent Assistant Secretary.

W. G. A. HANBARAN, Esq., Vicerov's Camp.

Honorary Treasurer.

Colonel B. W. MARLOW, C.I.E., Military Accountant-General.

Honorary Auditor.

R A GAMBLE, B.A., L.C.s., Comptroller and Auditor-General.

Honorary Solicitors.

Messis. Sandenson & Co., Calcutta.

Bankers.

BANK OF BENGAL, Calcutta. Messrs. Courts & Co., 59, Strand, London.

the Association. United Kingdom Branch.

THE MOST HONOURABLE THE DOWAGER MARCHIOSESS OF DUFFERIN AND AVA, V. & A.,

cr., Clandeboye, Ireland. For the Scholarship Department.—Secretary, Mrs. Bell, 12, St. Leonard's Road, Ealing, London.

Assaul.

The Hon'ble Colonel H. E. BANATVALA, I.M.S., Shillong.

Baluchistan.

Lt.-Col. A. L. DUKE, I.M.S., Quelta. Bengal.

Capt. W. L. HARNETT, I.M.S., Govt. House, Calcutta.

Berar.

D. G. STEACEY, Esq. Amraoti. Bihar and Orissa.

C. B. BAYLEY, Esq , c.v.o., Govt. House, Ranchi. Bombay.

Capt. T. C. Lucas, R.A.M.C., Govt. House, and JEHANGIR DOSABHOY FRAMJEE, Esq., Bar. at-Law, 1.s.o. (Joint Hony. Secretaries).

Burma.

Major A. G. SARGEANT, I.M.S., Rangoon.

Central Provinces.

Rai Bahadur N. G. SABKAR, Nagpur.

Madras.

Major F. F. Elwes, I.M.s., Govt. House.

Mysorc.

Rab Babadur T. V. ABYMUGUM MUDALIAE, Bangalore

N.-W. F. Province.

Lt.-Col. T. W. IRVINE, I.M.S., Peshawar. Punjab.

Colonel E. C. BAYLEY, I.A., C.I.E., Govt. House, Simla or Labore.

U. P. of Agra and Oudh.

J. N. G. Johnson, Esq., i.c.s., Allahabad.

The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India.

Thirtieth Report of the Central Committee for the year 1914.

IN presenting its Thirtieth Annual Report of the National Association

for providing Female Medical Aid to the Women of India the Central
Committee is glad to be able to again present a statement indicating steady
progress throughout the country.

The objects for which the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund was inaugurated continue to be steadily attained in various centres in India, and a separate account of the work accomplished in this direction is again given under a special heading at the end of this volume.

The report contains the statistics and details of the main operations of the Fund during the past year, and it also includes a précis of the work accomplished in Baluchistan, Mysore, North-West Frontier Province and certain Native States which do not publish separate reports. Those who are interested in the details of relief which has been afforded in Bengal, Berar, Bihar and Orissa, Bombar, Barma, the Ceutral Provinces, Madras, the Punjab, and the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh can obtain the Provincial reports through the respective Honorary Secretaries of these Tranches

The report is issued on a later date than usual owing partly to the late receipt of some of the Provincial returns and the general pressure on officials owing to the war, and the Committee trusts that since it has been recently decided to terminate the official year on the 31st December instead of on 30th November as heretofore, that it will be possible to issue the report a little earlier in future.

It is with the utmost sorrow that the Committee refers to the death of its Lady President which occurred early in July in London, after she had presided over its meetings for nearly four years. No one knows better than the members of the Central Committee the keen interest which Lady Hardinge took in the welfare of the women of this country. From the moment of her arrival in India she laboured incessantly for the improvement of schemes whereby female medical aid could be more usefully and more generally extended to women, and the Women's Medical Service of India was successfully launched only a few months before her untimely death. The Central Committee desires to here record its deep regret at her loss as well as its warm appreciation of the valuable and untiring services which the late Lady President rendered to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, and it feels sure that in future years the Medical College and Training School for Women at Delhi, which owes its inception to Lady Hardinge, will ever remain a testimony to her unceasing and splendid work for the Women of India.

The Committee passed the following Resolution on the 16th July :-

"The Central Committee of the National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India (the Countess of Dufferin's Fund) record with deep sorrow the death of their esteemed Lady President, the late Lady Hardinge of Penshurst, and the heavy loss which this Association has thereby sustained, and they respectfully offer to Lord Hardinge their sincere sympathy in His Excellency's great affliction—this on their own personal behalf as well as on that of the whole Association."

And on the 18th July, Sir James DuBoulay, Private Secretary to the Viceroy, replied as follows:—

"I have laid before the Viceroy the Resolution passed by the Central Committee of the Dufferin Fund contained in your letter of the 16th of July, and he desires me to convey through you to the Committee as well as to the members of the Association his warm appreciation of their words of sympathy and his grateful thanks for the extremely kind terms in which they have expressed it."

Sir Harcourt Butler has acted temporarily as the President of the Dufferin Fund Committee since the death of the late Lady President.

Dr. A. M. Benson, M.D., and Dr. K. A. Platt, W.M.S., have joined the Central Committee as members, vice Dr. Wemyss Grant, M.D., who has resigned on proceeding to Europe, and Dr. M. O'Brien, W.M.S., who has also vacated her seat as a member of the Central Committee.

In Annexure III of this report will be found details regarding the proposed Medical College and Hospital for Women and the Training School for Nurses at Delhi, and Annexures I and II contain interesting extracts from "the Times," and "Daily Telegraph" (London), relating to the education and work of medical women in connection with the war.

Dr. Platt, W.M.S., who has been appointed Principal of the Lady Hardingo Medical College and Hospital at Delhi, has also been attached to the Central Committee's office of the Association. Her advice and assistance in many matters have proved of much value to the Committee and recently she has visited a number of important centres. A short inspection report by Dr. Platt will be found in Annexure IV of this volume.

Refore this report is made public Dr. Platt will have proceeded to England in connection with the selection of certain ladies for the staff of the Medical College at Delhi, where it is hoped that work will be commenced during the year 1916.

It may be here stated that the Central Committee has agreed to provide the services of three members of the Women's Medical Service for the Delhi College when the buildings are completed.

The Women's Medical Service for India has now completed its first year, and the Committee is glad to say that it has proved of great assistance to many important centres.

The General Rules and Regulations of the service together with those which have been laid downfor the Provident Fund, and for Travelling and Leave are again published in the Appendices of this report for general information.

The names of the ladies who are now in the service will be found in Appendix VI of this report. The new Service started on the 1st January 1914, and twenty-four out of the full staff of twenty-five appointments were made during the period under review. Last year the Committee particularly requested all Provincial and Local Branches concerned to see that in all cases where it provided the salary of a Medical Woman that she should be provided with the services of a competent Assistant Surgeon to help her in her labours.

The Committee was glad to be lately able to announce that in practically every case this had been done, and that in the few remaining posts the policy would shortly be carried into effect.

The Central Committee having undertaken to supply the services of three Medical Women to the staff of the new Medical College at Delhi, the strength of the Women's Medical Service will be raised to 28 members to admit of this increase, and the extra appointments will be for the present considered as supernumerary to the fixel staff of 25. Moreover as these three ladies will hold important teaching appointments, special care will be taken to select suitable incumbents, and Dr. K. A. Platt, W.M.S., the Principal Elect of the new College, who is now at home, is giving this matter her personal attention.

All medical women who are desirous of joining the Women's Medical Service for India are invited to send in their applications and recommendations to the Honorary Secretary, Viceroy's Camp, in order that their names may be duly registered and their claims may be considered as vacancies in the Service occur.

The fact that a Women's Medical Service for India has come into being will in no way interfere with the efforts which the Dufferin Fund has always made to provide Medical Women for various centres in the country, to assist struggling institutions, and to give scholarships to deserving students who enter upon a medical career. For the benefit of ladies who may not be enrolled in the Service proper, but who are otherwise engaged in furthering the aims and objects of the National Association for providing Female Medical Aid to the Women of India the Committee would repeat the remarks already contained in earlier reports:—

The funds at the command of the Association, as will be seen from the financial statements later on, are strictly limited, and it should be clearly recognized by those who accept posts under the Fund that it is essentially a charitable and more or less struggling Association which endeavours to provide as full medical relief as possible to women of all classes in India with a comparatively very small income.

The Committee thinks it well to again point out that, owing to the steady annual increase in the number of ladies who possess the higher degrees in medicine, the Association cannot guarantee to provide employment carrying a suitable remuneration immediately it is required, or indeed within any The number of appointments, apart from those which come given period. under the Women's Medical Service, and especially those carrying the recognized pay of the higher grade, are strictly limited, and the most the Central Committee can do is to endeavour to fill such vacancies as arise with the best material at its disposal. In all cases where the Central Committee is asked to recommend a lady for a post in a Native State, or for a particular hospital, the claims of every registered candidate for employment receive full and impartial consideration. It should also be borne in mind that the final selection and appointment of candidates for a considerable number of posts, as well as the terms during which it is considered expedient they should hold those posts, rests with the local authorities concerned. moreover, that the Central Committee has assisted students, who have been recommended by the Principals of Medical Colleges in India as likely to prove successful medical women, with scholarships during their college careers, does not in any way render the Committee responsible for providing

them with permanent employment under the Association. Nor does it guarantee to provide with first grade posts immediately on their return to India, ladies whom it may have recommended to the United Kingdom Branch as worthy of assistance in order that they may take the higher degrees in medicine. It has happened sometimes during past years that ladies who have not been altogether satisfied with their posts have resigned them somewhat suddenly, sometimes before they have taken the precaution of securing the promise of a new appointment. As the supply of medical women continues to be in excess of the demand, especially where the higher paid posts are in question, the Committee takes this opportunity of again warning all ladies who are in any way connected with the Fund that they run considerable risk in hastily throwing up appointments, however uncongenial they may appear to be.

The Central Committee would also remind Honorary Secretaries of Provincial and Local Committees that a list of candidates for employment is always maintained in its office, and to state that if ladies who wish to proceed on leave would notify their desire as early as possible to their Local or Provincial Committee, it would much facilitate the work of those who have to arrange for filling their posts during their absence.

Now that the Medical Service for Women in India has been successfully launched by the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, the Central Committee has resolved to discontinue as far as possible the system which has hitherto been followed of giving small doles, or grants-in-aid, to various centres under the control of Provincial Branches. The Committee has arrived at this decision in the belief that it can best assist Local Branches by providing the services of a salaried Medical Woman where suitable hospitals exist, and it also hopes that when it relieves a Provincial or District Branch from this charge that the local authorities will be able to provide the rest of the funds required for the maintenance of the hospital.

Amongst the most important changes during the year 1914 may be Change mentioned the following :-

Dr. J. E. George, W.M.S., returned from leave towards the end of 1913, and has been posted to Akola for duty under the Berar Branch.

Drs. M. I. Balfour and F. B. Leach have received an extension of service in the Women's Medical Service, from 1914 to 1916. The former lady joined the Women's Medical Service from leave in October 1914 and took charge of her special duties as Assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab. Dr. Leach has availed herself of 12 months' leave home, and her duties at Campore have been undertaken by Dr. L. M. Ghose, W.M.S.

Drs. C. L. Houlton, M.B., B.S., and L. M. Ghose, L.A.H., F.R.C.S., L.M., were admitted to the Women's Medical Service during 1914. Dr. Houlton has officiated for several months at Simla in the place of Mrs. Battersby, L.M.S., and has since returned to her former appointment at Agra. Dr. Ghose was in waiting for a time at Allahabad, and is now at Cawnpore. At Simla, Dr. Houlton has been relieved by Dr. Yamini Sen, W.M.S., from Agra.

Dr. F. B. Barnes, W.M.S., on return from leave was posted to Benares, vice Dr. H. J. C. Maclaren, W.M.S., transferred to Jubbulpore. Dr. Barnes' former post at Bhopal is now held by Dr. M. C. Murphy, W.M.S.

At Karachi, leave has been applied for by Dr. O. T. L. Gumprich, W.M.S., but has not so far been availed of.

The vacant appointment at the Minto Hospital, Malakand, was held for a time by Miss Martin, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, but the difficulty of filling this appointment permanently still remains. A similar difficulty exists at Fort Sandeman—neither locality for obvious reasons being popular with female practitioners. Leave was sanctioned last August for Miss E. M. Cardozo, L.R.C. P. & S., at Quetta.

Jubbulpore and Vizagapatam have been approved by the Central Committee as suitable stations for a member of the Women's Medical Service. Dr. Maclaren has accordingly been appointed to the first named, and the arrangements for Vizagapatam are now proceeding.

Dr. M. A. D. Naoroji, W.M.S., rejoined at Shikarpur from leave in April 1914.

The following ladies of the service are now on leave :-

Dr F. B. Leach, W.M.S., Dr. A. L. Mackenzie, W.M.S., Dr. K. A. Platt, W.M.S., and Dr. D. E. Pratt, W.M.S.

In Appendix III are given details of women and children treated by female agency in zenana hospitals, wards, and dispensaries throughout the country.

It will be seen that in Native States no less than 693,606 patients were treated in hospitals officered by women. This bears eloquent testimony to the generous support given by the Ruling Chiefs to the movement for providing female medical aid for women.

As the majority of these hospitals undoubtedly owe their origin to the efforts of the Dufferin Fund, and as a considerable number are now officered either by Medical Women nominated by the Central Committee, or by ladies who were materially assisted in their medical studies by the Association, the

Committee considers that it has every right to take to itself substantial credit for the success attained in this direction.

The actual number of women treated in (a) hospitals mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund was 271,929 and the number treated in (6) hospitals, assisted by the Dufferin Fund was 447,835.

The work accomplished by Missionary Societies is not here reviewed, and the tables contain no details of patients treated by many midwives who have received their training through the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

There are, moreover, a number of private female practitioners in India. many of whom have been at some time or other connected with the Association, and some of whom have received scholarships and direct assistance at its hands; but the Association is not in a position to obtain details of the useful work accomplished by these ladies.

The Committee trusts that Honorary Secretaries and Medical Women will continue to see that returns are submitted on the principle which has been laid down by the Government of India for the State hospitals.

One of the purposes of the returns is the comparison they afford of the work accomplished in institutions of corresponding size and scope, but such comparison is difficult, or impossible, if in one case the figures representing patients treated are the number of the total visits or attendances of new and old patients, while in another they are the number of the individuals or of new patients only. If statistics are to be of any value, they must be compiled on one uniform basis. If, for example, the same person attends for 10 days, she should not be counted 10 times, but if she reappears as a fresh case she should be counted again. The returns should include both those patients remaining from the previous year and those admitted during the year under report. The Central Committee, having had its attention drawn to the probable inaccuracy of some of the returns, again desires to make the position quite clear.

An additional Appendix (IV) has been included in this report showing the total number of women and children treated during 1913 in all the hospitals and dispensaries in India. It will be seen that no less than 13,933,557 women and children were treated during the year.

The Committee has received lists from the Provinces giving the analysis Sugar of the students at present in the principal medical colleges and schools in India (Appendix I). These show that there are 81 European and India ladies training for the full M.B. course, 43 as assistant surgaci, 23 as hospital assistants, and 390 as nurses, dais, and compounders.

The Central Committee assists a certain number of ----Provincial centre with scholarships to help them in .! "

the demand for these awards continues to far exceed the number at the disposal of the Committee.

Of the 196 who are being trained in medical work, no less than 96 are being supported with scholarships by the Dufferin Fund, 58 are in receipt of Government scholarships, 27 are being trained with university or school scholarships, 9 are being educated at the expense of Native States, and 6 are assisted by local District Boards and Municipalities.

All details regarding scholarships granted by the Central Committee, as also a short note of guidance for those who propose pursuing their studies in England, can be obtained on application to the Honorary Secretary of the Central Committee, or to the Principals of the Medical Colleges of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, and Lahore, and particulars regarding those given by Provincial Committees on application to the Honorary Secretaries of Provincial Branches.

The Central Committee continued its assistance during the year to four local branches in Assam, and the income from grants by Government and local bodies rose from R11,116 in 1913 to R13,100. There were no private subscriptions to the Fund except the annual subsidy of R180 from the Rani of Bijni.

The number of patients treated rose from 36,341 to 41,623 as compared with the previous year, i.e., an increase of 15 per cent., which is satisfactory. The decreases at Goalpara and Sylhet were due to a change of Medical Women and to the posts being vacant for some months in the year.

Among the new buildings constructed were quarters for the Medical Woman at Silchar.

The Bengal Branch presented its report for the year at a meeting held at Government Hous?, Calcutta, on March 22nd, Lord Carmichael taking the chair. The report shows that the total number of patients treated in the various institutions aided by the Dufferin Fund in the Province of Bengal during the year was 102,248, an increase of 2,748 over the figures for the preceding year. Of these, 3,568 were "in-patients" and 10,391 were returned as purdanashin women. The Provincial Committee is specially gratified at this latter result.

In moving the adoption of the report, Lord Carmichael, in alluding to financial difficulties, said "In the past Government thas helped the Dufferin Fund very considerably. It has always looked on the work of the Fund as being one of the best pieces of work done in India. But it has always seemed to Government that those whom the Fund has intended to help are essentially people who should, and who I believe would be willing to contribute something themselves towards the Fund. With that in view

Government has undertaken that not only will it give R12,000 as an annual subscription to the Fund, but it will give an additional subscription up to R9,000 more, that is up to a maximum of R21,000 in all, this extra subscription to be in proportion to the amount subscribed to the Fund by private persons. I hope this will have the result which Government wishes it to have of encouraging private people to subscribe liberally to the Fund.

I specially wish to emphasize the desirability pointed out in the report of endowing beds. The endowment of a bed is probably the most satisfactory way in which anyone can help the Duffern Hospital. An endowment is certainly a great benefit because it brings with it a certainty of income."

Lord Carmichael also strongly urged the endowment of beds in the hospital at Calcutta, and alluded to the good work being done by the Indian nurses whose training on a systematic plan had recently been instituted.

The Central Committee joins with the Bengal Committee in lamenting the death of the Honorary Secretary Captain J. Hay Burgess, I.M.S., in June 1914, who had done excellent service for the Association. Captain W. L. Harnett, LMS., was elected to succeed him. Messrs Lovelock and Lewes, the Honorary Treasurers of this Branch, draw attention to the unsatisfactory manner in which the Courts of Wards Estates to whom money is loaned adhere to repayment schemes. The Branch is sometimes burdened with heavy cash balances which have to be placed on fixed deposit at 4 per cent. or remain idle pending negotiations for other loans. The report closes with the following remark: "The outlook for the future is full of anxiety The calls on the Fund arc increasing yearly, but our resources are stationary; indeed, in the present year they have undergone a temporary diminution. At the best we have no elasticity and no reserve funds and cannot hope to grapple unaided with the vast and ever-increasing field of work lying before us. It is becoming more and more necessary that Local Boards and Municipalities should make greater efforts to raise funds themselves for this work, instead of always applying for help from the Dufferin Fund to meet a large proportion of any proposed expansion or new departure."

In Berar there has been considerable and encouraging expansion in the work daining the year. The buildings of the Amraoti and Saibai Mote hosework daining the year. The buildings of the Amraoti and Saibai Mote hosework daining the year. The buildings of the Amraoti and Saibai Mote hosework daining the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the year of the yea

towards the new hospital.

At Amraoti a new operation room costing about \$\text{R4,000}\$ was added to the hospital and much useful work was done. The Central Committee notes with special pleasure the generosity of Mr. Ramkrishna Govind Mote of Shegaon, who has now given about \$\text{R22,000}\$ to the hospital. Other generous donors are Mr. Laxmanrao Dahihandeker of Karanja, \$\text{R5,000}\$; Mr. Devising Balaram, Jamadar of Mungrul Pir, \$\text{R1,250}\$; the subscribers of Khamgaon Taluq, \$\text{R5,000}\$; and the District Board of Buldana, \$\text{R5,000}\$. In Yeotmal where a hospital will be built, \$\text{R32,000}\$ has been collected, and \$\text{R9,500}\$ has been promised. The District Board has given a grant of \$\text{R30,000}\$ as an endowment, and the Chief Commissioner has sanctioned \$\text{R10,000}\$ for buildings, and a recurring grant of \$\text{R1,200}\$ a year. Dr. J. E. George of the Women's Medical Service took up her appointment at Akola on the 1st January, and her services as Inspecting Officer of the Branch have been much appreciated.

The Bihar and Oriss: Branch has not made much headway during the year. The Bengal Branch continued its grant of £1,080 a year which they arranged to give for a period of three years. An application for £20 a month towards the Temple Medical School at Patna had to be declined for want of funds. The Bettiah-Durbhanga Dufferin Hospitals, Lady Elgin Zenana Hospital at Gaya, and Bhagalpur Dufferin Hospital continue to be the principal Institutions under the Branch.

In the Bombaj report the Provincial Committee states that another year of satisfactory work has been accomplished. The training school at the Cama and Allbless Hospitals has been run at full strength, and Miss Thacker in charge is complimented on her successful work. At a meeting of the Committee Mr. Claude Hill was nominated by Her Excellency Lady Willingdon to be Vice-President of the Association in place of Sir Narayan Chandavarkar when the latter left Bombay for Indore. Financial aid was given by the Branch during the year to the Ahmednagar Branch, the Mahikantha Agency, the Viramgaum Municipality, and the Halial Municipality.

The Committee offers its grateful thanks to the Trustees of the Wadia charities for continuing their generous contribution of \$\frac{1}{127},000\$ to the Association, and states that the gift is a source of much assistance to the branch.

The best work is reported as having been done in the Victoria Jubilee Hospital at Ahmedabad, the Dufferin Hospital at Shikarpur, and the Women's Hospitals at Sholapur and Surat.

The Buema report states that Dr. Ma Saw Sa, W.M.S., took over charge of the hospital from Dr. Maclaren, W.M.S., on the 31st March,

while Major E. R. Rost succeeded Major A. Fenton as Honorary Secretary and Treasurer in September.

The indoor patients increased in the Dufferin Hospital from 791 to 1,061, and the out-patients from 13,109 to 16,102, and 6,250 of these were Burnese women. The financial position was rather better than in the previous twelve months, and only the most urgent repairs were done in the hospital on account of the straitened condition of the Fund. The Lady Superintendent writes that the buildings are antiquated and do not meet in any sense the requirements of a modern hospital, so the Committee trusts, now that they have provided Rangoon with the services of a medical lady, that the Provincial Committee will be able to provide funds for the gradual improvement of the hospital. The Honorary Treasure of the Branch has recently issued a special appeal to the Burna public on behalf of the Dufferin Hospital, and the Central Committee hopes it will meet with the success that it deserves.

The Central Provinces report shows that the operations of the Fund were again confined to Nagjur, Jubbulpore and Saugor. In Februay a new dispensary for women was opened in Nagpur under the name of Bapu Rao Gangabai Dispensary at a cost of H11,000. This sum, as well as R1,000 for initial equipment, was generously given by the late Rao Bahadur Bapu Rao Dada, a citizen of Nagpur, and the Government and the Municipality jointly provide the cost of maintenance. The number of patients treated there in ten months was 6,492. Owing to the opening of this dispensary the patients treated in the Dafferin Hospital fell from 10,710 to 9,517. Slight rises are reported in both the Lady Elgin Hospital at Jubbulpore, and the Women's Hospital at Saugor.

The report of the Lady Elgin Hospital at Jubbulpore forwarded by the Commissioner of the Division to the Provincial Branch, draws attention to the comparatively small number of women treated there as compared with that of the General Hospital. And it also remarks that "in these parts there are very few castes or sections of the community who cannot under any circumstances be attended to by a male doctor." It is stated that Dr. H. J. C. Maclaren, M.B., of the Women's Medical Service, has recently succeeded to the charge of the hospital, and it is hoped that under her charge it will show better results. With regard to remarks in the report regarding the treatment of certain classes of women, the Central Committee would point out that the National Association exists for supplying female medical aid to the women of India incepective of class, creed or distinction of any kind. It would also state that little children have always been

allowed treatment in Dufferin Fund hospitals when they have been taken there for medical attendance.

The Madras report records progress in the work both of the Dufferin Fund itself, and of its affiliated institution, the Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital. The higher medical education of women is receiving the close attention of the Madras Branch of the Fund, and during the year six scholarships were granted for the University degree courses, two for the M. B., B. S., and four for the L. M. S.; while four students were stipended by the Fund to undergo the Intermediate Arts course preparatory to entering the University classes at the Medical College. With such help, the certainty of an assured professional future and the prospects of appointment to the Women's Medical Service for India, the Provincial Committee hope that some of the ablest women in the Presidency will in future take up the medical profession, in which their power for good work is unlimited. Everywhere in the Presidency it is stated the demand for them is a constant and pressing necessity.

The report of the Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital shows that during the year there was some falling off in the work consequent on many administrative changes.

Early in the year, Dr. Hendrie, who was very popular, resigned, and it was not till November that the permanent Superintendent, Dr. Victoria E. M. Bennett, arrived from England, Dr. G. E. Bartlett acting from April till the end of October.

The nursing staff has been strengthened by the appointment of a qualified European matron superintendent, who, with three fully trained staff nurses and six pupil midwives, provides an efficient nursing service.

The Committee has continued the successful experiment of appointing the two best Dufferin scholars to act as house surgeons in the hospital for twelve months.

The generous response to Her Excellency Lady Pentland's appeal made by a number of Indian ladies and gentlemen has enabled the Committee to complete the construction of quarters for nine nurses and an assistant superintendent, and to carry out other alterations and improvements which were urgently required to bring the hospital up to date. A sanitary installation is urgently required but its introduction has had to be postponed owing to want of funds.

Two beds in the hospital were permanantly endowed during the year, one by the Rani Sahiba of Wadhwan and the other by Mr. S. R. M. M. Ramaswami Chetty.

The Central Committee notes that the only private contributor to the Fund during the year was an Indian gentleman who gave R10, and it hopes with the Provincial Branch' that a more generous response will be made in future to the Association.

Alluding to the question of scholarships the Madras Committee writes: ---"It is greatly to be regretted that at present there are no students being

stipended by local bodies.

There has recently, as formerly, been great difficulty in obtaining lady medical practitioners to take charge of dispensaries and hospitals in the Presidency at the salaries offered. The hospitals at Bobbili, Cocanada, and Ellore have had male assistant surgeons acting from periods ranging from two to nine months, while the female side of the Municipal Hospital at Trichinopoly has been worked by a male assistant surgeon throughout the year.

The shortage of lady medical practitioners predicted in previous reports is being felt by District Boards and Municipalities, and will continue to be felt unless they stipend students, and thus obtain a claim on their services. The Committee would therefore once more urge on District Boards and Municipalities the advisability of training students for service under them after they have qualified The five years' course costs no more than R1.500." -

The Travancore State scholarship of R50 per mensem and the Bharati Lakshmi scholarship of R15 per mensem are both vacant; but the Cochin State and Hyderabad State scholarships of R50 each are held by female apothecaries.

The Provincial Committee rightly consider that the affiliation of Native States and local bodies with the Dufferin Fund, in connection with the institution of scholarships and female medical aid generally is a matter on which there should not be any doubt regarding the very great advantages to those concerned. From their large and varied experience the Committee can be of material help both in technical and in many other matters to such States and Bodies who desire to stipend students at the Medical College or obtain suitable qualified doctors for various posts and work, and a register is kept both of appointments vacant and of medical women seeking employment.

The Punjab report states that the opening balance of the Fund was R7,741 and the closing balance R11,118, while the income of the Branch from interest on investments amounted to R4,890. The Punjab Government continued their grant of R2,100, donations amounting to R1, received from private individuals, and District Boards

Towards salaries and allowances of ladies of the Indian Medical Service for women the Central Committee contributed R6,072. The Association spent R610 on scholarships and R182 on the Students' Hostel. Owing to the decision of the Lahore Medical College authorities to discontinue the teaching of women students, they were transferred to the Women's Medical College at Ludhiana from the commencement of 1914-15, and the Committee are satisfied that this new arrangement has many advantages.

The number of patients treated in the Province is satisfactory and shows in several cases substantial increases. The usual reports are submitted from the Branches, and point to good progress in more than one district.

The *United Provinces* report is a full and interesting account of good work, and shows that 28 hospitals are affiliated to the Provincial Branch and managed by Committees of the Dufferin Fund.

The in-door attendance of patients was 14,444 against 14,883 in 1913, and the out-door attendance was 336,087 against 361,150.

The number of visits paid by the Medical Women and female assistant surgeons to patients in their homes during the last three years was 5,927 in 1912, 6,390 in 1913 and 5,036 in 1914. Nainital, Fyzabad, Lucknow, Bareilly, Allahabad, and Shahjehanpur give the best results in this direction, Meerut and Cawnpur, however, give disappointing figures.

There has been no additions to the buildings during the year of the Lady Lyall and Dufferin Maternity Hospital at Agra.

The sanitation of the Women's Hospital at Aligarh, and the approaches to the private wards have been considerably improved, and the construction of the new European Maternity ward at Cawnpur, for which Government made a grant last year of £5,000, has been completed during the year. These have already been occupied by some European patients and are meeting a greatly felt want.

The Victoria Memorial wards have not been taken in hand yet, owing to some delay in the estimate to be sent in by the Public Works Department. At Cawnpur a linen room, cook room and store room are also urgently needed, and as soon as funds are available these will be erected.

Additions made during the year to the Dufferin Hospital at Kheri include a room and verandah to the Sub-Assistant Surgeon's quarters and extension of the walled-in enclosure, the enlargement of nurses' quarters, with new quarters for servants. The above additions cost R2,334 and the amount was obtained through voluntary contributions, the chief donor being.

the Rani Bijay Rai Kuar, widow of the late Thakur Raj Indra Bahadur. Singh of Mahewa who gave #1,000.

In the Dufferin Hospital, Partabgarh, additions to the Compounder's

quarters at a cost of R585 have been made.

The total Medical Staff of the United Provinces comployed at hospitals under the auspices of the Dufferin Fund is, eight English Medical Women all belonging to the Women's Medical Service for India, four Licentiates in Medicine and Surgery and fifteen certificated practitioners. Besides these, forty-seven female Sub-Assistant Surgeons are employed either in independent charge of smaller hospitals or in subordinate charge at larger hospitals under the Medical Women.

The following remarks are made regarding the Educational work of the Province:-Fourteen students appeared for the final qualifying examin-

ation in April 1914 and eleven passed.

One student who had only failed in April 1913 in medicine, passed in October 1913. Of the three failed pupils, Eve Singh and Gyscell Dysell who failed in the aggregate, will be re-examined in April next and Lukshmoni Chatterjee who failed in only one subject, viz., Midwifery, oral, will be re-examined in October next. Seven appeared at the third year Sessional Examination and all have been promoted to the fourth year class. Fourteen second year pupils appeared for the Junior Qualifying Examination. of these only five passed.

Fourteen students appeared at the first year Sessional Examination and all have been promoted to the second year class.

The excellent results of the examinations in spite of the fact that the students were absent for six weeks at an important time of the session, are considered due to the much more satisfactory way in which pupils have been working during the last year, and the better attendance at classes and lectures. This is borne out by the unusual number previously "failed" students who have succeeded in passing out this April, one failed student standing second on the pass list, and being awarded the bronze medal for general proficiency,

Of sixty-two female pupils, forty-seven remained on the roll from the previous year, and fifteen, against thirteen in the previous year, were new admissions. Of these, forty-two were Indian Christians, eighteen Hindus and two Mohammadans. Twenty-seven belonged to these Provinces, cighteen to the Punjab and seventeen were from other Provinces. Seventeen names were removed from the rolls during the year, twelve having possed the final examination, four being removed or dismissed and one having resigned. The number on the rolls at the close of the year was forty-five.

Of the seven failed pupils who were re-examined, six passed, and of the eight who appeared for their final examination, six passed.

In February 1914, with the exception of seventeen students, all the male students went "on strike" and remained absent from the school from the 14th February to the 21st March, when they unconditionally returned to work. The female students also went "on strike" for three days. In connection with this serious breach of discipline, four male students and one female student, who were the ringleaders, were dismissed, and six males and two females were rusticated for one year.

Dr. Watts as senior Medical Woman has done excellent work, being ably assisted by Drs. Houlton, Field, and Commissariat.

The question of provincialising the female branch of the Medical School at Agra, while leaving the Lady Lyall and Maternity Hospitals under the control of the Dufferin Fund Committee, is still under the consideration of the Government.

The training of nurses and compounders was continued steadily during the year, and out of 793 indigenous dais, 405 passed out in 1914. The districts showing the best results were Hardoi, Mainpuri, Badaun, Shahjehanpur, Banda and Rae Bareilly, and the total expenditure on this purpose was R6,849.

A scheme for training female compounders at Lucknow, Cawnpur, Allahabad, Benares, Moradabad, Bareilly, and Aligarh was sauctioned during the year. Twenty women's medical institutions were inspected and the working of hospitals was considered by Colonel Manifold, the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals in the Provinces, to be on the whole satisfactory.

The note by the Honorary Treasurer on the budget estimate shows a slightly improved state of affairs as compared with the previous year. A special grant of £1,01,455 is expected to be given by Government from the Oudh Rural Police Rate Fund, and £77,000 of this will be expended in carrying out certain projects suggested by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals and the balance is to be distributed as the Provincial Committee considers necessary. The Central Committee will pay the Provincial Branch £32,000 on account of pay for members of the Women's Medical Service during the year, and the Branch hopes to close the twelve months with a surplus of £2,858.

The financial statement appended shows the income and expenditure of the Central Committee for the year 1914. The credit opening balance was #20,873-12-10, and the closing balance #29,850-12-11.

The ordinary income of the Fund derived from interest on investments during the year amounted to R45,490, of which R5,094 pertains to

Trust Funds. The interest on investments of the Women's Medical Service for India amounted to R6,090.

During the year, the Government of India granted the Fund a subsidy of a lakh and a half of rupees towards meeting the cost of the "Women's Medical Service for India," half of which, etc., R75,000, together with a sum of R25,000, was invested in Government Promissory Notes which cost R94,380-0-4 or a profit of R5,610-6-8. Certain investments at 3} per cent were disposed of for a sum of R22,035-0-6 with a profit of R10-0-10.

The ordinary expenditure of the Central Committee during the year was 182,951. The expenditure on grants-in-aid towards the objects of the Association amounted to R17,320, of which the following are the principal items:—

- (1) R7,650 to the United Provinces Branch for the Agra Hospital and School;
- (2) R3,382 to the Baluchistan Branch, towards the salary of a Medical Woman at Quetta, and the expenses of the Lady Dufferin Dispensary at Fort Sandeman;
 - (3) R2,600 to the Central Provinces Branch, towards the salary of a Medical Woman at Nagpur, and maintenance of the Elgin Hospital at Jubbulpore;
 - (4) R1,560 to the Assan Branch, towards the salaries of the midwives at Dhubri, Gauhati, Goalpara and Jorhat,
- (5) R2,128 on miscellaneous grants, of which R250 was paid to the Berar Branch (R200 of this was subsequently refunded), R1,638 to the North-West Frontier Branch, and R240 towards the salary of a female compounder for the Ripon Hospital, Simla.

The charges on account of salaries of Medical Women in India, debitable direct to the Central Committee, amounted to R200.

The Committee spent R8,471 on various scholarships, R1,389 on gratuities, and R351 on travelling expenses of Medical Women in India.

The total working expenses of the Fund during the year amounted to \$15,219.

Women's Medical Service for India.

The ordinary expenditure of the Women's Medical Service for India during the year was R91,267. The expenditure on salaries of the Medical Women amounted to R75,698 including R1,550 on account of deductions for Provident Fund. Leave allowances and travelling expenses of the Medical Women amounted to R4,867 and R1,857, respectively. A sum of R624 was spent on account of house rent.

The share of Office expenses for the Women's Medical Service for India amounted to R5,219.

Permanent advances to the extent of R9,880 were made to Branches towards the pay of the Medical Women during the year. A sum of R750 was paid to the Comptroller, India Treasuries, in full adjustment of an advance of £50 received from the India Office by Dr. Barnes, W.M.S., on returning from leave in England. This amount is being recovered in instalments of R75 per mensem from Dr. Barnes' salary.

Statement showing the total income of each Provincial Branch (Subordinate Branches included) for the year 1914, and the sources whence derived, viz.:—

	(1)	(2)	(3)		(3)	(5)	(6)	
Branches.	Funds invested.	Interest from invosted funds.	Donations from the public. Receipts from entertainments, etc. Contributions to hospital building funds, etc.	Total of columns (2) and (3).	Grants from the Prov- incial Govern- ments.	Grants from Dis- trict Bonrds.	Grants from Muni- cipal funds.	Total of columns (4), (5) and (6).
Central Committee—	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Dufferin Fund, including Women's Medical Sorvice for India. Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund United Kingdom Bengal Punjab Baluchistan Baluchistan Bombay Assam Central Provinces United Provinces Burma Mysore Bihar and Orissa	8,32.058 6,52,442 31,110 19,796 1,21,900 42,100 68,201 22,800 1,53,587 3,378 1,67,394 6,36,830 14,809 11,000 61,900	46,486 29,249 1,065 637 5,530 2,458 1,126 549 92 8,691 33,767 623 2,377	5,526 40 4,035 618 6,430 32,053 1,122 7,905 180 1,295 27,964 1,346 8,730	52,012 29,289 5,100 1,255 11,960 2,468 33,179 1,671 13,577 272 9,986 61,731 1,403 623 11,107	435 4,980 1,542 4,702 5,500 5,000 2,392 45,925 33,400 3,560	 1,106 5,092 8,891 75 9,058 5,599 5,653 45,346 5,580	850 9,009 3,240 2,727 12,940 4,005 16,141 480	 2,421 19,081 13,673 7,504 27,493 13,100 12,110 1,07,412 33,490 9,620
TOTAL .	28,42,355	1,38,379	97,244	2,35,628	1,07,436	86,400	51,983	2,45,819

In concluding this Report, as the Committee think it advisable to furnish the means of estimating the value of the work done, it will be necessary to summarise some facts and figures of the operations of the Association.

Branches.—Including the United Kingdom Branch, there are fourteen Provincial Branches working under the Central Committee.

Committees.—Attached in some manner or affiliated to the Provincial Branches, there are about 140 Local and District Associations or Committees engaged in furthering the objects of the Association.

Hospitals.—It will be seen that in Appendix III statistics are given ofthe work accomplished in about .205 hospitals, wards and dispensaries of
various kinds for the treatment of women, many of which are officered by
women or have women attached to them, and a number of these institutions
are directly governed by or affiliated to the Association; many, however, are
quite independent of it; but all are doing the same work—providing female
medical relief to the women of the country.

Approximate value of Institutions.—Including the cost of hospitals built by the Fund, a large number of buildings which have been presented to it, and others maintained from independent sources, the total value of institutions engaged in furthering the objects of the Association is now computed at over 56 lakhs.

Patients.—In hospitals more or less controlled and assisted by the Association or at their homes, and in Native States, about 1,413,370 women and children received medical aid during the year under review.

Medical Women.—Eighty-two Medical Women of the first grade, 79 second grade surgeons, and 568 hospital assistants, etc., besides a large number of midwives and nurses not included in these statistics, are employed in the various zenana hospitals and institutions in India.

Pemale Students.—The Branch returns show that, including nurses and compounders, 599 women are at present studying medicine or are undergoing training of some nature in various classes of the medical colleges, schools and hospitals in the different Provinces.

Receipts.—The total secepts of the Central Committee, since the Association was incorporated, including the Women's Medical Service for India, have up to date amounted to B19,01,184. This does not include a sum of nearly seven lakhs subscribed towards the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund which was inaugurated by Lady Curzon in 1901-02.

Disbursements. — A sum of R8,88,551 has been re-allotted by the Central Committee to Provincial Branches, or expended in grants-in-aid within their

limits for various objects. This includes a sum of R86,047 on account of the Women's Medical Service for India.

Investments.—The amount now invested by the Central Committee, Provincial and District Branches, is R28,42,355, including R2,00,000 on account of the Women's Medical Service for India.

United Kingdom Branch.—The Report of the United Kingdom Branch for 1913 shows that the amount received by it in subscriptions and donations was £257. It also has an invested fund of £2,274.

Simba: 15th July 1915. J. R. ROBERTS,

Honorary Secretary.

Annexure I.

(Extract from "The Times," London, 19th February 1915.)

The Duchess of Marlborough was in the chair yesterday at a meeting held at Sunderland House to promote the extension of the London (Royal Free Hospital) School of Medicine for Women.

The Duchess of Marlborough said that those who had read the interesting correspondence and articles recently published in The Times containing, among others, letters from Dr. Mary Scharlieb and Mr. Howard Marsh, Professor of Surgery at Cambridge University, would need no further testimony to convince them that a dearth of doctors already existed and that there was every indication that a famine in doctors was likely to occur. The Times had pointed out that the immediate cause of the difficulty was, of course, the war. But long before the war the situation gave rise to anxiety. The Insurance Act, the Public Medical Service, the Medical Inspection of Schools Service had drawn more and more medical men into what might be called the administrative work of the profession, and thus left fewer for its active practice. It was calculated that, unless the present tendency was checked, the number of young qualified medical practitioners added yearly to the ranks of the profession would during the next few years be from 200 to 300 less than before, an equivalent of about 25 per cent. of the average number annually added to the medical register on qualification.

The time was therefore ripe for serious and immediate action, and in advancing the claims of medical women to a wider and more generous public support, help would be given towards solving the problem created by this emergency. How are they to facilitate a greater supply of women doctors? The number of women on the British Medical Register had increased from two, 40 years ago, to about 1,000 at the present time, of whom over 600 were former students of the London (R.F.H.)-School of Medicine for Women. For this school the present appeal was being made. It was the only centre for the medical education of women in London. The annual entry had doubled during the past six years, 220 students were now in attendance, and as the number desiring entry was greatly in excess of the accommodation, it was now desired to increase that accommodation to 375. An adjoining site had been secured and plans for enlargement had been approved. This would provide space for the additions to the laboratorics, new sessarch rooms, and additional lecture rooms.

urgently needed both for the growing number of students and also for the demands caused by the present stimulation, brought about by the need for the greater supply of doctors. £25,000 was needed for the additional buildings and their equipment. Of this, £5,000 had already been subscribed.

Need for Clinical Experience.

But, apart from money, the present appeal was also for greater clinical experience for women, especially in hospitals devoted to women and children. Furthermore, it was essential to have staff appointments open to men and women alike. In asking for wider opportunities for this medical training and clinical experience it had to be remembered that the work open to women was far in advance of the supply of 'women doctors. In public departments, sanatoria, Poor Law institutions, hospitals, both in this country and India, and as medical missionaries all over the world, women doctors were working in ever-growing numbers. There was very special need for them among thousands of women who preferred to be treated by their own sex and who in many cases preferred to forego operations rather than be attended by a man.

"I do most earnestly hope," concluded the Duchess of Marlborough, "that this meeting may be the means of not only collecting the sum required for enlarging and for the additional equipment of the London School of Medicine for Women, but that it may press the need for wider opportunities of clinical experience for medical women and the opening of staff appointments to men and women alike."

Women Doctors at the Front.

Surgeon-General Sir Alfred Keogh, K.C.B., said that he yielded to none in admiration of the work done by the London School of Medicine for Women. It stood as an example of what could be done for higher education in medicine generally. The standard was so high that students were fitted to take up not merely ordinary practice, but also public work which requires far more than technical knowledge.

He had received numbers of unsolicited letters from Paris and Boulogne, which stated that the work of women doctors at the front was beyond all praise; it was an example of how such work ought to be done. So impressed had he been that he had asked two of the staff from Paris and Boulogne to come here and do bigger work. He had asked them to take charge of a hospital of 500 beds and, if they pleased, of a hospital of 1,000

beds. (Cheers). It was the duty of every one to help the medical education of women; it was a service given to the country.

Dr. Mary Scharlieb spoke of the urgent necessity for women doctors in the femile wards of lunatic asylums and prisons. In the latter it was found that where a woman doctor was employed the prisoners were better behaved. Qualified women were also urgently needed in India, China, Japan, and all Muhammadan countries. Only they could break down the invincible ignorance of the plague-stricken female population of India. Work among these women was greatly hampered because of the dearth of women doctors. At present there was no inducement for a woman, unless filled with mission-

ary zcal, to go to these countries; her prospects were far greater at home.

Dr Florence Willey, Dr. Wimifred Cullis, and Mr. F D. Acland (Chairman of the Council) also addressed the meeting.

ANNEXURE II.

(Extract from "Daily Telegraph," 25th March 1915.)

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN'S VISIT TO LONDON MEDICAL SCHOOL.

In various ways the Queen has manifested much interest in the Medical education of ladies, and yesterday afternoon Her Majesty, accompanied by Princess Alexander of Teck, and attended by Lady Northcote and Lady Mary Trefuses, paid a visit to the London School of Medicine for Women. Princess Alexander has promised to distribute the prizes to the students of the school in June next, and, together with the Duchess of Albany, has evinced practical sympathy in the movement for the extension of the school.

By Her Majesty's desire, her visit was strictly private and informal. The Queen wished that there should be no change whatever in the normal course of the afternoon's proceedings, and that the students should be attending their usual classes and demonstration. To conduct Her Majesty round and explain the various departments were Miss Aldrich Blake, M.D., M.S. (Dean of the School), Dr. Mary Scharlieb, Dr. May Thorne, and Miss L. Brooks (Secretary). The Royal party arrived at a quarter to three, and it had been intimated previously that the visit would last about three-quarters of an hour. As it turned out, that time was considerably exceeded as the Queen stayed in several of the laboratories for many minutes.

In the Laboratories.

The chemistry rooms were the first to be visited, and here the Queen conversed with some of the students. A demonstration in physiology was taking place in that department, and in this Her Majesty paused to listen with much interest to the lecturer, who was dealing with the complex mechanism of the heart, illustrating it with specimens of that organ taken from rabbits. The methods of testing blood pressure also secured much attention from the Queen. Some little hesitation was felt as to whether the Queen might wish to see the anatomical museum, with its valuable series of specimens and dissections, but the question was soon decided, and many items of the collection claimed her special attention.

In the biology classes the subject of the afternoon's study was the dogfish. The Queen asked what was the reason that this had been chosen, and was much amused at the frank reply that the selection was due to its cheapacss. Then came a visit to the well-arranged library, and from the windows the Queen was able to see where the new extensions would be made which have become necessary owing to the increasing numbers of students. The inspection of the departments of Pharmacy and Materia Medica was also exhaustive. The School of Medicine for Women is one of the very few medical schools in the Kingdom with a department of pharmacology, and perhaps nothing in all her long round interested the Queen more than its beautiful and complete equipment for the study of the effects of drugs and medicines upon the natural organism

Tea was awaiting in the handsome common room, where the tables were bright with daffolds and spring flowers. Here the Queen talked to many of the students, and heard from one and another of the delightful social life that is a feature of the school, and of the big library of popular fiction that it possesses, as well as of the bright and cheery monthly dances that take place. The students themselves were delighted with the obvious interest that Her Majesty displayed regarding themselves.

War Services.

In the course of her visit the Queen asked of the distinguished women physicians and surgeons at her side many questions as to the openings there are for women in the medical profession. Her Majesty was, of course, well aware how Dr. Louisa Garrett Anderson and Dr. Flora Murray had not only won the approval of the Army Medical Department in France, but had been asked specially to return to England to take over the charge of a military hospital of not less than 500 beds. The further information could be given that the buildings assigned to these hadies are those of the erstwhile infirmary in Endell-street. It would seem, however, that little more than the outer walls will remain when Dr Garrett Anderson and Dr. Murray have carried out their plans, as they intend that the building shall be as perfect as science can make it for the treatment of sick or wounded men.

Miss Aldrich Blake has herself been in France, and was able, therefore, to give the Queen much information as to what medical women had done in the various capacities in which they had served. Her Majesty before leaving said how pleased she had been with her visit, which has left behind it a sense of real encouragement as to the future of women in the profession. Already there are indications of further large entries of students in the autumn. The response to the appeal for the new buildings is quite as satisfactory as was anticipated at such a time, and as a result of the great success of the meeting on its behalf at Sunderland House, the Duchess of Maribouogh has joined the Committee as Honorary Treasurer.

Annexure III.

A Medical College and Hospital for Women, and a Training School for Nurses at Delhi.

Hitherto there has been no Medical College exclusively for women in India. In these circumstances instruction in medical subjects has to be given in mixed classes at men's colleges, with the result that women of the right type will not come forward in sufficient numbers, and that, to obtain the more highly qualified hady practitioners, it is necessary to recruit to some extent from England. It is also necessary at present to send Indian medical students to England to complete their studies. This is considered a waste of power, and in order to remedy this state of affairs a scheme is being developed providing in India the necessary machinery for training the women of the country to supply the existing demand for female doctors and nurses.

- 2. The scheme provides for the establishment at Delhi of a College, with its attendant hospital, in which women will be taught by women to attend on women. Delhi has been chosen, first, because it was the scene of Their Imperial Majesties' memorable Durbar and the subscribers wish to commemorate Her Imperial Majesty's visit by the foundation of a Medical College and Hospital for Women; and, secondly, because, to possess a successful College, it is necessary to have in connection with it a well-filled hospital, which is alone possible in a big city. Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Lucknow and Lahore already have big Medical Colleges and Hospitals. Delhi still lacks one. The building of this college has now commenced and it is hoped that by next cold weather the administrative block, the Principal's and one Professor's bungalow, a hospital unit and the student's hostel will be completed.
- 3. It has also been decided to attach to the College and Hospital, under the same general management, but as a separate institution, the Training School for Nurses, for which the late Lady Hardinge of Penshurst has already collected, or has been promised, a sum of approximately R1,25,000. This Training School will bear Lady Hardinge's name. The supply of trained nurses in India is unequal to the demand. This School is especially intended to train Indian women as nurses and midwives, and to send them out to hospitals and dispensaries, where they will be able to work among Indian women. If this should succeed, it is intended, in conjunction with training centres, in the hospitals of other localities throughout India to

establish an order of Indian nurses, who with their families (if widows) will be maintained in nurses' homes attached to the hospitals, and will be available for nursing in private families as well as in public institutions

- 4 On a rough calculation, and subject to the preparation of detailed plans and estimates, it is believed that the initial cost of-
 - (1) a College for 100 students;
 - (2) a Hospital with 150 beds; and
 - (3) a Training School, to take in 25 qualified nurses, and the same number of probationers

would be about 201 lakes of rupees, exclusive of the value of the site occupied. This sum has been arrived at as follows:—

							10
	College group			,			3,21,000
	Hospital group						6,69,000
•	Residential group						5,40,000
	Miscellaneous	,					5,18,000
					'To	TAL	20,48,000

- 5. It is believed that the annual maintenance charges will amount approximately to one lakh of rapoes a year. This calculation is based on the actual expenditure of similar institutions elsewhere.
- 6. To finance the project there is in hand, or has been promised, 111,25,000 for the Training School for nurses. For the remaining amount required to build the College and Hospital, about fourteen lakes has already been found. A site of 51 acres has been allotted by the Government of India in new Delhi for the Medical College buildings. Lady Hardinge laid the foundation stone of these buildings on the 7th March 1914.
- 7. Further, it is intended to arrange that donors of R1,00,900 or over shall be allowed, if they so wish—
 - (t) to designate definite buildings or parts of buildings as memorials and to name them as they may desire;
 - (ii) to receive special privileges in the way of accommodation in the College or Hospital for their nominees; and
 - (iii) to become Honorary Patrons of the Institution.

It may be possible to concode similar privileges to defines of under \$11,00,000; but until the details have been further worked out, it is not comsidered safe to make any promise as to this. The following donations have been promised or realised for Lady Hardinge's Eund for the establishment of a Medical College for Women and Nursing Institute at Delhi up to the end of 1913, and further subscriptions are being collected.

		11
H. H. the Maharaja of Jaipur		. 3,00,000
H. H. the Maharaja Scindin of Hwalior		. 2,00,000
H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala		1,25,000
H. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad .		. 1,00,000
H. H. the Maharaja Gaskwar of Bareda		. 1,00,000
II. II. the Maharana of Udaipur		. 1,00,000
Jodhpur Durbar through H. H. the	: Mahar:	ija
Sir Partab Singh	•	. 1,00,000
H. H. the Mahamo of Kotah	•	. 1,00,000
II. II. the Maharani of Hutwa		. 1,00,000
H. H. the Maharaja of Darbhanga		. 58,437
H. H. the Maharaja Holkar		. 56,000
H. H. the Begum of Bhopal		. 30,000
Their Highnesses the Dowager Maharani	and Make	!-
rani of Gwalior		. 30,000
H. M. Wadia Trust		. 25,000
H. H. the Dowager Begum Aga Khan	•	. 20,000
H. H. tho Aga Khan		. 15,000
Lieutenant-Colonel H. Smith	•	. 500
T	OTAL .	14,53,937

A promise has also been received of an annual subscription of R3,500 from His Highness the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir, being the interest on a lakh in perpetuity, and Rai Bahadur S. Narayan Singh of Patiala has offered a contribution of R10,000 towards a hostel for Sikh students.

The Committee which is controlling the construction of the College consists of the following members:—

Chairman: The Hon'ble Surgeon-General Sir C. P. Lukis, K.C.S.I., K.H.S., M.D.

Members: The Hon'ble Mr. Malcolm Hailey, C.I.E.

Mr. H. T. Keeling.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir James Roberts, Kt., C.I.E.

Dr. K. A. Platt, M.B., B.S., W.M.S., the Lady Principal-Elect.

Mr. J. Begg, F.R.I., B.A., and

Mr. C. W. E. Cotton (Hony. Secretary).

Dr. Platt has proceeded to Europe to select certain members for the staff.

ANNEXURE IV.

Inspection Report by Dr. K.-A. Platt, M.B., B.S., W.M.S.

"During the months of November and December 1914 I visited Agra, Lahore, Amritsur, Ludhiana, Ferozepur, Sangrur (Jhind State), Patiala, and Lucknow.

The objects of my tour were, first,—to visit those zenama hospitals in these places which were in charge of members of the W.M.S.; second,—to see the existing medical schools for women; third—to ascertain the possibilities in Northern India of girls being educated to the standard fixed for entrance to the Lady Hardings Medical College at Delhi.

(a) The hospitals in charge of members of the Service are, without exception, doing excellent work. One point, however, which is very evident is that in almost every case the work is being limited in value and extent by inadequacy of the nursing staff. There is but one opinion as to the vital necessity of providing India with trained sick nurses and midwives, and it seems at thospitals under the Dufferin Association are not doing nearly as much.

as to increase the supply of these. Two main difficulties come in the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the common of the co

resources helps to its utmost, and it seems most desirable that efforts should be made locally to supplement the annual grants.

Most of the girls who take up nursing as a profession are up to the present, in many cases, Indian Christians or Anglo-Indians. Missionaries are reluctant to allow their girls to be trained in the Dufferin Hospitals, on the ground that in these hospitals the girls are not well-kohed after, and are allowed a greater liberty than is consistent with their normal series. There is some ground for this lack of confidence, but if conditions are inground, doubtless missionaries will entrust their girls of the latter than to the arrest of the Superintendents. In a zenana bespital it ought ext to be a unitar of any difficulty to adequately guard and to train a girl to become a responsible member of society.

The period of training in some of the hospitals has been entended to three years. This is the shortest possible time in which an Indian cr Anglo-Indian girl can be made into an intelligent, responsible and well-disciplined nurse in whom habits of order and chandings have become second nature.

During this time constant oversight and training are necessary. In order that this may be given, the Superintendent should be aided by an adequate staff of well-trained nurses, the number of these being proportionate to the size of the hospital and the number of probationers in training. It is in the payment of a fair salary to a competent staff or charge nurses that the additional expense will come in.

The training of the indigenous dai or of a class of Christian or other women who would undertake the duties of a dai for similar fees is a work that has been taken up with varying success. It is a most important though disheartening work. Those who come into contact with the work of the indigenous dai before and after she has received training are very emphatic on one point. The dai, unless some system of registration and supervision is adopted, will inevitably revert to hereditary habits and methods. The force of public opinion and the wishes and demands of her patients' friends will ensure this, even if her own inclinations do not.

In several places, as for instance Amritsar, Bhopal, Nagpur, and Patiala, an attempt is being made to render registration and after-supervision compulsory. One will await results with much interest.

One very practical suggestion which is heing carried out in Nagpur is the establishment, in connection with each class of dais, of an elementary school for their children. The school is not of the ordinary type, but is run rather on the lines of the Montessori system, special attention being given to the cultivation of the senses, and to the inculcation of habits of cleanliness and neatness. In starting a school of this type it may be necessary to offer to the mother a small dole for each attendance to induce her to allow her children to go to the school. The children of the ordinary dai are not of the class who attend ordinary Government or Mission schools, and they begin to make acquaintance with the details of their professional work at an early age.

(b) The Medical College at Ludhiana, which is primarily a missionary enterprise in which the staff consists entirely of well-qualified medical women, is an admirable and flourishing institution. The students are mainly, though not entirely, Christians. They study for the subordinate medical degrees and certificates.

The Medical School for Women at Agra is under Major O'Meara, the Principal of the Agra Medical School. On the teaching staff are four medical women, two of whom are members of the W.M.S. While one appreciates the really excellent work which is being done by the staff, one cannot but realize that the conditions there for the training of medical women are far from being ideal. An outsider can form but little idea of

the difficulties of training a number of partially educated young girls, whose up bringing perhaps has not been of the most desirable character in a mixed medical school. Every effort is made to secure supervision, and separate classes are held for the girls, but with a limited staff of women and the same laboratories and school buildings it is impossible to protect and train the girls as one would desire.

(c) There are good girls' schools in Lahore, Amritsar, Lucknow, and Agra. There are mission schools of the High School grade, which educate the girls to the standard of the Matriculation or equivalent examination. The standard fixed for entrance to the Lady Hardinge Medical School at Delhi, is the Intermediate Arts or Science Examination. The Forman Christian College at Lucknow prepare girls for the Art and Science degrees, so any girl wishing to enter the Lady Hardinge Medical School could be prepared for the Intermediate Examinations at either of these colleges. The Forman College is a mixed institution, but it is hoped that special classes in Science may be arranged for girls in connection with the Kinnaird Girls' High School, at hours in which the laboratories are not open to men students. The Thoburn College at Lucknow is a fine and well-managed institution, where admirable tuition may be obtained.

At Ferozepur and Jullundar there are two large Arya Samaj schools for girls, which are of the High School standard.

At Ferozepur also there are two excellent institutions for Sikh girls, a school and a college. It is hoped that the Arya Samnj and the Sikh communities will arrange that their curriculum may be extended to the F.A. Standard.

In Northern India the standard of girls' education generally is not high. While there are very good High Schools, none of these are provided with mathematic or science teachers so that a girl who wishes to take up professional work finds much difficulty in obtaining the requisite tuition. It is hoped that in Imperial Delhi a good girls' school may be provided. This school sbould have hostels for girls of different races or religion and should have a staff of well-trained teachers. Such a school, besides being of great benefit to Northern India generally, would act as a feeder to the Lady Hardinge Medical School."



THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND, CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Statements of Accounts for the year 1914.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Accounts of Receipts and Payments of the Central Committee

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for no of Enoton	A parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the parties of the part	
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Teast Accounters	The track the separate enterpoint of artificial in the	્રકાર્ક્સ, ≒ાક
Honey Fameett Unise	165 2 0	
rie Direkan Manockjee Petit,	165 2 D	
rir John Mult	250 3 6	
tishirist delalarthism		
•	N 00.00 at 0.0	5,604 9 7
facritacula m m	1	
Sate-proceeds of lovestments	a · d	
sweep rase storium -	de nade en en en	
Refined of advance by Victoria Menorial Schularship Fund	6,000 0	
the fund of advance for setting up office in Delhi	તાઝ છ લ	391A 11 II
Teastria old—		6,300 0 0
Refund of grant-in aid by Berar Branch	19 12 0	
Ditto ditto	149 10 0	
		199 6 θ
		-
Carried uver .		73,295 4 9

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1914.

PAYMENTS	Details.	TOTAL
	B a. p	# a. p.
In pesiments-	1	1
Purchase of 34 per cent Government Promissory Notes .	24,217 12 7)
		24,217 12 7
Objects of Fund. Grants-in sid, United Provinces Branch	7,650 0 0	
Herar Branch	7,650 0 0 250 0 0	1
Baluchistan Branch		Į.
Central Provinces Branch	2,000 0 0	1
North-West Frontier Province Branch	1,638 11 4	
Assam Branch	1,500 0 0	1
Miscellaneous	(240 0 0	į.
	(17,320 11 4
Scholarships-		1,020 11 4
		I
Central Committee	6,095 0 0	ł
Sir Dinshaw Maneckice Petit		1
Sir John Muir	240 0 0 408 0 0	l
bu addit man	408 0 0	l .
		8,471 0 0
Gradulites, uncluding Books and Medats Englash Medical Women under Central Commutee Travelling Expenses of Medical Women in Indus Henry Fascott Prites	1,389 7 0 200 0 0 354 8 0	
		1,943 15 0
Expenses of Fund-	ł	
Advertisements and Printing	1	1
	63 0 3	
	71 1 4	
	75 0 0	
	1,011 11 3	
	305 7 5	ľ
Office Building		i
	1	5,219 11 8
		אוד הושיה ו
	(
	l	
Suspense Account-	1	
Advance for Office purposes	300 0 D	300 0 0
		200 0 0
	1 i	l
•	1	
	1	
	1	57,473 2 7
Carned over .		57.473 2 7

Account of Receipts and Paymonts of the Central Committee

Parangos		} tetalle	Torks.
Sie Lat.	fivel .	H 3. P.	ll a. p
Wamen's Medical Service for India	ن		
Salusty for each appropriate		1,24,000 0 0	13000 0 0
Inocitius ale			
rategoricals of Armstorite by per east. Provide by Nobes	florerna ruk	द्रस्थक छ ।	
fatocrafic of forcationals		6) 90 13 T	S0,125 13 10
Pearitiat fundim			
In carlo	. 11720-11-0	•••	***
By defection from salary, etc	H4584-1-10	5,740 ly 10	5,336-12-10
Refueda		-	
Refund of advance by Bongal Branch .		560 0 0	
Ditto by Dr. Barnes, W.M.S.		75 O O	635 0 0
	TOTAL	•••	2,59,393 15 6

SIMLA:

The 15th July 1915.

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund during the year 1914-concild.

PATMENTS.			.	Deta	ils		TOTA	ı.	
			-	Ð	a.	p	B o		p.
Women's Medical Service for India	ght forw	ard					57,473	2	7
			- 1				}		
Salaries of Medical Women . R74	,118 6	G	- 1		•		1		
Ditto deducted on account of Provident Fund	580 1	10		78,698	8	4	78,698	8	4
Leave allowances				4,867	8	0	1		
Travelling expenses				1,857	4	0	1		
House rent for Medical Women .				624	3	1	7,348	15	1
Office Expenses-									
Telegrams				63	0	3	ĺ		
Postage and Receipt Stamps				71	1	5	l		
Commission on realizing interest, etc				305	7	6	1		
Salaries and Wages and Travelling exper	ses of o	ffice		3,093	7	4	l		
House rent for Office establishment				75	0	0	ĺ		
Office contingencies				1,011	11	3	5,219	11	y
Advances to-									
Brauches			-	9,890	0	0	[
Dr. Barnes		٠		750	0	n	10,630	U	0
Investments-							1		
Purchase of 31 per cent, Government Prom	issury N	otes	-				70,171 1	2	9
	To	TAL					3,29,543	2	6
Cash balance on 31st December 1914 .							29,850 1	2 1	ii
•	To	L					2,59,393 1	5	5

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,

Honorary Treasurer-

Progressive Account of the Central Committee of the Countess

		lsci	irts.						Ledger folio.	Ame	uut.	
										R	Œ	, p.
Incase of Funda-												
जेकोन्दर्भाई देखाम अन	I Donation	is, 1.	dfe Uo	u.cill	013	•	4	•	91	3,59,600	, û	Ð
Ditta	ditto	Li	fe Ma	ulican	•	•			35	1,18,061	2	11
Ditto	dista	М	iscellan	ikusia	•	•	•		34	2,54,568	13	6
Contributions fr	.m Uranch	L à	•	٠				-	371	32,157	15	5
Collections in En	gland.				•	•		•	29	31,787	1	9
Sundry Receipts	•		•		•	•		•	113	1,762	1	ű
Interest on Inves	tautes (er	cept	Teast	Aco	(ctata	•		.:	377	7,92,416	8	5
								-		15,59,756	13	U
United Kingdom Br	or no V											
												_
Рамаде-тэнеу в	Howances		٠		•	•	•	•	232		12	Б —
Trust Accounts-												
Sir Diushaw Mas	ackjes Pel	ht	•		•	•			200	6,439	9	.1
Sir John Muir				•	•	•	•		120	11,226	13 1	.1
Henry Fawcett I	rizes.			•	•		•		369	9,656	3 1	.l
Gilchrist Scholar	abips .		•	•	•	•	•	•	319	2,800	2 1	0
ŕ										30,122	13	U
					Car	ried o	ver	•	1	6,20,478	б	6



of Dufferin's Fund up to the 31st December 1914.

Expenditure.			Ledger folio.	Amount.
Investments-				R a. p.
' Loan at 6 per cent to Bengal Court of Wards	, Shak	arpura	363	1,96,000 0 0
• •		. '	358	2,45,000 0 0
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			363	54,000 0 D
•			173	53,194 10 8
			881	82,058 3 11
Not charge on adjustment of former investments		}	290	6,30,252 14 7 27,982 11 4
Objects of Fund-		į		
Scholarships			354	81,997 2 9
Grants-in-aid, Miscellaneous	•	٠ - ١	150	81,907 2 9 21,247 8 2
Bengal Branch	•	. !	284	21,247 8 2 43,651 4 8
United Provinces Branch	•	1 1	345	2,99,319 3 9
Punjah Branch	•	: :1	269	80,469 7 7
Assam Branch		: :	348	24,907 4 2
Central Provinces Branch		: :1	361	64,170 12 11
Burma Branch		. :1	216	15,104 11 0
Berar Brauch			257	12,802 5 0
Chota Nagpur Branch			228	1,000 0 0
Bombay Branch			213	2790 0 0
Madras Branch			251	11,358 13 3
Mysore and Coorg Branch .			278	7 610 0 0
Baluchistan Brauch		• •	379	32,728 2 7
Karachi Branch	•		293	- 6,000 O U
Sholapur Branch	•		286	2100 0 0
Shikarpur Bianch Panch Mahals and Rewa Kantha Br			273 213	433 11 4
Surat Branch	эпспов	•	325	1500 0 0
North-West Frontier Branch	•	• • •	57	12 14 6
	•		-31	7=7-45 10 0
		[148	11ub 3 9
			236	£25 7 1
		• • }	3.07 J	1 0 1
		1	=== !	ن ٥ مکت
United Kingdom Branch-		- 1	j	32.502 10 11
Salarics and Travelling Expenses of Medical Wome	a in In	i .	2:00	2545 2 2
Expenses of Fund-		1	ī	
Advertisements and Printing			= 1	43.0
Telegrams	: :	•	#756 I	
		-	773	
	- I	_	- ES (-	
	. :	-	== ·	E. C. (2.2)
******* ***** * * ***** *	-		230	1 1 1
Permanent Advances			224	37 . 4
Photographs for Annual Reports Commission on realizing Interest, etc.		٠,	220	1 1 1
Office Building	-	•	ವಿಶಿಷ	11. 1
and natural		~ -	236	1 m. E .
C		•	~3	- C
Suspense Account	-	- ;	-15	Tie.
		•	~	
Serve	200			=

RECEIPTS.	ve Account of the Central	7	or the Counter
		Ledger folio.	Amount.
Women's Medical Service for India—	Brought forward .		R a. p.
Subsidy from Government Investments		383 3	5,00,000 _{0 0}
Interest on investments Frovident Fund—		395 6	- 5,090 13 4
Contribution by Medical Women " by Association Interest for year ending 31st December 1914	· R5,336 12 10 · R ³ ,644 8 7	390 9,1	32 14 9
 'a			
·			

The 15th July 1915.

of Dufferin's Fund up to the 31st December 1914 -concld.

Expanditurs.				i	· Ledger folio	Tota	ı	
	Brough	t forw	ard			# 16,11,218		p. 10
Women's Medical Service for India -	•							
Investments-				-		1		
Government scennices 3; per cent Notes.	Governme.	nt P	minite ~	зогу	391	1,89,574	3	9
Objects of Fund-					}	1		
Salaries of Medical Women					- 387	78,698	8	4
Leave allowances of ditto					285	4,867	8	0
Travelling Expenses of ditto					384	1,857	1	Q
House rent for ditto					386	624	3	1
Office expenses-						86,047	7	5
Telegrams	:				399	63	0	3
Postage and Receipt Stamps .					400	71	1	5
*Commission on realizing interest, etc.					401	305	7	6
Salaries and Wages and Travelling exp	enses of o	fice			396	3,693	7	4
House rent for office establishment					397	75	0	0
Office Contingencies					398	1,011	11	3
Adeasces -					ĺ	5,219	11	9
To Branches					380	9,320	0	0
To Medical Women (Dr. Barnes) .	•				403	675	0	0
Liabilities	•					9,995	0	ō
Contributions by Association to We Provident Fund.	meu's M	dical	Ser	vice	393	3,614	8	7
Interest payable on sitto					393	151	9	4
						3,798	1	11
-		To	IAL	•		19,05,851	5	8
Cash Bilance on 31st December 1914 .				-		29,850	12	11,
December 1914.	•	To	rat	<u>.</u>		19,35,702	3	7

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel, Honorary Treasurer.

•		5
	22.50	
•	200000	

	Nomi	Nominal value.	Cost.
Countess of Dufferin's Fund.		H a. p.	H a. p.
Loan at 6 per cent. per annum to Bengal Court of Wards, Shakarpuna Bstate	1,9(0 0 000'96'1	1,96,000 0 0
Loan at 6 per cent, per annum to Phukailash Court of Wards Listate	. 2,48	2,45,600 0 0	2,45,000 0 0
Loan at 6 per cent, per annum to Ghulam Rabbani Court of Wards Estate	. ຜິ	0 0 000'F9	64,000 0 0
8½ per cent. Government Promissory Notes	ಡ _,	. 55,000 0 0	63,194 10 8
Loan at 6 per cent, per annum to Kumar Gopika Ruman Roy Court of Wards Estate [Promote Relation Research Parties.]		82,058 3 11	82,058 3 11
3½ per cent, Government Promissory Notes)0,2	2,00,000 0 0	1,89,574 3 9
TOTAL	8,3:	8,32,058 3 11	8,19,827 2 4

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,

Honorary Treasurer.

The 15th July 1915.

APPENDIX I.

Students studying in the Provincial Medical Colleges and Schools of Medicine in India.

- Medical C	olles prial	e, Se Clas	iool s	or	University Course.	Assistant Surgeon or Medical Prac- tritioner Class,	Sub-Assistant Surgions	Midwifery, Nursing or Compounding classes, or attending lectures.
					1	l		
Poons .						ĺ		
Ahmedahad			•	•	-	٠.		11
Allahabad	•		•			-)	11
Адта.			•				55	11
Bombay			•	٠	41	6		29
Calcutta					21 ,	3	15	111
Madras .			•		12	22		10
Lahore .						3		4
Patns .							j 1	1
Burma .						5	1	37
Hyderabad	(Smc	i) .					[4
Lucknow					4	1	ĺ	111
Mysore							i	្ន
Dacca							5	8
Hyderabad (Deo	cau}				3	3	10
Cuttack					·		١ ،	3
Benares						-	!	ء ا
Patisla .					ــــا		1	111
Nagpur .					-	1	i	[8
Bharatpur							{	3
Surat .					i ".	-		3
Quilon .						· -	·	12
Bhopal .							(5
Karachi								19
Bangalore			:					5
Bhagalpur						-		2
Amraoti								, 6
Dibrugarh								27
Bettiab						-		7
Indore	,			•			-	19
			•	•			1	
								300
		Tor	AL		81	43	85	300
	_					1		

APPENDIX II.

)

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association.

Name of heapital, dispensary, word.	or	Ho	W OBTAINED.
building enhacted in any way wit the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).	h Approximate value of same.	Bailt by Fund.	Prosented and by whom (or otherwise).
	Assam.		
	R		
SILCHAR . 17	(1 714		Built by Local Board.
GOALPARA . Medical Woman			Rani of Bijni. Built by Local Board.
GAUHATI . Quarters. GAUHATI . Women's Ward .	200 3,5(4)		Built by Government,
GRCHAIT.		,,,,,,,	Local Board and Muni-
15.22.1			cipality. Built by Local Board.
Jounar . Medical Woma.	n's 1,000	*****	Dune by nocal nation.
Got Aduar . Midwife's quarters	320	****	29 39 39
DIBRUGARE . T. W. M. W. Man'	3,000 1,500	*** ***	29 29 19 *
STLUET . Medical Woman' SUNAMOANJ. quarters.	2,000	•••••	11 11 11 12 12 14
SUNAMOANJ. Women's Ward .	1,000	****	70. 777 10 3.00
SYLHET . King Edward Ward	3000	*****	King Edward Memorial Fund.
TOTAL	18,501		
-w	Baluchistan		
	R		
QUETTA . Lady Sandeman Zona	ma 9,620	By Municipa- lity and Fund.	
Sint Dispensary. MacIvor Hospital a	ud 1,465		R. S. Sant Singh, Con-
quarters.	[]		tractor, Provincial Revenues and Dispen-
	1		sary Fund.
ZIAHAT Women's Disponsa	ry 5,612		Public Works Depart-
FOUT SANDE- Zennua Hospital	7,959		ment. In part by Bazar Fund
MAN.	.,		and by Manladad Khan
TOTAL	21,656		Nasir in 1910.
·		ı	
	Bihar and Oris	ssa,	
	R		
(Lady Elgin Zena	ma 61,813 ;	Yes.	
G.m. Hoypital.			Proceeded by Pain Pare
Medical Woman's ro	si- 10,000		Presented by Raja Ram- eswar Prasad Narayan
MONGUER Lady Mackenzie Zenz	na 7,839		Singh of Muksudpur. Presented by Raja Kama-
Monghyn . Lady Mackenzie Zeitz Hospital, Morghyr.		į	leswari Prasad Singh.
		Ì	The donor has agreed that this building be
			used as female ward of
		Ì	the Monghyr District Hospital.

HOW OBTAINED

Built by Fund

Presented and by

whom (or otherwise).

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association-contd.

Approximate

value of

ьате

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the

Association or not).

•	Bihar	and Orissa-	-conclet.	
Bijagalpur.	Rani Shibatarini Hos- pital including the Dais' and Com- pounders' quarters.	17,228		The Hospital was presented by Raja Shib Chandra Banerjee and the Dais' and Compounders' quarters by the Bana-
	Victoria Memorial .	25,000		Raised by subscription from the public of Bha- galour as a Memorial
DECORAR .	Deoghar Charity Hos- pital, Women's block.	About 7,000		to the late Queen. Funds raised by public subscriptions to commemorate the coronation of Their Imperial
{	Total .	1,31,580		Majesties.
		Bengal,		
		R		
BANKURA .	Lady Dufferin Zenana		Partly.	t.
DANNUEZ .	Hospital.	G.84,389	Yes	
CALCUTTA .	riz Hospital. The Surnomoyee Hos- tel.	50,000		Presented by Maha- rani Surnomoyee as boarding house for
	Lady Ellioft Hostel .	25,000	··	female students Built by special subscrip- tion
Dace	Lady Dufferin Women's	18,769	Yсs.	alon
BERUAM-	Hospital Victoria Zemana Hos- pital.	9,000		Built by subscription and donation The building was purchased
	Women's Ward (accommodation of 12 beds for m-	5,600	Yes	for R20,000 by Raja Bahadur of Lulgola and presented to the Dis- pensary Committee.
CHITTAGONG	patients). One building with one bed.	3,339	 "	Presented by the Hon'ble Mr. Upendra
	Medical Woman's	1,500	Yes.	Lal Rai, Zamindar and Merchant, Chittagong.
	Midwife's quarters .	1,700 9,717	Yes.	The site was presented
Biasura .	Lady Carzon Zenana Hospital			by Government
	(Mrs. Caretairs' Cottage	2,193	Yes	Purchased at a cost of R594-1 6. The landlord
	Taherunnessa Zenana Hospital.	8,500	Nawab Abdus Sobhan Chou- dury of Begra-	gave the land free of rent.
MINE/SING.	Bidyamoyee Women's Hospital.	8,000	dark or notice	Built by late B. Dassi Cl Muktagacha.

THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND.

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—contd.

~~~~				-conta.
Dunging (spital, dispensary, ward, or connected in any way with	Approximate		HOW OBTAINED.
the wor (wheth	the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).		Bailt by Fur	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).
	I	Bengal—cond	eld.	
		${f R}$		
Tipperan	Faizunnessa Zenana Hospital, Comilla. Medical Woman's quarters.	10,000 3,500	R1,500 fro Fund an R2,000 contri bution,	d chimagaon Talana
	TOTAL .	8,42,207	batton,	
		Berar.		•
AMBAOTI	Women's Hospital	A		_
SHEGAON	Sai Bai Mote Women's	39,008	*****	By funds locally collect-
222231	Hospital.	15,135	*****	By the Donor, through the Local Fund Super-
	TOTAL .	54,143		visor, Buldana.
		Burma.	•	,
Rangoon .	Dufferin Maternity	<i>R</i> 1,19,538 ₁	Voluntara con	1.00
	Hospital. Quarters for Nurses New Nurses' quarters (for Results System- Midwivea).	31,963 8,403	tributions and dona tions, grants from Local Govern- ment, Central	
			Committee, and Rangoon	1
			and other Mu- nicipalities in	
	TOTAL .	1,59,909	Burma.	
•	-	Bombay.		
		R		•
ARMEDABAD	Victoria Jubilee Dis-	1,39,638	*****	The late Rao Bahadur
	pensary for women and children, Jethibai Obstetric and Wand Ramabai Obstetric Wards.			Runchodlal Chotalal, C.I.E.; his son, the late Mr. Madhanial and Sirdar Sir Chimbhai Madhanial, C.I.E., Bart.
Hyderabad (Sind).	Women's Hospital in- cluding Dais' quar- ters, dead-house, out- houses, operating room and compound wall.	20,431	Yes.	The piece of ground on which the Hospital is built was presented to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund Association here by the Hyderabad Municipality.

furtherance of the o	alcers out	
Name of hospital, depending, ward, or building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).		 On otherwise).

Bombay-concld.

		-		,			
				R 1,00,060		1	Presented by Mr. Eduli
KARACHI	Lady	Dufferm Hospital,			١		Dinehaw, C.I E Prosented by Seth
	CALL	Coundan Asanmal		20,000	1	{	Enadas Asamaal.
	Du	spensary built in the inpound of the L. D.			1	ì	
	Mo	anital		10.000	.}	1	Voluntary contribution.
	Qua	rters for Nurses .		10,000	'1	*****	of which 115 000 was
	1				1		presented by Dr. K. N. Spencer.
		Is Lawrence Memo-		40.000) lyc	5	Built by Shoth Jaffer
	Los	A Institute		*****	1		Fuddo and the Muni-
	1	th Morarbha Vij-	٧al		10	w a grant of	
SURAT	h	halbandas Hosmital	0		1	y a grant of	legacy by Sheth Morar-
		w Women and Chil-	b	mld- ng 29,91	3	Local Branch of Countess of	bhai Vijbak- R
	1 a	ren		1g 20,01		Dafferin	
	4		0	and 22,16		Fund, Surat	Bai Davakore . 27,671
)		} "	But naive	٠٠,		By a gift from
	1		Į.		- 1		Surat Muni- cipality 2,000
SHOLAPUR	. TI	he Lady Beny Dufferm	N	ot known	[Lent for use only ires of
		Hospital.	١		- 1		rent by the Mani-
	2		1		- 1		alterations have been
	7		١		- 1		done at the expense of the Fund to make the
	1		1		- (building suitable for
	- 1		1		- 1		hospital purposes, Cost of additions, R2.101,
	12	The Raja Bahado	# [/	bout 5	100	Yes.	Built on Municipal
	1	Narsinggirji Oper	-1		- }		ground just close to the Hospital with the
	- 1	closs treester	- }		ļ		donation of 115,000 hy
	- (1				Raja Bahadur Narsing-
	l	Quarters for the Med		3	,600	Yes,	Bailt on Government
	Į	cal Worsan with the				Į.	land granted at a nominal rent of R5
	1	vants.	~ }			}	per annum, vide ft. R.
	ĺ		- {			1	No. (Revenue) 3856 of 9th April 1911.
	1	House No. 8,000/51 N			,500	1	Presented by Mesore.
	-	Sadar Basar, Camp	1				Curacti & Bons and
SHIKARI	on.	Victoria Jubilee La	dy.	2	5,000		Government.
		Dufferin Hospital Bungalow for the r	osi.	1	0.972	Yes	1
		dence of the Med	ical	ĺ	-,012	1. 100	i
-		Woman		-		1,)
				-		7	i
		TOTAL	•	4,	37,201	ι,	}
	-		_		_		

Name of hospital, dispensiry, ward, or		How	OBTAINED.
hulding connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).

Central Provinces.

		R		
Nadruu .	Dufferin Hospital fer Women.	. 20,011	Built with R14,523 from Provincial Branch, R5,000 from Central Com- mittee, and H6,852 from subscriptions.	were received from Sir Kastur Chand, Daga, R.C.I.E., RI, 500 from the Nagpur Municipality, R2,000 from the late Ruo Bahadur Appaji Buti towards Hospital
	Zenana Ward	4,000	Built by Fund	Subscription of R2,500 from the late Seth Bachraj of Wardia, and R500 from Manager, Empress Mills.
	Quarters for the Resident Medical Officer and Matron.	9,663	Built by Fund.	•
JUBBULFORE		20,000	*****	The late Raja Gokul Dass.
	Total .	53,701		

Madras.

	\mathcal{R}		
Victoria Hospital for Casto and Gosha Women	1,00,000	******	Presented by the Bajah of Venkatagiri, K.c.t.E.
Women and Children's	6,500	*****	Belongs to the Municipality.
	10,000	*****	Built by Rajah Sir S. Ramaswamy Muda- liar, K.T., C.I.E.
	20,000	*****	Built by the Cochin Government.
Civil Hospital	4,000)
Jubileo Hospital .	22,000		Presented by the Jubileo Committee.
Victoria Hospital for Women and Children.	10,000		Prosented by Sri Maha- raja Gajapathi Rao, C.I.E.
Rajah of Bobbili's Hos- pital for Vomon.	5,000		Prosented by the late Hon'ble the Rajah of Bobbili, K.C.I.E.
Queen Alexandra Hos- pital for Women and Children.	22,000		Public subscriptions and Government Grant.
	Casto and Gosha Women. Women and Children's Hospital. Dispensary for Women and Children's Hospital. Violation Hospital . Jubileo Hospital . Victoria Hospital for Women and Children. Rajah of Bobbili's Hospital for Women. Queen Alexandra Hospital for Women and	Victoria Hospital for Casto and Gosha Women. Women and Children's Hospital. Dispensary for Women and Children's Hospital. Civil Hospital	Victoria Hospital for Casto and Gosha Women. Women and Children's Hospital. Dispensary for Women and Children's Hospital. Civil Hospital

,			Ho	W OBTAINED.
• •		Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).
	1	hadras — cond	d.	
Vizianagram	H. H. the Maharaja Kumarika of Rewa's Catte and Gosha Hos- pital.	50,000	R. H. the Maha- raja Kumari- ka of Rewa.	Presented by Maharaja Kumarika of Rewa.
Bellary .	Victoria Memorial Women'a Hospital,	10,000	V. M. Fund, raised by pub- lic subscrip- tions.	
Tinnevelly	Dufferin Women's Dis- pensary, Vannarpet.	25,000	District Board of Tinnevelly.	H10,000 contributed by Rajah Sir S. Rama- awamy Mudaliar, Kr., C.L.
Adoni .	V. M. Women's Dis- pensary.	14,000	V. M. Fund, raised by pub- lic subscrip- tions.	G.L.a.
CONJERVE- BAM.	Women and Children's Dispensary.	12,800	mons.	Bajah Sir S. Bamaswamy Mudaliar, Kr., ct.r.
CALICUT .	Women and Children's Hospital.	34,079	*****	Partly by subscription, chief donor being Sir S. Rameswamy Mudaliar, KT., C.I.E., and partly by the Municipality and District Board.
PUDUKOTTAL	Maharaja's Dispensary for Women and Child- ren,	5,000		State buildings. Pre- sented by H. H. the Maharaja of Padu-
COIMBATORB	Women's Hospital .	1,000	Purchased by the Municipa- lity.	kottai.
COCANADA .	Lady Havelock Hospital	, 45,000	By District Board, Gods-	RE,000 contributed by Mr. Venkatarathram
DINDIGUL .	Women and Children's Hospital.	13,668	veri, Municipality.	Rao Bahadur.
TRIVAR-	Female aide, General Hospital.	16,374		
DRUM	Maternity and Women and Children's Hos- pital.	47,277		
QUILON .	Victoria Jubilee Hos- pital.	10,753		

3,590

5,18,041

ALLEPPET . Female side, District Hospital.

TOTAL

	dtal, dispensary, ward, 6r	•	Ifo	W OBTAINED.
building con the work (whethe	nected in any way with of the Association r the property of the ociation or not).	Approximate value of eame.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).
		Mysore.		
Mroone .	Her Highness the Maha-	22,622	*****	By Mysore Government
Bambalone.	rani's Hospital. Maternity Hospital .	33,031	*****	and by contribution.
Kolau .]		5,500	*****	h
CHIESTADA-	Women's Hospital and Dispensary.	5,500	*** ***	
HASSAN J	233000	4,000	*****	
MYSONE .	Women's Disponsary attached to General Hospital.	1,500	*****	Not stated.
Bandalone	Women's Disponsary attached to Victoria	1,500	•••••	
ן. גססונוווצ	Hospital. Women's Hospital and	6,000		J
Тимкин . }	Disponsary.	5,248		,
BANGALORE	Lady Curzon Hospital for Women and Chil-	1.10,000		By Government of India and cortain Indian gentlemen in the can-
	dron. Total .	1,91,961		tonment.
	N.	W. P. Province	:e.	
Оева Івчаіг Киам.	Women's Hospital	10,000	•••••	From subscriptions, and District and Municipal Funds.
	TOTAL .	-10,000		runum
	·-	Punjab,		
ливтіяни. окані	Women's Hospital Civil Hospital, Women's Ward.	20,000 6,000	•••••	Municipality. District Board and Municipality.
LAHORE .	Lady Aitchison Hos-	60,000	•••••	
LYALLPUR . LUDHIANA .	Women's Hospital Women's Ward of Civil Hospital.	4,246 10,000		
	Women's Dispensary and Wards.	12,117)
	Quarters for Female Assistant Surgeon.	2,297		Built by the Municipal
Rawalpindi	New quarters for Female Assistant	3,956	i	Committee.
	Surgeon. Quarters for Com- pounders.	932		
	Total .	1,39,548		

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—contd.

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or		i	HOW OBTAINED,		
building conn the work (whether	ected in any way with of the Association the property of the mission or not)	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).	
	United Pro	vinces of Agra	and Oudh.		
AGRA	Lady Lyall Hospital .	1 1,27,003	Ves.	ī	
AGRA	Maternity Hospital	35,700	Yes.	1	
	Nurses' Quarters .	29,095	Yes	ļ	
	Medical Women's Quar-	35,299	Yes.	1	
	ters. Hostel for Female	10.000	77 .	l	
	Hostel for Female Students	18,000	Yes.	1	
	Firezabad Women's	6.051		Firozabad Municipality.	
	Dispensary	1	1		
	Pipalmandi Women's	i)	l .		
	Dispensary.	15	l	On rent paid by the Agra	
	Tajganj Women's Dis-)))	Mumerpality.	
ALIGARH .	Dufferin Hospital with	54,642	Yes.	Rupees 36,704 contribut- ed by Ram Khushal Kuar Sahiba of Baranla	
	quarters, out houses,	,		ed by Rani Khushal	
	etc.	ì		Kuar Saliba of Baranla	
	Dominio House 4 1	72,583	1	District Aligarh.	
ALLAHABAD .	Dufferin Hospital Mcdical Women's quar-	19,000		All paid by Provincial	
	ters.	10,000	1	Government.	
BAHRAICH .	Dafferin Hospital .	32.379	Yes.	1	
BABA BARRI .		3,000	1411	Presented by Poor House	
	pital]	J	Committee and Distric	
	Medical Women's quar-	3,000	1	Board. Presented by late Ra	
	tere.	0,000		Nergen Reli Bahadar	
	1			Taluqdar of Daryabad	
	Maila Raigan Ward .	1,900	1	Presented by late Shark	
	i	1	1	Naushad Alı Khar Talundar of Mail	
	Operating Room	1,345	Yes.	Taluqdar of Mail: Raigan	
	Sherring Ward	1,437	108.	Built by private sub	
•				scription	
	Pardahnashin Ward and	4,163		Built from funds pro	
BARRILLY .	Chankidar's quarters .		-	vided by Government.	
DESCRIPTA .	Dufferin Hospital	56,354	Yes.	R13,430 were con tributed by the Dis	
	ļ)	1	trict Board.	
BENARES .	Ishwari Memorial Hos-	1,58,374	Yes.	Also received grant in-	
-	pital .	1	1	and from Government	
Bisnon	1	12 200		for this purpose.	
Diakon	Women's Hospital	13,397	Yes	Rupees 1,872 were con- tributed by District	
NAGINA .	.))	5,644	Yes.	Board.	
CAWNFORE'.	Dufferin Hospital	41,356	Yea.	[
	Maternity Ward .	7,584	Yes.	Also by subscription	
	1		1	especially collected for	
-	A new maternity ward	4,788	l	Built by Government.	
	for European patients			, .	
	Nurses' quarters	- 4,110		Presented by the Hon'ble	
	Dais' quarters .	1 227	.1	Lala Bishambar Nath.	
	Female Sub-Assistan	1,077 t 1,864	Yes. ****	By Victoria Memorial	
	Surgeon's quarters.		1 - 30.	1	
-	Female Compounder	1,578		Built from a grant given	
	quarters. Two Servents' quarters	1	Yes	by Government.	
	the state of the state of	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 44	1	

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).		Approximate	How obtained.			
		value of	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).		
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh—contd.						
FARRUKHABAD	Dufferiu Hospital .	29,499	You.	The Compounders' quarters were formerly part of the Sadr Dispensary, but were made over to the Fund on the establishment of a branch at Farrukhabad.		
Y1	Operation Room for the above.	3,000		Built from a donation by Babu Bharat Indu.		
GHAZIPUR .	Dufferin Hospital Women's Hospital	5,000 11,969	Yes	Built from Municipal contribution and local		
GONDA	Dustorin Hospital May Barrow Hospital	3,751 3,510	Yos	Bubscriptions. Presented by Mrs. Pannel of Islo of Wight.		
	Quarters for female Compounder, kaharin and sweeper.	1,031	******	By grant-in-aid from Government.		
Сонакирии . Киеві	Zenna Hospital Dufferia Hospital	27,965 21,880	ing built by fund for	yants' quarters built		
Lucknow	Dufferin Hospital, Quinton Memorial Wing	64,468 15,163	R13,516. Yes.	at a cost of R2,334 by private subscription. Presented by the Quinton Memorial Fund Com- mittee.		
MEERUT	Dafferin Hospital, with quarters for the Medi- cal Women, Com- pounders, and ser- vants, etc.	75,500		Built from grants from Government and Dis- trict Board and also from subscriptions.		
MIRZAPUR .	Jubilee Hospital .	15,826	*** ***	Jubilco Hospital Fund, Mirzapur.		
	Eye Ward, Sub-Assistant Surgeon's and Compounder's quarters.	9,591	Yes.	Chiefly from a contribu- tion made by the Provincial Committee.		
PARTABOARH	Dufferin Hospital	25,269	••••••	Presented by Rani Raghuraj Koer of Partabgarh.		
	Enclosure wall to the above.	5,713		Built from a grant made by Government.		
PILIBHIT . RAE BARELI .		14,225 8,962	Yes. Yes.	A contribution was also made by the late Rana Sir Shanker Baksh Singh, K.C.I.E., of Khajurgaon.		
SAHABANPUR	Dufferin Hospital .	31,605	Yes.	A part of the building valued at R3,500 was presented by Govern- ment which also gave		
SHANJANAN- PUR.		14,588		a grant of R1,595. Built from Municipal and District Board contributions and local subscriptions. Contri- butions were also received from the Pro- vincial Committee.		

		1	How	OBTAINED.
	•	Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).

United Provinces of Agra and Oudh -concld,

		æ		•
HATERAS .	Singhari Women's Hos-	10,000	Yes.	Presented by Lala Par- manand.
SITAPUB	Dufferin Hospital .	48,344	٠	Built from subscriptions.
•	TOTAL .	11,81,898		

Native States.

•		R		
INDORE .	Maharani Women's	80,000		Built by the Indore State.
BETTIAH .	Hospital. Dufferin Hospitals	86,071	******	Bettiah Raj.
DARBHANGA	Spandshit Hospitana . S	33,000		Darbhanga Raj.
SANGBUR, JRIND.	Victoria Women's Ros- pital.	25,000	*****	Jhind Durbar.
Вноры	Lansdowne Hospital and Lady Minto Train- ing School and Hostel for Girls.	60,392	• • •	By the past and present Beguns of Bhopal.
KAPURTHALA	Victoria Jubilee Hospital for Women.	16,363	* ***	By H. H. the Maharaja of Kapurthala.
KOTAH .	Victoria Jubilee Hospi- tal and Women's Dis- pensary.	65,410	***	By H. H. the Maharana of Kotah.
UDAIPUR .	Walter Zenana Hospital	27,003		By H. H. the Mabarana of Udaspur.
ALWAR .	Lady Dufferin Hospital Lady Elgin Wards for Purdahnashins.	27,000 11,191	····	By H H. the Maharaja of Alwar.
GWALIOR .	Jaya-Arogya Hospital for Women and Chil- dren at Lashkar.	2,56,000		h
SBINAGAR .	Diamond Jubiles Zenana Hospital.	41,671	*****	By the State.
REWAN .	Zenana Hospital and Quarters for Hospital Staff,	4,500	*****	h

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association—contal.

Name of hospital, dispensary, ward, or		Ho	W OBTAINED.
building connected in any way with the work of the Association (whether the property of the Association or not).	Approximate value of same.	Bailt by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise).

Native States-contal.

•	•	R		
PATIALA .	Lady Dufferin Hospital	50,000	•••••	His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala.
	Hondley Women's Dispensory.	5,211	*****	By Council of Regency.
	Lady Curzon School for the training of nurses, etc.	21,800		•
RAMPUE .	Zenana Hospital and Disponsary.	17,000	*****	By the State.
тонк .	Waltor Women's Hos- pital.	19,000		By H. H. the Nawab of Tonk.
BAHAWALPUR	Jubilco Women's Hos- pital.	50,000	···	By H. H. the Nawab of Bahawalpur.
BIKANIE .	Women's Wards of the Bhagwan Das Hespi- tal.	12,633	*** ***	By the Durbar.
Jodnebur .	Jaswant Hospital fer Women	50,000	•••••	By H. H. the Maharaja of Jodhpur.
BHARATPUR	Maji Sahiba Daryaab Kuar's Hespital for Women.	37,524		By the Bharatpur Durbar.
RAJKOT .	Rusulkanji Hospital for Women and Children.	80,000	****	By H. H. the Nawab Saheb of Junagadh.
TRIVANDRUM	Women's Ward and out-patient dispensary, General Hospital.	21,000	***	
	Nursing Sister's quar- ters, General and Wo- men and Children's Hospital.	22,374	*****	
	Combined Maternity and Women and Children's Hospital.	47,277		
	Victoria Jubilee Hospital, Quilon.	10,753	•••••	
	Women's Ward, Allop- poy Hospital.	3,590	*****	

Statement showing value and particulars of buildings belonging to, or engaged in furtherance of the objects of, the Association -concld.

			Ho	W OBTAINED.
•		Approximate value of same.	Built by Fund.	Presented and by whom (or otherwise)
	Nat	ive States—	oneld.	
		n		
JAORA .	Victoria Zenana Hos-	20,000		By the State.
Brawau .	Women's Wards, Charitable Dispensary.	3,700		District Board with funds supplied by the Muni- cipality
BARODA .	Victoria Jubilee Wards	28,527		D
	Jumnsbai Dispensary	1,56,922		H. H the Gaekwar's Government.
NAHAN .	Shamsher Zenana Hos- pital	13,643		By His Highness the Raps of Surmoor
HIDEEABAD (Doccan)	Victoria Women's Hos- pital, Hyderadad.	3,70,504		By the State.
-	Rani Cheelam Janki Ba Zenana Hospital, Gul- burga.	9,135		Rupecs 6,000 from the Ran Janki Bai of Sarnapatti balance by the State
1	Zenana Ward, Raichur	7,000		By Local Fund
	Total	17,97,252		
		Abstract	<i>t</i> .	R
	e States			17,97,252
Beng	d Provinces of Agra and	Oudh		. 11,81,898
Madr				5,18,041
Bomb		: : :	: : :	4,37,201
Myso		: : :	: : :	1,94,964
	A			1,59,909
Burm				1.00 * 10
Punj				1,39,548
Punje Bibas	and Orissa	: : :	: : :	. 1,31,880
Punje Bihas Centr	and Orissa al Provinces			1,31,880 83,704
Punje Bihas Centr Beras	al Provinces			1,31,880 83,704 54,143
Punje Bibas Contr Beras N - W	and Orissa al Provinces	: : :		1,31,880 83,704

Total value of buildings

Assam

APPENDIX TIT.

Return of Patients treated in Hospitals for Women in India.

The following returns of patients treated are divided into three classes, viz.:-Class A .- Patients treated in Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund.

- B .- In Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.
- C .- Native States (which now include the statistics returned by the Mysore Branch).

Assam.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

	CLASS B.								
		PATIE	NTS TREAT	ed in 1914.					
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Ou	t.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.			
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.					
Silchar	1	[100	11,684	54	11,838				
Sylhet	_	136	4,464		4,600				
Sunamganj		30	2,329	133	2,492				
Karimganj	-			630	630				
Dhubri		64	2,015	54	2,133				
Goalpara			262		262				
Gauhati · .		90	3,204	79	3,373				
Barpeta			***	8	8				
Tezpur	Charitable Dispensaries	₹ 53	2,384	54	2,491	•			
Mangaldai		6	857	13	876				
Nowgong		34	3,706	•••	3,740				
Sibsagar	,]]	•••	18	18				
Jorhat		46	8,791	240	9,077	1			
Tura		9		13	22				
Aijal	 		***	/ 22	22				
Shillong			***	30	30				
Nazira , .	,	L	1	10	11	ļ.			
	TOTAL .	568	39,697	1,358	41,623				

Baluchistan.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Duilerin Fund. CLASS B.

		PATIE	NTS TREATE			
STATION. NAME OF HOSPITAL	Name of Hospital.		0:	at.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
SIZIQA.	Mag of Rossian	In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at		
Quetta	Dufferin Zecana Hospital	103	5,925	100	6,128	
Quetta	Patel Ward in the Civil Hospital.	255		-	255	
sњi	McIvor Women's Dispen- sary.	71	3,396	68	3,535	
Fort Sandeman .	Lady Dufferin Zenana Hospital.	New Old	3,496 1,690		5,186	
		}	5,186	J)	}
	TOTAL .	429	14,507	168	15,104	

Bengal.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund,

CLASS A. -

		PATIE	NTS TREATE	ĺ		
STATION.	Name of Hospital.		Out.		TOTAL	Bemares.
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.		
Calcutta .	Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital.	1,639	8,385		10,024	-
Dacca	Lady Dufferin Women's Hospital.	57	5,067	179	5,803	
	TOTAL .	1,096	13,452	179	15,827	

Bengal—contd.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

-		PATIE	NTS TREATE	d in 1914.		
STATION.	Name of Hospital.		Ou	t.	Total.	Remarks.
	-	In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.		
Birbhum , •	Lady Curzon Zenana Hospital.	56	4,768	_ 57	4,881	
Cossipore (24-Parganahs).	Kaminimoyee Dasi's Wo- men's Ward attached to the North Suburban Hospital.	193	4,248	249	4,690	
Bankura	Lady Dufferin Zenana Hospital.	68	5,039	23	5,130	
Berhampore (Mursidabad).	Victoria Zenana Hospital	546	14,317	248	15,111	
Khulna	Women's Ward attached to the Khulna Wood- burn Hospital.	73	3,438	35	3,546	
Nadia	Rani Tara Sundari Women's Ward attached to the Navadwip Gar- rett Hospital.	28	61	67	156	
	Women's Ward attached to the Meherpur Hospital.		***	28	28	
	Women's Ward attached to the Perojpur Dispensary.	37	1,722	10	1,769	
Ti burani	Women's Ward attached to the Bhola Dispensary.	3	21	32	56	
Bakarganj .	Women's Ward attached to the Patuakhali Dis- pensary.	41	3,429	34	3,504	
L	Women's Ward attached to the Barisal Hospital.	168	1,145	69	1,382	
Chittagong .	Women's Ward attached to the General Hospital.	249	,11,706	82	12,037	
	Cox's Bazar Dispensary .	25	2,208	101	2,334	
	Carried over .	1,487	52,102	1,035	54,624	

Bengal-concld.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund. CLASS B-coneld.

_	CDAGG		DIFERENCE .			
		PATIE	NTS TREATE	D IN 1914.		
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL			t.	TOTAL.	BEMARKS
,		In.	Treated in hospital,	Treated at	1	
	Brought forward .	1,487	52,102	1,035	54,624	
[Women's Ward attached to the Charitable Dis- pensary.	34	3,500	77	3,611	
Faridpur.	Women's Ward attached to the Madaripur Dis- pensary.	-		80	80	
Mymensing	Bidyamoyee Women's Hospital	211	3,805	445	4,551	
(Badha Kishore Manikya Women's Hospital.	69	7,940	265	8,274	
Noakhali	Women's Ward attached to the Feri Dispensary.	4	25	23	52	
- {	Women's Ward attached to the Hurrishpur Dis- pensary.	-	27	23	40	
Pabna	Hemangini Debi Women's Hospital attached to the Pabna Women's Hos pital.		2,627	62	2,741	
{	Shabzadpur Dispensary	-		113	113	
1	Kundi Dispensary	-		12	12	
Rungpue , ,	Ulipore Dispensary	-		8	8	
(Kakina Dispensary	-			7	
Tipporah .	Parsunnessa Zenana Hos- pital, Comilla.	15	7,516	179	7,710	
1	Chandpur Dispensary	-		21	21	
•	TOTAL	1,872	77,632	2,319	81,553	

Berar.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

	- CITA	88 B.			
			PATIENTS T	BEATED IN	1914.
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		0		
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.
Amraoti .	The Amraoti Women's Hospital.	254	7,144		7,398
Shegaen .	The Sai Bai Moti Women's Hospital.	54	6,893	115	7,062
Akola	Women's Hospital		6,775	208	6,983
Ellichpur City	Women's Ward, City Dispensary.	1		. 44	45
Chandur Bazar	·h	•••		36	36
Daryapur .	$\ \cdot\ $			31	31
Anjangaon .	Women's Ward,	•••		39	39
Morsi	Branch Dispensary.	•••		62	62
Chandur Railway	.[]	1		12	- 13
Basein	Dispensary	1	11	152	164
Buldana	Women's Ward of Main Dispensary.	***	•••	27	27
Khamgaon .	17	•••		74	74
Mehkar	Branch Dispensary . }			46	46
Yeotmal	Women's Ward of Main Dispensary.		***	20	20
Darwha	h d			23	23
Pusad		5		6	11
Digras				45	45
Jalgaon	Women's Ward of Branch Dispensary.			8	8
Akote				18	18
Karanja		17	,	52	69
					•
	TOTAL .	333	20,823	1,018	22,174

Bihar and Orissa.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and sided by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS A.

		PATIENTS TERATED IN 1914.						
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		01	Out.				
	, A	In-	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	Brwares.		
Gaya	. Lady Elgin Zenana Hospital.	478	5,683	253	6,626			
	TOTAL .	478	5,885	263	6,626			

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund. CLASS B.

		PATIENTS TERATED IN 1914.					
STATION. NAME OF HOSPITAL.			Ot	ıt.			
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at	TOTAL.	Bruire,	
Bhagalpur .	Bani Shibatarini Victoria Memorial Dufferin Hospital.	468	5,953	924	7,245		
Monghyr .	Charitable Dispensary	223	2,870	2	3,101		
Sambalpur .	Main Dispensary, Women's Department.	140	12,461	273	12,874	ĺ	
Deoghuz ,	Charitable Dispensary	53	1,345	58	1,454		
Puri	Pilgrim Hospital	144	1,827	23	1,201	ŀ	
Bankipur .	. General Hospital	391	8,616	143	2,150		
Jammui .	. Dispensary	. 20	851	14	Eas		
	TOTAL	. 1,413	23.22	1/25	-		

Bombay.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS A.

		P	ATIENTS TE	EATED IN 19	14.	
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Out.		•	
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	
Hyderabad (Sind) .	Women's Hospital	646	9,518	`	10,164	
Ahmedabad	Victoria Jubilee	1,930	11,113	76	13,119	
	TOTAL .	2,576	20,631	76	23,283	

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

		Patients treated in 1914.				
Station.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.	,	Ot			
<i>27 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2</i>		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	
Belgaum Dhulia Karachi Kapadyani Kaira Poona City Godhra Sholapur Satara Surat Thana Civil Hospital Dhanu	Civil Hospital Municipal Dispensary Lady Dufferin Hospital Women's Dispensary Civil Hospital K. B. P. S. Charitable Dispensary Panch Mahals and Rewakantha Branch Lady Reay Dufferin Hospital Civil Hospital Mcrarbhai Vijbhukandas Hospital and Dispensary Civil Hospital Do. do. Dhanu District	289 	1 4,379 13,017 8 41 4 10,729 10 6,150	. 9 133 46 18 77 71 389 60 48 215 28	299 4,512 13,808 26 77 112 393 11,053 58 6,382	
	Total .	1,525	34,339	1,094	36,958	

Burma.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dullerin Pund, CLASS B.

		PATIENTS TREATED IN 1914,				
, C=1=10w	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Out.			
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL	In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	Total	
Ranguon	Dufferin Maternity Hos-	1,061	16,102		17,163	
	TOTAL .	1,061	16,102		17,163	

Central Provinces.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund. CLASS A.

ULIANO A.

		PATIENTS TREATED IN 1914.				
STATION.	Name of Hospital.		Oat.			
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	
n (Br	ufferin Hospital apu Rao Gangabai Dis-	656 4	8,652 6,483	239	9,547 6,492	
Jabbulpore El	ensary.* gra Hospital	281	6,123	169	6,572	
	TOTAL .	941	21,263	408	22,611	

^{*} Opened on the Jat February 1914.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund. CLASS B.

:	-	PATIENTS TREATED IN 1914.					
STATION.	Name of Hospital.	-	0				
٠.		In.	Treated in bospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.		
Baugor	Main Dispensary	151	1,763	36	1,950		
	TOTAL .	151	1,763	36	1,950		

Madras.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

		Patients treated in 1914.				
STATION.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Ot			
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	Total.	
Madras	Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital.	2,129	15,149		17,278	
	Тотац .	2,129	15,149		17,278	

North-West Frontier Province.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund. CLASS B.

		Patients theated in 1914.				
STATION.	Name of Hospital.	In.	Out.			
. 4			Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	
Dera Ismail Khan	Zenana Municipal Hospital	182	3,644	•••	3,826	
	TOTAL .	182	3,644	•••	3,826	

Punjab.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS B.

	7	1		PATIENTS TREATED IN 1914.					
STATION.	.	NAME OF HOSPITAL.		Or	ıt.				
				In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	Total.		
Gujrat		,.	Women's Out-door De- partment of Civil Hos- pital.		15,445	42	15,487		
Labora	٠		Lady Aitchison Hospital	802	5,638		6,443		
Simļa	•	•	Dufferin Ward, Ripon Hospital,	243	4,441	40	4,724		
			Total .	1,048	25,521	82	26,651		

United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals which are mainly controlled and aided by the Dufferin Fund.

CLASS A.

		P.s	Patients theated in 1914.			
SCATION.	Name of Hospital.	*	Oc	it.		
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	
	Lady Lyall Hospital .	1,515		***	1,515	
Agm	Maternity Hospital	707			767	
· ·	Lady Lyall Dispensary	***	13,139		13,139	
Aligarh	Dufferin Hospital	554	G,438	131	7,173	
Allahabad .	Dufferin Hospital	803	10,905	284	11,993	
Bahraich	Dufferin Hospital	252	9.768	12	10.032	
Bara Banki .	Grigg Women's Hospital	194	6,175	43	6.417	
	Dufferin Hospital	612	10,191	332	11,438	
Baroilly	Ishwari Memorial Hoa-	674		33.5		
Benares	pital.		11,776	***	12,450	
Bijnor	Mrs. Markham's Female Hospital.	130	5,643	38	5,811	
Bijnor (Nagina)	Women's Hospital	77	3,505	23	3,605	
Cawnpore	Dufforin Hospital	474	10,474	188	11,136	
Farrukhabad .	Dusterin Hospital	221	J,708	27	4,956	
Fyzabad	Dufferin Hospital	418	9,908	125	10,451	
Gonda	Dufferin Hospital	175	7,696	36	7,907	
Ghazipur	Women's Hospital .	459	6,675	61	7,228	
Gorakhpur .	Zonana Hospital	412	6,816	92	7,320	
Kheri .	Dufferin Hospital	192	3,241	40	3,473	
Lucknow .	Dusterin Hospital .	938	8,510		- 9.418	
Meerat .	Dufferin Hospital	401	11,525	150	12,076	
Mirzapur .	Dufferin Hospital	184	6,313	136	6,633	
Partabgarh	Rani Raghuraj Kuar Dufferin Hospital.	192	3,991	50	4,233	
Pilibhit .	Dufferin Hospital	246	5,782	56	6,084	
Rae Bareli	Dufferin Hospital	175	5,099	141	5,415	
Saharanpur	Dusserin Hospital	209	6,549	58	6,816	
Shahjehanpur	Dafferia Hospital	311	9,713	255	10,279	
Sitapur .	Dufferin Hospital	343	5,868	76	6,287	
	TOTAL .	10,959	190,761	2,362	204,082	

United Provinces of Agra and Oudh-conold.

Return of Patients treated in Women's Hospitals assisted by the Dulferin Fund. CLASS B.

-		PATIENTS TREATED IN 1914				
STATION	NAME OF HOSPITAL.	Iu.	O	at.		
			Treated in	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	
	Pipalmandi Dispensary .	.,	5,753	25	5,778	
Agra	Tajganj Women's Dispen-		5,660	64	5,724	
{	Ferezabad Women's Dis-		6,992	72	7,064	
Azamgarh .	Women's Dispensary .	188	5,556	21	5,765	
Benares	Bhelupara Dispensary .		8,069	24	8,113	
Budaun	Sahaswan Women's Dis-	•••	4,076	34	4,110	
Bulandshahr .	Mrs. Leslie Porter's Hos-	562	3,327	53	3,942	
Dehra Dun ?	Women's Hospital	96	6,410	110	6,616	
Etawah 5	Acuter a mosbren	105	5,416	38	5,559	
Furrakhabad .	Shamshabad Dispensary .	22	3,700		3,722	
Fatehpur	Mrs. Rustamp's Dufferin	188	3,388	80	3,656	
Gonda	Anson Memorial Hospital, Balrampur,	82	8,493	50	8,625	
Hardoi	Women's Dispensary .	118	4,560	120	4,798	
Hardoi (Sandila	[]. America prehensely . [77	7,960	13	8,080	
Hammpur	Women's Dispensary	GS	2,217	40	2,322	
Mainpura	Women's Dispensary .	197	3,745	46	3,988	
Moradabad .	Victoria Hospital	687	13,246	118	14,031	
Moradabad (Am	Women's Dispensary	· 72	8,000	55	8,727	
Muttra	Women's Hospital	C9	4,933	33	5,083	
Musaffarongar	. I	, 383	J5,594	36	6,012	
Nalni Tal.	Crosthwaite Women's Dis-	105	6,218	436	6,860	
Oral (Jalauu)	Women's Dispensary	102	2,255	46	2,403	
Solianpar	Ametha Women's Hospital	C8	2,498	53	2 619	
Budaun .	Women's Hospital .	239	12,571	92	12,902	
	TOTAL .	3,485	141,277	1,087	146,419	
					- 1	

Native States (which now include the statistics returned by the Mysore Branch).

CLASS C.

		Patients treated in 1914.			14.	
STATION.	Name of Hospital.		Ou	t.		
		In.	Treated in hospital.	Treated at home.	TOTAL.	Remarks.
Indore	Maharani Women's Hos- pital.	389	5,383	72	5,811	
Alwar	Lady Dufferin Hospital .	312	18,004	836	19,272	
Udaipur .	Walter Zenana Hospital .	11			11	,
Kotah	Victoria Jubileo Hospital .	191	7,898	CG	8,155	
Bharatpur		331	4,959	30	5,323	
Bikanir .	Women's Hospital. Main Dispensary,	183	5,149	81	5,416	
Jodhpur .	Bhugwandas Hospital. Jaswant Hospital	75	. 3,455	400	3,930	
Jaipur .	Zenana Wards, Mayo	908	14,356	120	15,381	
Tonk .	Hospital. Walter Women's Hospital.	218	7,081	720	8,019	
Boawar .	Women's Hospital	106	10,981	210	11,327	
Gwalior .	Jaya-Arogya Hospital for	1,318	19,268		20,586	
Rewah	Women and Children. Zenana Hospital Jamnabai Hospital Jubilee Wards	69 417	8,768 35,819	100 	8,937 35,819 417	
Nahan .	Shamahan Zanana Hamital	103	3,683	115	3,901	ı
Kapurthala .	Victoria Jubileo Hospital	371	31,202	•••	31,573	
	Lady Dufferin Hospital	477	5,874		6,351	
Patiala	and City Branch. Hendley Women's Dispen-		6,560		6,560	
Jhind (Sangrur)	sary. Victoria Women's Hospital.	33	8,313	31	8,377	•
Bahawalpur	Jubilee Women's Hospital	255	12,631	711	13,597	-
Bhopal .	Lady Lansdowne Zenana	252	3,666	1,504	5,422	
	Hospital. Victoria Women's Hospital		12,212		14,220	
	Hanamkonda Dispensary	27	3,244	40	3,311	
	Aurangabad Dispensary	63	4,208		4,271	
Hyderabad .	Rance Cheelam Janki Bai	38	3,325	22	3,385	
	Zenana Hospital, Gulbarga. Jalua Dispensary	35	3,693	33	3,766	
	- Dudbaoli Dispensary .	•••	6,357		6,357	
	Carried over	8,223	246,179	5,129	259,531	

Native States (which now include the statistics returned by the Mysore Branch)—concld.

CLASS C-concld.

			PATIENTS TERATED IN 1914.					
STATION.	Name of Hospital.		0:	at.				
		In. Treated in Treated a hospital.			TOTAL,	Remark		
	Brought forward .	6,223	246,179	5,129	259,531			
Trivandrum	Combined Maternity and Women and Children's Hospital.	2,580	11,858		14,438			
Trivandrum	Female side, General Hos- pital.	1,083	11,166	161	12,350			
Quilon .	· Victoria Jubileo Hospital	1,05	13,458	152	14,661	1		
Alkpper .	. Female side, District Hos- pital,	197	12,498		12,695	1		
Mattancherry	Women and Children's Hos-	1,09	19,124	750	20,969			
Trichur .	Trichus Hospital, Female		22,728	125	22,853	}		
Rajkot .	Rasulkhanji Hospital for Women and Children	17	1,795		1,971	}		
Jaora . Srinagar .	Victoria Zenara Hospital . Diamond Jubiles Zenana Hospital.	74		418	6 621 11,741	}		
Bettiah Darbhanga	Dufferm Hospital . {	1,00	13,690		14,787	(
Rampur	Zenana Hospital Victoria Hospital, Women's	68 32 89	1 4.768	108 200	5,289 38,656	1		
Bangalore .	Department.	94	1	- 26	1	(
	Lady Curzon Hospital General Hespital, Women's	1,68 5,64	8 12,358 6 25,111	1 :	14.046 31,757	{		
Mysore .	Department H. H. The Maharam's Hos-	50	3 10,495	110	11,108	l		
Kolar .	Gold Fields Women's Dis-	17	3 9,036	53	9,262	Ì		
Chickballapur	Women's Dispensary		11,209	20	11,223	Ì		
Tumkur .	: 11		6 5,519 0 11,832	1 18	5,540 11,653			
Hassan Shimoga	11	1 2	16 961	5	16983	[
Sagar .	Women's Disponsary	1 7	19.223	285	19.935	}		
Kadur District, Chickmagalur	.]]	72	3 23,676		24,339	1		
Chitaldrag Bogra	Women's Hospital		7,572	1) .	ļ		
Augus .	. I touncu a mospital .	-	4,003	. 165		}		
:	. TOTAL	28,94	5 655,917	7,714	603,606			
	,	1	1	1	•			

APPENDIX IV.

in the categories	ing 1915, canadica		
APPENDIA 11.	Then tale and dispensaries in India during 1913, extraction	reactions, of women and children treated in all mospings of the Provinces.	Talling

	Ί	H	e co	UNT	ESS	OFI		ERIN								 .
	of women	ad children treated	compared with men.						98				,		100	
•	Grand total of	and and	patients. co				1,642,774	394,619	9 037.393				1,155,090	75,510	1,230,618	
-	- Canada						1,630,173 1,	377,619		2000,100,2			143,353	07,951	1 911 304	
eTS.			Total out-door				010	FS9'f2	<u> </u>	457,694 ",		len and	208,083	13,552	1 200 110	
Grant a co	OUT-DOOM PALLENTE	CHILDBEN.	-	Male. Female.		rovinces	615,761 3	60,233	<u> </u> 	\$00°\$80		nding Ac	411,478	12,810	-	424,288
	O.T.O			women.	-	United Provinces.	031,402	233,702	1	865,104		Bombay (including Aden and Persian Gulf).	433,702	41,659	-	475,381
			Total	 -	_	F	12.601 [<u> </u>	29,601	_	Bomb	11,746	7,503	+	19,314
2110	SNTS.	-		female. pat	_ -		409	1,220		2,013	1		053	410		1,872
he Official Annual Reports and	TALDOOR PATIENTS.		CHILDREN.	Male. Fe	1			1,090		3,857	.			460		2,564
icial An	1782	THE		Women.				9,042		93 793	20 1 °C			089*9		15,878
from the Offi								Provincial Total Class A (General Hospitals and Dispensaries).	Provincial Total Class B (Women's Rospituis and Dispensaries).		Combined Provincial Total			Provincial Total Class A (General Hospitals and Dispensaries).	Provincial Total Class B (Women a recommendation).	Combined Provincial Total

APPEND	IX I	W	-	ANDC	HIL	DRE	n tre	ATED	IN A	LL	1105	PITAL	s, etc	- 7
•		.	r.					8					67	
	025,331	42,773	401°809			628,471	.i	628,471			1,491,165	40,863	1,622,018	100,380,3
-	615,890	41,963	667,843			028,200	;	626,209			1,463,110	88,677	1,501,587	8,004,935
	148,297	6,473	150,765			147,944		147,944	 		\$30,637	8,230	538,827	1,412,868
Burma.	192,060	7,701	200,370	<u> </u>	Assam.	270,304		270,304		Bengal.	357,385	198'0	564,200	2,144,222
A	274,014	25,791	300,708		٩	207,961		207,961		H	875,188	109°E3	109,602	2,417,845
	158'0	810	10,261			2,263		2,262			18,045	2,186	182'07	81,509

213

3 2,171

rovincial Total Class B (Nomen's Hospitals and Dispensatios). norincial Total Class A (Genoral Mospitals and Dispensation).

Combined Provincial Total Carried over

1,895 6,340

2,320 10,271

1,652

14,223 ď. 16,010 65,053

	l a		8		23
625,831	968,104	628,471	628,471	1,431,155	810,253,1
615,890	667,943	002,020	628,209	1,463,110	1,501,787
149,297	180,765		147,944	\$30,637	558,627
107,500 107,500	200,370	270,304	270,304	557,385 6,881	2,144,222

231

382

30,

'towinelal Total Class A (General Hospitals and Dispensance), rowthclat Total Claus B (Women's Hospitale and Dispensaries).

:

232

365

3,03

Combined Provincial Total

810

ŝ, 910 082.6

Provincial Total Ciese A (General Hospitals and Disponsacios). Prorincial Total Class B (Women's Hospitals and Dispensative).

: 1,185

818

1,165

Combined Provincial Total

APPENDIX IV—concld.

Total number of women and children treated in all hospitals and dispensaries in India during 1913, extracted from the Official Annual Reports and Returns of the Provinces—concld.

Downsatered	408	compared with men.		·			83		-	•	96
	Grand total in and	out-door patients.	6,086,604		977,830	5,666	981,555		2,916,715	272,418	3,169,133
		rotal out-door patients.	6,004,035		969,779	5,230	975,009		2,893,408	250,611	3,153,010
PATIENTS.	nen.	Female.	. 1,412,868		233,350	1,099	234,419		696,084	61,529	757,613
OUT-DOOR PATIENTS	Сигьраем,	Male.	2,144,222	, Bihar and Orissa.	305,658	818	366,476	Madras.	013,466	56,681	970,147
		Women.	2,417,845	Bihar	370,771	3,313	374,084	. 2	1,283,858	141,401	1,425,259
	E	in-door patients.	61,669	-	8,110	430	8,546	-	23,307	12,807	30,114
ATIENTS.	BEN.	Female.	6,340	,	633	63	596		1,701	376	2,077
IN-DOOR PATIENTS.	, Спіграєм.	Male.	10,271		1,356	34	1,390		2,527	392	2,010
		Wомеп.	65,052		6,221	330	6,560		10,079	12,039	31,118
			Bronght forward		Provincial Total Class A (General Hospitals and Dispensaries).	Provincial Total Class B (Women's Hospitals	Combined Provincial Total		Provincial Total Class A (General Hospitals and Dispensaries).	Piorincial Total Class B (Women's Hospitals and Dispensatios).	Combined Provincial Total

Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particle and Borna Particl							•			-		AP
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APPENDIX V.

Rules for the Women's Medical Service for India, revised by the Central Committee on the 8th September 1913 and amended, in the case of rules 5(c) and 16, on the 3rd February 1914.

This Service shall be called "The Women's Medical Service for India." It shall be included in the National Association for supplying female medical aid to the women of India, hereinafter called the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, and shall, subject to the provisions of the following rules, be under the direction and control of the Central Committee of that Association, hereinafter called the Central Committee.

Constitution.

- 2. The Service shall, in the first instance, consist of twenty-five first class medical women* or such number not exceeding twenty-five as the Contral Committee may appoint. One-fifth of the number appointed shall form a leave reserve.
 - 3. Recruitment for the Service shall be made-
 - (a) in India by a medical sub-committee of the Central Committee which shall include the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, the Honorary Secretary to the Central Committee and a first class medical woman:
 - (b) in England by a sub-committee consisting of a medical man and two medical women conversant with conditions in India, to be nominated by the Home Committee of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

Such sub-committees shall perform the duties of a medical board, examine candidates for physical fitness, and give permission to return to duty after periods of invaliding: provided that in India the sub-committee may, by general or by special order, delegate their powers to temporary boards of local medical officers, medical women being included in cases of recruitment, invaliding and return to duty after sick leave.

4. The Central Committee shall decide what proportion of the members of the Service shall be recruited in England and in India, respectively. In the original constitution of the Service duly qualified medical women who are in the service of, or who have rendered approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appointment, and thereafter special consideration shall be paid to the claims of candidates who have qualified in local institutions and of those who are natives of India.

Qualifications.

- 5. No one shall be a member of this Service who-
 - (a) is not a British subject resident in the United Kingdom or in a British Colony or in British India or who is not a person resident in any territory of any Native Prince or Chief under the suzerainty of His Majesty exercised through the Governor-General of India or through any Governor or other officer subordinate to the Governor-General of India;
 - (b) is less than 24 or more than 30 years of age: provided that this condition shall not be enforced in the case of qualified medical women who are in the service of, or who have rendered approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund;

(c) is not a first class medical woman, i.e., does not possess a medical qualification registrable in the United Kungdom under the Medical Act or an Indian or Colonial qualification registrable in the United Kingdom under that Act;

(d) cannot produce a certificate of health and character.

Provided that the Central Committee shall, at any time, have power to promote to the service ladies not possessing the above qualifications, but who have shown marked capacity.

6. Members of the Service shall be appointed by the Central Committee to serve in Conditions the soveral provinces.

" it. darrice on appointment shall engage for general service anywhere 7. Member in India and 1 ìn of the provin

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(Vide rule S snfra.) c ...tion corvice shall at any time, be terminable on three months' notice

8. Members of the Service shall receive their pay and allowances from the Central or Provincial Committees of the Counters of Dufferin's Fund, unless their services are lent to Government, or to local or Municipal bodies, or to special institutions on the condition that the whole or part of their pay be met by each employers, hereinafter called the authority or authorities financially concerned,

9. Members of the Service shall receive a salary of H350 during their period of probation, and thereafter a salary of R400 from the 1st to the 4th year inclusive. R450 from the 5th to the 7th year, R50s from the 8th to the 10th year and R550 after the 10th year: Provided that no member of the Service shall be confirmed in the 11400 grade unless she has passed an examination in such verneular as the Provincial Committee shall prescribe within one year of her appointment.

In addition suitable quarters shall be provided free of tent; or, a house-rent allowance to be determined by the Provincial Committee after consultation with the anthority or authorities financially concerned (rude rule 8 supra) shall be granted in Lea of it.

10. Mombers of the Service shall be entitled to travelling allowance on the scale and subject to the conditions set out in Appendix I to these rules.

11. Members of the Service shall be entitled to leave according to the regulations we out in Appendix'II to these rules. "

13. Members of the Service shall jun a Provident Part on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in Appendix III to these rules.

13. Mombers of the Service shall be permitted to example in private practice provided that such private practice does not interfere with the performance of their official diese The Provincial Committee shall have presents deside a sarger, after committee

with the authority or authorities immed recorned ride rie % sagra, . private practice does in fact interfere with the preference of afficial entires.

14. Members of the Service shall retire on attaining the age of 48 years unless the Central Committee, on the rocommendation of the Provincial Committe, after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 8 supra), desire to retain their services for a further period to be determined by them.

Position in respect of Central, Provincial and Local Committees, etc.

- 15. When appointed to a province, members of the Service shall forthwith become subordinate to the Provincial Committee in all matters, and they shall not correspond with the Central Committee except through the Provincial Committee.
- 16. The Provincial Committee shall have powers of disciplinary control over members of the Service including suspension, but powers of removal or dismissal for inefficiency, misconduct or other valid cause, shall be vested in the Central Committee only.
- 17. A member of the Service, who has been recruited in England, shall, in the event of notice under rule 7 or removal or dismissal under rule 16 supra, receive a sum sufficient to cover her return journey to England.
- 18. Every hospital shall be in charge of a Local Committee and a member of the Service in independent charge of such hospital shall be entitled to attend all meetings of the Local Committee: provided that if her own action or conduct is called in question she shall retire from the meeting after stating her case.
 - 19. Members of the Service in independent charge of a hospital or other institution shall have full professional control of the hospital or other institution and such powers of administrative control as the Local Committee, with the previous sanction of the Provincial Committee and the Local Government after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 8 supra), may determine.
 - 20. Members of the Service and the hospitals or other institutions under their charge shall be subject to such inspection as the Local Government, after consultation with the Provincial Committee and the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 8 supra), may determine, due regard being paid to purdah. The Provincial Committee shall have power to depute a member of the Service to inspect hospitals or other institutions within their jurisdiction, reporting to the Provincial Committee.
 - 21. The Central Committee shall have power, in communication with the Provincial Committee, to depute any qualified person or persons to inspect members of the Service and the hospitals or other institutions under their charge.
- 22. Local Governments shall be requested to frame rules for the appointment, suspension, removal or dismissal of Assistant or sub-Assistant surgeons, matrons, nurses, subordinate and menial staff, in hospitals, or other institutions in independent charge of members of the Service with due regard to the position of such members on the one hand and of the Provincial Committee and the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule 8 supra) on the other.
- 23. Local Governments shall be requested to frame rules, after consultation with the Provincial Committee and the authority or authorities financially concerned (vide rule, 8 supra), for the inspection by members of the Service of branch dispensaries or other madical institutions in charge of women.
 - 24. The decision of the Central Committee shall be final in all cases.
- 25. The Central Committee reserve power to alter these rules from time to time after consultation, where necessary, with Local Governments and Provincial Committees.

Appendices to the Rules for the Women's Medical Service for India.

The following Travelling Allowance, Leave and Provident Fund rules have been framed for the members of the Women's Medical Service for Indua, and shall be binding on the Provincial or Local Committees who will have no power to exceed them without the sanction of the Central Committee. That body, while reserving to itself the right to alter the rules from time to time, as experience may show the advisability, or to wary them in cases of individual hardship, desires it to be understood that the rules shall in general be adhered to and that applications for exceptional treatment will only be ententured for very special reasons.

APPENDIX I.

Travelling Allowance Rules.

1. A member of the Women's Medical Service appointed in England shall receive a sum of £70 to cover her passage and incidental expenses; and shall receive travellous allowance from the port of dissumbartation to the station to which she is first appointed under the rules below at the rates for transfers. A member appointed in India shall receive travelling allowance under the rules below at the rates for transfers from her place of residence to the station to which she is first appointed.

2. Travelling allowance is divided into two classes -

(a) on transfer from one station to another :

(b) on ordinary or inspection duty when the member's head-quarters are not changed.

Travelling is also divided into two classes -

(i) journeys by rail or steamer ;

(ii) journeys by road. This includes all portions of a journey, however short, performed by road between the mornbar's place of residence and the rallway station, between the rallway station and the new place of residence, between rallway stations, road journeys proper, etc. Each postion of a journey performed by road which is followed by a journey by rail shall be considered separately.

3. The travelling allowance for ordinary journeys by rail shall be 1½ first class fares and one third class ticket for a servant, if taken. In the case of transfers the member shall be allowed in addition another third class fare, should two servants be taken and the cost of consyamoe of the eroses luggage actually taken up to a limit of ten mund, in support of which she must attach a certificate. The rates shall be the same for journey by transfer where board is not included in the face. Where it is mended, only one first class fars shall be. The rates of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the contro

4. For travelling by road, should the distance travelled exceed 5 miles, the shall be given an inclusive rate of 3 annus per mile in the case of ord in the case of transfer the rate shall be like any units. For portions of

than 5 miles performed by road the member shall receive on ordinary journeys the actual expense of conveying herself, her servant and luggage up to a limit of R2-8, on production of a certificate from her of the amount actually spent. On transfer the limit shall be R5.

5. The cost of travelling allowances shall be defrayed as follows:—
In the case of transfer from one Province to another, by the Central Committee.

In the case of journeys within the Province, by the Provincial Committee.

Example.—A member travels on ordinary duty from A to B. She travels 3 miles by road from her residence to the railway station at A and by rail from A to X: from X she travels by road 4 miles to railway station Y and from Y by rail to station Z: from Z she travels 20 miles by road to B. She shall be entitled to actual expenses, subject to a limit of R2-S in each case, for the road journeys from her residence to railway station A, and from railway station X to railway station Y. She shall be entitled to R10 for the journey from railway station Z to B, whether the actual expenses are more or less than this sum. For the railway journeys from A to X and Y to Z she shall receive 1½ first class fares and a third class fare for a servant, if one is taken.

APPENDIX II.

Leave Rules.

All members of the Women's Medical Service shall be subject to the same leave rules.

The following are the varieties of leave admissible :-

- (a) Casual Leave.
- (b) Privilege Leave.
- (c) Furlough.
- (d) Sick Leave.
- (e) Extraordinary Leave.
- 2. Casual leave is occasional leave for a few days, and may be granted at the discretion of the Provincial or Local Committee. Such leave cannot be combined with any other kind of leave.
- 3. Privilege leave is earned at the rate of one month for each calendar year of service, but may be granted during the year in which it is being earned, e.g., A, who joins the service on 1st April 1915, is eligible for one month's privilege leave during the summer of 1915 and for a second month's privilege leave on or after 2nd April 1916. This leave is meant to provide a month's holiday during the year and not to be accumulated. In the event, however, of its being found impossible to grant any member privilege leave during the year, she may carry the month's privilege leave refused her to her credit. But in no case can privilege leave be accumulated beyond a limit of 3 months. In the event of privilege leave being so refused, an entry should be made by the Provincial Committee so as to enable the leave to be taken to credit, and in the case of transfer the fact should be notified to the Committee concerned. Privilege leave, taken by itself, can be granted by the Provincial or Local Committee.
- 4. Furlough is earned at the rate of two months for each year's presence on duty—in which is included privilege and casual leave—and furlough earned and not taken remains at credit throughout a member's service. More than eight months' furlough

shall not, however, be granted at one time, and first farlough shall not be granted until after four years' active service from the date of joining. Furlough, moreover, shall not be granted until after three years' active service from the date of the last return from furlough, sick leave or extraordinary leave exceeding one month. Any privilege leave which is due during the years or which has accumulated in accordance with Rule 3 may be prefixed to fullough.

Study leave shall be added to furlough and shall not exceed three months, at any time, and shall not be less than one month, and shall not exceed nine months in the member's total service. Certificates proving study leave claims must be submitted to the Central Committee.

Any member on study leave shall receive two-thirds of her average monthly pay, during such period instead of one-half (see Rule 8).

- 5. Such leave can be granted at any time on production of a medical certificate from the Civil Surgeon. Such leave cannot, however, be taken un excess of one year at any time, and in all to a total extent exceeding two years. Any periods of sick leave taken in excess of these martina must be taken as extraordinary leave. Privilege leave may be profixed to sick leave in the same way as to furyough.
- 6. Extraordinary leave may be granted at any time at the discretion of the Central Committee. Any privilege leave due may be prefixed to extraordinary leave, but extraordinary leave (i) may not be taken without all the privilege leave doe being prefixed to it, and (in) may not be taken who furlough is due or sick leave can be granted. An exception to the latter provises (ii) is that Provincial or Local Committees may great extraordinary leave up to a limit of one month where special circumstances exist and where the member can be spaced without nonexuelence. Any period of extraordinary leave so taken shall not count as active service for the purpose of Rule 4, though, as explained in that role, it will not operate so as to prevent the member taking furlough until after three years from her return from it.

7. Furlough or sick leave may be extended by the grant of extraordinary leave, and furlough may be extended by the grant of sick leave, on production of a medical certificate to the satisfaction of the Central Committee, but in the latter case the total Leave shall not exceed one year and shall be subject to the provise that the period of extension shall not cause the limit of two years admisstle as sick leaves to be exceeded.

S. The allowances during leave shall be as follows :-

Casual and privilege leave, the full pay that is being drawn at the time the leave is taken.

Furlough and sick leave, half the average monthly pay of the six months' presence on duty immediately preceding the taking of the leave (see also Rule 4). When such leave it combined that privilege leave, the six months shall be calculated from the date of departure on combined leave.

Extraordinary leave, no allowances,

All leave allowances shall be paid in India, and members proceeding out of India must make their own arrangements to draw their allowances in India.

Except in the case of essual leave, privilege leave or extraordinary leave not exceeding one month, leave shall be granted by the Central Committee, to whom applications should be submitted through the Provincial or Local Committee.

Example.—A joined the service on 1st April 1915. She takes one month's privilege leave in the summers of 1915, 1916 and 1917. In 1918 she cannot be spared and in 1919 only two weeks' privilege can be granted. On 15th April 1920 she takes 23

months' privilege leave combined with 8 months' furlough, returning to duty on 1st March 1921. In the summer of 1921 she takes one month's privilege leave combined with one month's extraordinary leave and does the same in the summer of 1922. In 1923 she cannot be granted privilege leave, and she desires to go on combined leave in 1921. She will have completed three years' active service from her last return from furlough on 1st May 1924 as the two months' extraordinary leave does not count as active service, and the total amount of furlough carned by her will be 4th of the period—1st April 1915 to 1st July 1920—the date of completion of her privilege leave—(5\frac{1}{2}\) years) plus \(\frac{1}{2}\) th of the three years completed on 1st May 1924, i.e., \(\frac{1}{2}\) of 8\frac{1}{2}\) years, or one year 4\frac{1}{2}\) months. She has therefore, 16\frac{1}{2}\)—8 months = 8\frac{1}{2}\) months' furlough to her credit and can take 8 months' furlough from 1st May 1924, and as she is entitled to 2 months' privilege leave which counts as active service, she can actually depart on combined leave on 1st March 1924.

APPENDIX III.

Provident Fund Rules.

Every member of the Service is required to contribute monthly to the Provident Fund a sum equivalent to 5 per cent. of her salary. Subscription on leave of any kind shall be optional. The amount of subscription shall be 5 per cent. of the leave allowances admissible during the leave. The contribution shall be deducted from each month's salary or leave allowances and credited to the member's account in the Provident Fund.

- 2. The Association shall contribute to each subscriber's account on the 1st April and 1st October of each year a sum equivalent to the amount of the contributions of the subscriber during six months immediately preceding.
- 3. Each subscriber's account shall be credited with interest on the amount standing at its credit at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum or at such rate as the Central Committee can invest without risk to the funds of the Association.
 - 4. The sum which accumulates to the credit of a subscriber shallbe repayable to her -
 - (1) on retirement after approved service;
 - (2) on resignation on account of ill-health.

Provided that no subscriber shall be paid the amount of the contribution made to her account by the Association with the interest thereon unless she has rendered not less than 5 years' approved service or unless she is incapacitated by disease contracted in and by the service.

- 5. The dismissal from the service, by the Central Committee, of any subscriber shall involve forfeiture of the contributions by the Association and the interest thereon.
- 6. In the event of the death of a subscriber before retirement or after retirement, but before the money has been handed over, it shall be paid to the legal representative of the estate.
- 7. Absolutely necessary advances against the sum to the subscriber's credit, and ordinarily not exceeding three months' pay, may be made to meet emergent expenditure, at the discretion of the Central Committee. Such advances shall be repayable by instalments to be fixed by the Central Committee in each case.
 - 8. Each subscriber shall be furnished once a year with a statement of her account.
 - 9. The Central Committee may revise these rules as it considers necessary.

APPENDIX VI.

Members of the Women's Medical Service for India.

- 1. Balfour, Miss M. I., L.R.C.P. & S., L F.P. & S., M.B., C.M., M.D., CERT. T.M.
- 2. Barnes, Mes. f.d., le.c.p. & s., l f.p. & s., m.d.
- 3. Batho, Miss M. L., M.C.H., L.M., L.F.P. & E., L.A.H.
- 4. Commissariat, Miss S. H., LM, F.E.C.S, Chet. T. M.
- 5. Copeland, Miss P. T., M.B., CH.B., M.P.
- 6. George, Miss J. E., LM., LE C.P. & S., sp. CERT. Gynacology.
 - 7. GHOSE, MISS L. M., LALH., F.B.C.S., LAM.
 - 8. Gumpeich, Mes. O. T. L., m.e. ch.s.
- 9. Houlton, Miss C. L., M.B., B s., Ceet. T.M.
- 10. LAUDER, MISS H., L.B.C.P. & S., M.D.
- 11. LEACH, MISS F. B., L.M., LE.C.P. & S., M.D.
- 12. MACLAREN, MISS H. J. C., M.B., Ch.B., M.D.
- 13. Ma Saw Sa, Miss, L.M., F.B.C.S., D.P.H.
- 14. McKenzie, Miss A. L., Le.C.P. & s., Le.P. & s., M.D.
- 15. MICHAEL, MISS D. K. F., M.B., C.M.
- 16. Миврич, Міва М. С., м.в., м.в с.в., с.е.с.г.
- 17. Маовол, Міва М. А. В., и в., сп. в.
- 18. O'Brien, Miss M , L s.A., M.D., B.S.
- 19. O'NEILL, MISS K. M., M.B., C.M.
- 20. Platt, Miss K. A., M.B., B.S.
- 21. PRATT, MISS D. E., M.R., CH.E., M.L., M.C.
 - 23. Scott, Miss F. A., Lx., Llcr. &c., Liz. & L
 - 23. Wate, Mis A. M., LLCP, & E., LP2, & E., LXLCP.
 24. Weer, Mus M. V., LLCP, & E., LLP2, & E.
 - 25. Taxisi Six, Liu, Lx, Lz.J.p. & L

APPENDIX VII.

Summaries of Reports of certain Branches and Native States.

Baluchistan Branch.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. L. Duke, I.M.S., Residency Surgeon and Chief Medical Officer in Valuebistan, submits the usual annual reports on this Branch for 1914.

Quotta.—Miss M. Dadina (rice Miss E. M. Cardozo, L.R.C.P. & S., on leave) in charge of the Dufferin Hospital, states as follows:—

"If we take into consideration the disadvantages, the hospital work has on the whole made good progress. The increase in number of in and out patients shows that the popularity of the hospital is growing.

The total number of patients during the year was:—23,333 new and old outpatients, against 20,712 of last year; 5,925 new patients, against 5,072; 103 in-patients, against 50. The daily average attendance has been over 77. The obstetrical cases were 40. There were 22 normal cases and 18 abnormal.

The number of operations was 93 Patients treated at home numbered 100, against 65 of last year.

There was a war-panic amongst the womenfolk, who imagined they would be safer in their own country—the Punjab or Sind—than on the Frontier.

The staff of 6 dais, one compounder and the staff-dai, who are all well up in their work, are Native Christians. The rest are pupil-dais, of whom one is a Hindu of the middle class, fairly educated and intelligent, and three Mohammadans of the working-class, illiterate but very keen to learn."

Lieutenant-Colonel Scott Moncrieff, I.M.S., reports that in the Patel ward of the Civil Hospital 255 in-door cases were treated. Of these 200 were Mohammadans and 55 Hindus. There were 14 confinement cases. Except during the coldest time of the year the ward was generally fully occupied.

Sibi.—Miss A. Alfred, L.M.S., says of the McIver Female Dispensary:—"The number of new patients treated in 1914 was 3,535, including 71 in-door, against 3,833, including 50 in-door. The decrease in the out-door being due to no village visiting having been done. 183, against 194 diseases poculiar to women were treated and 19 midwifery, against 11. 4 were abnormal cases, 68 cases were treated in their homes, 26 without charge.

The operations were 40, against 50. A number had to be refused owing to want of assistance and ward accommodation.

The hospital is popular among women of all classes, purdahuashin or otherwise. More good work would be possible had we a much needed in-door ward and sufficient accommodation for operations and surgical cases.

It is to be hoped the authorities will kindly sanction money for the creative alapse host " " hav

interest in the Ziarat Hospital and had endowed two or to some A ---

has been received from His Excellency the Vicercy for the hospital at Timbe Mrs. Ramsay, Lady President, Baluchistan Branch, Mrs. Artist Line 1000 McConaghey have shown great interest by visiting the hospital here and a Archer has been subscribing towards the Dispensary Fund manifer and as an archer kindly sont money from the Lady Hardings Lineau Livers for a for the hospital, which was badly needed. Our gratifule is the man and and anbscribers."

Fort Sandeman.-The report of the Political some with a bear and the · Brierly, Lady Superintendent, assisted by Miss Nelmin, in it was a second held charge of the hospital from 1st December 1515 to Strain granted two months privilege leave from 27th May to 2000-100 were dispensed with from the 27th July 1914. From To Line ... additional charge of a male Sub-Assistant Surgan service some comments.

Several attempts have been made to some its some its some Surgeon, but no suitable candidate has applied in the management remained vacant at the close of the year.

Now patients treated in 1914 were 1,505, patients were treated in the year under reject

Minor operations performed in 1916 was II dady attendance was 9.57, against 1807 in 157

Mrs. Yunis, a trained dai, was attached male Sub-Assistant Surgeon in the manner of the factories done good work in the station.

The decrease in the number of to the absence of a female Sub-Assiss the appointment were also invited it efforts will be made to fill the rame

John Brief

- A report on the working and the second and and a second T. V. Arumagam Frida - Francisco and Araba and Araba treated during the year.

namma, Amerikana the required outset in the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the sec examined after the transfer in the same at same and a second has been directed as _____

Two other part area was and a desired in product of the in Colliers, an extraction of the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second Fund scholarship, and is now in her fifth month of training. Devarathnam is in her first month of training.

During the year under report Dr. P. S. Achyuta Rao having retired from the service, I assumed charge of the duties of Honorary Secretary of the Dufferin's Fund from 31st December 1913.

Midwifery classes are, as usual, conducted in the Maternity Hospital at Bangalore and Her Highness the Maharani's Hospital at Mysore."

North-West Frontier Province Branch.

Dora Ismail Khan.—Lieutenant-Colonel T. W. Irvine, I.M.S., Chief Medical Officer and Honorary Secretary, forwards the following reports by Miss A. M. Headwards, L.F.P. & S.:—

"I was in charge of the hospital from 1st January to July 1914, when I went on two months' leave. During my absence the hospital had to be closed as we have not yet succeeded in securing a Sub-Assistant Surgeon. Our nurse resigned in December 1913, whilst I was away on leave, and since that time we have been working with only a compounder besides myself. This is the only trained staff we have.

The number of now out-door cases treated during the year was 3,644, and the in-door now cases totalled 182, while the labour cases treated during the year in hespital numbered 49.

Operative work has been disappointing because I have no assistants. The Municipality have sanctioned the services of a Sub-Assistant Surgeon, but up to date we have not been able to get one. The fact of having to close the hospital entirely for two months every year is a serious drawback.

The most important progress made this year has been in the training of two dais for maternity work in the city as the mortality from childbirth was appalling. We hope in time to develop this scheme so as to be able to supply trained women to the districts around Dera Ismail Khan, where there is no medical help of any kind. We see the results of the untrained dais' treatment in the bad cases admitted into hospital from the outlying villages.

On the whole the work done has been satisfactory. It is disappointing to have to close the hospital every year just as patients begin to come to the dispensary and find they have to go elsowhere for treatment. There is a big scope for medical work in Dera Ismail Khan and the districts, but we need a sufficient amount of trained assistance."

NATIVE STATES.

Rajputana.

Rajputana,-The Chief Medical Officer forwards the following interesting summary --

- The Jaswant Hospital for women, Jodhpur
- II. The Victoria Jubilee Hospital, Kotah.
- III. The Walter Female Hospital, Tonk.
- IV. The Mayo Hospital, Jaipur.
- V. The Zenana Hespital, Bikaner.
- VI. The Lady Dufferin Hospital, Alwar
- VII. The Female Hospital, Bharatpui.
- VIII. The Walter Zenana Hospital, Udaiput.
 - IX. The Female Dispensary, Beawar,

Jodhpur.—Miss B. G. C. Griffin, M.B., B.C.H., B.A.O. (Dublin) (now Mrs. Stirlug) has been in charge of the Jaswant Hospital for women at Jodhpur throughout the year. The number of in and out-door patients treated were 75 and 3,855, respectively, against 96 in and 4,014 out-patients in the pierrous year, the decrease in both the attendances is probably due to decrease in the prevalence of malaris on account of scanty rainfall. Major and minor operations performed were 4 and 31, respectively, against 4 major and 60 minor in 1913.

Kotah.—Miss J. Newton, L.R. C.P. & S. (Edimburgh) and L.F.P.S. (Glasgow), was in charge of the Victors a buble Heapital at Krá-h up to 12th April 19th. Sho went on 6 months furlough combined with privilege leave for 3 months, and made over charge of rhe hospital to famile Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss Helen Buldeo Singh. There is a decrease of 225 in the number of cut-door patients, as compared with the figures of 1913, which is due to the outbreak of cholors in the Kotah city. Operations done in 1914 venio 273, against 272 in the pavious year, of which 16 were specially important. A dai class has again been started since the 16th November 1914 with an admission of δ pupils, 3 from the districts and 2 from Kotah city. They appear to be promising

TONIC—Miss K. Reed, LR.C.P. & S. (Editaburgh), L.P.P. S. (Glasgow), and L.M.R. C.P. & S. (Thindad), was in charge of the Walter Female Hospital at Tonk up to the 10th October 1914, when she went on leave, and since then founds Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss Blancha Kamu-Ulhah is no slock charge of the hospital—under the supervision of the male Assistant Surgeon at Tonk. There were 318 in and 7,081 out-patients iterated in 1014, as compared with 225 in and 6,880 out-patients in the previous year. 403 operations were performed, against 300 in 1913,

Julipur.—Miss L. E. Syks, M.D. and L.R C.P. & S. (Eduburgh), has been in charge of the femile wards of the Mayo Hospital, Jajuur, throughout the year. There was a considerable decrease in the number of out-door attendance, as compared with the Invitious year, which was attributable to the non-appearance of opidemic disease in the Jajuur city. One student, Gorindi Bai, was admitted into the female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Class, Agra Modical School, in July 1914.

The compounding, dressing and nursing in the female wards is entirely done by females.

Bikaner.—Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Mrs. Elizabeth Moji Ram was in charge of the female ward of the Bhagwan Das Hospital, Bikaner, up to February 1914, when the zenana hospital was opened there, and Miss C. M. Peake, M.D., B. Sc. (London), was appointed and put in charge of the hospital. There was an increase in both the in and out-door attendance, as compared with the previous year, which indicates the popularity of the hospital and of the Medical Woman in charge. Major and minor operations performed were 128 and 404, respectively, against 117 major and 625 minor operations in 1913.

Alwar.—Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Bala Bai has been in charge of the Dufferin Hospital at Alwar throughout the year. No Lady Superintendent has been appointed since April 1911. The number of in-patients treated in the hospital during the year under report was 342, and of out-patients 18,094, against 325 and 14,435, respectively, in the previous year. There were 75 major and 952 minor operations performed, compared with 69 major and 797 minor operations in 1913.

Bharatpur.—The work of the Female Hospital at Bharatpur was carried on under a male Sub-Assistant Surgeon attached to the Victoria Hospital till the 8th November 1914, when female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Mrs. Patwardhan was appointed and put in charge of the hospital. There were 334 in and 4,959 out-door patients treated in the hospital, against 265 and 5,210, respectively, in the previous year.

Udaipur.—The Walter Zenana Hospital at Udaipur has been without a female Sub-Assistant Surgeon from the 22nd April 1912, and without a Medical Woman from the 15th April 1913. A compounder from the Lansdowne Hospital looks after the surgical instruments, appliances and furniture of the hospital. The 11 cases treated in the hospital were labour cases sent by the State authorities.

Beawar.—Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss Q. Houlton has been in charge of the female ward of the Charitable Dispensary at Beawar throughout the year. There were 106 in and 10,981 out-door patients treated, against 52 in and 5,117 out-door patients in the previous year. The number of patients treated at their homes was 240, as compared with 128 in 1913.

The operations performed were 703, against 541 in 1913. Of these 150 were important major operations as shown below:—

Extraction of	th	e lens fo	r cat	aract				25
Curetting of	the	uterus						7
Tedious labor	ır	•			•			9
Trichiasis		•		•				31
Letholopaxy	•						•	1
Lithotomy				•				1
Rhinoplastic	ope	ration	•		٠.	1		1

the rest were cases of ligaturing of piles, iridictomies, fistula in ance, amputations, excision of tuberculous growths, fractures and dislocations of the various bones of the body; etc. The work as shown above indicates the interest which the female Sub-Assistant Surgeon takes in her work.

Ajmer.—A female Sub-Assistant Surgeon has not yet been appointed to the female wards of the Victoria Hospital at Ajmer for want of funds.

Hyderabad (Deccan).

The Director of His Highness the Nizam's Medical Department has kindly furnished the following interesting summary of work done in the female medical institutions of the State during the period under review:—

Gulbarga Female Hospital, -The staff of this hospital consists of a Medical Woman, a compounder and 2 dats (midwives) with the necessary menial establishment.

The number of out-patients treated was 3,325, of which 23 were treated at their house. 33 in-patients were admitted during the year. The number of bods available for in-patients is 6.

Dudbaoli Disponsary.—The number of patients treated in the female department of this disponsary was 6,327, including old patients, and the number of operations performed was 42. This represents the work done for 250 days only, as there was no Medical Woman attached to this institution during the rentaining number of days.

Victoria Zenana Hospital, Hydorabad.—12,212 od-patents was trasted in the institution during the year. The number of in-patients was 2,008, 529 of which were for general diseases, 439 operative and 2,043 obstatreel. Of the latter, 558 were natural labour cases, 217 operative and 2,05 diseases of pregnancy and the puerperisum. The number of beds available was 119, against 91 in the previous year.

Twolve Victoria Memorial Fund dais, and 4 private pupils were under training in the maternity wards. 6 Victoria Memorial Fund, and 2 of the private pupil passed the examination, 1 private pupil left of her own second mad 7 Memorial Fund and 1 private pupil still remain under training. A scheme is under the consideration of Government for the training of a larger number of dats for work in the districts, where they are halfy needed.

Two junior compounders who were under training passed the examination, and one assistant compounder, Mariam Bi, obtained a certificate in First Aid to the injured, which is very creditable to her. 455 operations were performed during the year, the majority being gynscological.

Aurangahad Hospital,—The number of patients admitted into the female branch of this hospital was 63, and 4,203 out-patients were treated by the Medical Woman as against 52 and 3,663 in the previous year. 15 obsistrical, 2 gynecological and 2 surgical operations were performed.

Jalua Dispensary.—The number of out-patients treated by the female Sub-Assistant Sugrous was 3,693. In-patients admitted, 35. Operations 118, and midwifery cases 9. Very few midwifery cases are reported as seaking admission to the dispensary owing to the large number of unqualified dais who practise in the town.

Hanamiconda Disponsary.—The number of cut-patients treated by the Medical Woman in charge during the year was 3,244, and in-patients 27. The operations performed numbered 75, of which 11 were select. The work shows a large increase over last year's figures. Six midwifery cases were attended, 1 in the hospital and 6 in their own house.

A thoroughly equipped female ward is badly needed in this hospital, a matter which will receive attention when additions are being made to this institution.

No work was done at the Raichur hospital, as there was no Medical Woman attached to the institution.

[Native States.

Travancore and Cochin.

The work done in the State hospitals set apart for the treatment of women during the year 1914 is given in the summary below which has been received from A. T. Forbes, Esq., I.C.S., the Resident in Travancore and Cochin:—

Trivandrum.—Combined Maternity and Women and Children's Hospital.—The total number of patients treated showed an increase of 869 in the out-patient Department, and 356 in the in-patient Department over last year's number. The total number of midwifery cases was 438, i.e., 88 more than last year. The number of major operations was 433, and minor 407. Hospital Assistant Mrs. M. H. Columbus from Alleppey is posted to this institution in place of hospital Assistant Miss A. Thompson, transferred.

Quilon.—Victoria Jubilee Hospital.—The total number of out-patients treated during the year was 13,610, against 13,577. In-door patients treated were 1,054, against 771 in the previous year. Obstetric work increases steadily. The number of cases this year was 438, against 281 last year. Seventy-nine obstetric cases were treated in their own homes. Major operations performed were 232, of which 132 were obstetric. The 12 pupil midwives now in training will complete their course in September next.

Trivandrum.—Female side, General Hospital.—The female section of this hospital is represented by a staff consisting of a lady apothecary and 2 midwives. The total number of patients given in the return includes only women, while children, though also treated on the female side, have been excluded. The total number of operations done during the year ending 30th November 1914 was 931, of which 139 were major and the remaining 792 minor. Of these major operations 33 were done from among the in-patients by the Medical Officer in charge. The number of labour cases attended by the female Medical Practitioner (apothecary Mrs. V. S. Alweyn) and the two midwives was 101. Of these, 57 cases (8 natural and 49 otherwise) were attended to by the female Medical Practitioner, with midwives, and the remaining 44 were attended to by the midwives alone.

Alleppey.—District Hospital.—Hospital Assistant Mrs. M. H. Columbus was on duty in this hospital during the year under report for 7 months and 15 days. The total number of cases seen as out-patients was 11,955, giving a daily average of 76.82. The number of minor operations performed was 187 and 5 labour cases were attended to, 2 of which were forceps extraction. Hospital Assistant Miss A. Thompson joined this hospital towards the latter part of the year, and she was on duty for 37 days. She treated 543 out-patients giving a daily average of 28.78, and 5 minor operations were performed. One difficult labour case of Forceps Extraction has also been attended to.

Cochin.—Mattancherry, Ernakulam and Trichur.—The Women and Children's Hospital at Mattancherry and the Civil Hospital at Trichur, where the separation of the sexes was completely carried out, continued to work with female medical aid during the year. In these two institutions the results of the year's work was as follows:—Total women and children treated, 43,822. Daily average attendance, 222.58. Operations 1,314. Midwifery, normal, 187, abnormal, 64.

During the year a Medical Woman, 4 female Sub-Assistant Surgeons, 3 matrons, 4 female compounders and 17 midwives were working in the cause of female medical aid in the several medical institutions of the State. There were 5 State stipendiary female

medical pupils studying in Madras-1 in the Medical College and the other 4 in the Rayapuram Medical school.

The work of construction of the Edward Memorial Maternity Hospital at Trichur has progressed satisfactorily and the building is expected to be completed soon.

Central India.

Bhopal.—Dr. M. C. Murphy, M.B., etc., W.M.S., Superintendent of the Lady
- Landowne Hespital, in a brief report, received through the Agency Surgeon, shows
that the patients treated between December 1913 and November 1914 totalled 5,423,
made up as follows:—

New in-patients 252, daily average 13°07. New out-patients in hospital 3,606, daily average, 49 83. In their own houses, 1,504. The fall in the number is accounted for by the numerous changes in the staff, the number of days during last winter on which the hospital was closed to new patients, and by the outbreak of plague in the city. Fifty-one major operations were performed during the year and 150 minor. Thirty-five confinement cases were treated in hospital, of whom 10 required operative interference.

Gwalior.—The Chief Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner to the Gwalior State reports that:—"The total number of patients treated in the Jaya-Arogya Hospital for women and childran was 20,586, of which Jail 8 wers in and 10,238 out-patients. The number of maternity cases conducted during the year was 133. The total number of operations performed was 558, of which 200 were major and the rest minor. Of the former, 31 were obstatic operations.

Mrs. Grace Stephens continues in charge of the Jaya-Arogya Hospital, assisted by Miss E. Chilste, M.D., Miss Jervis, L. M.S., and Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss Bode. Miss Rebobold attached to the Uljain Civil Hospital resigned her post darung the year."

Theobold attached to the Ujjain Civil Hospital resigned her post during the year."

Indore.—Major P. A Smith, M.D., I.M.S., Residency Surgeon, Indore, very kindly furnishes the following particulars:—

"The Maharani Chandravati Hospital for women is attached to the Maharani Tukoprae Repetal. It is mainly intended for the treatment of lying-in cases and for special diseases of women. There are 12 lying-in beds and 12 beds for gynacological cases There are two Redical Women in charge of the hospitals, Miss M. F. Thanswala, L.M. & S., and Mrs. Siddons (certified). Strict purchasakis ladies sufficing from general complaints are at times admitted in this hospital, but most of the surgical and general cases are tested in the wards of the Maharajs Tukofiros Hospital. The out-patient has a related in the out-patient department of the Tukoprae Hospital. About 103 lying-in cases were tested to the maternity ward during the year."

Jaora. - Miss R. McVau continues in charge of the Victoria Zenana Hospital, and there were 6 major and 243 minor operations during the year under report.

Rowah.—Major S. Huat, L.M.S. Surgeon to the Baghelkhand Agency, in a brief report on the Brenk Zenam Hospital, refers to the difficulty experienced in securing the services of a suitable female compounder. The figures show a slight increase in the attendance of both in and onl-patients. No operation of any importance was performed but there were at it minor operations, with one case of delivery by female.

Miscellaneous.

Baroda.—An account of the year's work at the Jamnabai Dispensary is summarised by Miss E. Smith, L.M.S., as follows:—

"The obstetric ward of 10 beds was opened in March last, and although the people have not taken much advantage of it, we have had 20 cases, nearly all requiring surgical interference. The two city midwives have attended nearly 320 cases at the patients' houses. A nursing class has been started at the Dufferin wards. A nurse has been appointed in connection with sanitation, visiting houses and giving advice. In-patients treated in the Jubileo Ward of the Dufferin Hospital were 417, and 35,819 out-patients in the Jamuahai Dispensary."

Kapurthala.—The Chief Minister to His Highness the Maharaja forwards the following interesting note on the year's work in the Victoria Jubilee Hospital which has been drawn up by Miss G. M. Friend-Pereira, M.D.:—

"The work has increased considerably during the year under report. The number of out-nationts rose from 28,311 last year to 31,203, showing an increase of 2,891. The number of operations, too, was larger. The special operations were for stone, dislocations and fractures, operations for necrosis of bones, the removal of tumours and cataracts, maternity case operations, forceps version, etc. The minor operations were the extraction of teeth, opening of abscesses, trichiasis, etc., etc. The increase in the number of in-patients is small, from 363 to 371. This was due to the limited accommodation at our disposal. But the hospital wards were filled all the year round, patients often bringing their own charpais and lying in the vorandalis. This was a rather different state of affairs from what existed when I joined the State service thirteen years ago-the number of cut-patients then treated was about \frac{1}{2} of the number this year. The hospital staff then consisted of a lady doctor of the Assistant Surgeon grade, a compounder and a cook. the work increased a ward coolie was added, then a hospital assistant, a chowkidar, a dai and an assistant compounder. The only instruments in the hospital were a probe and an abscess knife. The hospital is now provided with a fair stock of instruments and the budget was ample for the year. What is now wanted is an English reading compounder, but such women are hard to find. In addition to the usual diseases treated, i.e., surgical and gynecological, in most zenana hospitals in the mofussil, cases of enteric fever, dysontery and pneumonia were admitted for the first time this year. The number of maternity cases, although larger than last year, was small-five of these cases needed surgical interference.

Ilis Highness the Maharaja has very generously built a new ward with accommodation for eighteen beds. As soon as this is ready for patients, some of the rooms of the old hospital will be reserved for maternity cases. If a sufficient number of these cases come in, a dai class will be started and the maternity work of the town be gradually brought under medical supervision."

Srinagar.—The Hon'ble Mr. H. V. Cobb, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., forwards a carefully prepared report by Dr. H. Lauder, M.D., W.M.S., Superintendent of the Diamond Jubileo Zenana Hospital. The number of patients treated during the year is 740 in-patients and 10,583 out-patients, against 702 in-patients and 8,555 out-patients in 1913. Four hundred and eighteen patients were treated in their own homes by the hospital staff, 291 purdah ladies as in-patients and 3,417 in the out-patients' department. Thirty-four maternity cases were also treated in the hospital, and 73 in their homes. One hundred and twenty-seven major and 1,793 minor operations were performed during the year.

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Dr. Lauder returned from six has who had been working here as Hozze ---been replaced by Miss DeSouza, L.M. and S. Miss Brady left at the care a six months for which she was appointed, and was replaced by Miss Paul a fully trained nursi now occupied. A sam of pensary to be built in the No. 20,000 hospital compound. This will give museum for in-patients, which is much needed. Rs. 333 has been sanctioned for a new river entrance to the hospital, which

will be a great improvement, and a covered passage between the hospital and the staff quarters has been built at a cost of Rs. 42S. Raikot.-Miss C. H. Wickham, L.R.C.P. and S., the Medical Officer in charge of the Resulthanii Hospitals, states that the number of out-patients treated during the year under report was 1,795, as against 1,913 of the previous year, and the number of

in-patients 176, as compared with 215 in 1913. Miss Caroline Francis, head nurse, resigned, and Miss Emerson was appointed in her tlace. The latter also resigned and gote over charge in November last.

The year shows a deficiency in the attendances both of out-patients and in-rationis treated. This is accounted for by illness and changes in the staff. For some months it was impossible to carry on the work. No other changes have been made in the working of the bospital.

Patiala. - Miss F. Cana, M.D., Superintendent of Dufferin Hospital, again famishes useful particulars of the year's work. No changes have occurred amongst the staff, except that Miss Mussih and Miss Fernander have both married. The report adds "the work of the hospital has gone on steadily; our medical advisor having been called away to the " by in the hills, attending His Highness family for nearly LMS, medical adviser, . . rear. In the year now ending 477, against 499 in-patients were admitted, the same crease of 22 I attribute to the distraction in many homes caused by the war. The number of patients trouted in the out-door dispensary manected with the Lady Dufferin Hospital was 5,574. In the Hendley Women's Dispensery, 6,560 out-potients were treated - the aggregate total of new and old patients treated in this dispensary being 13,625. In the Lady Indiorin Hospital, 303 operations were performed during the year. Out of this number, 101 wore major operations. In the Herdley Disjensary 134 mitter exemiliers were performed and one major. Fifteen normal labours were attended to in Laspital, and II abnormal cases -8 being instrumental delivery."

The Lady Curzon School for training dais-At the beginning of the just " dais were on the roll. Sine were went up for their examination in midwifery in April " of whom 7 were declared by the maired extract to have freed; 8 were could be married and any and any month, of whom i pased and 8 are all mirrory training. In the many, a class we sent up 3 papels for the sid grade examination, 2 of whom party gratifying to note that His Highmen has increased the pay of all Hisle with an increase to the pay of the stall-dais of the Lady Designin Hospital A consideration. To its consideration. In the reading class under Mrs. Bala Singh, tf learning to read Urda and 5 English,

Bahawalpur, -Mis Z. E. Da'Costa, L.B.C.P. and .. working of the Jubilee Women's Hospital, for the year and

that:—"The work has been going on as usual, except that the in-door numbers are less, and in consequence the major operations are also less than the previous year, owing to my absence from the hospital for 5 months. The increase in the out-door is due to malaria which has been worse this year than in the last 4 or 5 years. The staff is the same as before and they have all worked well. Lady O'Dwyer was kind enough to visit the hospital during her stay here last winter and seemed pleased with everything.

Out-door p	atients.	In-door p	atients.	Орс	rations.	
Now and old Daily average	. 12,631 . 32,661 . 5948	Now and old		Major Minor	. 181	558
Treated at 7	home• L .	Maternity Cases—		Abnormal. 16	} 25 "	

Nahan.—The Chief Medical Officer reports as follows:—"The work done in the hospital as shown by the figures in the annual returns reflects great credit on Miss A. Singha, and her staff, one and all taking great interest in their work.

His Highness the Maharaja of Sirmoor continues to take immense interest in the hospital and its work, which helps greatly to the popularity of the hospital as indicated by the daily attendance."

Jhind.—The Chief Medical Officer to the Jhind State in his annual report on the Victoria Female Hospital refers to the increase of 1,264 in the number of outpatients as compared with last year, and says that the absence of the nurse on leave for some considerable period has hindered the in-door work, also that the want of trained dais in the mufussil is being keenly felt, and that an effort is being made locally to induce intelligent girls of the dai class to come in for training.

Darbhanga.—Miss S. Mukherjee, Certificate Medical College, Calcutta, the lady in charge of the Raj Dufferin Hospital, reports as follows:—"During the year under report, 702 in-door patients were admitted into the hospital, against 581 of the previous year, and 48,341 new patients were treated in the out-door department, against 58,382, while 117 patients were treated at their homes, against 94 in 1913. There were altogether 445 surgical operations performed, of which 80 were in the selected list. Of these, cataract accounted for 58, ovarious tumours for 5, extra uterine gestation for 2, hysterectomy for 2, and obstetric operations for 3.

Five indigenous midwives were trained during the year in connection with the Victoria Memorial Scholarship Fund."

Rampur.—Sahazada Mustafa Ali Khan, the Home Secretary to the Rampur State, has again very kindly furnished statistics of the work done in the Zenana Hospital, during 1914. This hospital was opened in commemoration of the Jubileo of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria, and although, like most of the hospitals in Native States, it is independent of the Dufferin Fund, its progress as an institution exclusively for females, continues of as much interest to the Association as it is to the general public. The returns show that in 1914 there were 180 operations performed, 126 minor and 54 major, 50 of the latter being successful. The labour cases numbered 36, of which 32 were difficult. The inpatients numbered 321, while the out-patients treated in hospital are put at 4,768, plus 200 treated in their homes.

Bettiah.—The report states that the number of purdah patients treated in the Dufferin Hospital has been 237 in the out-door, and 231 in-patients. Most of these came in the latter months of the year, and we have had to refuse admittance to purdah women often, for lack of sufficient purdah accommodation and at times had to give up a corner of a ward screened off specially for a purdah case who had come from a great distance for admission.



The Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

Rules and Regulations.

- 1. The sums raised in furtherance of the above object shall constitute the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, shall be kept separate from the present investment of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund proper, and interest accruing therefrom shall be exclusively used for the object for which Lady Curzon instituted the said Fund.
- 2. An Executive Committee shall be appointed by the Central Committee and charged with its direct management, and this Committee shall consist of—
 - (1) the Lady President;
 - (2) the Director-General, Indian Medical Service;
 - (3) a member nominated by the Central Committee;
 - (4) the Honorary Secretary, Central Committee, Countess of Dufferin's Fund.
- 3. For the local administration of the Fund there shall be formed a Local Committee in each centre of operations, consisting of—
 - (a) the Civil Surgeon of the district,
 - (b) the wife of a senior Civilian, and
 - (c) a Secretary selected by the other two members.

The Local Committee shall in each instance be in direct communication with, and immediately responsible to, the local Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals or Administrative Medical Officer, who shall be guided by such instructions as the Executive Committee may think fit to issue.

- 4. The Executive Committee shall issue the necessary formal instructions to the Provincial and Local Branches, it being distinctly understood—
 - (a) that the interest of the subscriptions shall be, as far as possible, expended in the districts whence they have been received, and
 - (i) that in all cases the dais shall be instructed in hospitals, training schools and dispensaries lying nearest to the localities in which they will ultimately be engaged.
- 5. The said Fund may be utilized not only for the provision of scholarships, but also for the payment of teachers, provision of models, books and such incidental expenses as the Executive Committee may consider to fall within the objects of the Fund.
- 6. The Executive Committee may call for special reports from the Local Branches regarding their administration of the said Fund, and the results shall be shown in a separate section of the ordinary annual report issued by the National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India.

The Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

HE main objects of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, initiated by the late Lady Curzon in 1901-02, with the object of keeping in perpetual remembrance the sympathetic interest taken by the late Gueen-Empress in the domestic troubles of the women of India, have already been duly explained in previous reports; and before giving a summary of the work accomplished in 1913, and in order that there may be as little misconception as possible about the scheme, the Committee thinks it advisable to again repeat what has already appeared in previous reports regarding the definite nature of the Fund.

The general object of improving the treatment of childbirth in India can be approached on two lines, which admit of being followed concurrently and which react on each other—

- (1) to train up midwives of a superior class;
- (2) to endeayour to impart a certain amount of practical knowledge to the indigenous midwives (dais).

The former course, which is that followed in the main by the Dufferin Fund, presupposes a certain standard of education among the women who are trained. They must be able to read and write, and be capable of understanding lectures and studying simple text-books. It is, therefore, out of the question, until the number of educated women in India has very greatly increased, that the number of highly trained midwives should be anything but infinitesimally small in relation to the demand for their services. Such midwives, morcover, receive relatively large salaries and charge high fees; most of them belong to classes more or less out of touch with the customs and traditions of the people, and their sphere of action is limited by these considerations. Lady Curzon therefore decided that the proceeds of her appeal should be devoted to carrying out as far as possible the second of the two courses mentioned above. This she believed to be an entirely new departure. It proceeds on the principle of making the best of actual facts and existing agencies, thus endeavouring gradually to improve them. The general idea is to get hold of as many as possible of the indigenous hereditary midwives and induce them to attend at Dufferin Hospitals, or at the female divisions of ordinary hospitals or dispensaries, for the purpose of acquiring such empirical knowledge as it is possible to impart to them. In comparison with the training of the regular midwife class, the amount of such knowledge will be very small; but the women themselves, or some of them, would start with a certain practical acquaintance with the subject and will probably learn quickly. Even if at first only negative results are obtained, and the trained women merely abandon or discourage insanitary practices, the gain will be great. In time they will learn more, and whatever they learn will spread over a far wider area than can be reached by means of the superior class of midwives. The teaching will at first be oral, and will be conveyed in the colloquial language familiar to the pupils. And in order that this should be carried into effect, short and simple primers of midwifery practice in the various vernaculars have been prepared for the use of dais. In many of the classes reading and writing are being taught to enable the pupils to refer to these books. Most of the teaching will be committed to memory, and will tend to popularise the improved methods which will be taught to the dais.

In order to give effect to these principles, the objects of the Fund have now been defined to be-

- (1) To train midwives in the female wards of hospitals and female training schools in such a manner as will enable them to carry on their hereditary calling in harmony with the religious feelings of the people, and gradually to improve their traditional methods in the light of modern sanitation and medical knowledge.
- (2) Scholarships to midwives will vary according to circumstances and locality.
- (3) When desirable qualified female teachers, who understand the vernacular, will be sent to outlying districts, and fees will be paid to midwives who attend a course of elementary instruction.
- (4) Funds for the above purpose will be granted, as far as possible, according to the interest received on the sums raised in each locality.

As long ago as the fourth century, A. D., India possessed in the Susruta Samhita, a treatise on midwifery which a well-known specialist describes as a "thoroughly rational system of medico-surgical teaching based upon accurate observation of nature." The same writer refers to the barbarous character of the modern treatment of childbirth in India, and observes:—
"The degradation of the art of midwifery among the Indians to so low a stage must be ascribed in part to the easte prejudices of the people." The proposals sketched above are, in effect, a revival of the most ancient tradition

and practice in India, and as such have received enthusiastic support from all patriotic Indians. Although the Fund was only started thirteen years ago, the Committee is glad to report that its aims and objects are evidently warmly appreciated throughout the country by Indians of all classes.

As has been stated in reports for previous years, considering the comparatively short time that efforts have been made for the better training of the indigenous date, the Committee has no reason to be discouraged at the limited success which has attended its efforts in certain parts of the country. The difficulties with which it has to contend continue practically unchanged from year to year, and extraordinary superstitions, casto prejudices and ignorance have all to be overcome in carrying out the objects of the scheme. The reports for, the past eleven or twelve years have indeed all borne

The reports for, the past eleven or tweeve years have indeed an oorne testimony to the extraordinary difficulties which exist with regard to the training of the hereditary dais, as well as that of the ordinary midwife.

The extracts from the district reports which are set forth below are published in the hope that the suggestions and difficulties which are alluded to therein may prove of value and assistance to some of those who are engaged in furthering the objects of the Fund.

It has to be remembered that only a very small percentage of Indian women are to-day able to read or write, and all the reports state that the general ignorance of the women who attend the classes in various parts of the country is the main stambling-block which has to be overcome.

In a Quinquennial Report on Education in India recently issued by the Hon'ble Mr. H. Sharp, C.I.E., the following remarks appear:—"All efforts to promote female education have hitherto encountered peculiar difficulties. These difficulties arise chiefly from the customs of the people themselves."

"In Bombay," the Report continues, "the great mass of Indian womanhood remains almost untouched, and apparently almost inaccessible."

In view of these facts, the Central Committee feels that any advance in teaching a particularly illiterate and prejudiced class is a matter of considerable congratulation.

In some parts of India ladies of the highest family still prefer the methods of the hereditary dos to those of the qualified Medical Woman and the fear of losing their practice still prevents many of the ignorant dais from accepting scholarships, and from attending classes where they have opportunities of learning modern ideas. Some dats indeed considered themselves as more than proficient and regard any offer of teaching in the nature of an insult, while others oppose all European principles and obstruct the Medical Women who would improve their knowledge in every possible way. Moreover,



The financial statement appended to this report shows the income and expenditure of the Fund for the year under review. The year opened with a credit balance of H12,638-1-7 and closed with a credit balance of H37,753-7-0.

The interest on investments during the year amounted to H29,249-u-1.

During the year a loan of R1 lakh to a Court of Wards' Estate was repaid and a portion of the sum utilised in purchasing Government 3½ per cent. securities.

The expenditure on grants-in-aid towards the objects of the Fund was H25,298 and the working expenses H2,627.

The reports of local centres contain fairly full accounts of the work done, and while many difficulties are alluded to there are general encouraging allusions to success which has been attained.

The Calcutta report says that pupils trained in former years have been doing excellent work in patients' homes and there is a growing demand for their services.

In Bihar and Orissa, where ten classes were at work, three more were opened during the year, and all the Civil Surgeons are taking a keen interest in the furtherance of the work.

At Nagpur, where 95 per cent. of cases are attended by untrained women, special efforts are being made to improve matters.

In Madras, since operations were commenced, 170 midwives have been trained and 110 of these have been employed by local bodies.

In the Punjah, several hundreds of women have been trained during the last ten years and classes have been carried on at Ludhiana, Ambala, Simla, Ferozepore, and Lahore

The United Provinces report also shows that fair success is being attained in several centres; and it is interesting to note that the Municipal Board at Allahabad employ rassed dois of the Dufferin Hospital in various wards in the city to render free service to the inhabitants

In Bhopal, where Her Highness the Begum has always taken a kren personal interest in the movement, the last of the indigenous dats of the city are now being trained, and it is reported that 1,320 labour cases were treated by trained indigenous dats during the year. The Chief Medical Officer of the Gwalior State says that 72 dats have passed out from two classes and about 682 cases have been attended to, and the Hyderahad statement declares that public confidence in the Zenama Hospital and the dats is increasing steadily. Many of the passed dats have been engaged for service by Government in the districts where more are badly wanted.

while a number are engaged in private practice and are doing well. The Maharaja of Kashmir is a warm supporter of the Fund and has created five more Scholarships during the year besides engaging a capable teacher on R40 a month to assist them and accompany them to cases in the city of Srinagar. In Rajputana it is stated that 62 pupils have passed and the majority are known to be working in various dispensaries in different States.

The following brief extracts from the reports which have been received from the various Districts and Native States, where branches of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund have been established, indicate some of the difficulties with which the local Committees are faced, as well as the progress which has been made during the last twelve months.

The Hon'ble Colonel R. E. Banatvala, I.M.S., Honorary Secretary, Assam Branch, Dufferin Fund, in forwarding the report, points out that the dais at the Berry-White Medical School, Dibrugarh, are being trained at the expense of the Dufferin Fund:—

"In the Berry-White Medical School at Dibrugarh a dai class was opened in December 1913 to train dais under the Lady Superintendent attached to the Dibrugarh Hospital. Two Naga girls were admitted into this class, and were granted scholarships at £12 per mensem each, plus actual travelling expenses. A coolie woman was sent by the Manager of the Panitotal Tea Estate for training as a dai, and was under instruction for six months, being granted a certificate of efficiency as a dai on completion of her course. Of the two Naga girls, one was dismissed from the class in June 1914, and the other is still under training.

It is interesting to note that 23 local bazar dais are being trained in that institution since January 1914. Owing to the death of the Medical Woman in charge, the class was closed from July to September.

A non-recurring grant of R50 was sanctioned as remuneration to these dais, and Major Leventon, the Superintendent of the Medical School, reports that they were granted annas 4 each for each day's attendance. He also reports that these dais seem to appreciate the benefits of the course of instruction and are gradually acquiring habits of neatness and cleanliness. A special grant of R139 has also been sanctioned for the purchase of equipment for the dai class."

Baluchistan.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. L. Duke, I.M.S., the Residency Surgeon and Chief Medical Officer in Baluchistan, forwards reports on the classes at Quetta and Sibi.

Quetta.—Miss E. M. Cardozo, L.R.C.P. & S., writes: "Since the formation of the dai class in Quetta in February 1907 eight dais who have

Assam.

held the Victoria Memorial Scholarships have been trained and three are in training. Of these latter, one is a Hindu Woman of the middle class, and two are Mohammadans of the working class. Hitherto only Native Christians could be induced to study. Besides, a new class consisting of indigenous dats was started on July 1st with the co-operation of the Mission Medical Ladies under an Advisory Committee consisting of: Lieutenant-Colonel Duke, I.M.S., Chief Medical Officer in Baluchistan. Major Anderson, I M.S., Civil Surgeon, and Dr. Holland, C.M.S. The class consists of twelve Hindu and Mohammadan data practising in the town. They are given an hour's theoretical training five days in the week and receive 2 annas a head for every attendance. A trained dan goes with each indigenous day to the first 20 cases that each conducts after joining the class to teach aseptic methods, and to diagnose and conduct normal cases rightly. Every case is visited by a Medical Woman once, free of charge, to see that all is well. For every case reported the dai gets 8 annas as an encouragement. Since the opening of the class to 31st October 1914, one hundred and nineteen women have been attended for confinement and there have been no deaths.

Seli - Miss A. Alfred, L.M.S., states :- " Since the opening of the day class in 1907, six dais have passed the examination, and with the exception of one, who got married, the rest are all working in various places. The three local ones (two belonging to the indigenous dai class) are working in their villages, and are well employed by the people. Difficult cases are brought by them to the hospital, but if the woman is purdanashin then they take me to the village to treat the patient in her home. There are four numls under training, and two of these I hope to be able to send up in February 1915 for their examination. They are well up in their theoretical work but the difficulty is to get enough cases for them to attend in this small place. Three others have been trained since the dai class started. One failed to pass, but she is working successfully in the town and her village. Two others could not complete the course, but one of them is working in the city and her work is appreciated more than that of the untrained dais. She also comes for help in difficult cases and for medicines and advice when needed."

The Hon'ble Surgeon General C. P. A. Harris, C.S.I., K.H.S., I.M.S., Excel Surgeon General with the Government of Bengal, furnishes notes on the classes held under this centre:—"There has been no change either in the number or identity of the dai classes working in this Presidency during the year under review, as compared with the previous year; no new class has been olved, and no class has been closed. The six classes

operation in the previous year, viz.,—those at Birbhum, Bankura, Hooghly, Darjeeling, Dacca and the Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta, continued the work of imparting rudimentary instructions to women in Midwifery. A short account of the working of each of these classes is given below:—

Birbhum.—The four pupils who were attending the class since its re-opening in July 1913 left it as they could not pass the prescribed examination. No new admissions have been made, and there is at present no pupil attending the class. A sum of R133-15-0 was received from other sources for the maintenance of the class, out of which R74 was spent for the training of the four dais mentioned above.

Bankura.—During the year none of the two pupils who were taught passed the examination, due to their irregular attendance and lack of interest. Intelligent pupils are not easily available in this district. Those who come are obtained from the labouring classes and are generally very ignorant.

Hooghly.—Four pupils were taught during the year under review. Of these, two left the class without completing their course of training, their places being taken by two others. None passed out of the class. The pupils are taught by the Lady Superintendent attached to the Hooghly Imambarah Hospital. They are also given some training in sick-nursing by the European Nursing Staff of the above hospital. A sum of R144 was allotted from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund grant at the disposal of the Surgeon General, Bengal, towards the expenses of this class, the Local District Board and Municipality contributing R94-0-9 and R82-9-3, respectively.

Darjeeling.—Four pupils passed out of this class and four are still under training. The four pupils who passed during the year and the one who passed in 1913 were presented with certificates prescribed by the Executive Committee. Three of them were also awarded presents, consisting of instruments and appliances, calculated to be useful when practising their profession. A sum of R308-2-0 was allotted from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund to this class, viz., R260-2-0 for stipends, and R48 for rewards to the successful dais. The receipts from other sources (Local funds) amounted to R271-10-11.

Dacca.—Eight pupils passed out of this class, and eight are still under training, who receive a monthly stipend of R7 each. The course of instruction consists of:—(1) elements of Midwifery, (2) attendance in the Dufferin Hospital both in and out-patients departments, (3) attendance in cases of labour and gynecological cases in the Mitford Hospital and also

assisting in operations in gynacological cases, and (4) the practice of nursing in the female ward of the hospital. The total contribution received during the year from local sources, viz.,-Municipality, District Board, etc., towards the cost of the class amounted to R622.

· Calcutta .- There is nothing special to report about the progress of the Fund during the past year. Pupils trained in former years have been doing excellent work in the homes of the patients, and there is a growing demand for their services.

The total grant received from the Central Committee of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund for the Bengal Centre amounted to R1,242 during the year under report, out of which a sum of R1,232-8-0 was allotted to the various dai classes.

Eucouraging results are again reported from this Centre The report Bibar and of Colonel F. J. Drury, I.M.S., the Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Bihar and Orissa, is as follows .- "During the year under notice the operations of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund in the Province of Bihar and Orissa made distinct progress. There were ten das classes at work in 1913, viz, at Gya, Bankipore, Arrah, Hathwa, Cuttack, Purulia, Darbhanga, Daltongani, Chapra and Bettiah. During the year 1914, three more classes, viz., at Hazaribagh, Ranchi and Sambalpur were formed The classes at the first two stations were closed before for want of pupils, but through the efforts of the Civil Surgeons concerned they were reopened during the year under review.

I am very glad to report that all the Civil Surgeons in this Province are taking great interest in the furtherance of the object of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund in their respective districts, and their sustained efforts in this direction will, I have no doubt, lead to further progress.

The total number of dais who came out successfully from the examination during the year under report was 27, against 18 in 1913, an increase of 50 per cent. The total number of trained dats in this Province up to the end of 1914 is 237. The following Assistant Surgeons and Medical Women deserve thanks for the interest they have taken in the recruitment and training of the dai pupils-Assistant Surgeon Akshoy Kumar Mukharji, of the Hathwa Victoria Hospital; Assistant Surgeon Chandra Kanta Chakarvarti, of the Chapra Hospital; Mrs. Pravabati Sinha, in charge of the Lady Woodburn Ward, Cuttack, and Miss S. Mukharji, in charge of the Dufferin Hospital, Darbhanga. As in the previous years, the dat cines at Cuttack and Hathwa maintained a high standard of efficiency.

The total receipts for furthering the cause of dai training in Bihar and Orissa during the year amounted to R3,833-12-3, against R2,752-12-0 in 1913. Of this sum, R1,219 were allotted by me from the funds placed at my disposal by the Executive Committee of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Funds."

Halliwa.

Mr. L. M. Macdonald, the Manager of Raj Hathwa, gives a few particulars of the work proceeding at this Centre, district of Saran. He says that:—"The institution was started here on the 13th May 1902 and has been regularly working since then. Up to the 30th November 1914, 54 dais have been trained from this Centre. During the year under report, there were 10 pupils on the roll, of whom 1 left the class after a month's training. The remaining 9 papils all came out successful at their final examination on the 28th October 1914. A new class with 12 pupils is at present working.

The total expenditure during the year was #1,074-12, against #1,118-12-3 in the previous year.

Burma.

The Honorary Secretary of the Burma Centre reports that the girls undergoing training are mostly Burmese and Karens. The 9 pupils still under training are 3 Burmese, 4 Karens and 2 Eurasians. No native midwives attend the classes, which therefore do not quite correspond with those held in India for the improvement of the indigenous dai.

Berar.

The Honorary Secretary of the Berar Committee furnishes the following report by Miss H. Hunt, L.M.S., in charge of the Dufferin Hospital, Amraoti:-" In 1913 Radhabai, Pudman, Mina, Luxmibai, Mathubai and Luxmibai joined as pupil dais, and 5 out of 6 passed the test examination in February 1914. Three out of 5 dais are employed as midwives: Radhabai at Akola, Pudman at Amraoti and Luxmibai at Shegaon. In 1914 Luxmibai, Mrs. Solomon, Grace, Mathubai, Bhagirathi and Venubai joined as pupil dais. One dai left, and 3 have been dismissed. Their places have been filled by new pupil dais. The pupil dais are given a very thorough practical training in the principles of hygiene, asepsis and antisepsis. They are given charge of rooms or wards, and held responsible for the cleanliness of patients Every week the wards and rooms are washed out and duties changed. When a patient leaves, the mattress and cot are put out, room washed and prepared for a new patient. Dais are taught to nurse medical, surgical and obstetric cases, take and record temperatures, give medicines, prepare and give fomentations, change dressings and sterilize dressings and instruments. To pass surgical dressings, sponges, instruments, etc., with sterilized forceps, or put them on trays with the aid of sterilized forceps.

Bandaging and osteology are taught: in the former, how to put on a bandage neatly and remove carefully, in the latter, the names of large bones and their situation in the human skeleton. Dass are sent into the dispensary weekly to help in the preparations of mixtures, powders, etc., also to attend to the dressings, etc., of patients. In labour cases two dais conduct and the remainder witness the cases. The matron is present at all labour cases done at the hospital. Midwifery lectures are given 5 days in the week and practical explanations given with the aid of the dummy."

N. G. Sarkar, Esi, Rai Bahadur, Honorary Secretary in the Central Central Pro-Provinces, furnishes the following useful report :- "A regular class for the vinces. training of dass, under the auspices of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, was maintained, as in previous years, at the Jubbulpore Centre. The three pupils who were under training at the end of the preceding year passed their examination in August 1914. Four more were admitted during the year, three of whom remained for training at the close of the year under report, the name of one having been struck off the register for absenting herself without permission. During the year two Missionary Metheal Ladies Miss A. E. Henderson, M.D., of Nagpur, and Miss M. G. Lungley, in charge of the Mission Hospital, Panagar, Jubbulpore District, were granted R500 and R300 respectively, as aid towards the training of dais at their hospitals. The reports received from these ladies show that good work has been done by them during the year. Miss Henderson writes in her report .- "Before beginning work among Nagpur midwives a preliminary investigation was made in order to find out by whom maternity cases were actually being attended. Taking various quarters of the city in turn, rich and poor, progressive and backward, from 50 to 100 consecutive cases of childbirth in each were visited. The result was as follows: Total number of cases investigated 1,000. Number of cases attended by indigenous data 958. Number of cases attended by trained persons. by midwives 38, by doctors 4=42. It thus appears that 95.8 per cent. of the cases of child birth in Nagpur city are attended by untrained women. An effort was therefore made to get into touch with these women. They are asked to come twice a week to report the cases they attend and to receive simple instruction. The idea at present is not so much to give a course of instruction to dais, examine them, give them certificates, and let them pass out, but rather to keep in touch from year to year with all the dats who are willing to come, inspect their cases, give them simple instruction for Small-pox or Plague) or any special difficulty in

maternity cases reported by them, and also to get into touch with their children. They are encouraged to provide themselves with a very simple kit, blunt pointed seissors and clean ligature material with a small dish for boiling these in, also soap and a basin. About 30 dais have purchased them, and possibly about one-third of that number really use them regularly. Occasional prizes are given to those whose hands and nails are cleanest.

Paid to Mang dais for reporting cases and for their attendance at class, R675. Cost of inspection of cases and instruction of dais, R360. Expenses of school for dais' children, R228."

The following is an extract from Miss Lungley's report:—"I have had a class for teaching midwifery; two Hindus of better class attended for some time, but both left before their training was complete. I have also had four Christians under instruction, one has passed and is a most reliable midwife, three others are quite ready for examination. I still hope to be able to induce some of the indigenous class of women to come to us for teaching."

Madras.

The annual report of the Madras Branch of the Dufferin Fund contains the following reference to the training of midwives in that Province:—

Ten midwifery pupils are now undergoing training, 4 at the Governiment Maternity Hospital and 6 at the Raja Sir Ramaswami Mudaliyar's Maternity Hospital. The training of midwives was commenced in 1887, and since then 172 have passed out. Of these, 110 were employed by local bodies after completing their training. No reliable information concerning the remainder is available, but no doubt some of them are doing useful work in remote villages of the Presidency. No difficulty has been experienced in obtaining pupils for these classes, and in addition to those stipended by the Fund, a number of pupils is undergoing training at many of the hospitals in the mofussil. Those stipended by the Fund receive R8 per mensem. During the year, 10 pupils have passed out successfully, and of these, 4 have found employment under Local Boards, the others engaging in private practice at various centres."

Punjab.

The following report received from Colonel E. G. Bamber, I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, shows steady progress in that Centre where several hundred dais have been dealt with in the past 10 years:—"Classes have been carried on throughout the year in Ludhiana, Ambala, Simla, Ferozepore and Lahore.

In Ludhiana a large number of women were trained, 6 indigenous dais from Ludhiana City and 15 non-indigenous dais were sent up for

the Lahore examination, and of these all passed with the exception of 1 indigenous dai. There are now 13 indigenous and 23 non-indigenous dais under training. Dr. Brown states that although several women leave the school annually after a two-year training, the number of cases she is called to in the city is still very small. She thinks that some form of compulsory notification of cases is necessary, as without that we can do httle towards preventing the suffering the ignorant dais responsible for, nor can we estimate accurately how much the dais have gained by training. She suggests—

That dass should be registered and training should gradually become compulsory, that they should be obliged to report their cases to the dector in charge of dais, that a payment should be allowed for every case after it has been seen by the doctor, and that no certificate of death during labour should be accepted unless signed by a doctor.

In Ambala 4 dats were sent up for a local examination held by the Civil Surgeon, and all passed. Two are now under training. These were all indigenous dats practising in Ambala city, and it was found possible to carry on the classes by local stipends. More dats are ready to join, but help will be required from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund for this purpose. Dr. Carleton mentions the encouraging fact that this year, as last year, no neglected cases occurred in the bazaar. The dats now seek aid in time to save bad cases.

In Perocepore Dr. Allen has made great efforts to get days to come in from the district for training. These were sent in by the Tabsildas on the understanding that the course was a 3 months' one, but when they hard they must remain 9 months they all went away. A plan is at present being considered for giving district days short 3 or 4 months' courses of training, which will, it is hoped, meet Dr. Allen's difficulty. Two non-indigenous days were sent up for the Lahore examination and passed. Another day passed the local examination held by the Civil Surgeon. There are now 4 non-indigenous days in training.

In Simla Mrs. Battersby, the Assistant Surgeon under whom the classes were held, was obliged to go on sick leave and the medical woman who took her place was not well acquainted with the language. The class was therefore, temporarily conducted by the male assistant surgeon who reports that 3 women have been under tuition, one of whom is now ready for examination. These are not indigenous dats. He makes the comment that the training in practical midwifery is very inadequate.

In Labore 5 women were under training in the Lady Aitchison Hospital, of whom 2 passed the Labore examination. Three new entries have since been accepted."

United Provinces.

The Hou'ble Colonel C. C. Manifold, C.B., I.M.S., Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, United Provinces, forwards interesting statements from the following local centres:—

Lucknow.—Report by Dr. M. O'Brien, M.B., a member of the Women's Medical Service for India, Medical Officer in charge of the Dufferin Hospital, Lucknow:—"At the beginning of the year there were two Victoria Memorial Scholarships dais under training, these were Nasiban and Gassoorm. Both have completed their training and have passed their examination successfully; their places have been taken by Fahiman and Babban. The third dai, Mary Chotey Lall, was appointed on the 18th December 1913, and left on 1st March 1914, and in her place Marium has been taken on. On the 20th May 1914, Babban was dismissed, and in her place Munni was appointed. She also left the service on 1st October 1914, and in her place Sakina has been engaged. The dais at present under training are all Mohamedan women. They are fairly intelligent and work satisfactorily."

Allahabad.-Report by Dr. S. H. Commissariat, F.R.C.S., a member of the Women's Medical Service for India, in charge of the Dufferin Hospital, Allahabad :- "In the beginning of the year there were two dais, Nehar and Joshodia, both of whom having completed their course of two years' training, passed the examination in February and October 1914, respectively. Joshodia has secured employment under the Sasaram Municipality in Bihar, whilst Nehar left the hospital and has since married. Their places have been filled by Nirmola and Bhuchan by transfer from Class B of the Dufferin Hospital. A large number of indigenous dais about 50 to S0 are admitted twice a week in this hospital to obtain the elementary lessons on cleanliness and management of labour cases for 3 months, after which they are discharged and a fresh batch admitted. These dais thus trained in the Dufferin Hospital can safely be left to themselves to go on with their practice amongst the poorer classes of the city and its environs. The Municipal Board of Allahabad employ passed dais of the Dufferin Hospital in various wards in the city to render free service to the inhabitants thereof. If this continues the object of the Fund will be greatly assisted."

Agra.—Report by Major E. J. O'Meara, I.M.S., Principal of the Medical School and Civil Surgeon, Agra:—"There have been 22 dais under training during the year, 6 of whom have continued from the previous year, 5 have.

been dismissed as unsatisfactory, and the remaining 11 are new admissions. 3 dais were examined in March last, and 1 passed. The number of cases attended by these dais during the year was 1,122, against 513 for the previous year. A few abnormal cases were taken to the Dufferin Hospital. I think this class has now reached its limit of usefulness, and that it should be discontinued from the 1et June 1915. The expenditure incurred during the year was \$12,155.8-6, and the Fund has a balance of \$1373.0-6."

Camprote.—Report by Dr. F. B. Leach, L.R.C.P. & S., M.D., a member of the Women's Medical Service for India, and in charge of the Dufferin Hospital at Campore:—"The Victoria Memorial dair' class has been kept up throughout the year. We started with quite a new class of dair, those training having all passed out last year. At the beginning of the year we had some trouble in securing the right class of candidates, 2 or 3 joined, but after a few months' trial resigned on the plea that they did not care to continue owing to caste and other difficulties. We have, however, secured 2 dair who are bright, intelligent women, and show a fewn interest dair."

Becares.—Report by Dr. H. J. C. Maclaren, M.B., CHR, M.D., a member of the Women's Medical Service for India and in clarge of the Ishwari Hospital at Benares:—"Our Victoria Memorial Schulming Familian, Moni Bala, pussed her examination in June 1919. The LLS in the consists of four women, two trained and two under training."

The Agency Surgeon, Major C. B. McConaghy, LMS following report from Dr. M. C. Murphy, M.B., METE a member of the Women's Medical Service for Lies and Estate and of the Lady Lansdowne Hospital :- "Twenty-two water is as a in indigenous dats of the city, including many who had a many records year's instruction but had failed at their engineers trained, and will appear for examination in America older ones are quite incapable of assimilation who had been trained for eighbeen as aris Surgeon, Major J. W. Watson, L.M. The scheme for the training of finite in the second way. augurated in May 1915 by the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section Mrs. Yates, whose head prover the same received some instruction, cases from May to the end of Jan Tim Tax Date ... and candidates for the races are a prethe drawbacks to this scheme is the fact that these district dais who were formerly trained at the Lady Lansdowne Hospital, no longer have the same opportunities of seeing European methods in daily practice and of familiarising themselves with the same. The trained indigenous dais of the city conducted 1,320 labour cases during the year.'

Gondal.

The Chief Medical Officer to the Gondal State reports that at the beginning of December 1913 there were three dais under instruction. These pupils are still under training. Their progress is described as fairly good. They conducted 39 confinement cases under the supervision of the head dai of the Gondal Hospital during the year. He adds that the dais trained and sent out from this Centre are doing good work amongst the women of the place.

fiwaliar.

The following report is submitted by the Chief Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner, Gwalior State:—" The two training classes for dais mentioned in the last report continued during the year. The one at the Jayarogya Hospital at Lashkar was conducted by Mrs. Grace Stephens, the Lady Superintendent, assisted by Miss Chislett, M.D., and Miss Jervis, I.M.S. The class at present consists of 14 pupils. The class at the Ujjain Charitable Hospital consists of four pupils, and is being conducted by Nabar, the Superintendent of Dispensaries, Malwa, with the assistance of the subordinate medical staff. The post of Lady Assistant Surgeon recently created for this hospital is lying vacant for want of a suitable candidate.

Seventy-two dais have, so far, passed out from the two classes; 18 of these are holding posts in the several state dispensaries, and 5 having qualified themselves in nursing are occupying nurses' posts in the two hospitals. The remainder have been privately practising, and have been the means of bringing an increased number of labour cases to the hospitals. The dais attached to several of the state dispensaries are reported to have attended about 686 labour cases, of which 169 were gynæcological. The indigenous (Dhanuk and Basod castes) dais, not being easily amenable to discipline or of cleanly habits, have in some measure been a disappointment. An endeavour is being made to select a certain number of these pupils from the higher and literate classes."

Hydarabad.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. E. Drake-Brockman, I.M.S., Residency Surgeon, submits the annual report of Miss N. Evans, L.R.C.P. & S., the senior Visiting Surgeon to the Victoria Zenana Hospital:—" During the year under report 16 dais were under training, of whom 4 were from last year, and 12 had joined during 1914. Of the total 16 dais, 8 appeared for examination and passed satisfactorily; 7 are still under training, and 1 left without giving any reason. Diplomas will shortly be granted to the passed dais after

completion of their clinical study. The dais attended 261 classes of lectures during the year, and of the total of 1,021 maternity cases at the hospital, 279 natural labour cases have been conducted by them. The public confidence in the institution is shown by the fact that the number of natural labour cases increases year by year, and many patients come in and wait for their confinements. Many of the passed dats have been taken on by the Government for service in the districts, where more are badly needed. A number of passed dais are practising on their own account and are doing well, and often bring difficult cases that they are unable to manage to the hospital. Of 52 deaths which occurred during the year, many of the patients were brought to the hospital in a dying state, or complications of a serious kind were present, sometimes due to the incompetent interference of bazar dats outside."

A short report from Major F. A. Smith, I.M.S., Superintendent of King Indore. Edward's Hospital, Indore, mentions that out of the students under training. seventeen were examined in December 1913, of whom thirteen passed; sixwere examined in June 1914, of whom five passed. The Sethani Anupbai Silver Medal was awarded to Mrs. Evans who stood first in the pass list,

The Chief Medical Officer summarises the work for the past year in the Barada. following statement :- "The class was continued throughout the year. Nurse Gajrabai Mane delivered lectures and demonstrations to the dai candidates, and also taught them practical work. There were originally 7 candidates in the class, of whom 5 were remaining at the end of the year.

The Lady Superintendent examined the class on seven occasions during the year. Three candidates who had completed their period of training appeared at the examination held on 12th November 1914, and all came out successful. The sum received during the year under report was 1700, and there was a balance of R1,588-15-9 in the Baroda Government Treasury on 1st November last. Out of the total funds amounting to R2,288-15-9. R701-5-0 were spent towards the maintenance of the dai class, leaving a balance of R1,587-10-9 in the Treasury. The average monthly cost incurred on account of each day was R8-5-6, against R8-5-0 in the preceding year."

Mr. H. V. Cobb, C.S.I., C.I.E, the Resident in Kashmir, forwards Kashmir. the following short report by Dr. H. Lauder, L.R.C.P. &S, M.D., a Member of the Women's Medical Service for India and Superintendent of the Zenana Hospital, Srinagar:-"The dai class has been increased to 10 this year, His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur having sanctioned 5 more scholarships, and a midwife on R10 a mouth has been appointed to help with their teaching and to accompany them to cases in the city. The

Kathlawar.

midwife was appointed on 30th June 1914, and ten dais have been in training since the 13th April 1914. Seventy-three maternity cases were treated by the hospital staff in their own homes during the year, and 34 in the hospital."

The following brief particulars from the Agency Surgeon are furnished by J. Sladen, Esq., I.C.S., the Agent to the Governor for Kathiawar:—"The Dufferin Fund probationer referred to in last year's report has completed her course of training, and a new one is now under training at the West Hospital, Rajkot, and Rasukhanji Hospital for Women.

As before, the Officer in charge of the Rasulkhangji Hospital has kindly undertaken the practical midwifery part of the training, thus providing adequate obstetrical teaching. The lady nurse attached to the West Hospital, Rajkot, gives the necessary training in general nursing."

Mysore.

Rao Bahadur T. V. Arumugum Mudaliar, Esq., Honorary Secretary, Mysore Centre, submits a report which shows that out of 10 pupils, 3 passed, 1 joined as a Government pupil nurse after finishing the course in midwifery, 2 discontinued their studies and 4 are still under training. The report adds:—" During the year under report Dr. P. S. Achyuta Rao having retired from service, I assumed charge of the duties of Honorary Secretary of both funds and continued to hold charge from the afternoon of the 31st December 1913. The Midwifery classes are as usual conducted in the Maternity Hospital at Bangalore and H. H. the Maharani's Hospital at Mysore."

Rajputana.

Major R. E. A. Hamilton, I.A., First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, submits an interesting summary by Lieutenant-Colonel R. C. Maewatt, I.M.S., Agency Surgeon. The report states:—

Ajmere.—Mrs. Kane, Lady Superintendent, has been in charge of the Dai Training Class, Ajmer, throughout the year. The five pupils who were mentioned in last year's report as being under instruction continued to work till the end of the season, when they were examined by the Civil Surgeon, Ajmer, on the 29th April 1914. All of them passed and obtained certificates and the usual honorarium given to successful candidates; four of them were scholarship-holders and one was not. Seven pupils were admitted into the current year's class, of whom one came from Bharatpur, one from Karauli, one from Tonk, and four were local. During the year, thirty-seven in-door and sixty-one out-door cases were treated, and one hundred and thirty-seven persons sought advice and treatment. Since the inauguration of the class sixty-two pupils have passed. Many are known to be working in various dispensaries in Rajputana, others are practising midwifery and doing well. Amongst the latter there are fifteen in Ajmer, three in Kishangarh, one in Masuda, six in Beawar, three in Nasirabad, five in Udaipur, three in Sirohi,

two in Jodhpar, one in Tonk, one in Kashmir, one in Jhallawar, five in Jaipar and one in Bharatpur. The remainder have been lost trace of.

As regards the finances of the Victoria Memorial Scholar-hips Fund, the opening balance at credit on the 30th November 1913 was R12,124-5-3, Receipts R3,742. Total R15,866-5-3, of which R3,149-9-9 were expended on the Ajmer Dat Class as per statement appended, against R3,135-5-S in the previous year. The closing balance in hand on the 30th November 1914 was R12,717-11-6.

Jaspur.—Out of the two dass who were under training in the new class at the Mayo Hospital, Jaipur, in 1913, one returned from the Ajmer Dai Class in May 1914, after having passed her final examination there, and obtained employment at a local practitioner's dispensary in Jaipur, and the other gained admission into the Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon Class at the Agra Medical School in July 1914. One new das, Bhagwati, is entertained at the Mayo Hospital, Jaipur, to be trained for the Ajmer Dai Class. Dais who are trained at the Mayo Hospital are paid from the funds of the Jaipur State, and not from those of the Victoria Memorial.

Kotak.—A dat class has again been started since the 15th November 1914, in the Victoria Jubilee Hospital at Kotah with an admission of five pupils, three of whom are from the districts, and two from Kotah City. They appear to be promising.

Sing. 15th July 1915. E. J. BUCK, Secretory.



VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FUND.

Progress of Various Branches of the Fund.

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Annual Statement regarding the training of Indian Midwives for the period ending 30th November 1914 —contid.

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ling 30th	Ä	10 4	Tollows,			2 21 231		0 01 212		3,149 0		0 30,317 12 1/3,11.	
period enc	-	anl Tod	bus 1835 aufend	<u> </u> 		: 8				175 0 0		es	
e for the	101 6		Since formation of branch to 30th November 1014. (a) E		-	; ·	ខំ	8,302 4 10	tana.	44,430 8 0		7 10 2,74,038 13 0 58,487	
	Midwive	RECEIPTS.	Since forms ber 10 3ultiples forms ber 10 3ultiples forms ber 10 3ultiples forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms forms for	-	Kathiawar.	H A. P. H	Mysore.		Rajputana	:	1	0,143 7 10	
	ng of Indiar	#	Daring year ending 30th November 1013. From (a) E From other Committee.			H . r. H	-	0 8 802		0 0 21.2		23,075 0 5	
	trainir	1.9		1				2 ventë.		10 months.		:	
	g the		Period of duration of each course.	0		1 Jear			`	<u>-</u> :		245	
•	gardin	TRAINED.	Others (not includ- ed in columns 3 and 4) still under training.	100				26		당		1,707	
	ient re	Purite 1	From formation of the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the following the followin	*				67				T F	
for the period ending 30th November 1914—concld.	Annual Staten		30th November	63			1902.	and Train	1802.	18t April		-	Grand Total
	4		Stations Formation of addition of a branch.	1			Rajkot .		Mysore Baugaloro	Ajmot			GBAX

THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FUND.

Statements of Accounts for the year 1914.

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Victoria

Receives.		Details.	Total.
		R A. P.	R AP.
Opening balance on 1st January 1911			12,600 4 7
Incoms of Fund-			
Subscriptions	•		
Interest on Investments	•	1 0 015/03	
Sundry Receipts		40 8 U	٠
Payment of loan by Ajudhia Estate, Court of Wards .	•	.,,	29,259 8 1 1,00,600 0 0
			•
•		,	
			•
•			
<i></i>			1.41.007.40
Carried over	•	•••	1,41,925 12 8

Memorial Scholarships Fund during the year 1914.

-		PA	.TME	ЯТВ, [^]					,	Details.		To	TAU,	_
Investments-		cent.	Cove	rnmeı	ıt se	curit	106		•	R	2.	70,2	A. I	
Objects of Fund-	-									`				
Grants-in-aid														
Baluchistan	•		•	•	•	•	٠	•	٠	1,293 0	•			
Baroda .	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	٠	٠	. 700 0	١٥			
Bengal .										1,243 0	0			
Berne .	٠.									\$25 O	0			
Bhopal .										400 0	0			
Burma .										1,320 0	0			
Central Provi	посв			,						781 0	٠			
Gondal .		٠, ٠								275 0				
Gwalior	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	3,500 0			•	-
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•			٠		
Hathwa .	•	•	•	•	٠	•	٠	•	٠	1,500 0	0			
Hyderabad .	•	•		•	٠	•			-	1,717 0	0			
Indore .	٠									1,450 0	0			
Junagad .										192 0	٥			
Mysore .			٠,							G00 0	0			
Puojab .						. •				3,407 0	0			
Rajputana .		• •								3,742 0	0			
United Prov	unce s					-	٠	٠.		1,137 0	1	-		
						Car	icd o	TCE		21,140 0	0	.216	::	

Account of Receipts and Payments of the Victoria

liecenta.	•	Details.	TOTAL.
grap, w verrindersmire i un contra i	-	IL A. P.	R A. P.
	Brought forward .		1,41,925 12 8
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		,	
			·
	Тотзь .		1,41,925 12 8
			1,31,520 12 0

SIMIA:

The 15th July 1915.

Memorial Scholarships Fund during the year 1914-concld.

## PATHENTS. Details. To fall.			
Closing Balance on Sixi December 1911	Patments.	Details.	Torat.
Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Closing Balance on Slat December 1911 Clos			R a p.
Objects of Fund—concid. Gente-medd— Filar and Orasa	•	-	
Closing Balance on Sist December 1911 1,152 0 0 0 1,152 5 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,15	flought forward .	24,146 0 0	10,250 1 0
Closing Balance on Sist December 1911 1,152 0 0 0 1,152 5 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,15			
Closing Balance on Sist December 1911 1,152 0 0 0 1,152 5 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,15		!	
Closing Balance on Sist December 1911 1,152 0 0 0 1,152 5 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,152 5 2 8 1,15	•		
Indian and Orisia	Objects of Fund-concid.		
Miscellaurous Lagranes of Fund— Salarres of Office Establishment	Grants-m-aid-		1
Expenses of Fund— Salarnes of Office Establishment	Dalar and Orassa	1,152 0 0	ļ.
Expenses of Fund	Miscellancous		Į.
Salaries of Office Establishment			25,298 0 0
Salaries of Office Establishment	•		1
Salaries of Office Establishment		1	1
Salaries of Office Establishment	Espenses of Fund-	}	ļ
Office Contingencies, including Posinge, Telegisms, etc (83 11 11 Commission on in restments, realizing interest, etc. 203 2 3 2 2,627 14 2 Surpense Account— Uniformal of advance to Countees of Duffering Fund (6,000 0 0 Countees of Duffering Fund Logitz 5 6 Closing Balance on Stat December 1911 1,11,263 12 8			.}
Commission on an eximents, realizing interest, etc	Salaries of Office Establishment	1,741 0 0	`}
Commission on in restments, realizing interest, tic	Office Contingencies, including Postage, Telegrams, etc	683 11 11	
Surpense Account			,}
Surpense Account G000 b 0	Commission on infestments, realizing interest, etc.	. 203 2 .	1
Unitary of advance to Countess of Duffering 8 hund.			2,627 14 3
Unitary of advance to Countess of Duffering 8 hund.		}	ì
Unitary of advance to Countess of Duffering 8 hund.	•	1	1
1.04172 5 6	Surpense Account-	,	
TOTAL 1,04172 5 8 Closing Balance on S1st December 1914 37,783 7 0 TOTAL 1,41305 12 8	Refund of advance to Counters of Duffering Bund	.\	6,000 0 0
Closing Balance on Shi December 1911			
Cloung Balance on Sid December 1911	TOTAL	.	1,04,172 5 8
TOTAL Lilich 12 8			
TOTAL 1,41,505 12 8	Closing Balance on Slat December 1915		37,753 7 0
10121			
	TOTAL		1,41,505 12 8
	-		

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel, Honorary Treasurer.

Progressive Account of the Victoria Memorial

Receipts.	Ledger folio.	Amount.
		R a. p.
Income of Fund—		
Subscriptions	. 3	6,91,061 1 11
Interest on Investments	. 121	3,83,535 12 10
Sundry Receipts	• 10	2,292 15 10
	•	10,76,889 14 7
Profit and Loss on Investments—		
Net profits	. 91	8,471 2 0
•		,
•		
•		
		· ·
Carried over		10,85,361 0 7

Scholarships Fund up to the 31st December 1914.

	-	Ex	PEND1	TURE	:.		•			Ledger folio.	Amount.
nredments-										-	R 4. p.
nvesiments— 41 per cent. Ban	M-	:	ъ.								
								•	-\	88	2,85,450 0 0
6 per cent Load of Wards	n to Ku	mar Go	pika	Ram	an R	oy 1	Setaf	, Co	urt	131	3,17,911 12 1
31 per cent, Gov	ernment	Becuri	ties						.]	142	70,216 7 (
									-		,
						•		-	1		
									- 1		6,73,638 3 7
									l		<u> </u>
Objects of Fund-]		
Grants-in aid-					٠				- 1		
Baluchastan									1		}
Baroda	•		•	٠	•	•	•			94	13 068 0 0
Bengal .	•		٠	•	•	•				68	9,000 0 6
Berar	•		•	٠	•	•	•			54	31,231 0 4
Bhopal	•	٠.	•	٠	•		٠		-	62	11,25 5
Burma		٠.	•	٠	•		•		-]	48	5250 0 1
Central Prov		٠.	•	•	•			٠.	-	117	22.504 2 E
Gondal .		•	٠,	٠	•	•			-	44	Lake b
Gwalior .		•	•	٠	•	٠	٠	•	:	z.	T
Hathwa .			•	•	•	٠	٠	•	- 1	ا تحت	C. 1 1
Hyderabad .		•	•	٠	•	•	•	-	- 1	z .	2124 (1
-Indore .			•	•	•	٠	-	-	-	' سخ	
Junegadh .			•	•	٠	-	-	-	_	3	222
			•	•		-		_		ū	و د مست

Progressive Account of the Victoria Memorial

RECRIPTS.	Ledger folio.	Amount.
Bronght forward , ,	•••	R a. p. 10,85,361 0 7
	-	
		1
·		
,	-	
Total .		10,85,831 0 7

Simla,

⁻ The 15th July 1915,

hips Pund up to the 31st December 1914 -conclid.

Expreditors.	Ledger folio	A1	nount.
-		6,73	R a.p.
Brodget torward	1	(2.07	952 2 8
of Fund-concid.	1.	1	. 1
te-in-aid-	1	1	315 0 0
shuit	· C:	- 1	0.5 -
reore	- 4	~ }	8,000 0 0
ulab	•1	- 1	30,585 8 0
ajoutans	1	- 1	44,430 8 0
fosted Provinces	.)	40	32,241 0 0
Silar and Orissa	- 1	24	3223 9 0
Muscellaneous	-}	96	8,925 1 2
		-	3,41 975 12 10
Profit and Loss		e2	100 0 0
spenses of Fund-		1	
Permanent advances		17	100 0 0
Salaries, wages, and travelling expenses of Office Establi-	liment	105	18,208 0 0
Office Contingencies, including Postage, Telegrams, etc.		110	5,813 15 0
Commission on investments, realizing interest, etc		113	6,151 9 8
Office Building		100	1,500 0 (
	Ì		31,693 9
,	FAE .		10,47,607 9
Cloning Balance on 31st December 1914		128	37,753 7
To	TAL	***	10,85,001 0

[.] B. W. MARLOW. Colonel.

Honorary Treasurer.

1 3,17,941 12 3 17,946 7 6,73,638 3				
H a. p. H a. 2,59,500 0 0 2,85,450 0 aman Roy Estate, Court of Wards				
to Kumar Gopika Raman Roy Estate, Court of Wards	per cent. Rangoon Municipal Debentures of 1904		9 0	R. 2,85,450
TOTAL 6,52,441 12 1 6,73,638 3	_	•		3,17,941 12
6,52,441 12 1 6,73,638 3	per cent. Government Securities		0	20,246
		TOTAL	6,52,441 12	6,73,638
	Sinia : } he 15th July 1915. }		B. W. MAI	B. W. MARLOW, Colonel, Honorary Treasurer.

